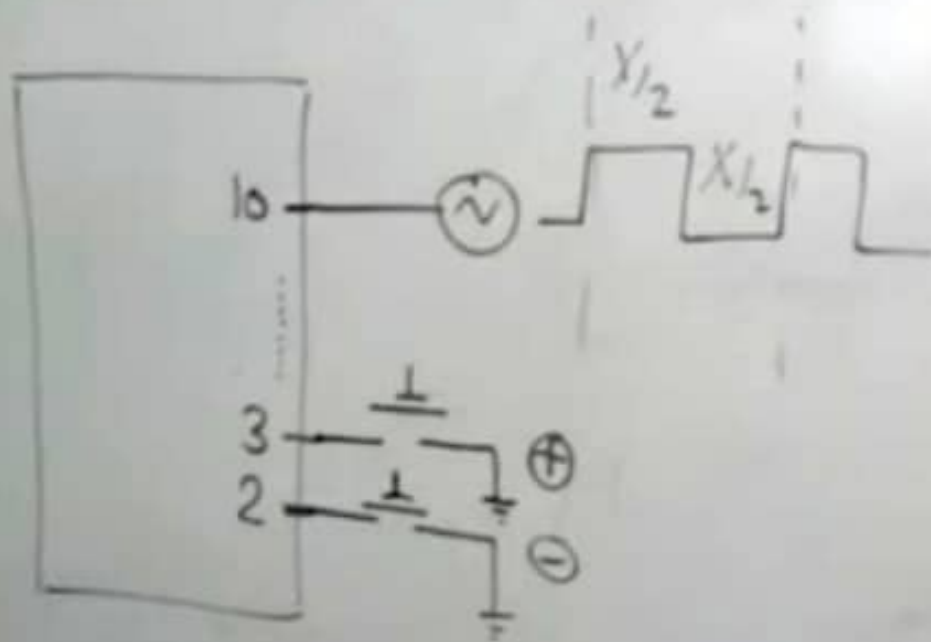


Short 2

Q2 Develop an embedded system that produces continuous pulses with duration X seconds & duty cycle 50%. X could take values from $1 \rightarrow 10$ seconds. Use Two push buttons to increase or decrease the pulse speed.



Solve with & without interrupts

② Without Interrupts

```
int plusSwitch = 3, minusSwitch = 2;
```

```
int outPin = 13; int X = 1;
```

```
void Setup()
```

```
{
```

```
  pinMode(outPin, OUTPUT);
```

```
  pinMode(plusSwitch, INPUT);
```

```
  pinMode(minusSwitch, INPUT);
```

```
  digitalWrite(plusSwitch, HIGH);
```

```
  digitalWrite(minusSwitch, HIGH);
```

```
}
```

```
void loop()
```

```
{
```

```
  if (digitalRead(plusSwitch) == 0)
```

```
  {
```

```
    X++;
```

```
    if (X > 10) X = 10;
```

```
  }
```

```
  if (digitalRead(minusSwitch) == 0)
```

```
  {
```

```
    X--;
```

```
    if (X < 1) X = 1;
```

```
  }
```

```
  digitalWrite(outPin, HIGH);
```

```
  delay(X * 1000 / 2);
```

```
  digitalWrite(outPin, LOW);
```

```
  delay(X * 1000 / 2);
```

```
}
```

With Interrupts

```
void Setup()
```

```
{
```

```
  ——— }  
  ——— } same  
  ——— } as before  
  ——— }
```

```
  interrupts();
```

LOW

```
  attachInterrupts(0, minus, FALLING);
```

```
  attachInterrupts(1, plus, FALLING);
```

```
}
```

```
void loop()
```

```
{
```

```
  digitalWrite(outPin, HIGH);
```

```
  delay(X*1000/2);
```

```
  digitalWrite(outPin, LOW);
```

```
  delay(X*1000/2);
```

```
}
```

```
void Plus()
```

```
{
```

```
    X++;
```

```
    if (X > 10) X = 10;
```

```
}
```

```
void minus()
```

```
{
```

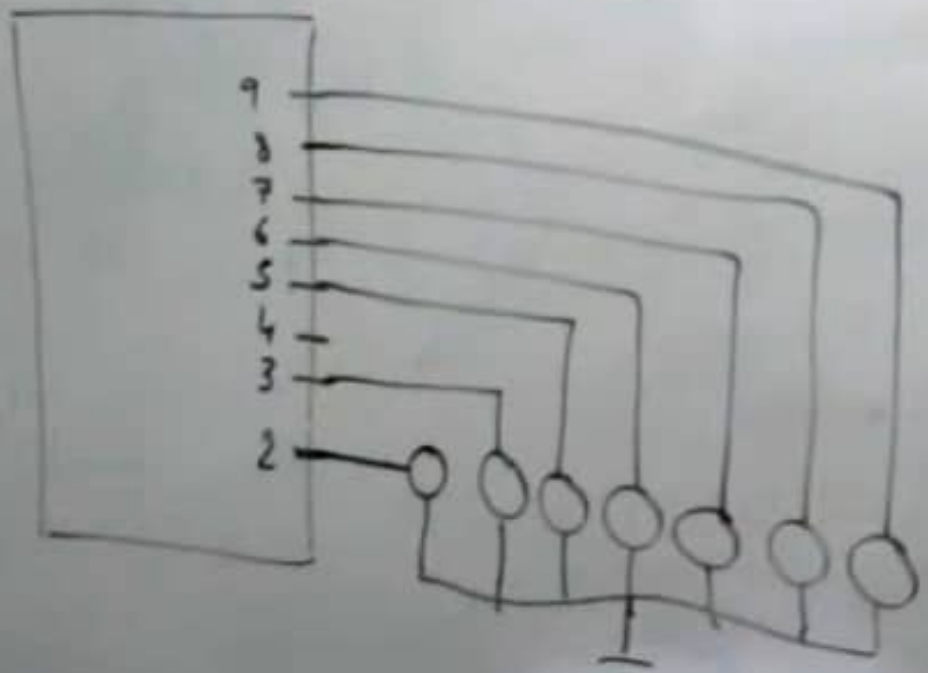
```
    X--;
```

```
    if (X < 1) X = 1;
```

```
}
```

