Southampton Solent University

Object Oriented Design and Development

Module Leader:

Amjad Alam / Chathurika Goonawardane

Software Development

Student ID: [Your ID Number]

Student Name: [Your Full Name]

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Introduction

The development of web applications requires a structured approach to Object-Oriented and Development to Design ensure maintainability, and scalability. This report presents the second stage of the BookNook project, an online bookstore that enables users to browse and purchase books and literary accessories. Building on the foundation established in the AE1 group project, this individual assignment extends the functionality of BookNook by implementing additional features such as a system, order history tracking, cart and authentication using Java, JSP, JDBC, and SQLite.

This document provides a comprehensive analysis and design of the system, including use case diagrams, robustness diagrams, and sequence diagrams to illustrate system interactions. The report also details the implementation process, outlining how the group-developed code was adapted and enhanced to meet the new requirements while adhering to software engineering principles such as separation of concerns and object-oriented principles like inheritance, encapsulation, and polymorphism.

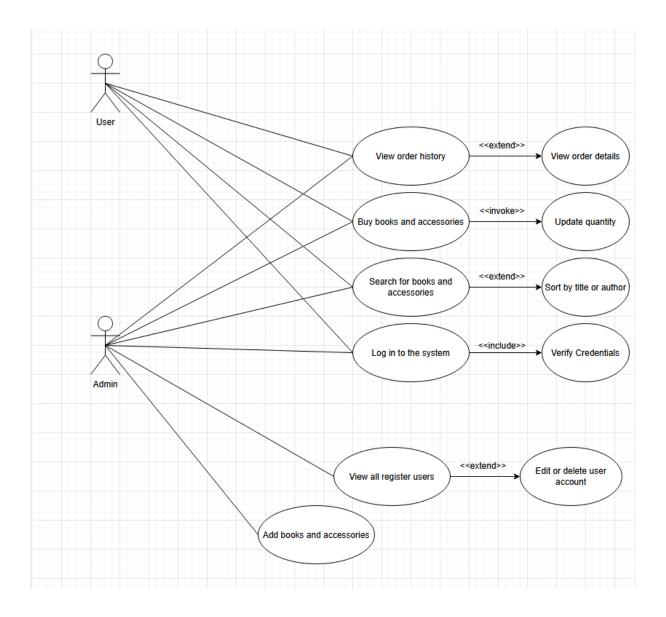
By integrating a session-based authentication system, differentiating between regular users and administrators, and enabling inventory management features, this assignment demonstrates the application of object-oriented principles in a real-world web development scenario.

The following sections cover the analysis and design of the system, followed by implementation details and a discussion of the challenges encountered and their resolutions.

Part 1: Analysis

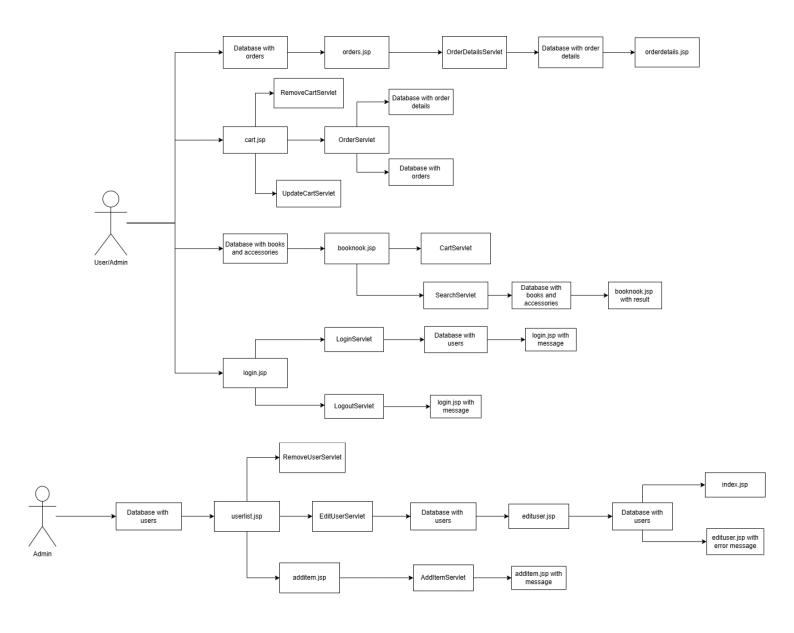
1. Use Cases

Use case diagrams help in understanding the various functionalities of the system and how users interact with it. Below are the primary actors and their respective use cases:



