## Exercise 1

Running both the assertTrue and assertFalse makes the test pass and fail. In ecliplise, passing is a checkmark and failing is an x and gives you some details o while it fails.

```
@Test(timeout = 1000)
public void infinity() {
    while (true);
}
```

This test is designed to test how long it takes to run. I made it fail on purpose and that's exactly what it did. The timeout triggered since its an infinite loop.

```
@Test(expected = IndexOutOfBoundsException.class)
public void testIndexOutOfBoundsException() {
    ArrayList emptyList = new ArrayList();
    Object a = emptyList.get(0);
}
```

This test checks to see if an index is out of bounds. Since I created an empty array and asked to get the first index of that array, it failed the test.

## **Exercise 2**

```
Clear
@Test
public void testClear() {
    while (!testArray.isEmpty()) {
        testArray.remove(0);
    }

    List<Integer> expected =
        new ArrayList<Integer>(Arrays.asList());
        assertEquals(testArray, expected);
}
```

```
Contains-True
@Test
public void testContains() {
       assertEquals(testArray.contains(3), true);
   }
Contains - False
@Test
public void testContainsFalse() {
       assertEquals(testArray.contains(0), false);
   }
Get Test where the 2<sup>nd</sup> in TestArray is 1
@Test
public void testGet() {
       assertEquals(testArray.get(1), 1);
   }
Exercise 3
TimeParser Test Statement Coverage & Branch (Since 3 ifs and one else if, it explores all branches)
import org.junit.Test;
import java.sql.Time;
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
public class TimeParserTestStatementCoverage {
  @Test (expected = NumberFormatException.class)
  public void testStatementCoverage() throws Exception {
    TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("00");
  }
  @Test (expected = NumberFormatException.class)
  public void testOneColon() throws Exception {
   TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("1:00");
  }
  @Test (expected = IllegalArgumentException.class)
  public void testInvalidTime() throws Exception {
   TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("24:00:00");
  }
  @Test
  public void testAM() throws Exception {
```

```
assertEquals(TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("12:00:00am"), 0);
  }
  @Test
  public void testPM() throws Exception {
    assertEquals(TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("1:00:00pm"), 46800);
  }
}
TimeParser Test Path Coverage
import org.junit.Test;
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
public class TimeParserTestPathCoverage {
  @Test (expected = NumberFormatException.class)
  public void testStatementCoverage() throws Exception {
    TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("00");
  }
  @Test (expected = NumberFormatException.class)
  public void testOneColon() throws Exception {
    TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("1:00");
  }
  @Test (expected = IllegalArgumentException.class)
  public void testInvalidHours() throws Exception {
    TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("24:00:00");
  }
  @Test (expected = IllegalArgumentException.class)
  public void testInvalidMinutes() throws Exception {
    TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("00:61:00");
  }
  @Test (expected = IllegalArgumentException.class)
  public void testInvalidSeconds() throws Exception {
    TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("00:00:61");
  }
  @Test
  public void testAM() throws Exception {
    assertEquals(TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("12:00:00am"), 0);
  }
```

```
@Test
public void testPM() throws Exception {
    assertEquals(TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("1:00:00pm"), 46800);
}

@Test
public void test24Hour() throws Exception {
    assertEquals(TimeParser.parseTimeToSeconds("13:00:00"), 46800);
}
```

## **Exercise 4**

```
@Test
 public void testInvariant {
   x = array[n];
   y = array[2*n+1];
   if (x \le y)
        z = true;
   }
   assertEquals(z, true);
@Test
 public void testInvariant {
   x = array[n];
   y = array[2*n+2];
   if (x \le y)
        z = true;
   }
   assertEquals(z, true);
```

If I were to find an error, I would resort after every iteration or remake the list to suit the changes that come across when I modify the array.