

09 - Service Discovery and Communication (Part 2)

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Agenda

- Overview of API Gateway
- Route requests through API Gateway

Overview of API Gateway

1. What is an API Gateway?

- **Definition:**
 - An API Gateway is a server that acts as an intermediary for requests from clients seeking access to backend services. It consolidates multiple service requests into a single request, providing a unified entry point for a microservices architecture.
- **Purpose of an API Gateway:**
 - **Request Routing:** Directs client requests to the appropriate backend services.
 - **Authentication and Security:** Manages authentication, authorization, and encryption of requests.
 - **Load Balancing:** Distributes incoming requests across multiple service instances.
 - **Caching:** Reduces the load on services by caching responses.
 - **Rate Limiting:** Controls the rate at which clients can make requests, preventing overuse of resources.
 - **Service Aggregation:** Combines data from multiple services into a single response, reducing the number of client calls.
- **Benefits:**
 - Simplifies client interactions with microservices.
 - Centralizes cross-cutting concerns like security, logging, and monitoring.
 - Enhances scalability and reliability.

- **Popular API Gateway Solutions:**

- **Spring Cloud Gateway:** A popular API Gateway framework in the Spring ecosystem, built on top of the Spring Framework.
- **Netflix Zuul:** Another gateway solution, although now mostly replaced by Spring Cloud Gateway.
- **NGINX, Kong, and AWS API Gateway:** Other well-known API Gateway solutions outside the Spring ecosystem.

2. Key Features of Spring Cloud Gateway:

- **Routing:** Directs incoming requests to appropriate microservices based on the request path, headers, etc.
- **Filters:** Pre and post-processing of requests and responses (e.g., adding headers, logging, modifying request/response).
- **Predicate Factories:** Built-in mechanisms to match incoming requests (e.g., by path, method, headers).

Hands-On

- Create a new microservice -> API GATEWAY. And add dependencies
 1. Gateway - Spring Cloud Routing
 2. Eureka Discovery Client - Spring Cloud Discovery
 3. Spring Boot Actuator - OPS

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-actuator</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework.cloud</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-cloud-starter-gateway</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework.cloud</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-cloud-starter-netflix-eureka-client</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-test</artifactId>
  <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

- In application.properties:

```
spring.application.name=ApiGateway
```

```
server.port=8083
```

```
# Routes configurations
```

```
spring.cloud.gateway.routes[0].id=UserService
```

```
spring.cloud.gateway.routes[0].uri=lb://UserService
```

```
spring.cloud.gateway.routes[0].predicates[0]=Path=/user/**
```

```
spring.cloud.gateway.routes[1].id=ProductsService
```

```
spring.cloud.gateway.routes[1].uri=lb://ProductsService
```

```
spring.cloud.gateway.routes[1].predicates[0]=Path=/products/**
```

```
management.endpoints.web.exposure.include=*
```

```
management.endpoint.health.show-details=always
```