

Physical Properties of Novel Two-dimensional Materials and Their Modifications From first-principles studies



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I would like to dedicate this thesis

to my loving parents Arkin and Perwin,

to my beloved wife Adila Dilshat,

to my cherished sons Efran and Wildan.

Declaration

I hereby declare that except where specific reference is made to the work of others, the contents of this dissertation are original and have not been submitted in whole or in part for consideration for any other degree or qualification in this, or any other university. This dissertation is my own work and contains nothing which is the outcome of work done in collaboration with others, except as specified in the text and Acknowledgements. This dissertation contains fewer than 65,000 words including appendices, bibliography, footnotes, tables and equations and has fewer than 150 figures.

Yierpan Aierken April 2017

Acknowledgements

And I would like to acknowledge ...

Abstract

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Table of contents

Li	st of	figures	;	XV
Li	st of	tables		xvii
1	Intro	oductio	on	1
	1.1	Graph	nene	3
		1.1.1	History and prediction	3
		1.1.2	Physical properties	3
	1.2	Post-g	graphene Materials	3
		1.2.1	Functionized Graphene	3
		1.2.2	Boron Nitride	3
		1.2.3	Silicene and Germanene	3
		1.2.4	Transition Metal Dichalcogenides	3
	1.3	0D an	d 1D from 2D: buckyballs, nanotubes and nanoribbons	3
	1.4	Synth	esis methods	3
2	Con	nputati	onal methods	5
	2.1	Theor	у	5
		2.1.1	Density Functional Theory	5
		2.1.2	Exchange-correlation functional	5
		2.1.3	Jocob's ladder	5
	2.2	Impler	mentation	5
		2.2.1	Basis set, Plane wave energy cut-off, K-points	5
		2.2.2	Software Packages	5
3	Gen	eral ph	nysical properties 2D materials	7
	3.1	Struct	rural properties	8
		3.1.1	Layer structure	8
		3.1.2	sp hybirdization	8

χi	i			Table of conte	ents
		3.1.3	Isotropic v.s. Anisotropic monolayer		8
		3.1.4	Multiphase allotropes		
	3.2	Electr	onic properties		
		3.2.1	Polar bond		
		3.2.2	Importance of crystal symmetry		8
		3.2.3	Importance of interlayer interaction		
		3.2.4	Accurate description from DFT		
	3.3	Vibrat	ional properties		
		3.3.1	Phonon dispersion of 2D materials		8
		3.3.2	Dynamic stability from phonon dispersion		
	3.4	Mecha	anical properties		
		3.4.1	Elastic and engineering constants		
		3.4.2	Mechanical stability: Born stability criteria		8
4	Res	ults of	Physical Properties Calculations in Novel 2D ma	iterials	9
	4.1	Thern	nal properties		10
		4.1.1	Thermal expansion and anharmonic oscillations .		10
		4.1.2	Quasi-harmonic approximation		10
		4.1.3	Helmholtz free energy and specific heat		10
	4.2	Piezo	electric properties		10
		4.2.1	Piezoelectric constants		10
		4.2.2	Importance of internal relaxation		10
	4.3	Carrie	er transport properties		10
		4.3.1	Carrier mobility		10
		4.3.2	Deformation potential theory: non-polar materials.		10
		4.3.3	Deformation potential theory: polar materials		10
	4.4	Magn	etic properties		10
		4.4.1	Magnetic ordering		10
	4.5	Batter	ry related properties		10
		4.5.1	Principle of Lithium battery		10
		4.5.2	Key quantities and their modelling		10
5	Res		Physical Properties Modification in Novel 2D ma		11
	5.1	Numb	per of layers and types of stackings		
		5.1.1	Electronic properties		12
		5.1.2	Vibrational properties		12
	5.2	Mecha	anical strain		12

ıa	bie oi	conter	NIS	XIII
		5.2.1 5.2.2	Carrier mobility	
	5.3		m adsorption	
		5.3.1	Electronic properties	. 12
	5.4	Heter	ostructures	. 12
		5.4.1	Electronic properties	. 12
		5.4.2	Li difusion	. 12
	5.5	Defec	tinduction	. 12
		5.5.1	Structural properties	. 12
		5.5.2	Electronic properties	. 12
		5.5.3	Magnetic properties	. 12
6	Con	clusio	าร	13
Re	eferer	nces		15
Δr	pena	A xib	Appendix	17

List of figures

1.1	Graphene related publication during the last decade. Source 151 web of	
	Science	2

List of tables

2

15

16

Chapter 1

Introduction

A new field of research in material science and condensed matter physics was formed after the synthesis of graphene in 2005 [1, 2]. This field is named Two-dimensional (2D) material due to the fact that graphene is a single atomic-layer crystal. The synthesis itself together with the phenomenal properties of graphene has leaded to a Nobel Price in physics rewarded to A. K. Geim and K. S. Novoselov [3]. Since then, the field is expanding with the involvement of researcher not only from young community, but also from experts who have been working on materials like graphite, fullerenes and carbon nanotubes which are strongly graphene related. in the last five years While a part of these effects have been making to explore more on the graphene itself and its applications, some other parts were put on discovering new 2D materials. It has been evidenced from graphene, same material having different dimensionality can have different properties. Therefore, many materials with hidden properties which will only manifest itself at other dimensions yet to be discovered.

