

# AIN SHAMS UNIVERSITY

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



Computer and Systems Engineering Department

Specialized Programs

Junior Electrical Engineering, Electronics and Communications Engineering

Junior Electrical Engineering, Computer and Systems Engineering

Midterm - Spring 2021

Course Code: CSE 211

Time allowed: 1 Hr.

### Introduction to Embedded Systems

The Exam Consists of 40 Questions in 8 Pages.

Maximum Marks: 40 Marks

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تعليمات هامة

حيازة التليفون المحمول مفتوحا داخل لجنة الامتحان يعتبر حالة غش تستوجب العقاب وإذا كان ضروري الدخول بالمحمول فيوضع مغلق في الحقائب.  
لا يسمح بدخول سماعة الأذن أو البلوتوث.  
لا يسمح بدخول أي كتب أو ملازم أو أوراق داخل اللجنة والمخالفة تعتبر حالة غش.

For each of the following multiple choice questions, select **ONLY** the **ONE** correct answer. Mark your choice in the answer sheet.

1. How many general-purpose registers do the ARM Cortex-M processors have?

A) 10	B) 11	C) 13	D) 15
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2. What is the purpose of register R15 in the ARM Cortex-M processors?

A) R15 is used to store the return address	B) R15 is used to point the next instruction to be fetched
C) R15 is a stack pointer	D) None of the previous

3. What is the purpose of register R14 in the ARM Cortex-M processors?

A) R14 is used to store the return address	B) R14 is used to point the next instruction to be fetched
C) R14 is a stack pointer	D) None of the previous

4. Which bus(s) is(are) connected to the Instructions Flash ROM?

A) ICode bus	B) DCode bus	C) System bus	D) Answers (A) and (B)
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5. Which bus(s) is(are) connected to the Data RAM?

A) ICode bus	B) DCode bus	C) System bus	D) Answers (A) and (B)
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6. What is the purpose of the N flag in the PSR of Cortex-M processors?

A) The N flag is set after performing an N arithmetic operation	B) The N flag is set if the result of the operation is less than zero
C) The N flag is set if result of the operation is zero	D) None of the previous

7. What is the purpose of the V flag in the PSR of Cortex-M processors?

A) The V flag is set after performing an N arithmetic operation	B) The V flag is set if the result of the operation is less than zero
C) The V flag is set if result of the operation is zero	D) None of the previous

8. What is the size of the Flash ROM in the TM4C123 Microcontroller?

A) 32 KB	B) 64 KB	C) 128 KB	D) 256 KB
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9. Using word aligned, each location in memory is

A) 1 byte	B) 2 bytes	C) 4 bytes	D) 8 bytes
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**PROG1: Q10-Q12**

1	#include <stdio.h>
2	int main(){
3	int x=0;
4	int i=0;
5	while (x<10){
6	x =1<<i++;
7	printf("%d-",i);
8	}
9	return 0;
10	}

10. In PROG1, what is the printed output?

A) 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-	B) 0-1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9	C) 1-2-3-4-	D) 0-1-2-3-
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11. In PROG1, what is the final value of x?

A) 10	B) 15	C) 11	D) 9
-------	-------	-------	------

12. In PROG1, what is the final value of x, if line 5 is changed to be "while (x<=10)"?

A) 10	B) 15	C) 11	D) 9
-------	-------	-------	------

**PROG2: Q13-Q15**

1	#include <stdio.h>
2	int main(){
3	int y=15;
4	int i=7;
5	while (y>=15){
6	printf("%d-",i);
7	y&=~(1<<i--);
8	}
9	return 0;
10	}

13. In PROG2, what is the printed output?

A) 7-6-5-	B) 7-6-5-4-	C) 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-	D) 7-6-5-4-3-
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14. In PROG2, what is the final value of y?