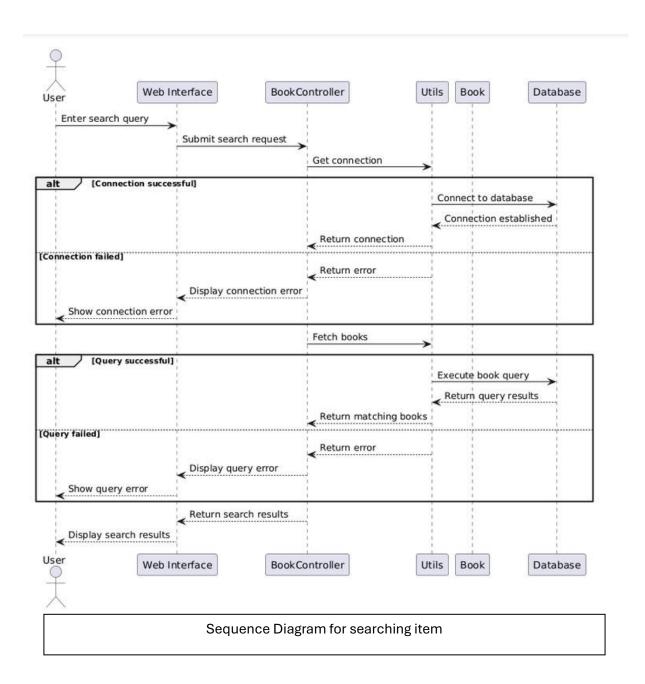
2. Robustness diagrams

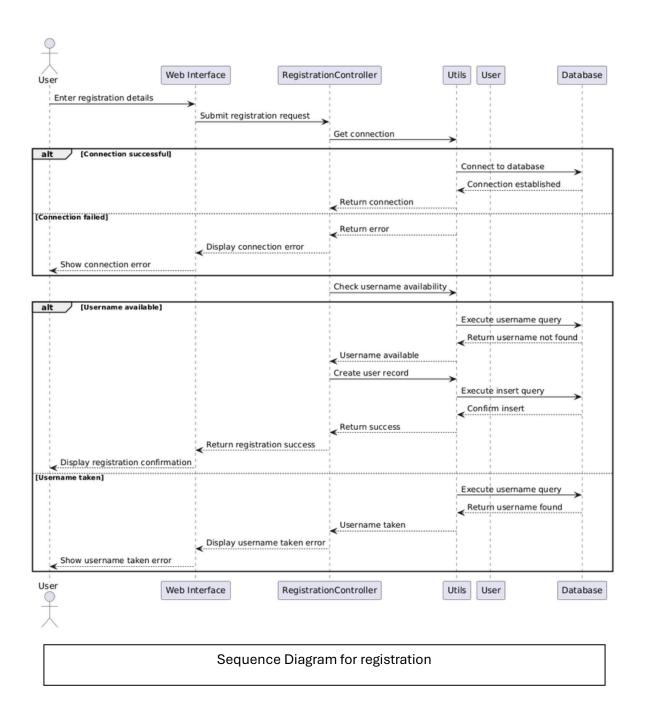
Robustness diagrams illustrate how various objects in the system interact. These diagrams help in designing the logical flow of the **BookNook** application.

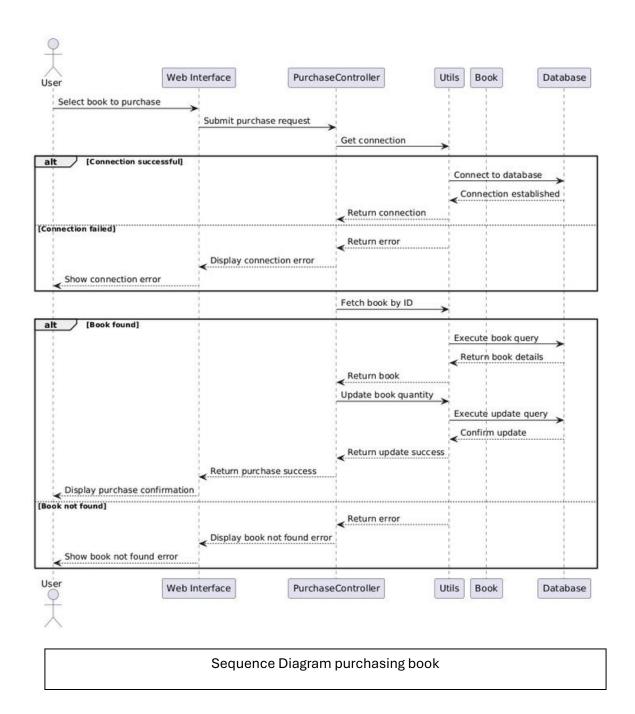


3. Sequence Diagrams

Sequence diagrams provide a step-by-step breakdown of interactions between system components.







Part 2: Implementation

1.Database

First we need to create a database in SQLite for this website. I did this using following code in SQlite:

```
CREATE TABLE Users
   UserID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
   Username TEXT NOT NULL,
   Email TEXT NOT NULL,
   Balance DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL DEFAULT 0.00,
   Role TEXT DEFAULT 'user'
   BookID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
   BookTitle TEXT NOT NULL,
   BookAuthor TEXT NOT NULL,
   BookPrice DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL,
   Quantity INTEGER NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Orders
   OrderID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
   Username TEXT NOT NULL,
   OrderDate TEXT NOT NULL,
   FOREIGN KEY (Username) REFERENCES Users(Username)
);
CREATE TABLE OrderItems
   OrderItemID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
   OrderID INTEGER NOT NULL,
   ItemType TEXT NOT NULL,
   ItemID INTEGER NOT NULL,
   Quantity INTEGER NOT NULL,
   FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES Orders(OrderID)
);
   AccessoryID INTEGER,
   AccessoryName TEXT NOT NULL,
   AccessoryPrice DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
   Quantity
   PRIMARY KEY(AccessoryID)
```

