





 List the user commands (files in /usr/bin) and redirect the output to /tmp/commands.list

```
eslam@ITI:-$ compgen -c >> /tmp/commands.list

eslam@ITI:-$ ls /tmp

commands.list

gdm3-config-err-EiJHrk

hsperfdata_eslam
hsperfdata_root
lu16387j47k5.tmp

OSL_PIPE_1000_SingleOfficeIPC_c18a83656478beb70eb457341dce7d

snap-private-tmp

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-bluetooth.service-DDZvMV

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-fwupd.service-edhxJf

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-polkit.service-SO1hTd

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-polkit.service-XKKf6C

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-power-profiles-daemon.service-uQN

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-switcheroo-control.service-p4lW6u

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-logind.service-fYgz8t

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-logind.service-ayacb

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-oomd.service-ayacb

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-resolved.service-ayacb

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-timesyncd.service-ayacb

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-timesyncd.service-ayacb

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-timesyncd.service-ayacb

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systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-timesyncd.service-ayacb

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-timesyncd.service-ayacb

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-systend-timesyncd.service-ayacb

systend-private-e866d9513865415abc7725fb2f468045-upower.service-9yQyWs

eslam@ITI:-$ cat /tmp/commands.list

alert

egrep

fgrep
```

2. Compress a file by compress, gzip, pack, zip commands and decompress it again. State the differences between compress and gzip commands.







2

```
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -li test5
9574885 -rw-rw-r-- 1 eslam eslam 91056 Jun 12 12:58 test5
eslam@ITI:~$ gzip test5
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -li test5.gz
9602704 -rw-rw-r-- 1 eslam eslam 4639 Jun 12 12:58 test5.gz
eslam@ITI:~$ gunzip test5.gz
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -li test5
9602813 -rw-rw-r-- 1 eslam eslam 91056 Jun 12 12:58 test5
```

```
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -li test5
9589509 -rw-rw-r-- 1 eslam eslam 91056 Jun 12 10:52 test5
eslam@ITI:~$ compress test5
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -li test5
ls: cannot access 'test5': No such file or directory
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -li test5.Z
9580933 -rw-rw-r-- 1 eslam eslam 28113 Jun 12 10:52 test5.Z
eslam@ITI:~$ uncompress test5.Z
```

```
eslam@ITI:~$ pack test5 test5.z

Packing test5 into test5.z...

Input size: 91056
Output size: 37637
41%
```

```
veslam@ITI:~$ pack u test5.z test5
Unpacking test5.z into test5...

Input size: 37637
Output size: 91056
242%
```







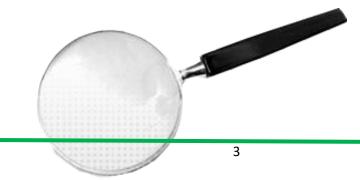
```
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -li test5
9574885 -rw-rw-r-- 1 eslam eslam 91056 Jun 12 12:58 test5
eslam@ITI:~$ zip test5.zip test5
updating: test5 (deflated 95%)
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -li test5.zip
9602708 -rw-rw-r-- 1 eslam eslam 4775 Jun 12 13:03 test5.zip
eslam@ITI:~$ unzip test5.zip
Archive: test5.zip
replace test5? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: test5
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -li test5
9574885 -rw-rw-r-- 1 eslam eslam 91056 Jun 12 12:58 test5
```

differences between compress and gzip commands? gzip generally achieves better compression ratios than compress, meaning it can reduce file sizes more effectively

3. What is the command used to view the content of a compressed file.

zcat

4. Backup /etc directory using tar utility.









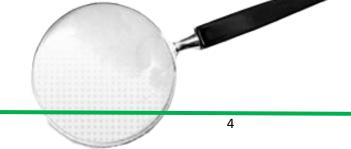
```
eslam@ITI:~$ tar -cvf etc.tar /etc
```

5. Starting from your home directory, find all files that were modified in the last two day.

```
eslam@ITI:~$ find ~ -type f -mtime -2
```

6. Starting from /etc, find files owned by root user.

```
eslam@ITI:~$ sudo find /etc -user root
[sudo] password for eslam:
/etc
/etc/fuse.conf
/etc/cloud
/etc/cloud/clean.d
/etc/cloud/clean.d/99-installer-use-networkmanager
/etc/cloud/clean.d/99-installer
/etc/cloud/cloud.cfg.d
/etc/cloud/cloud.cfg.d
/etc/cloud/cloud.cfg.d/90_dpkg.cfg
/etc/cloud/cloud.cfg.d/README
```









