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Source: Slides by Prof Victor Lobo

Master's in Information Security and Law in Cyberspace



1. Deteção de Anomalias e Comportamentos Suspeitos

- Problema: É difícil identificar padrões anómalos em grandes volumes de dados de registos (logs), especialmente em tempo real.
- Desafio: Separar falsos positivos de verdadeiras ameaças.
- Objetivo: Desenvolver algoritmos de mineração de dados para reconhecer comportamentos fora do padrão que possam indicar intrusões ou acessos não autorizados.

2. Identificação de Ameaças Internas

- Problema: As ameaças internas (insiders) são difíceis de detetar, uma vez que os utilizadores internos já têm permissões.
- Desafio: Analisar padrões comportamentais e identificar desvios no uso habitual dos sistemas.
- Objetivo: Usar técnicas de clustering e análise preditiva para identificar perfis de risco entre os utilizadores internos.



3. Correlação de Eventos de Segurança

- Problema: A correlação manual de eventos de segurança em grandes volumes de logs é demorada e ineficaz.
- Desafio: Agregar e analisar eventos provenientes de diferentes fontes (firewalls, IDS, sistemas operativos) para identificar possíveis ataques coordenados.
- Objetivo: Utilizar técnicas de associação e descoberta de padrões sequenciais para correlacionar eventos.

4. Prevenção de Fraudes

- Problema: As fraudes internas ou externas são muitas vezes descobertas tarde demais.
- Desafio: Identificar padrões comportamentais que indiquem tentativas de fraude.
- Objetivo: Implementar algoritmos de classificação supervisionada (como Decision Trees e Random Forest) para detetar transações suspeitas.



5. Redução de Falsos Positivos e Falsos Negativos

- Problema: Sistemas de auditoria tradicionais geram muitos alertas irrelevantes (falsos positivos)
 ou não detetam comportamentos perigosos (falsos negativos).
- Desafio: Melhorar a precisão dos modelos de deteção de intrusões (IDS) usando técnicas avançadas de mineração de dados.
- Objetivo: Treinar modelos com conjuntos de dados balanceados e aplicar técnicas como SVM (Support Vector Machines) e redes neuronais.

6. Análise de Riscos e Vulnerabilidades

- Problema: É difícil prever quais vulnerabilidades podem ser exploradas.
- Desafio: Priorizar as vulnerabilidades que representam maior risco.
- Objetivo: Utilizar técnicas de clustering e scoring para classificar vulnerabilidades com base no seu potencial impacto.



Problem:

- How can we detect intrusions when we don't know what they are? When we don't have "signatures" ?(3rd step in the NIST framework)
 - Case 1: we know of past cases where intrusions have been detected, but there are slight variations...
 - Case 2: we know of many "normal" cases, which vary greatly from one to another, but we don't know what might happen differently
 - Normal/abnormal files or links
 - Normal/abnormal traffic patterns



Os 4 Passos do Data Mining para Auditoria de Segurança em Sistemas:

1. Recolha e Pré-processamento de Dados:

- Recolher logs e registos de segurança.
- Limpar, integrar, transformar e anonimizar os dados.

2. Exploração e Análise de Padrões:

 Aplicar algoritmos de classificação, clustering, regras de associação e deteção de anomalias.

3. Interpretação e Avaliação de Resultados:

 Avaliar modelos com métricas (precisão, recall, F1-score) e analisar falsos positivos/negativos.

4. Implementação e Monitorização Contínua:

 Implementar os modelos nas auditorias e ajustar com base nos novos dados e ameaças emergentes.



General idea



Network traffic, Files, logs, etc. Datamining
Predictive
(classification)

$$X_1 = [a_1, b_1, c_1, d_1, e_1]$$

$$X_2 = [a_2, b_2, c_2, d_2, e_2]$$

$$X_3 = [a_3, b_3, c_3, d_3, e_3]$$

$$X_4 = [a_4, b_4, c_4, d_4, e_4]$$

$$X_5 = [a_5, b_5, c_5, d_5, e_5]$$

 X_3 is similar with Y. then you must be a virus, or an attack

Datamining Exploratory (clustering)

 X_4 is very different of others. then you can be a virus, or an attack



Programme (outline)

- Introduction to techniques for detecting and classifying cyberthreats using datamining (initial part)
- Introduction to datamining and data pre-processing
- Multi-dimensional data visualisation techniques
- Techniques for detecting outliers and abnormal behaviour
- Behaviour classification techniques
- Techniques for detecting and classifying cyber threats (final part)





Evaluation method

- "Written repetition"
 - □45% of the grade
- Oral presentation and summary of an article
 - □30% of the grade
- DM project for security audit
 - □25% of the grade

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Assessment Method - Dates

EVENT	DATE	DAY WEEK
Article submission	21/03/2025	Friday
Presentation Article	24/03/2025	Monday
Proposal Project	02/05/2025	Friday
Project submission	23/05/2025	Friday
Defence Project	26/05/2025	Monday
Written repetition	02/06/2025	Monday