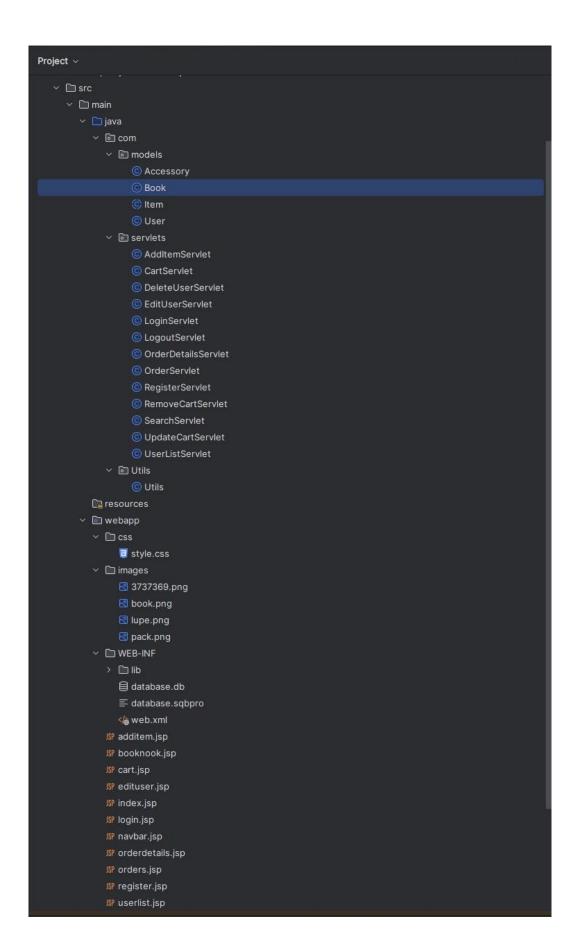
We also need to insert into some values:

```
INSERT INTO Accessories (AccessoryName, AccessoryPrice, Quantity) VALUES
('Reading Light', 12.99, 34),
('Book Stand', 25.49, 20),
('Leather Bookmark', 5.99, 100),
('Book Organizer Shelf', 79.99, 10),
('Book Cover Protector', 9.49, 80),
('Magnifying Glass for Reading', 14.99, 25),
('E-Reader Cover', 19.99, 40),
('Pen Holder with Book Design', 29.99, 15),
('Notebook with Inspirational Quotes', 10.99, 60),
('Library-Themed Tote Bag', 18.99, 50);
INSERT INTO Books (BookTitle, BookAuthor, BookPrice, Quantity) VALUES
('The Catcher in the Rye', 'J.D. Salinger', 19.99, 9),
('To Kill a Mockingbird', 'Harper Lee', 14.99, 22),
('1984', 'George Orwell', 12.49, 30),
('Pride and Prejudice', 'Jane Austen', 9.99, 40),
('Moby Dick', 'Herman Melville', 22.99, 10),
('The Great Gatsby', 'F. Scott Fitzgerald', 17.49, 18),
('War and Peace', 'Leo Tolstoy', 39.99, 5),
('Crime and Punishment', 'Fyodor Dostoevsky', 29.99, 8),
('The Hobbit', 'J.R.R. Tolkien', 25.99, 12),
('Brave New World', 'Aldous Huxley', 16.99, 14),
('Fahrenheit 451', 'Ray Bradbury', 13.99, 20),
('Jane Eyre', 'Charlotte Bronte', 14.49, 22),
('Wuthering Heights', 'Emily Bronte', 15.99, 16),
('The Brothers Karamazov', 'Fyodor Dostoevsky', 34.99, 7),
('Les Miserables', 'Victor Hugo', 49.99, 6),
('The Odyssey', 'Homer', 19.99, 11),
('A Tale of Two Cities', 'Charles Dickens', 12.99, 18),
('Sense and Sensibility', 'Jane Austen', 10.49, 24),
('Dracula', 'Bram Stoker', 11.99, 19),
('The Picture of Dorian Gray', 'Oscar Wilde', 14.99, 13);
INSERT INTO Users (Username, Email, Password, Balance, Role) VALUES
('admin', 'admin@gmail.com', 'admin', 965.02, 'admin'),
('admin1', 'admin1@gmail.com', 'admin1', 1000, 'admin'),
('admin2', 'admin2@gmail.com', 'admin2', 1000, 'admin'),
('admin3', 'admin3@gmail.com', 'admin3', 1000, 'admin'),
('tester', 'tester@gmail.com', 'tester', 100, 'user'),
('dev', 'dev@gmail.com', 'dev', 10000, 'user'),
('manager', 'manager@gmail.com', 'manager', 100000, 'user'),
('user', 'user@gmail.com', 'user', 100, 'user');
```

2. Creating website

2.1 Project Struture

The project structure was precisely adapted to the analysis schemes. The code has been divided into files with object models, servlets with unique functions for each servlet, JSP subpages and superficial comments that briefly describe the operation of code fragments. Thanks to this, the code is transparent and every developer in the team will have no problem understanding its content.



