

# DHT22 library for Arduino

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# Chapter 1

## DHT22 - AM2303 temperature and humidity sensor library for Arduino

This is a calibrated AM2303 digital temperature and relative humidity sensor on a [DHT22](#) breakout PCB.

### Library features

- Read 16-bit temperature (synchronous blocking)
- Read 16-bit relative humidity (synchronous blocking)

### AM2303 sensor specifications

- Voltage: 3.3 .. 5V
- Ultra-low power:
  - Typical 15uA dormancy
  - Typical 500uA measuring
- Single wire digital serial interface
- Calibrated digital signal
- Outstanding long term stability
- No additional electronic components needed
- Humidity:
  - Range: 0 .. 99.9 RH (Relative Humidity)
  - Resolution: 0.1 RH
  - Accuracy: +/- 2 RH (at 25 degree Celsius)
- Temperature:
  - Range: -40 .. +125 degree Celsius
  - Resolution: 0.1 degree Celsius
  - Accuracy: +/- 0.4 degree Celsius
- Minimum read interval: 2000 ms
- ~31ms to synchronous read humidity, temperature and parity data from sensor (5 Bytes)

## Safety warning

According to the datasheet, the AM2302 is a low cost consumer temperature sensor. It may not be used in safety critical applications, emergency stop devices or any other occasion that failure of AM2303 may cause personal injury.

## Hardware

### Pull-up resistor DAT pin

- Connect an external 3k3 . . 10k pull-up resistor between the DAT and VCC pins only when:
  - Using a AM2302 sensor without a DT22 breakout PCB **and** the MCU IO pin has no built-in or external pull-up resistor.
- The [DHT22](#) breakout PCB contains a 3k3 pull-up resistor between DAT and VCC.
- Please refer to the MCU datasheet or board schematic for more information about IO pin pull-up resistors.

### External capacitor

- Tip: Connect a 100nF capacitor between the sensor pins VCC and GND when read errors occurs. This may stabilize the power supply.

### Connection [DHT22](#) - Arduino

<a href="#">DHT22</a>	Arduino UNO / Nano / Pro Mini / Leonardo / Mega2560
GND	GND
VCC	5V (or 3.3V)
DAT	2 (DIGITAL pin)

### Connection [DHT22](#) - ESP8266

Some ESP8266 boards uses Arduino pin 2 -> GPIO4 which is D4 text on the board. Make sure you're using the right pin.

<a href="#">DHT22</a>	ESP8266 / WeMos D1 R2 / ESP12E / NodeMCU
GND	GND
VCC	3.3V
DAT	D4

### Connection [DHT22](#) - WeMos LOLIN32

WeMos LOLIN32 requires an additional 100nF capacitor over the GND - VCC pins to prevent parity errors.

Use pin 0 to prevent flash problems.

<a href="#">DHT22</a>	WeMos Lolin32
GND	GND
VCC	3.3V
DAT	0

Other MCU's may work, but are not tested.

## Examples

Arduino IDE | Examples | Erriez DH22 Temperature & Humidity:

- [DHT22](#)

## Documentation

- [Doxygen online HTML](#)
- [Doxygen PDF](#)
- [AM2303 datasheet](#)
- [DHT22 datasheet](#)

## Usage

### Initialization

```
1 {c++}
2 #include <DHT22.h>
3
4 // Connect DHT22 DAT pin to Arduino board
5
6 // Arduino DIGITAL pin
7 #define DHT22_PIN 2
8 // Some ESP8266 boards uses D2 instead of 2
9 // #define DHT22_PIN D2
10 // LOLIN32 uses another pin
11 // #define DHT22_PIN 0
12
13 DHT22 sensor = DHT22(DHT22_PIN);
14
15 void setup()
16 {
17     // Initialize serial port
18     Serial.begin(115200);
19     Serial.println(F("DHT22 temperature and humidity sensor example\n"));
20
21     // Initialize sensor
22     sensor.begin();
23 }
```

### Read temperature and humidity

```
1 {c++}
2 void loop()
3 {
4     // Check minimum interval of 2000 ms between sensor reads
5     if (sensor.available()) {
6         // Read temperature from sensor
7         int16_t temperature = sensor.readTemperature();
8
9         // Read humidity from sensor
10        int16_t humidity = sensor.readHumidity();
11
12        if (temperature == ~0) {
13            // Print error (Check hardware connection)
14            Serial.print(F("Temperature: Error"));
15        } else {
16            // Print temperature
17            Serial.print(F("Temperature: "));
```

```
18         Serial.print(temperature / 10);
19         Serial.print(F("."));
20         Serial.print(temperature % 10);
21         Serial.println(F(" *C"));
22     }
23
24     if (humidity == ~0) {
25         // Print error (Check hardware connection)
26         Serial.print(F("Humidity: Error"));
27     } else {
28         // Print humidity
29         Serial.print(F("Humidity: "));
30         Serial.print(humidity / 10);
31         Serial.print(F("."));
32         Serial.print(humidity % 10);
33         Serial.println(F(" %"));
34     }
35
36     Serial.println();
37 }
38 }
```

## Serial output

```
1 DHT22 temperature and humidity sensor example
2
3 Temperature: 17.7 *C
4 Humidity: 41.0 %
5
6 Temperature: 17.8 *C
7 Humidity: 41.1 %
8
9 ...
```

## Library dependencies

- None

## Library installation

Please refer to the [Wiki](#) page.

