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REVISION HISTORY

Date	Version	Description	Author
24/12/2021	0.1	Design of the Sections	Muhammed Esad Simitcioglu

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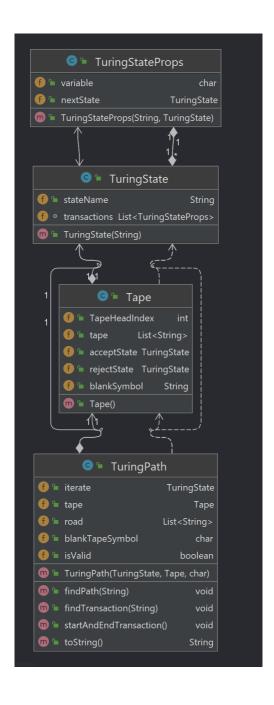
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1 Introduction

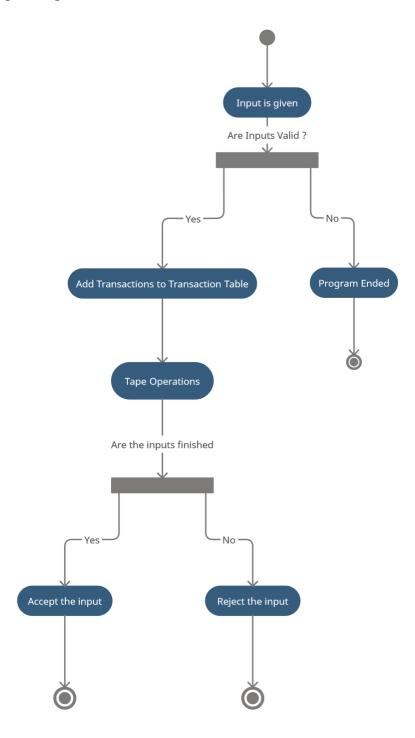
This document describes the design of a Turing Machine. should be working exactly as a Turing Machine would do. Given a string the simulated Turing Machine should be able to tell if the string is accepted, rejected, or looped. Your program should output the information about the given string being accepted, rejected, or looped as well as which states it visited. Software Architecture overview

Class diagram is given below.



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The Activity Diagram is given below:



2 Software design description

This program will not be desktop application and no need for database. So, in that case there won't be a UI or database implementation. The input and output format of the program should be like in the below.

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Input:

```
2 (number of variables in tape alphabet)
7 (number of states)
q1 q2 q3 q4 q5 qA qR (states)
q1 (start state)
qA (accept state)
qR (reject state)
b (blank symbol)
```

1 (number of variables in input alphabet)

0 X b (the tape alphabet)

0 (the input alphabet)

q1 0 b R q2 (q1 state'inden tapede 0 okuyarak q2 state'ine gidiyor, tape e b yaziyor, tape de saga gidiyor.)

q1 b b R qR (q1 state inden tapede b okuyarak qR state ine gidiyor. tape e b yaziyor, tape de saga gidiyor.)

q1 X X R qR q2 0 X R q3 q2 X X R q2

q2 b b R qA q3 X X R q3

q3 0 0 R q4

q3 b b L q5

q4 X X R q4

q4 0 X R q3 q4 b b R qR

q5 0 0 L q5

q5 X X L q5

q5 b b R q2

00 (string to be detected)

000 (string to be detected)

Output:

```
q1 q2 q3 q5 q5 q2 q2 qA (route taken)
Accepted
q1 q2 q3 q4 qR (route taken)
Rejected
```

The program will construct a List of "TuringState" object to store all the given states. After constructing and connecting "TuringStates", the program will create transaction table for each "TuringState". Each "TuringState "will know where to go when the appropriate variable arrives. Tape operations will done after each iteration if there is any operation needed (e.g. read or write) The name of each "TuringState" will be printed to reveal the route the program took. Finally, the program will print "Accepted" if the last "TuringState" is one of the target states. Otherwise, the program will print "Rejected".

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2.1 TuringStateProps

2.1.1 Component Interface

Methods of State which are available from other components are:

public TuringStateProps(String, TuringState) {} – Creates the State properties as specific variable and its next state.

2.1.2 Component Design Description



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2.2 TuringState

2.2.1 Component Interface

Methods of TuringState which are available from other components are:

public TuringState (String) {}

2.2.2 Component Design Description



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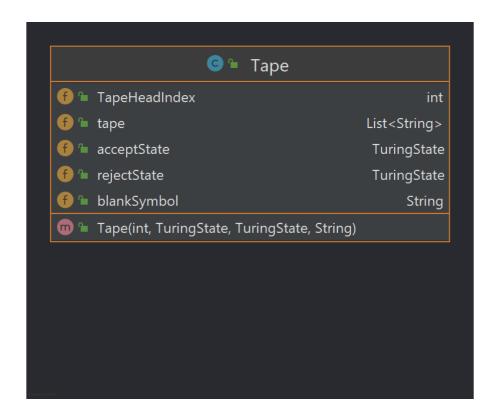
2.3 Tape

2.3.1 Component Interface

Methods of State which are available from other components are:

Public Tape(int, TuringState,TuringState,String) - {}

2.3.2 Component Design Description



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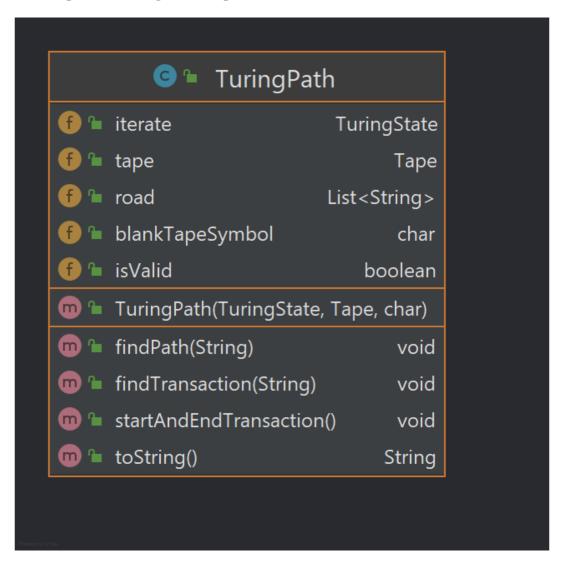
2.4 TuringPath

2.4.1 Component Interface

Methods of State which are available from other components are:

Public TuringPath(TuringState, Tape,char) – {}
Public findPath(String) – {} - define a path from beginning to its end TuringStates.
Public findTransaction(String) – {} - iterates the TuringStates except start and last state
Public startAndEndTransaction(String) – {} - iterates the TuringStates only start and last state
Public toString() – {}

2.4.2 Component Design Description



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3 COTS Identification

COTS (Commercial off the shell) libraries used :

Not Applicable