



# STUDENT REPORT

## DETAILS

Name

ESHWARI

Roll Number

3BR23CS051

## EXPERIMENT

Title

### SUM OF NUMBERS AT PRIME FACTORS

Description

Prime factors of a positive integer are the prime numbers that divide that integer exactly.

Given an array arr of n integers and a positive integer num.

Let's suppose prime factorization of num is:  $p^a \times q^b \times r^c \times \dots \times z^f$ , where p,q,r...z are prime numbers.

Sum of numbers in array arr at indices of prime factors of number num is:  $a \times arr[p] + b \times arr[q] + c \times arr[r] + \dots + f \times arr[z]$ .

You are given an array arr of size n and a positive integer num. You are required to calculate the sum of numbers in arr as mentioned above, and print the same.

Note:

- If arr is empty, print -1.
- If prime factor of num not found as indices, print 0.

### Input Format:

The input consists of three lines:

- The first line contains an integer, i.e. n.
- The second line contains an array arr of length of n.
- The third line contains an integer num

The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidates.

Output Format:

Print the sum that was mentioned in the problem statement.

Example:

Input:

6  
  
11 21 32 45 1 23  
  
6

Output:

77

Explanation:

$$6=2^1 \times 3^1$$

$$\text{sum}=1*\text{arr}[2]+1*\text{arr}[3]=1*32+1*45=77$$

**Source Code:**

```
def prime_factorization_sum(arr, num):  
    """Calculates the sum of numbers in arr at indices of prime factors of num.  
  
    Args:  
        arr: A list of integers.  
        num: A positive integer.  
  
    Returns:  
        The sum of numbers in arr at indices of prime factors of num.  
    """  
  
    prime_factors = []  
    while num > 1:  
        for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):  
            if num % i == 0:  
                prime_factors.append(i)  
                num //= i  
                break  
        else:  
            prime_factors.append(num)  
            break  
  
    return sum(arr[i] for i in prime_factors if i < len(arr))  
  
# Example usage:  
n=int(input())  
arr = list(map(int,input().split()))  
num = int(input())  
result = prime_factorization_sum(arr, num)  
print(result) # Output: 9 (arr[2])
```

**RESULT**

3 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 60 %