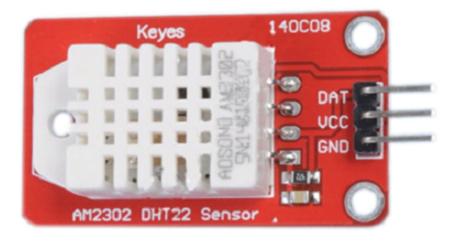
DHT22 - AM2303 temperature and humidity sensor library for Arduino

This is an optimized AM2303 digital temperature and relative humidity sensor on a DHT22 breakout PCB.



Library features

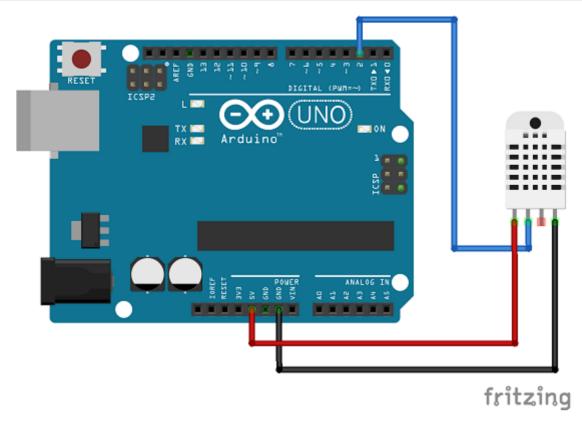
- Read 16-bit temperature (synchronous blocking)
- Read 16-bit relative humidity (synchronous blocking)

AM2303 sensor specifications

- Voltage: 3.3 .. 5V
- Ultra-low power:
 - Typical 15uA dormancy
 - Typical 500uA measuring
- Single wire digital serial interface
- Calibrated digital signal
- Outstanding long term stability
- No additional electronic components needed
- Humidity:
 - o Range: 0 .. 99.9 %RH (Relative Humidity)
 - o Resolution: 0.1 %RH
 - o Accuracy: +/-2 %RH (at 25 degree Celsius)
- Temperature:
 - o Range: -40 .. +125 degree Celsius
 - o Resolution: 0.1 degree Celsius
 - o Accuracy: +/- 0.4 degree Celsius
- Minimum read interval: 2000 ms

• 31ms to synchronous read humidity and temperature data from sensor

Hardware



Connection DHT22 - Arduino

DHT22	Arduino UNO/Nano/Leonardo/Mega2560
GND	GND
VCC	5V (or 3.3V)
DAT	D2

Connection DHT22 - ESP8266

Some ESP8266 boards uses Arduino pin 2 -> GPIO4 which is D4 text on the board. Make sure you're using the right pin.

DHT22	ESP8266 / WeMos D1 R2 / ESP12E / NodeMCU	
GND	GND	
VCC	3.3V	
DAT	Arduino pin 2 -> GPIO4 = D4	

Connection DHT22 - Lolin32

DHT22	WeMos Lolin32
GND	GND
VCC	3.3V
DAT	2

Supported Arduino Boards

- All ATMega328P MCU's:
 - o Arduino UNO
 - o Arduino Nano
- All ATMega32U4 MCU's:
 - o Arduino Leonardo
 - o Pro Micro
- All ATMega2560 MCU's:
 - o Arduino Mega2560
- All ESP8266 boards:
 - o WeMos D1 R2
 - NodeMCU
- All Lolin32 boards:
 - o WeMos Lolin32
- Other MCU's may work, but are not tested.

Library dependencies

None

Documentation

<u>Doxygen PDF</u> (Documentation source code)

AM2303 datasheet

DHT22 datasheet

Examples

Examples | ErriezDH22 | Example

Usage

Initialization

```
1
    #include <DHT22.h>
 2
 3
    // Connect DTH22 data pin to Arduino DIGITAL pin
    #define DHT22_PIN 2
4
 5
 6
    DHT22 sensor = DHT22(DHT22_PIN);
 7
 8
    void setup()
9
        // Initialize serial port
10
        Serial.begin(115200);
11
        Serial.println(F("DHT22 temperature and humidity sensor example\n"));
12
13
14
        // Initialize sensor
        sensor.begin();
15
16
   }
```

Read temperature and humidity

```
void loop()
 1
 2
    {
 3
         // Check minimum interval of 2000 ms between sensor reads
 4
         if (sensor.available()) {
             // Read temperature from sensor
 6
             int16_t temperature = sensor.readTemperature();
 7
 8
             // Read humidity from sensor
 9
             int16 t humidity = sensor.readHumidity();
10
11
             if (temperature == ~0) {
                 // Print error (Check hardware connection)
12
13
                 Serial.print(F("Temperature: Error"));
14
             } else {
15
                 // Print temperature
                 Serial.print(F("Temperature: "));
16
                 Serial.print(temperature / 10);
17
                 Serial.print(F("."));
18
19
                 Serial.print(temperature % 10);
                 Serial.println(F(" *C"));
20
21
             }
22
23
             if (humidity == ~0) {
                 // Print error (Check hardware connection)
24
                 Serial.print(F("Humidity: Error"));
25
26
             } else {
27
                 // Print humidity
                 Serial.print(F("Humidity: "));
28
                 Serial.print(humidity / 10);
29
30
                 Serial.print(F("."));
31
                 Serial.print(humidity % 10);
32
                 Serial.println(F(" %"));
33
```

Serial output

```
DHT22 temperature and humidity sensor example

Temperature: 17.7 *C

Humidity: 41.0 %

Temperature: 17.8 *C

Humidity: 41.1 %
```