Ocursion PC(Y) m=1 pe(2) p2(2-H) 9-1 (C) 59 p2(3-1) M-3 PI(y) PI(Y-1) m=y PZ((5-1 P 2017 mc(s) W-2. Pour Inc(n) m=2

hear

```
1 2 3 9
```

```
Sul(1) ->1
SU(2) \rightarrow 1,235
   Sel (5) -> 1,23 cd
main method
```

Phose of Recursion

por Ci) por (2) por(3) por(4)

POR(5)

## Factorial (Day 23)

$$M = 5$$
 $O(P = m! = 5! = 120$ 
 $SYYXXXXI = 120$ 

Fact (n) 0 | - |

Fret(n) = nx =act(n-1) => relation

Thurs Rule -> For get Logic & Cody Faith - how some trust Recursion -> faits our smaller Problem

 $n \times X$ 

Smalle Rolls

 $\int \times \times -(n-1) y$ 

Stob 1 I doubly Big & Sonall Problems Sty > Some from Big -> Small 1 have some fouth your onsur by having faith an stab 3-) (alculate Small problem

Jost(n)
Jost(n)
Jost(n)
Jost(n)

Mx3xxx
24

5x24

```
public static int factorial(int n) {

    // base case
    if (n = 1) {
        return n;
    }

2 int factorialNminusOne = factorial(n:n - 1); // faith on n -
        return n * factorialNminusOne; // cal my ans
}
```

Power-linear (Day 23)

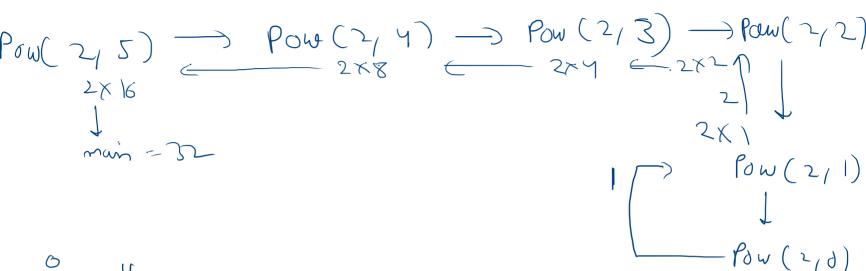
m7,0

 $X^{m} = X \times X^{m-1}$   $Pow(X; m) = X \times Pow(X, m-1) \Rightarrow Jucusoine$  Relations

Pow(x1m) — Pow(x1m-1)

(auth)

(xn-1)



POW(215) --- POW(214)
2416 --- 16 --- 16 ---

$$\frac{9}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{5}} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{5}} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{5}}$$

Malys theight of call Stock > Stack Contrad, recursións Space Lo Januarin Stack spull