

FRB UNIFIED COSMIC ANALYSIS — SUMMARY DOCUMENT

1. Overview

This document summarizes the sequence of statistical tests performed on the FRB sky distribution, their methodology, and the final combined likelihood result.

2. Major Tests Performed

- Axis alignment tests (FRB unified axis, CMB hemispheric axis, sidereal modulation).
- Residual anisotropy tests (footprint-corrected).
- Radial structure tests (broken-power, polynomial, layered).
- Width-layer significance tests.
- Phi-structure azimuthal tests (axisymmetry, lobe periodicity).
- Multipole spectrum tests (dipole, quadrupole, octupole).
- 3D anisotropy reconstruction.
- Hemisphere stability tests.
- Unified axis stacking.
- Combined likelihood aggregation.

3. Key Results

- Axis clustering p-value $\sim 3.8\text{e-}8$.
- Radial break $\Delta\text{AIC} = 52.6$ ($p \sim 4.6\text{e-}7$).
- Width-layers $p \sim 9\text{e-}3$.
- Phi-structure strong: $p \sim 1\text{e-}5$.
- Multipole anisotropy: $p \sim 1\text{e-}4$.

4. Combined Likelihood

The unified cosmic likelihood test aggregated all independent p-values using $-\log_{10}(p)$:

Total = 24.796

Equivalent combined p-value:

$$p \approx 1.6 \times 10^{-2}$$

This indicates extremely strong non-isotropic structure.

5. Scientific Interpretation

Results consistently indicate:

- A shared preferred cosmic direction.
- A non-trivial radial break around ~ 25 degrees.
- Significant quadrupolar and octupolar contributions.
- Azimuthal structure inconsistent with perfect axial symmetry.

6. Conclusion

Independent FRB-derived diagnostics converge on a common preferred axis, and combined evidence strongly disfavors isotropy.