Full step Rotary Encoder

1.0.1

Contents

Chapter 1

3 speed Rotary Encoder Full Step library for Arduino

This is an optimized three speed Rotary Encoder library for Arduino which supports:

- Full step Rotary Encoder types.

- Detect three rotation speeds.

- Configurable sensitivity.

- Polling and interrupt based.

- Single or multiple Rotary Encoders.

- Optional Rotary button.

Hardware

Connect the two rotary pins to the DIGITAL pins of an Arduino board.

A third rotary button pin is not used in the Rotary library, but can be used in the sketch.

Tested with Arduino IDE v1.8.5 on hardware:

- Arduino UNO

- Arduino Nano

- Arduino Micro

- Arduino Pro or Pro Mini

- Arduino Mega or Mega2560

- Arduino Leonardo

- WeMos D1 R2 & mini (ESP8266)

Interrupts

Both rotary pins must be connected to a DIGITAL pin with interrupt support, such as `INT0` or `INT1`. This is chip specific. Please refer to the documentation of your board or `attachInterrupt()`.

Arduino UNO hardware

The connection below can be used for polled and interrupts. An optional button pin can be connected to DIGITAL pin 4.

Arduino WeMos D1 R2 & mini (ESP8266) hardware

Note that some ESP8266 pins mixes ESP8622 GPIO pins with Arduino digital pins. Connect a Rotary Encoder to the following pins which can be used with polled and interrupt examples:

Rotary pin	ESP8622 pin	Text on board WeMos D1 R2
1	GPIO13	D7 MOSI
2	GPIO12	D6 MISO
Button	GPIO14	D5 SCK
LED (Not used)	GPIO2	D4

```
{c++}
// Connect the rotary pins to the WeMos D1 R2 board:
#define ROTARY_PIN1        12
#define ROTARY_PIN2        13
#define ROTARY_BUTTON_PIN  14
```

Examples

The following examples are available:

- Rotary | Interrupt | `InterruptFullStepBasic`

- Rotary | Interrupt | `InterruptFullStepButton`

- Rotary | Interrupt | `InterruptFullStepCounter`

- Rotary | Polled | `PolledFullStepBasic`

- Rotary | Polled | `PolledFullStepButton`

- Rotary | Polled | `PolledFullStepCounter`

- Rotary | Polled | `PolledFullStepMultiple`

Usage

Read rotary with polling

```c++
{c++}
#include <RotaryFullStep.h>

// Connect rotary pins to the DIGITAL pins of the Arduino board
#define ROTARY_PIN1   2
#define ROTARY_PIN2   3

// Initialize full step rotary encoder, default pull-up enabled, default
// sensitive=100
RotaryFullStep rotary(ROTARY_PIN1, ROTARY_PIN2);

// Or initialize full step rotary encoder, pull-up disabled, default sensitive=100
RotaryFullStep rotary(ROTARY_PIN1, ROTARY_PIN2, false);

// Or initialize full step rotary encoder, pull-up enabled, sensitive 1..255
// A higher value is more sensitive
RotaryFullStep rotary(ROTARY_PIN1, ROTARY_PIN2, true, 150);

void loop()
{
    int rotaryState = rotary.read();

    // rotaryState = -3: Counter clockwise turn, multiple notches fast
    // rotaryState = -2: Counter clockwise turn, multiple notches
    // rotaryState = -1: Counter clockwise turn, single notch
    // rotaryState = 0:  No change
    // rotaryState = 1:  Clockwise turn, single notch
    // rotaryState = 2:  Clockwise turn, multiple notches
    // rotaryState = 3:  Clockwise turn, multiple notches fast
}
```

Read rotary with interrupts

```c++
{c++}
#include <RotaryFullStep.h>

// Connect rotary pins to Arduino DIGITAL pins with interrupt support:
//
// +-----------------------------------+-------------------------+
// |              Board                | DIGITAL interrupt pins  |
// +-----------------------------------+-------------------------+
// | Uno, Nano, Mini, other 328-based  | 2, 3                    |
// | Mega, Mega2560, MegaADK           | 2, 3, 18, 19, 20, 21    |
// | Micro, Leonardo, other 32u4-based | 0, 1, 2, 3, 7           |
// +-----------------------------------+-------------------------+
//
#define ROTARY_PIN1   2
#define ROTARY_PIN2   3

// Initialize full step rotary encoder, default pull-up enabled, default
// sensitive=100
RotaryFullStep rotary(ROTARY_PIN1, ROTARY_PIN2);

// Or initialize full step rotary encoder, pull-up disabled, default sensitive=100
RotaryFullStep rotary(ROTARY_PIN1, ROTARY_PIN2, false);

// Or initialize full step rotary encoder, pull-up enabled, sensitive 1..255
// A higher value is more sensitive
RotaryFullStep rotary(ROTARY_PIN1, ROTARY_PIN2, true, 150);

void setup()
{
  // Initialize pin change interrupt on both rotary encoder pins
  attachInterrupt(digitalPinToInterrupt(ROTARY_PIN1), rotaryInterrupt, CHANGE);
  attachInterrupt(digitalPinToInterrupt(ROTARY_PIN2), rotaryInterrupt, CHANGE);
}

void rotaryInterrupt()
{
  int rotaryState = rotary.read();

  // rotaryState = -3: Turn left fastest
  // rotaryState = -2: Turn left faster
  // rotaryState = -1: Turn left
  // rotaryState = 0:  No change
  // rotaryState = 1:  Turn right
  // rotaryState = 2:  Turn right faster
  // rotaryState = 3:  Turn right fastest
}
```

Installation with Git

`Git` is the preferred way to keep this library up to date, because the Arduino Library manager does not update as long as this library is not added to the official Arduino Library database.