7. Find all directories in your home directory.

eslam@ITI:~\$ find ~ -type d

8. Write a command to search for all files on the system that, its name is ".profile".

```
eslam@ITI:~$ locate .profile
/etc/skel/.profile
/home/eslam/.profile
/snap/core/16928/etc/skel/.profile
/snap/core/16928/usr/share/base-files/dot.profile
/snap/core/16928/usr/share/base-files/dot.profile.md5sums
/snap/core18/2823/etc/skel/.profile
/snap/core18/2823/usr/share/base-files/dot.profile
/snap/core18/2823/usr/share/base-files/dot.profile.md5sums
/snap/core22/1380/etc/skel/.profile
/snap/core22/1380/usr/share/base-files/dot.profile
/snap/core22/1380/usr/share/base-files/dot.profile.md5sums
/snap/core22/1380/usr/share/lintian/profiles/dpkg/main.profile
/snap/core22/1380/usr/share/opensc/asepcos.profile
/snap/core22/1380/usr/share/opensc/authentic.profile
/snap/core22/1380/usr/share/opensc/cardos.profile
snap/core22/1380/usr/share/opensc/cyberflex.profile/
snap/core22/1380/usr/share/opensc/entersafe.profile
```







9. Identify the file types of the following: /etc/passwd, /dev/pts/0, /etc, /dev/sda.

```
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -ld /etc/passwd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 3000 Jun 9 13:52 /etc/passwd
```

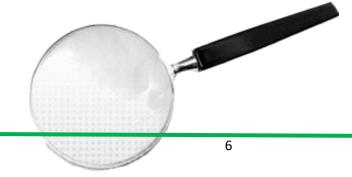
/etc/passwd: flle -

```
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -l /dev/pts/0
crw--w---- 1 eslam tty 136, 0 Jun 12 13:24 /dev/pts/0
```

/dev/pts/0: character special file c

```
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -l /dev/sda
brw-rw---- 1 root disk 8, 0 Jun 9 12:50 /dev/sda
```

/dev/sda: Block special file b









10. List the inode numbers of /, /etc, /etc/hosts.

ubuntu

```
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -i /etc
3015025 adduser.conf
                                3015067 lsb-release
3014670 alsa
                                3015068 machine-id
3014671 alternatives
                                3015069 magic
                                3015070 magic.mime
3015026 anacrontab
                                3015071 manpath.config
3015027 apg.conf
                                3015072 mime.types
3014672 apm
3014674 apparmor
                                3015073 mke2fs.conf
                                3014665 ModemManager
3014673 apparmor.d
```



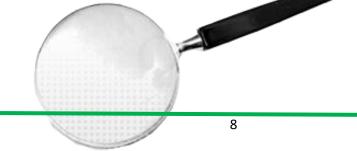




```
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -i /etc/hosts
3015049 /etc/hosts
```

11.Copy /etc/passwd to your home directory, use the commands diff and cmp, and Edit in the file you copied, and then use these commands again, and check the output.

```
eslam@ITI:~$ ls -i /etc/hosts
3015049 /etc/hosts
eslam@ITI:~$ cp /etc/passwd /home/eslam
eslam@ITI:~$ diff /etc/passwd /home/eslam/passwd
11a12
> hi in ITI
eslam@ITI:~$ cmp /etc/passwd /home/eslam/passwd
/etc/passwd /home/eslam/passwd differ: byte 477, line 12
eslam@ITI:~$
```



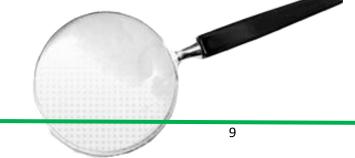






12. Create a symbolic link of /etc/passwd in /boot.

```
eslam@ITI:~$ sudo ln -s /etc/passwd /boot
[sudo] password for eslam:
eslam@ITI:~$ ls /boot
config-6.8.0-31-generic
                             memtest86+x64.bin
config-6.8.0-35-generic
                             memtest86+x64.efi
                             passwd
                             System.map-6.8.0-31-generic
                             System.map-6.8.0-35-generic
initrd.img
initrd.img-6.8.0-31-generic
                             vmlinuz
initrd.img-6.8.0-35-generic
                             vmlinuz-6.8.0-31-generic
initrd.img.old
                             vmlinuz-6.8.0-35-generic
memtest86+ia32.bin
                             vmlinuz.old
memtest86+ia32.efi
eslam@ITI:~$
```









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13. Create a hard link of /etc/passwd in /boot. Could you? Why?

```
eslam@ITI:~$ ln /etc/passwd /boot
ln: failed to create hard link '/boot/passwd' => '/etc/passwd': Operation not permi
tted
```

-no, because hard link should be in same partition of original file

14. List the user commands that have set-uid permissions in the system.

```
eslam@ITI:~$ find /usr/bin -type f -perm -4000
/usr/bin/fusermount3
/usr/bin/sudo
/usr/bin/newgrp
/usr/bin/mount
/usr/bin/chfn
/usr/bin/passwd
/usr/bin/pkexec
/usr/bin/chsh
/usr/bin/su
/usr/bin/gpasswd
/usr/bin/umount
```







15. List the user commands that have set-gid permissions in the system.

```
eslam@ITI:~$ find /usr/bin -type f -perm -2000
/usr/bin/ssh-agent
/usr/bin/crontab
/usr/bin/plocate
/usr/bin/chage
/usr/bin/expiry
eslam@ITI:~$
```

16. List the directories that have sticky-bit set in the system.

```
eslam@ITI:~$ find /usr/bin -type f -perm <u>-</u>1000
```