As one can see on this screenshot, the project consists of subfolders with code files that have been divided appropriately.

```
package com.models;
public class User {
    public String username;
    public String email;
    private String password;
    private String role;
    public String getUsername() { return username; }
    public void setUsername(String username) { this.username = username; }
    public String getEmail() { return email; }
    public void setEmail(String email) { this.email = email; }
    public String getPassword() { return password; }
    public void setPassword(String password) { this.password = password; }
    public String getRole() { return role; }
    public void setRole(String role) { this.role = role; }
```

```
package com.models;

public abstract class Item {
    private String name;
    private double price;
    private int quantity;

public Item(String name, double price,int quantity) {
        this.name = name;
        this.price = price;
        this.quantity = quantity;
    }

    public String getName() { return name; }

    public double getPrice() { return quantity; }
}
```

```
public class Book extends Item {
    public int bookID;
    private String Author;

public Book(int bookID, String bookTitle, String author, double bookPrice, int quantity) {
        super(bookTitle, bookPrice, quantity);
        this.bookID = bookID;
        this.Author = author;
    }

public String getBookID() { return String.valueOf(bookID); }

public String getAuthor() { return Author; }
```

```
package com.models;

public class Accessory extends Item {

   public int accessoryID;
   public int quantity;

   public Accessory(int accessoryID, String accessoryName, double accessoryPrice, int quantity) {
        super(accessoryName, accessoryPrice, quantity);
        this.accessoryID = accessoryID;
        this.quantity = quantity;
   }

   public int getAccessoryID() { return accessoryID; }
}
```

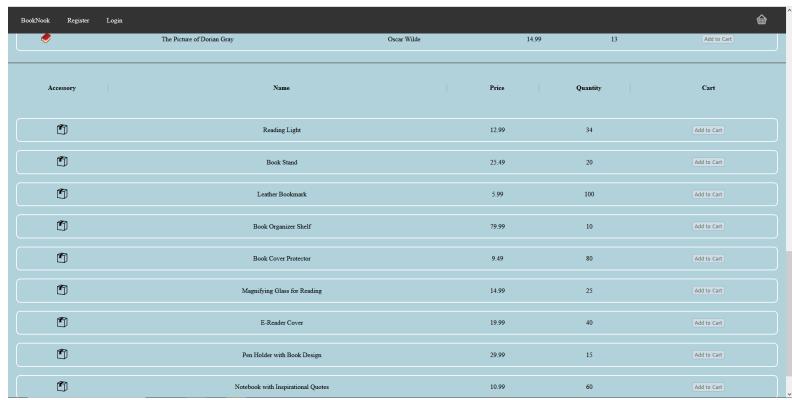
The class inheritance technique has also been implemented for clarity and code customization

User

After running this project user should see this menu. There are all the books and accessories and on the navbar there is BookNook which is link to this, register, login and cart which is locked currently (first you need to login).

BookNook Register	Login Q	Search For Books		_	
Book	Title	Author	Price	Quantity	Cart
•	The Catcher in the Rye	J.D. Salinger	19.99	9	Add to Cart
•	To Kill a Mockingbird	Harper Lee	14.99	22	Add to Cart
•	1984	George Orwell	12.49	30	Add to Cart
•	Pride and Prejudice	Jane Austen	9.99	40	Add to Cart
•	Moby Dick	Herman Melville	22.99	10	Add to Cart
•	The Great Gatsby	F. Scott Fitzgerald	17.49	18	Add to Cart
•	War and Peace	Leo Tolstoy	39.99	5	Add to Cart
•	Crime and Punishment	Fyodor Dostoevsky	29.99	8	Add to Cart
•	The Hobbit	J.R.R. Tolkien	25.99	12	Add to Cart

After scrolling there are also accessories (all of this is booknook.jsp file):



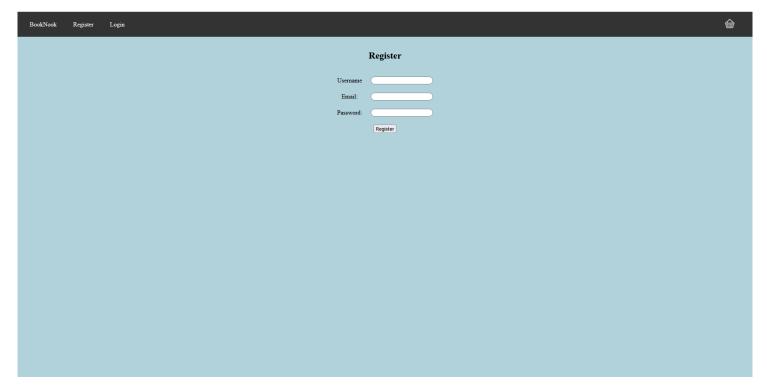
First interaction is searching for books (This is created using SearchServlet), add to cart is currently locked because first you need to login:



```
ackage com.servlets;
@WebServlet("/SearchServlet")
   protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
       request.getRequestDispatcher( s: "/index.jsp").forward(request, response);
       String searchStr = request.getParameter( s: "search-input");
       books = new ArrayList<>();
       String path = getServletContext().getRealPath( s: "/WEB-INF/database.db");
       String sql = "SELECT * FROM Books WHERE BookTitle LIKE ? OR BookAuthor LIKE ?";
       try (Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection( unl: "jdbc:sqlite:" + path);
            PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
           String searchTerm = "%" + searchStr + "%";
           try (ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery()) {
               boolean <u>foundResults</u> = false;
                   foundResults = true;
                   Book book = new Book(rs.getInt(columnLabel: "BookID"), rs.getString(columnLabel: "BookTitle")
                    , rs.getString( columnLabel: "BookAuthor"), rs.getDouble( columnLabel: "BookPrice"), rs.getInt( columnLabel: "Quantity"));
                   request.setAttribute( s: "books", books);
               if (!foundResults) {
       } catch (SQLException e) {
```