A) 10	B) 15	C) 7	D) 8
-------	-------	------	------

15. In PROG2, what is the final value of y, if line 5 is changed to be "while (y==15)"?

A) 10	B) 15	C) 7	D) 8
-------	-------	------	------

**PROG3: Q16-Q18**

	AREA READ_variables, DATA, READONLY
A	DCD 2
B	DCD 3
C	DCD 1
	AREA WRITE_variables, DATA, READWRITE
X	DCD 0
	AREA MYCODE, CODE, READONLY
1	LDR R0, [R4]
2	LDR R4, =A
3	LDR R4, =B
4	LDR R1, [R4]
5	LDR R4, =C
6	LDR R2, [R4]
7	ADD R3, R0, R1
8	LDR R4, =X
9	SUB R3, R3, R2
10	STR R3, [R4]
11	END

**Note:** Line order is not correct in the above program.

16. In PROG3, what is the correct order for the above program to calculate  $X=(A+B)-C$ ?

A) 2-1-3-4-7-5-6-9-10-8-11	B) 2-1-3-4-7-5-6-9-8-10-11
C) 4-2-1-9-5-6-7-8-10	D) 3-2-4-1-7-5-6-9-8-10

17. In PROG3, what is the value of R0 at the end of the program based on the selected order in Q16?

A) 0	B) 1	C) 2	D) 3
------	------	------	------

18. In PROG3, what is the value of R1 at the end of the program based on the selected order in Q16?

A) 0	B) 1	C) 2	D) 3
------	------	------	------

**PROG4: Q19-Q20**

	AREA WRITE_variables, DATA, READWRITE
z	DCD 0
	AREA MYCODE, CODE, READONLY
	ADR r4, a
	LDR r0, [r4]
	LSL r0, r0, #2
	ADR r4, b
	LDR r1, [r4]
	AND r1, r1, #15
	ORR r1, r0, r1
	LDR r4, =z
	STR r1, [r4]
	B END_LOC
a	DCD 1
b	DCD 18
	END_LOC
	NOP
	END

19. In PROG4, what is the value of r0 at the end of the program?

A) 2	B) 3	C) 4	D) 6
------	------	------	------

20. In PROG4, what is the value of r1 at the end of the program?

A) 2	B) 3	C) 5	D) 6
------	------	------	------

**PROG5 Q21-Q25**

```

AREA  READ_variables, DATA, READONLY
A      DCD  7
B      DCD  4
C      DCD  5
AREA  WRITE_variables, DATA, READWRITE
Z      DCD  0
AREA  MYCODE, CODE, READONLY
      LDR  r0, =A          ; STEP 01
      LDR  r1, [r0]        ; STEP 02
      LDR  r0, =A          ; STEP 03
      ADD  r0, #8          ; STEP 04
      LDR  r2, [r0]        ; STEP 05
      SUB  r3, r2, r1       ; STEP 06
      CMP  r3, #0          ; STEP 07
      BLE  LOC1            ; STEP 08
      B    LOC2            ; STEP 09
LOC1
      MOV  r5, #0xFFFFFFFF ; STEP 10
      EOR  r3, r3, r5       ; STEP 11
      ADD  r3, r3, #1       ; STEP 12
LOC2
      LDR  r6, =Z          ; STEP 13
      STR  r3, [r6]        ; STEP 14
      END
    
```

21. In PROG5, what is the value of r1 after STEP-02?

- |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|
| A) 1 | B) 5 | C) 6 | D) 7 |
|------|------|------|------|

22. In PROG5, what is the value of r2 after STEP-05?

- |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|
| A) 1 | B) 4 | C) 5 | D) 7 |
|------|------|------|------|

23. In PROG5, which variable (memory location) is not used in this program?

- |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|
| A) A | B) B | C) C | D) Z |
|------|------|------|------|

24. In PROG5, what is the value of r3 after STEP-06?

- |               |               |                |                |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| A) 0xFFFFFFFF | B) 0xFFFFFFFF | C) 0xFFFFFFFFD | D) 0xFFFFFFFFE |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|