Short

Q3 Develop an embedded system that produce an 8 bit binary value that count from 0 \rightarrow 255. Each count should last for 1 second



Solve with & without Timers:

With Timers

```
#include <MsTimer2.h>
```

```
int leds[8] = {9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2}
```

```
int count = 0
```

```
void light()
```

```
{  
  for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++)
```

```
  {  
    if (count & (1 << i))
```

```
      digitalWrite(leds[i], HIGH);
```

```
    else
```

```
      digitalWrite(leds[i], LOW);
```

```
  }
```

```
  count++;
```

```
  if (count > 255) count = 0;
```

```
}
```

void Se
& for

MST
MST

void lo
&

}

```
void Setup()
```

```
{ for (int i=0; i<8; i++)
```

```
    pinMode(leds[i], OUTPUT);
```

```
    MS timers 2:: set(1000, light);
```

```
    MS timers 2:: start();
```

```
}
```

```
void loop
```

```
{
```

```
}
```

```
int s
```

```
int in  
int x;
```

```
Void Set
```

```
{
```

```
pin
```

```
pin
```

Q4) Develop an embedded system that reads 6 analog inputs and produce a pulse with duration equals to the read value. Use a push-button to switch between the values.

```

++
[1], OUTPUT);
0, light);

int Switch=2, int mode=0;
int inputPins[6]={0,1,2,3,4,5};
int x;

void Setup()
{
  pinMode(outPin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(switch, INPUT);
  digitalWrite(switch, HIGH);
  interrupts();
  attachInterrupts(0, pulse, FALLING);
}

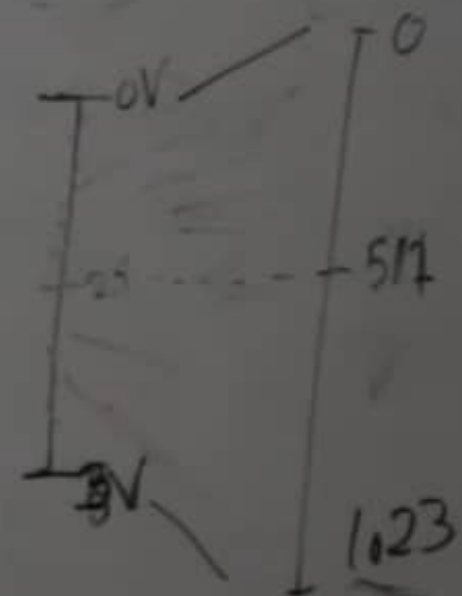
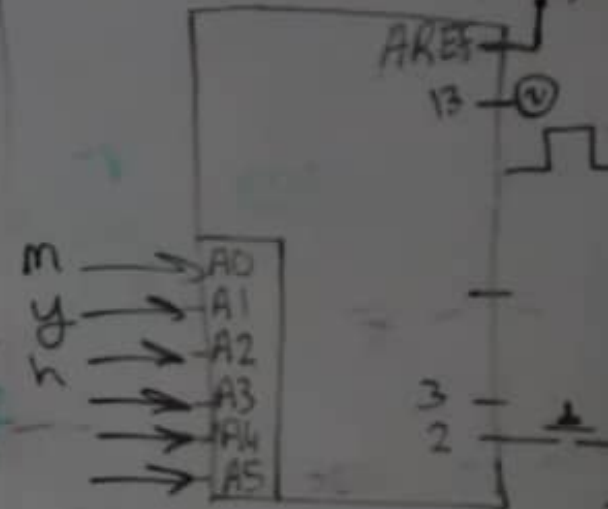
```

```

void pulse()
{
  mode++;
  if(mode>5)
    mode=0;
}

void loop()
{
  x = analogRead(inputPins[m]);
  digitalWrite(outPin, HIGH);
  delay(x/2);
  digitalWrite(outPin, LOW);
  delay(x/2);
}

```



int leds[3] = {9, 6, 7};

void IncreaseX

```
{ if (X == 0)
  else X++
}
```

void setup()

```
{ for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
  { pinMode(leds[i], OUTPUT);
  }
}
```

void loop()

```
{
  int dur
```

(int) dt = dur

→ {

int x0 = analogRead(0);

int x1 = ... (1);

int x2 = ... (2);

if (x0 > x1) digitalWrite(leds[0], HIGH);
if (x0 > x2) digitalWrite(leds[0], HIGH);
if (x1 > x2) digitalWrite(leds[1], HIGH);
if (x2 > x0) digitalWrite(leds[2], HIGH);