

## Lab 7

Date:21/01/2026

**Topic:** Mysql Inner Join

**Question:**

1. Create a database : name can be called as flipkart.
2. Create a 5 table : first table name can be called as product.
3. Following fields or attributes [ pid, pname, pmanu, pdate, plocation, pamount ]

```
mysql> Create database flipkart;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.76 sec)

mysql> use flipkart;
Database changed
mysql> create table product (pid int primary key, pname varchar(100),pmanu varchar(100),pdate date,plocation varchar(100),pamount decimal (10,2));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (3.40 sec)

mysql> desc product;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type      | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid   | int       | NO  | PRI | NULL    |       |
| pname | varchar(100) | YES |     | NULL    |       |
| pmanu | varchar(100) | YES |     | NULL    |       |
| pdate | date      | YES |     | NULL    |       |
| plocation | varchar(100) | YES |     | NULL    |       |
| pamount | decimal(10,2) | YES |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

4. Second table name can be called as seller.
5. Following fields or attributes [ pid, sid, sname, sdate, slocation, samount ]

```
mysql> create table seller (pid int, sid int primary key, sname varchar(100),sdate date, slocation varchar(100),samount decimal(10,2), foreign key (pid) references product (pid));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (3.42 sec)

mysql> desc seller;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type      | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid   | int       | YES | MUL | NULL    |       |
| sid   | int       | NO  | PRI | NULL    |       |
| sname | varchar(100) | YES |     | NULL    |       |
| sdate | date      | YES |     | NULL    |       |
| slocation | varchar(100) | YES |     | NULL    |       |
| samount | decimal(10,2) | YES |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Third table name can be called as dealer.

## 7. Following fields or attributes [ pid, did, dname, ddate, dlocation, damount]

```
mysql> create table dealer (pid int, did int primary key, dname varchar(100),ddate date, dlocation varchar(100), damount decimal (10,2), foreign key (pid) references seller (pid));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.66 sec)

mysql> desc dealer;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type   | Null | Key  | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid   | int    | YES  | MUL  | NULL    |          |
| did   | int    | NO   | PRI   | NULL    |          |
| dname | varchar(100)| YES  |       | NULL    |          |
| ddate | date   | YES  |       | NULL    |          |
| dlocation | varchar(100)| YES  |       | NULL    |          |
| damount | decimal(10,2)| YES  |       | NULL    |          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

## 8. Fourth table name can be called as shop.

## 9. Following fields or attributes [ pid, shid, shname, shdate, shlocation, shamount]

```
mysql> create table shop (pid int, shid int primary key, shname varchar(100),shdate date,shlocation varchar(100),shamount decimal(10,2), foreign key (pid) references dealer (pid));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.51 sec)

mysql> desc shop;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type   | Null | Key  | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid   | int    | YES  | MUL  | NULL    |          |
| shid  | int    | NO   | PRI   | NULL    |          |
| shname | varchar(100)| YES  |       | NULL    |          |
| shdate | date   | YES  |       | NULL    |          |
| shlocation | varchar(100)| YES  |       | NULL    |          |
| shamount | decimal(10,2)| YES  |       | NULL    |          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## 10. Fifth table name can be called as customer.

## 11. Following fields or attributes [ pid, cid, cname, cdate, clocation, camount]

```
mysql> create table customer (pid int, cid int primary key, cname varchar(100),cdate date,clocation varchar(100),camount decimal(10,2), foreign key (pid) references shop (pid));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.62 sec)

mysql> desc customer;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type   | Null | Key  | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid   | int    | YES  | MUL  | NULL    |          |
| cid   | int    | NO   | PRI   | NULL    |          |
| cname | varchar(100)| YES  |       | NULL    |          |
| cdate | date   | YES  |       | NULL    |          |
| clocation | varchar(100)| YES  |       | NULL    |          |
| camount | decimal(10,2)| YES  |       | NULL    |          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## 12. Insert data for 5 tables

```
mysql> insert into product values (100,'Acer-nitro', 'Acer','2025-06-21', 'china',25000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.59 sec)

mysql> insert into seller values (100,2,'dhinesh','2025-10-21', 'tamil nadu',26000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.42 sec)

mysql> insert into dealer values (100,3,'Mujeeb','2025-11-21', 'chennai',28000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.17 sec)

mysql> insert into shop values (100,4,'happy accessories','2025-12-21', 'anna nagar',38000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.29 sec)

mysql> insert into customer values (100,5,'esaki','2026-01-21', 'no:181,4th street,kolathur',40000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.34 sec)
```

## 13. To view the data inside of the table.

Select \* from table name;

```
mysql> select * from product;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | pname      | pmanu | pdate      | plocation | pamount |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | Acer-nitro | Acer   | 2025-06-21 | china     | 25000.00 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

