## **AIN SHAMSUNIVERSITY**

## **FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**

**Credit Hours Engineering Programs - CHEP** 

**Computer Engineering and Software Systems (CESS)** 

Mid Term Examination

Summer 2019 - Semester



Total Marks: 25 Marks

## **Embedded Systems Design - CSE 347**

The The Exam Consists of Five Questions in **One** Page

Question No. 1 [5 Points]

Discuss whether the following are hard, firm, or soft real - time systems:

- a. The Library of Congress print manuscript database system.
- b. A police database that provides information on stolen automobiles.
- c. An automatic teller machine in a shopping mall.
- d. A coin operated video game in some amusement park.
- e. A university grade processing system.

Question No. 2 [5 Points]

- a. A control system is measuring its feedback quantity at the rate of  $100~\mu$  s. Based on the measurement, a control command is computed by a heuristic algorithm that uses complex decision making. The new command becomes available  $27-54~\mu$  s (rather evenly distributed) after each sampling moment. This considerable jitter introduces harmful distortion to the controller output. How could you avoid (reduce) such a jitter? What (if any) are the drawbacks of your solution?
- b. Should an interrupt service routine be allowed to be interruptible? If it is, what are the consequences?

Question: 3 [5 Points]

- a. Consider priority preemptive system with 3 tasks t1, t2, t3, having execution times 40, 20, 30 and priorities 3,1,2 respectively (priority of level 1 is highest). They arrive at time instances 1,2,3 respectively. What is the time to complete task 1,2, 3?
- b. Calculate processor utilization and hyper-period for the following task set:

Task#	Exec. Time	Period
1	3	7
2	5	16
3	3	15

Question No. 4 [5 Points]

Consider a system of 4 tasks with the following table

Task #	Arrival time	Exec. Time
T1	5	7
T2	4	4
T3	2	1
T4	0	4

Using the shortest remaining time pre-emptive scheduling (where the schedule will always put the task with the shortest remaining execution tine first to the CPU) The scheduler will run up on a process arrives or finishes. Calculate the average turnaround time of the processes. Turnaround time is defined as the total time of a process from its arrival until it finishes.

Question No. 5 [5 Points]

Assume the following values for the ADC, the clock frequency = 1 MHz; The reference voltage is 10.23 V and a 10-bits output. Determine the following values.

- a. The digital equivalent obtained for an input V = 3.728 V.
- b. The resolution of this converter
- c. determine the approximate range of analog input voltages that will produce the same digital result obtained in (a)

مع أطيب أمنياتنا بالتوفيق والنجاح

## Examination Committee:

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