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On the other hand, with the advent of powerful supercomputer facilities, calculations that seems impossible to finish in a reasonable time now has been made accessible. At the same time, given the accuracy of the calculations is the most crucial aspect of computational physics, especially when the results are related to the prediction the real properties of materials, researchers and programmers have been making important progress to make sure theories and its implementation are correct and the results they yield are within acceptable precision. Equipped with these tools, theoretical predictions on the structure and the properties of material have served well on discovering unexplored features. Moreover, detailed characterizations at atomic

3

2 Introduction

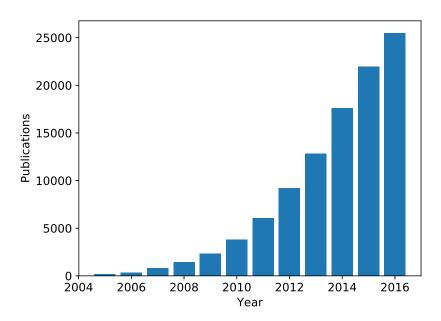


Fig. 1.1 Graphene related publication during the last decade. Source ISI Web of Science.

scale benefits the experimental results to make it more convincing, or even sometimes to explain the unexpected results.

Considering all mentioned, it is a sound approach to apply the state-of-the-art computational methods that accompanied with high-performance supercomputer facilities to investigate the physical properties of novel 2D materials. This thesis is a summary of several works which has accomplished during my PhD study and were initiated to this end. The thesis is organized as followed: For the rest of this chapter, I will first introduce graphene and some post-graphene materials that discovered right after graphene and, briefly, methods used to synthesis 2D materials. The following chapter 2 will present the computational methods, the theory behind and the implementations of them. In chapter 3, I will discuss several general properties of 2D materials. The next two chapters will be the main results from my works. Starting from specific properties targeting at specific novel 2D materials in chapter 4, and followed by modification of physical properties of 2D materials in chapter 5. Conclusions for the thesis will be given in the last chapter.

1.1 Gra	aphene 3	
1.1	Graphene	1
1.1.1	History and prediction	2
1.1.2	Physical properties	3
1.2	Post-graphene Materials	4
1.2.1	Functionized Graphene	5
Graph	ane	6
Fluoro	graphene	7
1.2.2	Boron Nitride	8
1.2.3	Silicene and Germanene	9
1.2.4	Transition Metal Dichalcogenides	10
1.3	0D and 1D from 2D: buckyballs, nanotubes and	11
	nanoribbons	12
1.4	Synthesis methods	13

Cha	apter 2	
Co	mputational methods	:
2.1	Theory	;
2.1.1	Density Functional Theory	
2.1.2	Exchange-correlation functional	
2.1.3	Jocob's ladder	
2.2	Implementation	,
2.2.1	Basis set, Plane wave energy cut-off, K-points	i
222	Software Packages	

General physical properties 2D materials

4 3.1 Structural properties

- 5 3.1.1 Layer structure
- ₆ 3.1.2 sp hybirdization
- 7 Coulson's theorem
- 8 3.1.3 Isotropic v.s. Anisotropic monolayer
- 9 3.1.4 Multiphase allotropes
- **3.2** Electronic properties
- 11 3.2.1 Polar bond
- 3.2.2 Importance of crystal symmetry
- 13 Clar's theory
- **3.2.3** Importance of interlayer interaction
- 15 3.2.4 Accurate description from DFT
- **3.3 Vibrational properties**
- 17 3.3.1 Phonon dispersion of 2D materials
- 3.3.2 Dynamic stability from phonon dispersion
 - 2.4 Machanical properties

Results of Physical Properties

Calculations in Novel 2D materials

4.1 Thermal properties

- **5 4.1.1 Thermal expansion and anharmonic oscillations**
- 6 4.1.2 Quasi-harmonic approximation
- 4.1.3 Helmholtz free energy and specific heat

4.2 Piezoelectric properties

- 4.2.1 Piezoelectric constants
- **4.2.2** Importance of internal relaxation

4.3 Carrier transport properties

- 12 4.3.1 Carrier mobility
- **4.3.2** Deformation potential theory: non-polar materials
- 4.3.3 Deformation potential theory: polar materials

4.4 Magnetic properties

- 16 4.4.1 Magnetic ordering
- 17 Stoner criterion of ferromagnetism

4.5 Battery related properties

Results of Physical Properties Modification in Novel 2D materials

- 4 5.1 Number of layers and types of stackings
- 5 5.1.1 Electronic properties
- 6 5.1.2 Vibrational properties
- ₇ 5.2 Mechanical strain
- **5.2.1 Carrier mobility**
- 5.2.2 Magnetic properties
- 5.3 Adatom adsorption
- 5.3.1 Electronic properties
- 5.4 Heterostructures
- 5.4.1 Electronic properties
- 14 5.4.2 Li difusion
- 5.5 Defect induction
- 5.5.1 Structural properties
- 5.5.2 Electronic properties
- **5.5.3** Magnetic properties

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Conclusions

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Appendix A

Appendix