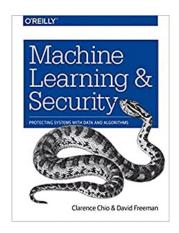
Varied Information

- Distance learning classes (Tuesdays from 18:00 to 20:00)
 - □ Zoom
- Questions:
 - □ agoncalves@tecnico.ulisboa.pt
- Support
 - □ After school
 - □ By email
- Support material (GitHub)
 - ☐ Link

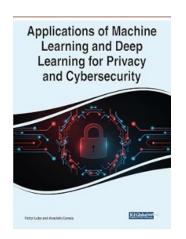


Bibliography

- Textbooks (not followed "to the letter")
 - □ Supporting texts available on the UC website
 - Machine Learning and Security: Protecting Systems with Data and Algorithms, Clarence Chio, David Freeman, O'Reilly Media, 2018 chap.1,2,3,5
 - □ Hands-On Machine Learning for Cybersecurity; Soma Halder, Sinan Ozdemir, Packt Publishing, 2018
 - □ Applications of Machine Learning and Deep Learning for Privacy and Cybersecurity, Victor Lobo, Cortez e Correia, IGI Global, 2022



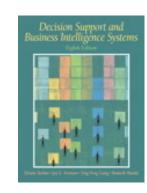




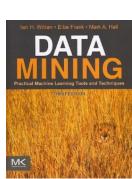


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Decision Support and Business Intelligence Systems, Turban, E., J. E. Aronson, et al., Prentice Hall, 2010



Data mining: practical machine learning tools and techniques; lan H. Witten, Eibe Frank, Mark A. Hall: Morgan Kaufmann, 2011 (WEKA)



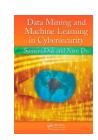
■ Python Machine Learning: Machine Learning and Deep Learning with Python, scikit-learn, and TensorFlow 2, Raschka, Packt Pub., 2019





More specialised bibliography

Data Mining and Machine Learning in Cybersecurity, Sumeet Dua, Xian Du, ISBN: 978-1439839423, Auerbach Publications, 2011



- **Data Mining Tools for Malware Detection**, Mehedy Masud, Latifur Khan, Bhavani Thuraisingham, ISBN: 978-1439854549, Auerbach Publications 2011.
- Data Warehousing and Data Mining Techniques for Cyber Security, Anoop Singhal, ISBN: 978-0387264097, Springer 2006.



■ Applications of Data Mining in Computer Security, Barbará, Daniel; Jajodia, Sushil (Eds.), ISBN: 978-1-4020-7054-9, Springer 2002.



General DM bibliography

- Machine Learning, Tom M. Mitchell, McGraw Hill, 1997
- Pattern Classification, Duda, Hart, & Stork, Wiley, 2001
- Principles of data mining, David. J. Hand, Heikki Mannila, Padhric Smyth, MIT Press, 2001
- □ Predictive data mining, Sholom M. Weiss, Nitin Indurkhya, Morgan Kaufmann, 1997
- □ **C4.5:Programs for Machine Learning**, John Ross Quinlan, Morgan Kaufmann, 1992







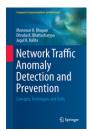


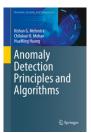




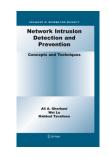
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- Network Traffic Anomaly Detection and Prevention -Concepts, Techniques, and Tools, Bhuyan, Monowar H., Bhattacharyya, Dhruba K., Kalita, Jugal K., ISBN: 978-3-319-65188-0, Springer 2017
- Anomaly Detection Principles and Algorithms, Mehrotra, Kishan G., Mohan, Chilukuri, Huang, Huaming, 978-3-319-67526-8, Springer 2017
- Outlier Analysis, Aggarwal, Charu C., 978-3-319-47578-3,Springer 2017
- Network Intrusion Detection and Prevention Concepts and Techniques, Ghorbani, Ali A., Lu, Wei, Tavallaee, Mahbod, 978-0-387-88771-5, Springer 2010











Other interesting sites...

- Decisionarium
 - ☐ GNU software, references, etc.
 - □ http://www.decisionarium.tkk.fi
- DSS Resources
 - Prof Daniel Power, books, references, etc.
 - □ http://dssresources.com/
- Machine Learning Network
 - □ www.mlnet.org
 - Software, data, conferences, projects, etc.
- Manufacturers of "dedicated" solutions
 - □ For land management, marketing, etc., etc.



Data repositories

- **Irvine Repository (UCI)**
 - https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/index.php
 - □ Data, software, articles
 - □ A classic! A must!