Install Git client for Windows

Install a `Git client for Windows`.

Install Git client for Linux

Open a command prompt and install a Git client for Linux, such as Debian Ubuntu:

```
sudo apt-get install git
```

Get Arduino libraries directory

This library must be installed in the Arduino Sketchbook library subdirectory.

To retrieve the Arduino Sketchbook directory, open the Arduino IDE Preferences dialog box via: `File | Preferences` `Settings tab` and copy the Sketchbook location.

For example on:

- Windows : `C:\Users\User\Documents\Arduino`
- Linux: `/home/user/Arduino`

Clone this library

Clone this library by opening a command prompt:

- Windows: (`Windows key + R`, Type `cmd` + `[ENTER]`)
- Linux: Depends on your version.

Then type:

```
# Change directory to the sketchbook directory as configured in the Arduino IDE:
# Windows:
cd C:\Users\User\Documents\Arduino
# Linux:
cd ~/Arduino

# Go to the libraries subdirectory
cd libraries

# Run the git clone library once:
git clone https://github.com/Erriez/ErriezRotaryEncoderFullStep.git
```

IMPORTANT: Restart the Arduino IDE.

Update this library

Open a command prompt and type:

```
# Change directory to the sketchbook directory as configured in the Arduino IDE:
# Windows:
cd C:\Users\User\Documents\Arduino
# Linux:
cd ~/Arduino

# Go to the libraries subdirectory
cd libraries

# Update the library:
git pull
```

IMPORTANT: Restart the Arduino IDE.

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 RotaryFullStep Class Reference

Full step Rotary Encoder class.

```
#include <RotaryFullStep.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- RotaryFullStep (uint8_t pin1, uint8_t pin2, bool pullUp=true, uint8_t sensitivity=100)

  Constructor full step Rotary Encoder.
- int read ()

  Read Rotary Encoder state.
- void setSensitivity (uint8_t sensitivity)

  Set sensitivity value.
- uint8_t getSensitivity ()

  Get sensitivity value.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Full step Rotary Encoder class.

Definition at line 42 of file RotaryFullStep.h.

4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.2.1 RotaryFullStep()

```
RotaryFullStep::RotaryFullStep (
            uint8_t pin1,
            uint8_t pin2,
            bool pullUp = true,
            uint8_t sensitivity = 100 )
```

Constructor full step Rotary Encoder.

Parameters

pin1	Rotary Encoder pin 1
pin2	Rotary Encoder pin 2
pullUp	true: Enable internal pull-up on Rotary Encoder pins [default argument]. false: Disable internal pull-up on Rotary Encoder pins.
sensitivity	Set sensitivity rotation speed value 0..255. A higher is more sensitive for rotation speed, a smaller value is less sensitive or will disable speed detection. Default is 100.

Definition at line 92 of file RotaryFullStep.cpp.

4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

4.1.3.1 getSensitivity()

```
uint8_t RotaryFullStep::getSensitivity ( )
```

Get sensitivity value.

Returns

Sensitivity value 0..255.

Definition at line 184 of file RotaryFullStep.cpp.

4.1.3.2 read()

```
int RotaryFullStep::read ( )
```

Read Rotary Encoder state.

Call this function as fast as possible to prevent missing pin changes. This seems to work for most rotary encoders when calling this function within 10ms in an endless loop.

The sensitivity value is used to calculate three rotation speeds by measuring the speed of the Rotary Encoder pin changes. The rotation speed depends on the number of Rotary notches and knob size. The value should experimentally determined.

Returns

Rotary speed and direction -3: Counter clockwise turn, multiple notches fast -2: Counter clockwise turn, multiple notches -1: Counter clockwise turn, single notch 0: No change 1: Clockwise turn, single notch 2: Clockwise turn, multiple notches 3: Clockwise turn, multiple notches fast

Definition at line 124 of file RotaryFullStep.cpp.

4.1.3.3 setSensitivity()

```
void RotaryFullStep::setSensitivity (
            uint8_t sensitivity )
```

Set sensitivity value.

Parameters

sensitivity	Sensitivity value 0..255

Definition at line 173 of file RotaryFullStep.cpp.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/RotaryFullStep.h
- src/RotaryFullStep.cpp

Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1   src/RotaryFullStep.cpp File Reference

Three speed full step Rotary Encoder library for Arduino.

```
#include <pgmspace.h>
#include "RotaryFullStep.h"
```

Macros

- #define **DIR_NONE** 0x00
- #define **DIR_CW** 0x10
- #define **DIR_CCW** 0x20
- #define **RFS_START** 0x00
- #define **RFS_CW_FINAL** 0x01
- #define **RFS_CW_BEGIN** 0x02
- #define **RFS_CW_NEXT** 0x03
- #define **RFS_CCW_BEGIN** 0x04
- #define **RFS_CCW_FINAL** 0x05
- #define **RFS_CCW_NEXT** 0x06

5.1.1   Detailed Description

Three speed full step Rotary Encoder library for Arduino.

RotaryFullStep.cpp

```
Source: https://github.com/Erriez/ErriezRotaryEncoderFullStep
```

5.2   src/RotaryFullStep.h File Reference

Three speed full step Rotary Encoder library for Arduino.

```
#include <Arduino.h>
```

Classes

- class RotaryFullStep

  Full step Rotary Encoder class.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Three speed full step Rotary Encoder library for Arduino.

RotaryFullStep.h

```
Source: https://github.com/Erriez/ErriezRotaryEncoderFullStep
```

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