Search Servlet

So you need to register account first, after clicking it this form shows up (register.jsp):



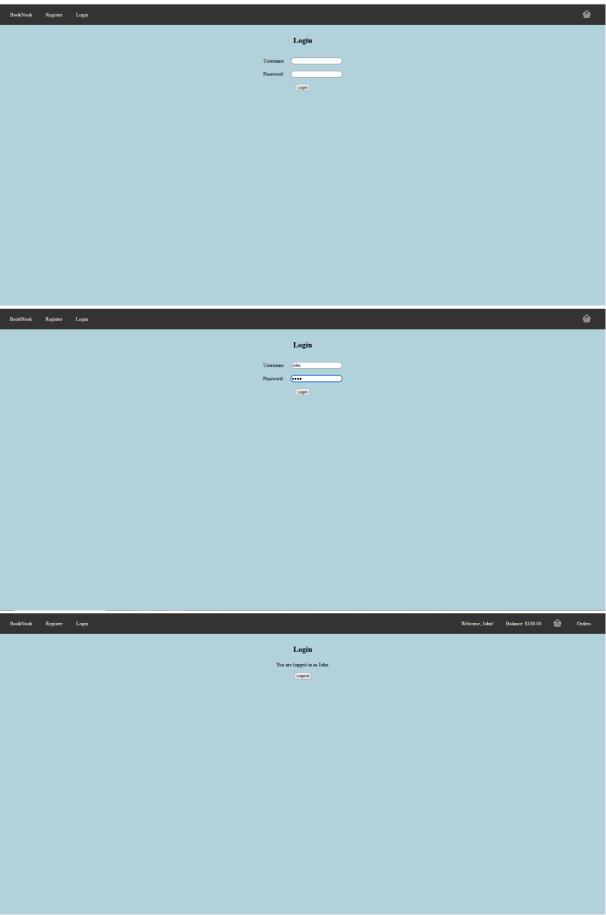
We put in some values, then click register button and we can see that user is registered correctly.



BookNook Register Login	\text{\ti}\text{\texi{\text{\ti}}}\\ \tittt{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\texititt{\text{\text{\text{\texitil{\text{\texi}\text{\texitit{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\texi}\text{\text{\ti}\tinttitt{\texitit{\text{\texit{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi}
Register	
Username Email:	
Password:	
Register Uner registered successfully!	
Login	
Go back to Bookl/Yook	

Register Servlet

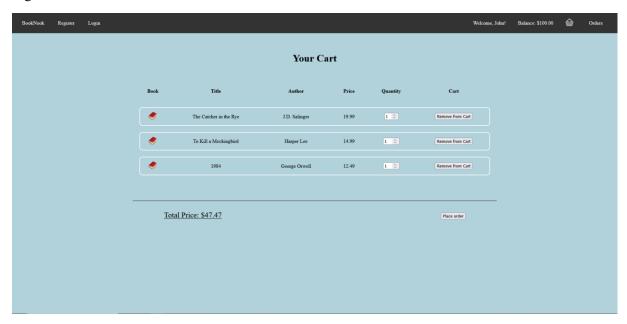
So now we can log into this account with login link on the navigation bar.



```
package com.servlets;
import ...
    protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
        String username = request.getParameter( s: "username");
        String password = request.getParameter( s: "password");
         boolean <u>isError</u> = false;
             String role = authenticateUser(username, password);
                 double balance = getUserBalance(username);
                 HttpSession session = request.getSession();
                 session.setAttribute( s: "role", role);
request.setAttribute( s: "message", o: "Login successful!");
//if no role has been found then send the proper message
                 request.setAttribute(s: "message", o: "Invalid username or password.");
         } catch (Exception e) {
             request.setAttribute( s: "message", o: "An error occurred during login.");
             isError = true;
             e.printStackTrace();
```

Login Servlet

Now when we are logged in we can finally buy some items. So we go back to BookNook and choose items that we want, by cliking on Add to Cart, items are being added to John's cart, and we can see that by clicking on cart icon on the top right.