25. In PROG5, what is the value of r3 after STEP-12?

- |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|
| A) 0 | B) 1 | C) 2 | D) 3 |
|------|------|------|------|

**PROG6 Q26-Q31**

```

AREA  WRITE_variables, DATA, READWRITE
a     space 4
b     space 4
s_size equ 12
s_b   space s_size          ; Stack base address
AREA  MYCODE, CODE, READONLY
ldr   sp, =s_b              ; STEP 1
add   sp, #s_size           ; STEP 2
ldr   r0, =a                ; STEP 3
mov   r4, #3                ; STEP 4
str   r4, [r0]              ; STEP 5
ldr   r1, =b                ; STEP 6
mov   r4, #5                ; STEP 7
str   r4, [r1]              ; STEP 8
ldr   r2, [r0]              ; STEP 9
ldr   r3, [r1]              ; STEP 10
add   r2, #1                ; STEP 11
add   r3, #1                ; STEP 12
bl    func                  ; STEP 13
b     stop                  ; STEP 14

func
push  {r2-r3}               ; STEP 15
ldr   r2, [r0]              ; STEP 16
ldr   r3, [r1]              ; STEP 17
str   r2, [r1]              ; STEP 18
str   r3, [r0]              ; STEP 19
pop   {r2-r3}               ; STEP 20
bx    lr

stop
END
    
```

26. In PROG6, what is the value of r2 at the end of the program?

A) 2	B) 3	C) 4	D) 5
------	------	------	------

27. In PROG6, what is the value of r3 at the end of the program?

A) 2	B) 4	C) 5	D) 6
------	------	------	------

 28. In PROG6, what is the content of variable *a* in memory before calling function *func*?

A) 3	B) 4	C) 5	D) 6
------	------	------	------

 29. In PROG6, what is the content of variable *a* in memory after calling function *func*?

A) 1	B) 3	C) 4	D) 5
------	------	------	------

 30. In PROG6, function *func* is used to

A) Swap the contents of registers r2 and r3	B) Swap the contents of registers r0 and r1
C) Swap the contents of variables <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> in memory	D) None of the previous

31. In PROG6, what is the value of SP after STEP-18?

A) s_b-8	B) s_b+20	C) s_b+4	D) s_b+8
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**PROG7 Q32-Q35**

```

A      AREA  READ_variables, DATA, READONLY
      DCD   5
Z      AREA  WRITE_variables, DATA, READWRITE
      DCD   0
      AREA  MYCODE, CODE, READONLY
      LDR   r0, =A                ; STEP 01
      LDR   r1, [r0]              ; STEP 02
      MOV   r2, #1                ; STEP 03
      CMP   r1, #0                ; STEP 04
      BLE   LOC2                  ; STEP 05
LOC1   MUL   r3, r2, r1            ; STEP 06
      MOV   r2, r3                ; STEP 07
      SUB   r1, r1, #1            ; STEP 08
      CMP   r1, #0                ; STEP 09
      BLE   LOC2                  ; STEP 10
      B     LOC1
LOC2   LDR   r4, =Z                ; STEP 11
      STR   r2, [r4]              ; STEP 12
      END
    
```

