

Section (3) :

Mechatronics Design

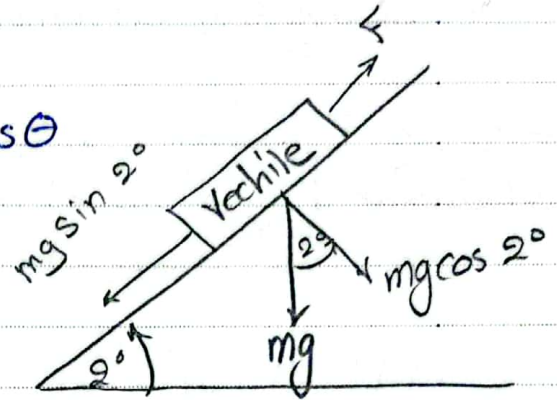
* لمبدأ الميكانيكا

Question (2) :-
 $2F = ma.$

$$F = 8 \times 9.81 \sin \theta - 8 \times 9.81 \times 0.01 \cos \theta$$

$$= 8 \text{ Kg} \times \frac{0.5 \text{ m/sec}}{1 \text{ sec.}}$$

$F =$ linear force on body.



$$\text{Torque} = F \times r$$

أو بالمعادلة $\text{Torque} = I \alpha$ حيث I هي عزم القصور الذاتي Inertia.

Traction Limit for wheel → الحد الأقصى للجر

Friction معين يسبق وسرعة الجهد عند نقطة التماس
 عند نقطة التماس فسرقة لوال friction أقل

Torque not exceed Friction torque (dynamic friction Coefficient)

حينئذ الـ Torque يجب أن يكون أقل من Torque الـ Friction بين العجلات، إلخ

rolling coefficient very small relative to dynamic coefficient

$$\mu_d = 0.1, 0.2$$

$$\text{Normal} \times \mu_d \times r > \text{torque on wheel.}$$

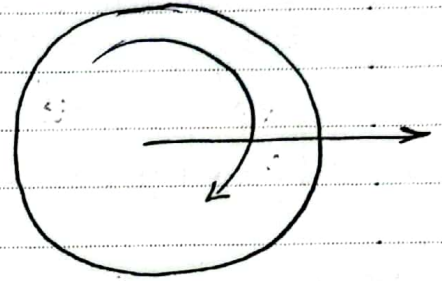
driven wheel ← الـ wheel weight الـ wheel

← عجلة و strap لها قوة
 "Mobile Robot"

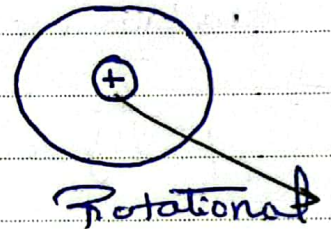
NOTE

if inertia of wheel is given / mass of wheel.
 Inertia of wheel = $\frac{1}{2} m r^2$

خذ الجزء linear
 Rotational
 الجزء الآخر



mass linear
 في 8+0.5
 Rotational
 mass effective
 Hint

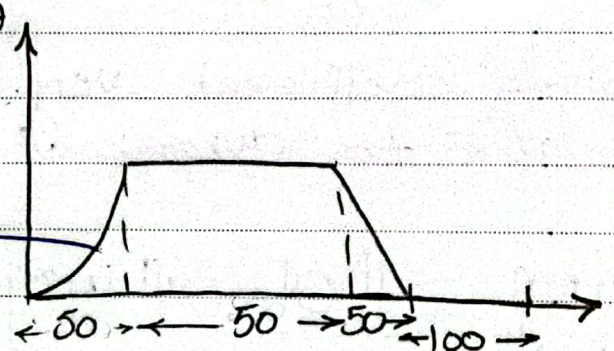


Derived Equation :-

$\rightarrow 8 + m_{\text{wheel}} L + \frac{I_{\text{wheel}}}{r^2}$
 translational \rightarrow rotational

Question (4):

Cycle time \rightarrow dwell.
 Motion (move) time \rightarrow dwell.



exponential
 قال أول
 عشان كذا الرسم بالأسفل

inertia of motor
 Load.
 Assuming

$$J_{\text{motor}} = 0.1 J_{\text{load}}$$

η not given \rightarrow Assuming efficiency 100%.

$$\Theta = \int_0^{50} (K e^{10t} - K) dt + \Theta_{\max}(50) + \frac{1}{2} \Theta_{\max} \times 50$$

$$I_1 = \left[\frac{K e^{10t}}{10} - Kt \right]_0^{50} = \frac{K e^{10t}}{10} - Kt_1 - \frac{K}{10}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} = I_1 + (t_2 - t_1) \times [K e^{10t} - K] + \frac{1}{2} (t_3 - t_2) [K e^{10t} - K]$$

rise time. 1 line phase is $\frac{1}{2}$ height of 1st

$$J_{\text{eff}} = \frac{J_{\text{load}}}{\eta N^2} + \frac{1}{2} m r^2$$

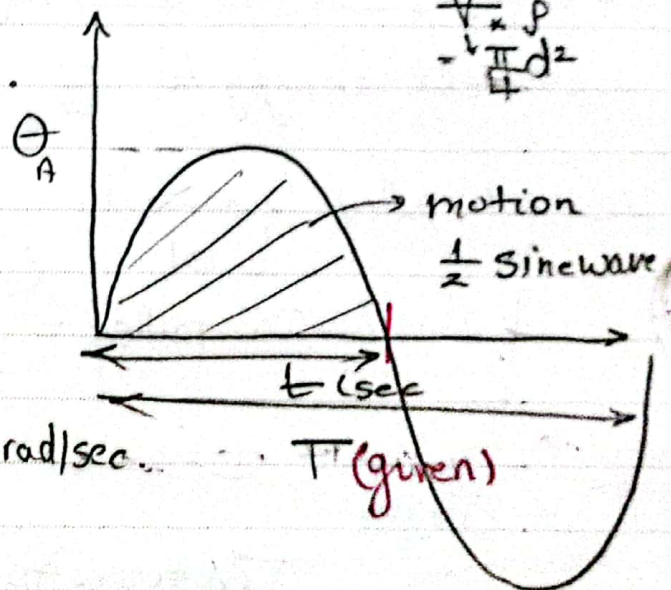
5 Question(s) :-

$$\dot{\Theta}(t) = \Theta_A \sin\left(\frac{2\pi t}{T}\right)$$

period of sine totally.

$$\frac{3\pi}{2} = \int_0^T \dot{\Theta} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi t}{T}\right) dt$$

$$\dot{\Theta} = 6.2 \text{ rad/sec}$$



$$T_m - T_{\text{damping}} = I_{\text{total}} \ddot{\Theta}$$

$$\frac{C \dot{\Theta}}{\eta N} = I_{\text{motor}} + I_{\text{eff}}$$

$$\frac{W_{\text{motor}}}{W_{\text{load}}} = 2$$

$$I_{\text{cylinder}} = \frac{1}{2} m r^2$$