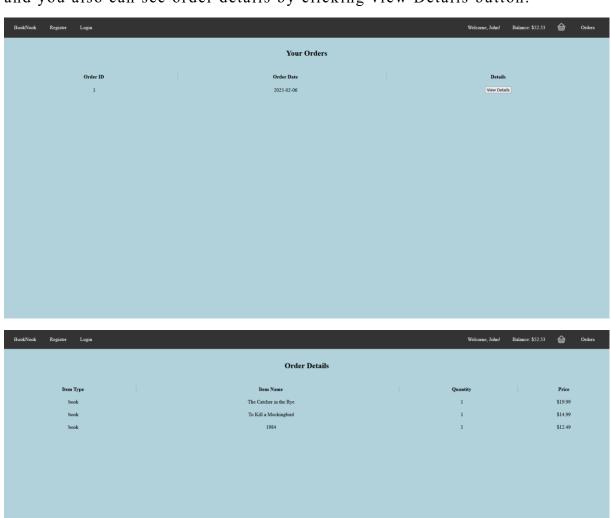
In cart you can change quantity of an item and also remove it from the cart. When we are ready to place our order we just need to click on the place order button and if everything has been done correctly you should see this window:



```
rt javax.servlet.ServletException;
@WebServlet("/CartServlet")
public class CartServlet extends HttpServlet {
    public CartServlet() {
         int itemID = request.getParameter( s: "BookID") != null ? Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter( s: "BookID")) : -1;
int itemID2 = request.getParameter( s: "AccessoryID") != null ? Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter( s: "AccessoryID")) : -1;
         \label{eq:arrayList}  \mbox{ArrayList<Integer>) session.getAttribute( & "bookCart");} 
         ArrayList<Integer> accessoryCart = (ArrayList<Integer>) session.getAttribute( s: "accessoriesCart");
         request.getRequestDispatcher( s: "index.jsp?page=booknook").forward(request, response);
```

Cart Servlet

Now we can go to the Orders. Here you can see order that you have placed and you also can see order details by clicking view Details button.



```
ackage com.servlets;
@WebServlet("/OrderServlet")
oublic class OrderServlet extends HttpServlet {
   private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
   protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
       request.getRequestDispatcher( s: "/index.jsp?page=cart").forward(request, response);
       HttpSession session = request.getSession();
       String username = session.getAttribute( s: "username").toString();
       double totalPrice = (double) session.getAttribute( s: "totalPrice");
       double userBalance = (double) session.getAttribute( s: "balance");
       totalPrice = Double.parseDouble(String.format("%.2f", totalPrice));
       userBalance = Double.parseDouble(String.format("%.2f", userBalance));
       ArrayList<Integer> bookIDs = (ArrayList<Integer>) session.getAttribute( s: "bookCart");
       ArrayList<Integer> accessoryIDs = (ArrayList<Integer>) session.getAttribute( s: "accessoriesCart");
           Class.forName( className: "org.sqlite.JDBC");
       } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
       // get ID of a user that is making a transaction
           userId = getUserId(username, getServletContext());
       } catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
       if(userId != -1) {
                   addOrder(username, getServletContext());
                   addOrderDetails(getLastOrderId(username, getServletContext()), bookIDs, accessoryIDs, getServletContext());
                   updateBooksQuantity(bookIDs, getServletContext());
                   updateUserBalance(<u>userId</u>, <u>totalPrice</u>, getServletContext(), session);
               } catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
                   request.setAttribute( s: "messageOrder", o: "Transa
                                                                       ction failed. Please try again.")
```

Order Servlet pt.1

```
throw new RuntimeException(e);
    request.getRequestDispatcher( s: "index.jsp?page=cart").forward(request, response);
protected int getUserId(String username, ServletContext context) throws ClassNotFoundException, SQLException {
    String path = context.getRealPath( s: "/WEB-INF/database.db");
    String sql = "SELECT UserID FROM Users WHERE Username = ?";
    try (Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection( unb "jdbc:sqlite:" + path);
         PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
        pstmt.setString( parameterIndex: 1, username);
        try (ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery()) {
            if (rs.next()) {
    } catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    return id:
    String path = context.getRealPath( s: "/WEB-INF/database.db");
String sql = "INSERT INTO Orders (Username, OrderDate) VALUES (?, ?);";
    String currentDate = LocalDate.now().format(DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("yyyy-MM-dd"));
    try (Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection( unb "jdbc:sqlite:" + path);
         PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
        pstmt.setString( parameterIndex: 2, currentDate);
        pstmt.executeUpdate();
```