## Other Arduino Libraries and Sketches from Erriez

- [Erriez Libraries and Sketches](#)



## Chapter 2

# Class Index

### 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">DHT22</a>	
<a href="#">DHT22</a> sensor class	9



## Chapter 3

# File Index

### 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">DHT22.cpp</a>	
<a href="#">DHT22</a> (AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino . . . . .	13
<a href="#">DHT22.h</a>	
<a href="#">DHT22</a> (AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino . . . . .	13



# Chapter 4

## Class Documentation

### 4.1 DHT22 Class Reference

DHT22 sensor class.

```
#include <DHT22.h>
```

#### Public Member Functions

- [DHT22](#) (uint8\_t pin)  
*Constructor [DHT22](#) sensor.*
- void [begin](#) ()  
*Initialize sensor.*
- bool [available](#) ()  
*Check if new temperature or humidity read is allowed.*
- int16\_t [readTemperature](#) ()  
*Read temperature from sensor.*
- int16\_t [readHumidity](#) ()  
*Read humidity from sensor.*

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

DHT22 sensor class.

According to the datasheet, the AM2302 is a low cost consumer temperature sensor. It may not be used in safety critical applications, emergency stop devices or any other occasion that failure of AM2303 may cause personal injury.

The AM2303 is factory calibrated. However, deviation may occur with aging.

The temperature/humidity read interval in this library is cached for 2 seconds to prevent heating-up the internal chip with continues reading.

Global interrupts are disabled during a synchronous sensor read transfer. This is required to sample the data bit lengths at maximum speed on low-end devices without any application interrupts. The read calls are protected with a timeout.

The application is responsible for checking  $\sim 0$  values after a read which means that the read failed or a timeout occurred. Multiple reads by the application with an average calculation is recommended.

Definition at line 80 of file DHT22.h.

## 4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.1.2.1 DHT22::DHT22 ( uint8\_t *pin* ) [explicit]

Constructor [DHT22](#) sensor.

#### Parameters

<i>pin</i>	Data pin sensor.
------------	------------------

Definition at line 39 of file DHT22.cpp.

## 4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.1.3.1 bool DHT22::available ( )

Check if new temperature or humidity read is allowed.

The application should call this function and check if a new temperature and humidity can be read to prevent too fast sensor reads.

#### Return values

<i>true</i>	Available, interval between sensor reads $\geq$ 2000 ms.
<i>false</i>	Not available, interval between sensor reads too short.

Definition at line 88 of file DHT22.cpp.

### 4.1.3.2 void DHT22::begin ( )

Initialize sensor.

Call this function from `setup()`.

- Connect an external 3k3..10k pull-up resistor between the DAT and VCC pins only when:
  - using a AM2302 sensor without a DT22 breakout PCB  
AND
  - the MCU IO pin has no built-in or external pull-up resistor.
- The [DHT22](#) breakout PCB contains a 3k3 pull-up resistor between DAT and VCC.
- Please refer to the MCU datasheet or board schematic for more information about IO pin pull-up resistors.

Definition at line 69 of file DHT22.cpp.

#### 4.1.3.3 `int16_t DHT22::readHumidity ( )`

Read humidity from sensor.

Return values

<i>Humidity</i>	Signed humidity with last digit after the point.
<i>~0</i>	An error occurred.

Definition at line 131 of file DHT22.cpp.

#### 4.1.3.4 `int16_t DHT22::readTemperature ( )`

Read temperature from sensor.

Returns the actual temperature, or a cached temperature when read interval is too short.

Return values

<i>Temperature</i>	Signed temperature with last digit after the point.
<i>~0</i>	An error occurred.

Definition at line 108 of file DHT22.cpp.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [DHT22.h](#)
- [DHT22.cpp](#)





## Chapter 5

# File Documentation

### 5.1 DHT22.cpp File Reference

[DHT22](#) (AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino.

```
#include "DHT22.h"
```

#### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

[DHT22](#) (AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino.

Source: <https://github.com/Erriez/ErriezDHT22> Documentation: <https://erriez.github.io/ErriezDHT22>

### 5.2 DHT22.h File Reference

[DHT22](#) (AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino.

```
#include <Arduino.h>
```

#### Classes

- class [DHT22](#)  
*DHT22 sensor class.*

#### Macros

- #define [DHT22\\_MIN\\_READ\\_INTERVAL](#) 2000  
*Enable debug prints to Serial.*
- #define [DHT22\\_NUM\\_DATA\\_BITS](#) (5 \* 8)
- #define [DEBUG\\_PRINTLN](#)(...) {}  
*Debug print configuration.*

### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

**DHT22** (AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino.

Source: <https://github.com/Erriez/ErriezDHT22> Documentation: <https://erriez.github.io/ErriezDHT22>

### 5.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 5.2.2.1 `#define DHT22_MIN_READ_INTERVAL 2000`

Enable debug prints to Serial.

Minimum interval between sensor reads in milli seconds

Definition at line 42 of file DHT22.h.

#### 5.2.2.2 `#define DHT22_NUM_DATA_BITS (5 * 8)`

Number of data bits is 5 Bytes \* 8 bits: 1 Byte: Humidity high 1 Byte: Humidity low 1 Byte: Temperature high 1 Byte: Temperature low 1 Byte: Parity

Definition at line 50 of file DHT22.h.

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