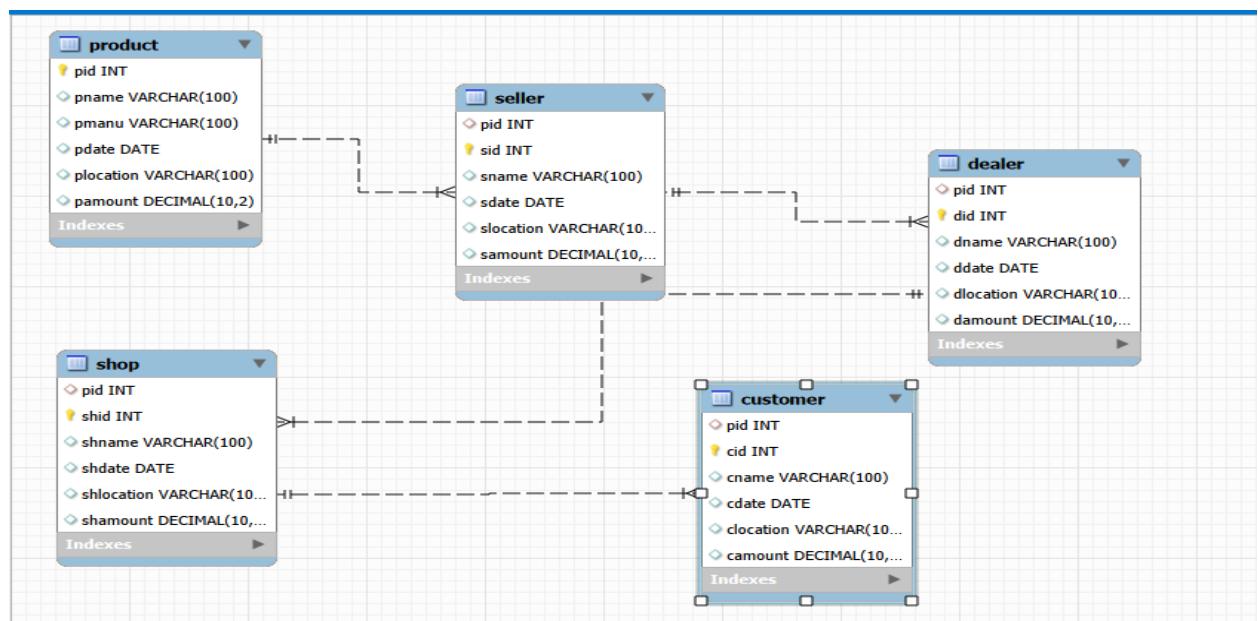
```
mysql> select * from seller;
+----+---+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | sid | sname    | sdate      | slocation | samount |
+----+---+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | 2  | dhinesh  | 2025-10-21 | tamil nadu | 26000.00 |
+----+---+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from dealer;
+----+---+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | did | dname    | ddate      | dlocation | damount |
+----+---+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | 3  | Mujeeb  | 2025-11-21 | chennai   | 28000.00 |
+----+---+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from shop;
+----+---+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | shid | shname    | shdate      | shlocation | shamount |
+----+---+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | 4   | happy accessories | 2025-12-21 | anna nagar | 38000.00 |
+----+---+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from customer;
+----+----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | cid | cname | cdate      | clocation                | camount |
+----+----+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | 5   | esaki | 2026-01-21 | no:181,4th street,kolathur | 40000.00 |
+----+----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## ER diagram



14. Here I used *Inner join* to relationship each table together and generate single report.

## Workbench visual:

**15. Every time I do long query again instead of, I created customize user executed query into short with the help of view in both command line as well as workbench in mysql.**

### Syntax:

**Create view viewname [my follow query]**

```
mysql> create view fullresult as select p.pid,p.pname,p.pmanu,p.pdate,p.plocation,p.pamount,s.sid,s.sname,s.sdate,s.slocation,s.samount,d.did,d.dname,d.ddate,d.dlocation,d.damount,sh.shid,sh.shname,sh.shdate,sh.shlocation,sh.shamount,c.cid,c.cname,c.cdate,c.clocation,c.camount from product p inner join seller s on p.pid=s.pid inner join dealer d on s.pid=d.pid inner join shop sh on d.pid=sh.pid inner join customer c on sh.pid=c.pid;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.34 sec)

mysql> select * from fullresult;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pid | pname   | pmanu | pdate  | plocation | pamount | sid  | sname  | sdate  | slocation | samount | did  | dname  | ddate  | dlocation |
| shid | shname  | shdate | shlocation | shamount | cid  | cname  | cdate  | clocation | camount |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 100 | Acer-nitro | Acer | 2025-06-21 | china | 25000.00 | 2 | dhinesh | 2025-10-21 | tamil nadu | 26000.00 | 3 | Mujeeb | 2025-11-21 | chennai | 28000.00 |
| 4 | happy accessories | 2025-12-21 | anna nagar | 38000.00 | 5 | esaki | 2026-01-21 | no:181,4th street,kolathur | 40000.00 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

Here I used view name as fullresult.

## Workbench visual:

Navigator SQL File 1\* SQL File 2\* excel\_task\_6data SQL File 6 new\_schema - Schema

**SCHEMAS**

Filter objects

- company
- ecommerce\_db
- employeeatable
- flipkart**
  - Tables
    - customer
    - dealer
    - product
    - seller
    - shop
  - Views
  - Stored Procedures
  - Functions
- sakila
- shopflipkart
- sys
- world

Administration Schemas Information

Schema: **flipkart**

fullresult 1 x

Output

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:

pid	pname	pmanu	pdate	plocation	pamount	sid	sname	sdate	slocation	samount	did	dname	ddate	do
100	Acer-nitro	Acer	2025-06-21	china	25000.00	2	dhinesh	2025-10-21	tamil nadu	26000.00	3	Mujeeb	2025-11-21	che

Result Grid

fullresult 1 x

Output

Action Output

#	Time	Action	Message
1	16:32:07	select p.pid,p.pname,p.pmanu,p.pdate,p.plocation,p.pamount,p.sid,s.sname,s.sdate,s.slocation...	1 row(s) returned
2	16:35:24	select * from fullresult LIMIT 0, 1000	1 row(s) returned

Read Only

**About this lab:** I learnt very well in using of inner joins to relationship more table into single table report and customized user query also understood well.