

Lab 7

Date:21/01/2026

Topic: Mysql Inner Join

Question:

1. Create a database : name can be called as flipkart.
2. Create a 5 table : first table name can be called as product.
3. Following fields or attributes [pid, pname, pmanu, pdate, plocation, pamount]

```
mysql> Create database flipkart;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.76 sec)

mysql> use flipkart;
Database changed
mysql> create table product (pid int primary key, pname varchar(100),pmanu varchar(100),pdate date,plocation varchar(100),pamount decimal (10,2));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (3.40 sec)

mysql> desc product;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
pid	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
pname	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	
pmanu	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	
pdate	date	YES		NULL	
plocation	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	
pamount	decimal(10,2)	YES		NULL	

4. Second table name can be called as seller.
5. Following fields or attributes [pid, sid, sname, sdate, slocation, samount]

```
mysql> create table seller (pid int, sid int primary key, sname varchar(100),sdate date, slocation varchar(100),samount decimal(10,2), foreign key (pid) references product (pid));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (3.42 sec)

mysql> desc seller;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
pid	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
sid	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
sname	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	
sdate	date	YES		NULL	
slocation	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	
samount	decimal(10,2)	YES		NULL	

```
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Third table name can be called as dealer.

7. Following fields or attributes [pid, did, dname, ddate, dlocation, damount]

```
mysql> create table dealer (pid int, did int primary key, dname varchar(100), ddate date, dlocation varchar(100), damount decimal(10,2), foreign key (pid) references seller (pid));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.66 sec)

mysql> desc dealer;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid   | int           | YES  | MUL | NULL    |       |
| did   | int           | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| dname | varchar(100)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| ddate | date          | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| dlocation | varchar(100) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| damount | decimal(10,2) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

8. Fourth table name can be called as shop.

9. Following fields or attributes [pid, shid, shname, shdate, shlocation, shamount]

```
mysql> create table shop (pid int, shid int primary key, shname varchar(100), shdate date, shlocation varchar(100), shamount decimal(10,2), foreign key (pid) references dealer (pid));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.51 sec)

mysql> desc shop;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid   | int           | YES  | MUL | NULL    |       |
| shid  | int           | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| shname | varchar(100)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| shdate | date          | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| shlocation | varchar(100) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| shamount | decimal(10,2) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

10. Fifth table name can be called as customer.

11. Following fields or attributes [pid, cid, cname, cdate, sclocation, camount]

```
mysql> create table customer (pid int, cid int primary key, cname varchar(100), cdate date, clocation varchar(100), camount decimal(10,2), foreign key (pid) references shop (pid));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.62 sec)

mysql> desc customer;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid   | int           | YES  | MUL | NULL    |       |
| cid   | int           | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| cname | varchar(100)  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| cdate | date          | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| clocation | varchar(100) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| camount | decimal(10,2) | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Insert data for 5 tables

```
mysql> insert into product values (100,'Acer-nitro', 'Acer','2025-06-21', 'china',25000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.59 sec)

mysql> insert into seller values (100,2,'dhinesh','2025-10-21', 'tamil nadu',26000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.42 sec)

mysql> insert into dealer values (100,3,'Mujeeb','2025-11-21', 'chennai',28000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.17 sec)

mysql> insert into shop values (100,4,'happy accessories','2025-12-21', 'anna nagar',38000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.29 sec)

mysql> insert into customer values (100,5,'esaki','2026-01-21', 'no:181,4th street,kolathur',40000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.34 sec)
```