- Kaggle Repository
 - □ www.kaggle.com/datasets
 - □ Very current, very active
- IEEE Repository
 - IEEE Data Port
 - https://ieee-dataport.org/datasets
- Repository for Cybersecurity
 - ICSX: http://www.iscx.ca/datasets/ (but KDD99 is available at UCI)











Solving practical problems

- MS-Excel
 - □ Everyone knows!
 - □ Solves most simple problems

WEKA

- □ Java, free, https://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/
- Many well-documented algorithms

Orange

- □ Python, free, https://orange.biolab.si
- □ Graphical interface



Others

 □ MATLAB, R, Skikit-learn, Keras.SPSS and Clementine, SAS Enterprise Miner, IBM Intelligent Miner, SAP BI...,



Solving practical problems

- Google colab: a cloud-based platform that allows Python code to be executed directly from a browser. It is especially useful for
- 1. Pandas: Data manipulation and analysis (DataFrames, EDA).
- 2. NumPy: Numerical calculations and manipulation of arrays.
- 3. Matplotlib: Basic visualisations (graphs, histograms).
- 4. Seaborn: Advanced visualisations (heat matrices, boxplots).
- 5. Scikit-learn: Machine Learning algorithms (classification, regression, clustering).
- 6. XGBoost/LightGBM: Advanced models (boosting, efficient classification).
- 7. Statsmodels: Statistical analyses (tests, regression).
- 8. TensorFlow/Keras: Neural Networks and Deep Learning.



Articles to be presented (examples... but look

them up!)

- Bollmann, C. A., Tummala, M., & McEachen, J. C. (2021). Resilient real-time network anomaly detection using novel non-parametric statistical tests. Computers & Security, 102, 102146. doi:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cose.2020.10214
- Gibert, D., Mateu, C., Planes, J., & Marques-Silva, J. (2021). Auditing static machine learning anti-Malware tools against metamorphic attacks. Computers & Security, 102, 102159. doi:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cose.2020.102159
- Krumay, B., Bernroider, E. W. N., & Walser, R. (2018). Evaluation of Cybersecurity Management Controls and Metrics of Critical Infrastructures: A Literature Review Considering the NIST Cybersecurity Framework, Cham.
- Lin, W.-C., Ke, S.-W., & Tsai, C.-F. (2015). CANN: An intrusion detection system based on combining cluster centres and nearest neighbors. Knowledge-Based Systems, 78, 13-21. doi:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.knosys.2015.01.009



Articles to be presented (examples... but look

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- Mitchell, R., & Chen, I.-R. (2014). A survey of intrusion detection techniques for cyber-physical systems. *ACM Comput. Surv., 46(4), Article 55.* doi:10.1145/2542049
- Casas, P., Mazel, J., & Owezarski, P. (2012). Unsupervised Network Intrusion Detection Systems: Detecting the Unknown without Knowledge. Computer Communications, 35(7), 772-783. doi:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.comcom.2012.01.016
- García-Teodoro, P., Díaz-Verdejo, J., Maciá-Fernández, G., & Vázquez, E. (2009). Anomaly-based network intrusion detection: Techniques, systems and challenges. Computers & Security, 28(1), 18-18-28. doi:10.1016/j.cose.2008.08.003

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Articles to present (examples...)

- Data Mining for Cyber Security, V.Chandois et al., in Data Warehousing and Data Mining Techniques for Computer Security, Springer, 2006.
- Data mining methods for anomaly detection KDD-2005 workshop report, Margineantu et al., ACM SIGKDD Explorations Newsletter, Volume 7 Issue 2, December 2005.
- On the efficacy of data mining for security applications, Ted E. Senator, ACM SIGKDD Workshop on CyberSecurity and Intelligence Informatics -CSI-KDD '09, 2009.
- Metrics for mitigating cybersecurity threats to networks, IEEE Internet Computing, 14, 1, Jan-Feb 2010.
- A Combined Fusion and Data Mining Framework for the Detection of Botnets, Kiayias et al., Conference For Homeland Security, 2009. CATCH '09. Cybersecurity Applications & Technology, March 2009
- A study of Spam Detection Algorithms on Social Media Networks, Jacob Soman Saini, International Conference on Computational Intelligence, Cyber Security, and Computational Models, Coimbatore, India, December 2013.

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Articles to present (...examples...)

- Comparative Study of Two- and Multi-Class-Classification-Based Detection of Malicious Executables Using Soft Computing Techniques on Exhaustive Feature Set. Shina Sheen, R. Karthik and R. Anitha; International Conference on Computational Intelligence, Cyber Security, and Computational Models, Coimbatore, India, December 2013
- Botnets: A Study and Analysis, G. Kirubavathi and R. Anitha, International Conference on Computational Intelligence, Cyber Security, and Computational Models, Coimbatore, India, December 2013
- The VoIP intrusion detection through a LVQ-based neural network, Zheng Lu; Taoxin Peng, International Conference for Internet Technology and Secured Transactions, 2009. ICITST 2009.
- Detection of applications within encrypted tunnels using packet size distributions,
 Mujtaba,G.,Parish, D.J., International Conference for Internet Technology and Secured Transactions, 2009. ICITST 2009.
- Email classification: Solution with back propagation technique, Ayodele et al. International Conference for Internet Technology and Secured Transactions, 2009. ICITST 2009.
- Malware detection using statistical analysis of byte-level file content, Tabish et al., CSI-KDD '09 Proceedings of the ACM SIGKDD Workshop on CyberSecurity and Intelligence Informatics, 2009