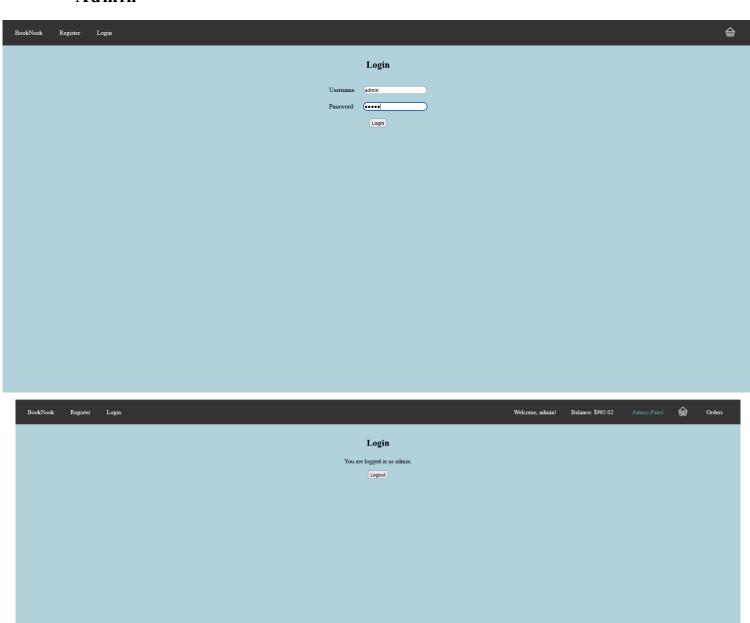
Order Servlet pt.2

```
ackage com.servlets;
ublic class OrderDetailsServlet extends HttpServlet {
       ArrayList<Map<String, Object>> orderItems = new ArrayList<>();
            String path = getServletContext().getRealPath( s: "/WEB-INF/database.db");
            try (Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection( unk "jdbc:sqlite:" + path)) {
                String sql = "SELECT oi.ItemType, oi.Quantity, " +
                          "CASE WHEN oi.ItemType = 'book' THEN b.BookTitle " +
"WHEN oi.ItemType = 'accessory' THEN a.AccessoryName END AS ItemName, " +
                          "CASE WHEN oi.ItemType = 'book' THEN b.BookPrice " +
                          "WHEN oi.ItemType = 'accessory' THEN a.AccessoryPrice END AS ItemPrice " +
                          "FROM OrderItems oi " +
                          "LEFT JOIN Books b ON oi.ItemID = b.BookID AND oi.ItemType = 'book' " +
                          "LEFT JOIN Accessories a ON oi.ItemID = a.AccessoryID AND oi.ItemType = 'accessory' " +
"WHERE oi.OrderID = ?";
                 try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
                     try (ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery()) {
                              item.put("ItemName", rs.getString( columnLabel: "ItemName"));
item.put("ItemPrice", rs.getDouble( columnLabel: "ItemPrice"));
       //send all data to the page
       request.getRequestDispatcher( s: "orderdetails.jsp").forward(request, response);
```

Order Details Servlet

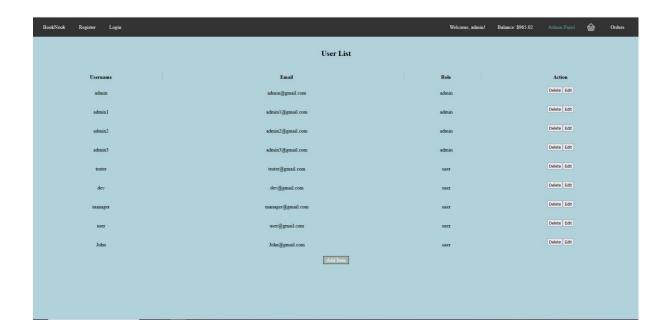
This is all the functionality for user now let us logout and log in as a admin.

Admin



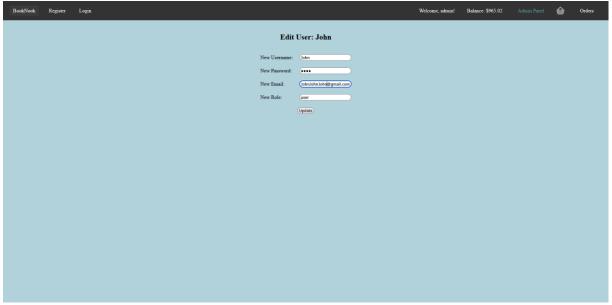
After logging as Admin, a new option labeled Admin Panel becomes visible on the navigation bar.

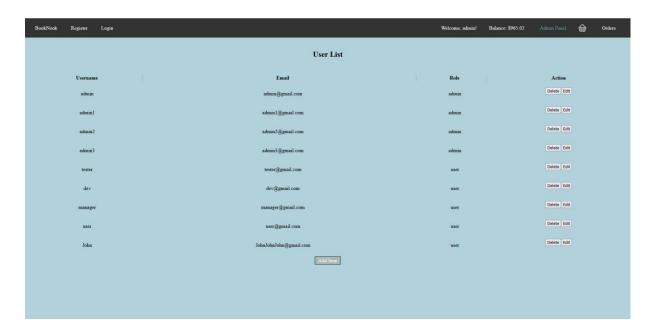
In Admin Panel, administrators can access the *User List* and the *Add Item* feature. Let us begin by exploring the User List. This tab shows all registered users and provides options to edit or delete users.