13. To view the data inside of the table.

Select * from table name;

```
mysql> select * from product;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | pname      | pmanu | pdate      | plocation | pamount |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | Acer-nitro | Acer  | 2025-06-21 | china     | 25000.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from seller;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | sid | sname   | sdate      | slocation | samount |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | 2   | dhinesh | 2025-10-21 | tamil nadu | 26000.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from dealer;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | did | dname   | ddate      | dlocation | damount |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | 3   | Mujeeb  | 2025-11-21 | chennai   | 28000.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

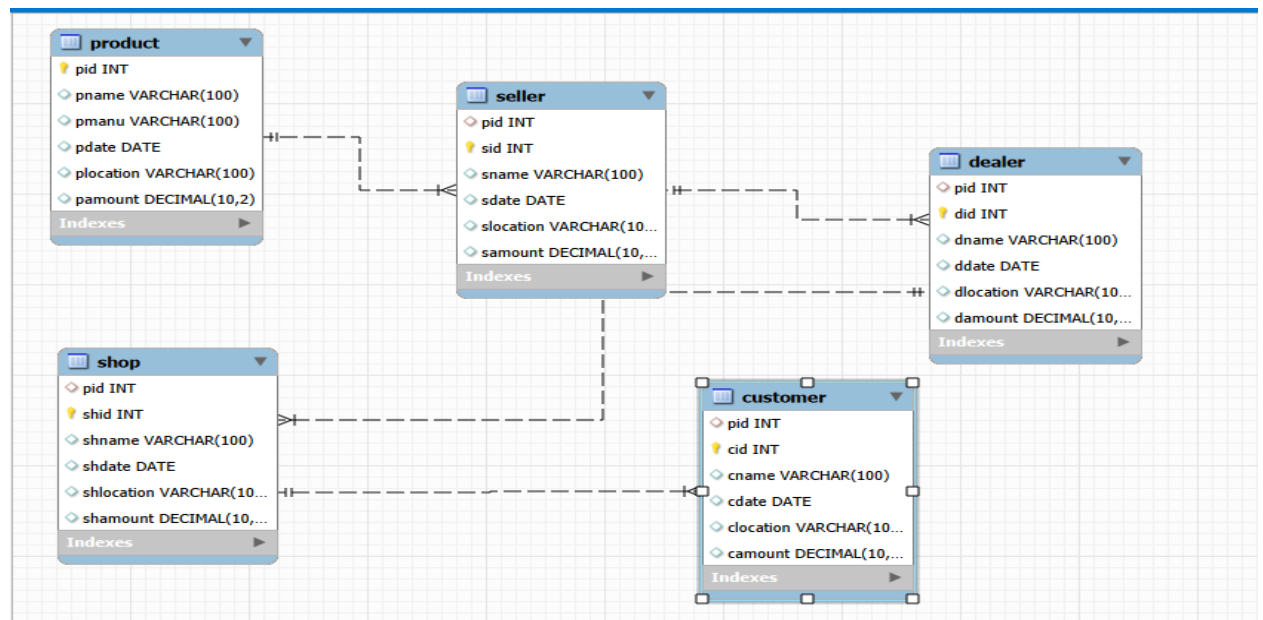
```
mysql> select * from shop;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | shid | shname          | shdate      | shlocation | shamount |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | 4    | happy accessories | 2025-12-21 | anna nagar | 38000.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from customer;
```

pid	cid	cname	cdate	clocation	camount
100	5	esaki	2026-01-21	no:181,4th street,kolathur	40000.00

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

ER diagram



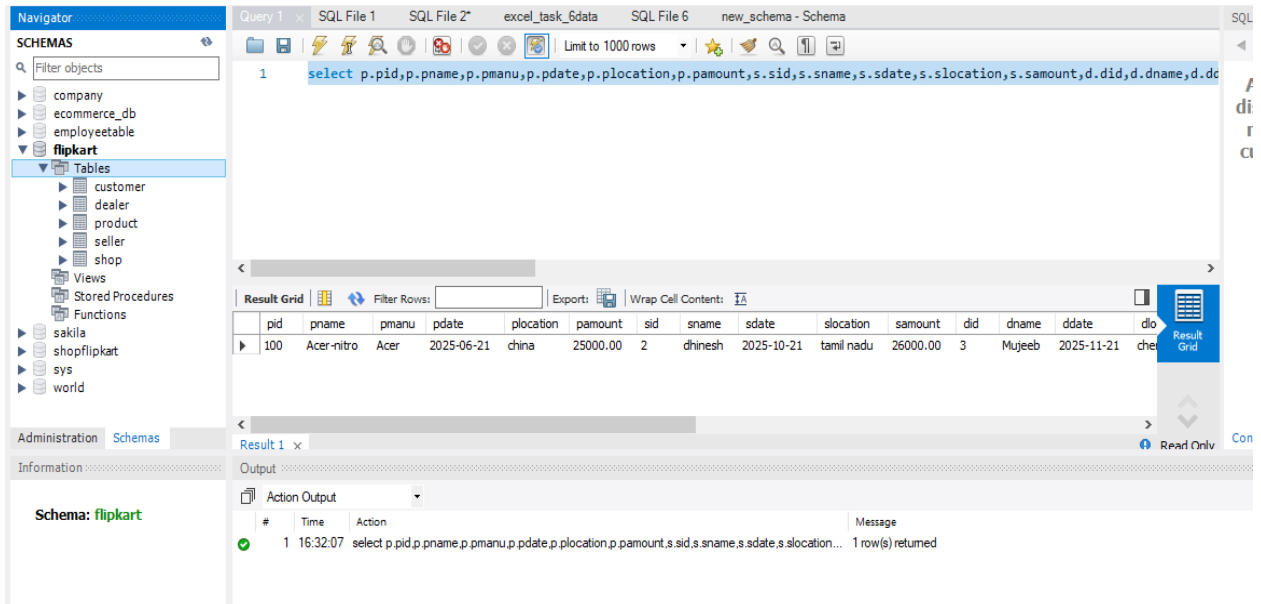
14. Here I used Inner join to relationship each table together and generate single report.

