



Ain Shams University
Faculty of Engineering

Credit Hours Engineering Programs

جامعة عين شمس
كلية الهندسة
برامج الساعات المعتمدة

PHM 116 & EMAT 232 - Complex & Special Functions
Final Exam, summer 2015
Dr. Makram Roshdy.

General:

1- Examination's duration: 180 minutes.

2- The Exam consists of Five Questions in Two pages – Attempt all questions.

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Question (1): (8 Marks)

- (A) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \sqrt[4]{1-x^4} dx$ in terms of the Gamma function.
- (B) Find two linearly independent series solutions in powers of x for the following differential equation:
- $$(x - x^2) y'' + (1 - 5x) y' - 4y = 0$$
- (C) Solve in terms of Bessel's function the differential equation $x y'' - 7 y' + x y = 0$.

Question (2): (6 Marks)

- (A) Show that $J_{-1/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \cos x$. Then use it to evaluate $\int x^{3/2} J_{-1/2}(x) dx$.
- (B) Evaluate $\int J_0(x) \sin x dx$.
- (C) Use the generating function for Legendre's polynomials to obtain an expression for $P_n(0)$.

Question (3): (12 Marks)

- (A) Show that $\int_{-1}^1 P_n(x) P_m(x) dx = 0$, $n \neq m$.
- (B) Show that $(n+1)P_{n+1} = (2n+1)xP_n - nP_{n-1}$. Hence, discuss $\int_{-1}^1 x P_n(x) P_5(x) dx$ for all the values of n .

- (C) Find the first three non – zero terms in Legendre’s series for $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & -1 < x \leq 0 \\ x & 0 < x \leq 1 \end{cases}$.

Question (4): (8 Marks)

- (A) Find the image of the semi – infinite strip $x \geq 0$, $0 \leq y \leq 1/2$ under the transformation $w = \frac{1}{z}$
(Hint: Show the regions graphically).
- (B) Show that Laplace’s equation in the polar form is given by $u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r} u_r + \frac{1}{r^2} u_{\theta\theta} = 0$.
- (C) Show that $u = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}$ is a harmonic function and find its conjugate “ v ” then find the analytic function $f(z) = u + i v$ in terms of z .

Question (5): (8 Marks)

- (A) Find all the roots of.
- (1) $\sin z = 2$ (2) $e^{3z-1} = 1+i$
- (B) Find all the values of $(\sqrt{3} + i)^{5\pi i}$. Hence, find its principal value.
- (C) Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{\cosh z}{z^4 - 4z^2} dz$, where C is:
- i) $|z - 2| = 1$ ii) $|z - 2| = 3$

Best Wishes.