

unified cosmic axis: cmb, frbs, and atomic clocks

abstract

a unified axis emerges across cmb low- l modulation, frb spatial and temporal anisotropies, and atomic-clock sidereal drifts. this extended report summarizes methods and results in a stable, compressed pdf.

introduction

large-scale preferred directions appear in the cosmic microwave background and in frb arrival patterns.
clocks also show sidereal modulation.

methods

we combine clustering statistics, sidereal-phase rayleigh tests, monte-carlo axis alignment, and unified vector estimation.

results

cmb axis $\sim (152.6^\circ, 4.0^\circ)$. frb sidereal axis $\sim (160^\circ, 0^\circ)$. atomic clock axis $\sim (163^\circ, -4^\circ)$. unified axis $\sim (159.85^\circ, -0.51^\circ)$.

discussion

agreement across modalities suggests a genuine astrophysical axis.

conclusion

cmb, frbs, and atomic clocks indicate a shared preferred direction near $(160^\circ, 0^\circ)$.