```
mysql> select p.pid,p.pname,p.pmanu,p.pdate,p.plocation,p.pamount,s.sid,s.sname,s.sdate,s.slocation,s.samount,d.did,d.dname,d.ddate,d.dlocation,d.damount,sh.shid,sh.shname,sh.shdate,sh.shlocation,sh.shamount,c.cid,c.cname,c.cdate,c.clocation,c.camount from product p inner join seller s on p.pid=s.pid inner join dealer d on s.pid=d.pid inner join shop sh on d.pid=sh.pid inner join customer c on sh.pid=c.pid;
```

pid	pname	pmanu	pdate	plocation	pamount	sid	sname	sdate	slocation	samount	did	dname	ddate	dlocation	damount	shid	shname	shdate	shlocation	shamount	cid	cname	cdate	clocation	camount
100	Acer-nitro	Acer	2025-06-21	china	25000.00	2	dhinesh	2025-10-21	tamil nadu	26000.00	3	Mujeeb	2025-11-21	chennai	28000.00	4	happy accessories	2025-12-21	anna nagar	30000.00	5	esaki	2026-01-21	no:181,4th street,kolathur	40000.00

```
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

Workbench visual:



15. Every time I do long query again instead of, I created customize user executed query into short with the help of view in both command line as well as workbench in mysql.

Syntax:

Create view viewname [my follow query]

```
mysql> create view fullresult as select p.pid,p.pname,p.pmanu,p.pdate,p.plocation,p.pamount,s.sid,s.sname,s.sdate,s.slocation,s.samount,d.did,d.dname,d.ddate,d.dlocation,d.damount,sh.shid,sh.shname,sh.shdate,sh.shlocation,sh.shamount,c.cid,c.cname,c.cdate,c.clocation,c.camount from product p inner join seller s on p.pid=s.pid inner join dealer d on s.pid=d.pid inner join shop sh on d.pid=sh.pid inner join customer c on sh.pid=c.pid;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.34 sec)

mysql> select * from fullresult;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | pname | pmanu | pdate | plocation | pamount | sid | sname | sdate | slocation | samount | did | dname | ddate | dlocation | damount |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | Acer-nitro | Acer | 2025-06-21 | china | 25000.00 | 2 | dhinesh | 2025-10-21 | tamil nadu | 26000.00 | 3 | Mujeeb | 2025-11-21 | chennai | 28000.00 |
| 4 | happy accessories | 2025-12-21 | anna nagar | 38000.00 | 5 | esaki | 2026-01-21 | no:181,4th street,kolathur | 40000.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

Here I used view name as fullresult.

Workbench visual:

Navigator: SQL File 1* x SQL File 2* excel_task_6data SQL File 6 new_schema - Schema

SCHEMAS

Filter objects

- company
- ecommerce_db
- employeetable
- flipkart**
 - Tables
 - customer
 - dealer
 - product
 - seller
 - shop
 - Views
 - Stored Procedures
 - Functions
- sakila
- shopflipkart
- sys
- world

1 • `select * from fullresult;`

Limit to 1000 rows

Result Grid

pid	pname	pmanu	pdate	plocation	pamount	sid	sname	sdate	slocation	samount	did	dname	ddate	dlocation
100	Acer-nitro	Acer	2025-06-21	china	25000.00	2	dhinesh	2025-10-21	tamil nadu	26000.00	3	Mujeeb	2025-11-21	che

Administration Schemas

fullresult 1 x

Read Only

Information

Output

Action Output

#	Time	Action	Message
1	16:32:07	select p.pid,p.pname,p.pmanu,p.pdate,p.plocation,p.pamount,s.sid,s.sname,s.sdate,s.slocation...	1 row(s) returned
2	16:35:24	select * from fullresult LIMIT 0, 1000	1 row(s) returned

Schema: flipkart

About this lab: I learnt very well in using inner joins to relationship more table into single table report and customized user query also understood well.