degree of
$$g(u) = degree of p(u)$$

Since, we had degree 7 in p(u) and then we added 3 points more, the new degree of $p(u)$ with be $7+3=10$.

Therefore, degree of $g(u)$ also 10 .

Ans = (10,10).

2) We know,

$$f\left[n_0, n_1, \dots, n_k\right] = \begin{cases} f\left[n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k\right] \\ -f\left[n_0, \dots, n_{k-1}\right] \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{\left[n_2, n_3, n_4\right]} \left[n_1, n_2, n_3\right]$$

$$f[u_1, u_2] = \frac{f[u_2] - f[u_1]}{u_2 - u_1}$$

$$=\frac{-4-11}{2-7}$$

$$=\frac{-15}{-5}=3$$

(Ans)

4)
$$f[u_0, u_1, u_2] = \frac{f[u_0, u_1] - f[u_0, u_1]}{u_2 - u_0}$$

$$= \frac{f[n_1] - f[n_0]}{2-3}$$

$$= \frac{3-1}{-1} = \frac{2}{-1}$$

$$=-2$$
 (Ani)