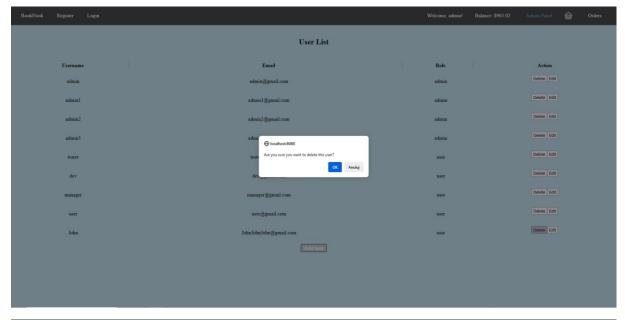
```
WebServlet("/UserListServlet")
  protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
      if (session != null && "admin".equals(session.getAttribute( s: "role"))) {
              request.getRequestDispatcher( s: "userlist.jsp").forward(request, response);
              e.printStackTrace();
          response.sendError(HttpServletResponse.SC_FORBIDDEN, s: "Access denied.");
  protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
• }
   private List<User> getUsers() throws Exception { 1usage
       Class.forName( className: "org.sqlite.JDBC");
       String path = getServletContext().getRealPath( s: "/WEB-INF/database.db");
       String sql = "SELECT Username, Email, Role FROM Users";
            PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
           ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery()) {
              user.setRole(rs.getString( columnLabel: "Role"));
       return users:
                                                              Edit User: John
                                                         New Email: John@gmail.com
                                                         New Role:
```

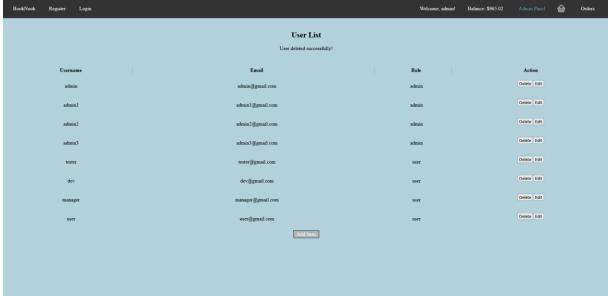
The "Edit User" interface allows admin to modify user account details. For demonstration purposes, we will update John's email address:





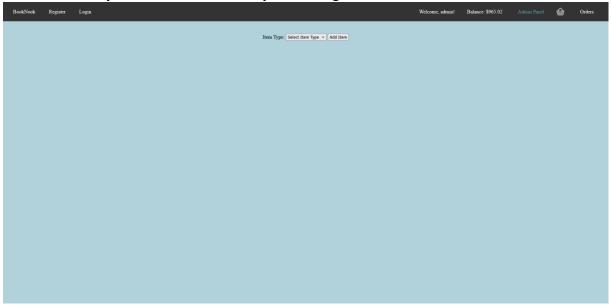
After clicking update and then returning to admin panel we can see that John email has been successfully updated. Now let us proceed to delete his account:



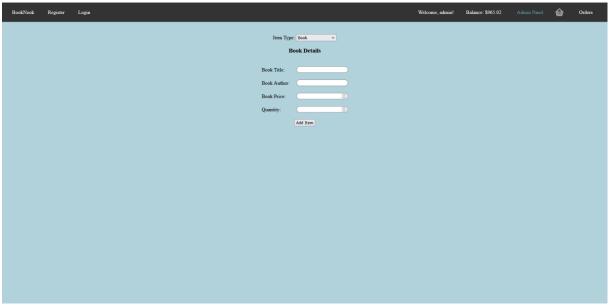


By clicking delete button and confirming the action, John's account is removed from the User List and database.

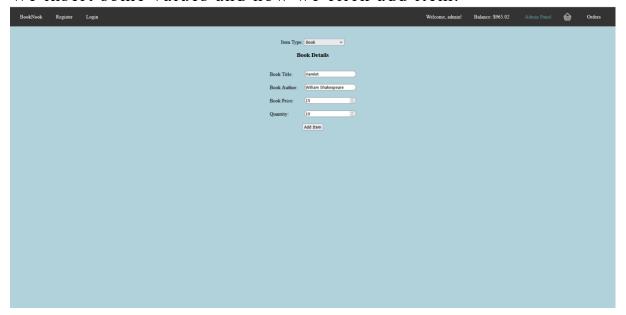
Now let us try to add new Item by clicking Add Item button:



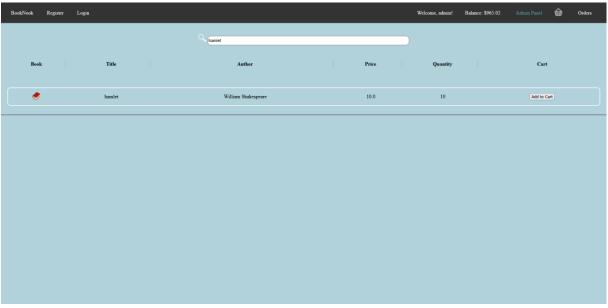
First we have to select if we want to add book or accessories. Lets add book:



We insert some values and now we click add item.



Now we can go back to BookNook and search hamlet and you can see that it is there:



Conclusion

The BookNook project successfully implements an online bookstore using Java, JSP, JDBC, and SQLite while following Object-Oriented Design principles. The system includes essential functionalities such as user authentication, shopping cart management, order placement, and administrative controls. The structured approach to design and implementation ensures that the project remains scalable, maintainable, and efficient. The project meets the defined requirements and showcases how Object-Oriented Design can be effectively applied in web development.