32. In PROG7, what is the value of r1 after the first execution of STEP-08?

A) 0	B) 4	C) 5	D) 24
------	------	------	-------

33. In PROG7, what is the value of r3 after the second execution of STEP-06?

A) 0	B) 1	C) 4	D) 20
------	------	------	-------

34. In PROG7, what is the value of r1 after the execution of STEP-11?

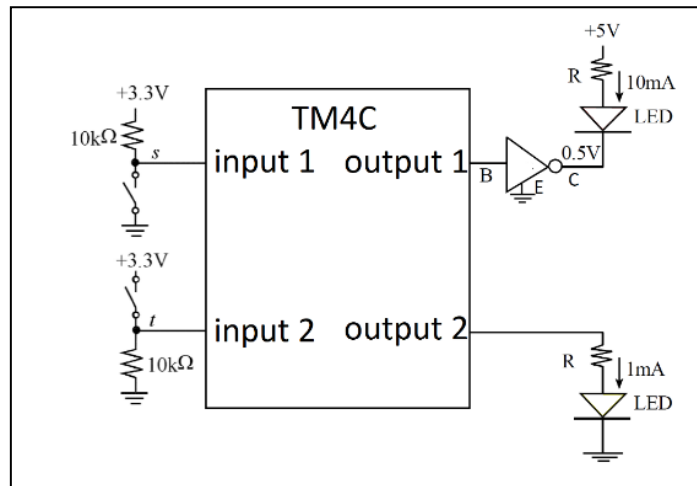
A) 0	B) 1	C) 4	D) 5
------	------	------	------

35. In PROG7, what is the value of r2 after the execution of STEP-12?

A) 100	B) 120	C) 130	D) 150
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**Figure 1 Q36-Q40:** The figure below shows the schematic diagram for TM4C connected to two inputs and two outputs. PROG8 is executed on the shown TM4C. However, some statements are not correct. **Notes:**

- The state LOW/HIGH for input 1 can be read using variable u1.
- The state LOW/HIGH for input 2 can be read using variable u2.
- The state of the LED on output 1 (on/off) is set using output variable y1.
- The state of the LED on output 2 (on/off) is set using output variable y2.



PROG8 Q36-Q40	
1	#include <stdio.h>
2	#define V1 /* V1..V4 are to be set to 0 or 1 */
3	#define V2
4	#define V3
5	#define V4
6	
7	void read_u1(char *u1); /* used to read the input connected to input port 1 */
8	void read_u2(char *u2); /* used to read the input connected to input port 2 */
9	void set_y1(char *y1); /* used to set the output connected to output port 1 */
10	void set_y2(char *y2); /* used to set the output connected to output port 2 */
11	
12	int main(){
13	char u1, u2, y1, y2;
14	while (u1==u2) {
15	read_u1(u1); read_u2(u2);
16	if ((u1==V1) && (u2==V2)){
17	y1=V3;
18	y2=V4;
19	} else {
20	y1=~V3;
21	y2=~V4;
22	}
23	set_y1(y1); set_y2(y2);
24	}
25	printf("u1=%d, u2=%d",u1,u2);
26	return 0;
27	}

36. In PROG8, line 15 is not correct and it should be:

A) read_u1(*u1); read_u2(*u2);	B) read_u1(&u1); read_u2(&u2);
C) read_u1(u1); read_u2(u2);	D) read_u1(%u1); read_u2(%u2);

37. In PROG8, what values should we assign to V1 and V2, if we need the condition at line 16 to be true when both switches are pressed?

A) V1 to 0 and V2 to 0	B) V1 to 0 and V2 to 1	C) V1 to 1 and V2 to 0	D) V1 to 1 and V2 to 1
------------------------	------------------------	------------------------	------------------------

38. In PROG8, what values should we assign to V3 and V4, if we want to turn both LEDs ON when both switches are pressed?

A) V3 to 0 and V4 to 0	B) V3 to 0 and V4 to 1	C) V3 to 1 and V4 to 0	D) V3 to 1 and V4 to 1
------------------------	------------------------	------------------------	------------------------

39. In PROG8, the purpose of line 14 is to ensure that the states of both LEDs will be updated (set/reset) with every change in (event on) the two switches (all time). However, line 14 is not correct and it should be:

A) while (u1    u2)	B) while (u1 && u2)	C) while (0)	D) while (1)
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40. In PROG8, after fixing the program as in Q39, what message will be printed from line 25 if both switches are pressed?

A) u1=1, u2=1	B) u1=0, u2=1	C) u1=1, u2=0	D) None of the previous
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**END of Exam**

**Examination Committee**

Dr. Ashraf Salem, Dr. M. Watheq El-Kharashi, Dr. Mohamed Taher,  
and Dr. Ahmed M. Zaki.

**Exam Date: 8<sup>th</sup> of May, 2021**