# The exam is composed of 6 questions in one page (The mark of each question is (20) marks)

## Part (1): Answer two questions only

- 1) a) Show that the function:  $u(x,y) = \sin 2x \cosh 2y + 6x 4y + 5$  is harmonic and find it's corresponding analytic function f(z) = u + iv. Find f'(z). b) Find all values of z such that: i)  $e^{z-1} = ie^3$  (4) and ii)  $z = (1+i)^{(1+i)}$  (4)
- 2) a) Find all Laurent series for the function:  $f(z) = \frac{5z+6}{z^2+z-12}$  in the domains.

- ii) 3 < |z| < 4
- iii) |z| > 4
- b) Evaluate the following integrals: i)  $\oint_C \frac{1}{(z-2)^2(z-4)} dz$ , where C: First. The rectangle defined by x = 1, x = 6, y = -2, y = 2. Second. The circle |z| = 3.
  - ii)  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2+1)(x^2+9)} \quad \left( \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2+1)(x^2+9)} \right)$
- $J_{-\infty}(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 9)$ 3)a) Find all values of z such that (i)  $\cos 2z = 20i$  and (ii)  $(1 i)^{2i}$ .
  - b) Evaluate the following integrals: i)  $\oint_c (2z^3 + 5z^2 + 4) e^{\frac{2}{z}} dz c$ : |z| = 1, ii)  $\oint_c \frac{e^{2z}}{z^3 + 2z^2} dz c$ : |z| = 3
    - iii) If c is the circle |z| = 5 and  $g(z_0) = \oint \frac{z^3 + 2z^2 + 6}{(z z_0)^2} dz$  Find a) g(2i) b) g(4 + 5i)

### Part (2): Answer two questions only

- 4)a) Evaluate the following integral:  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{-\ln(x)}}$ 
  - b) Find the series solution of : 2y'' + xy' 4y = 0, near x = 0.
  - c) Evaluate the following integral:  $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x} + x^{3/2}}$ , use substitution  $t = \frac{1}{1+x}$
- 5)a) Use LaPlace transform to solve the IVP:  $ty'' y' = t^2$ , y(0) = 0
  - b) Evaluate the following integral :  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(5t)}{te^{5t}} dt$ , use LaPlace transform.
  - c) Sketch the graph of the function:  $f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin(t) & \text{; } 0 < t < 2\pi \\ 0 & \text{; } \pi < t < 2\pi \end{cases}$ , period  $2\pi$ .
- 6)a) Find  $f(t) = L^{-1} \left( \frac{1 e^{-2s} + 2\tilde{e}^{3s} 2e^{-5s}}{s^2} \right)$  and sketch the function f(t).
  - b) Solve the integral equation:  $\int_0^t \frac{y(u)}{\sqrt{t-u}} du = 1 + t + t^2$ .

**End of Exam** 

Good Luck



Ain Shams University Faculty of Engineering Eng. Physics & Math. Department



Total mark (70)

Engineering Math (PHM 663) Fall 2022-2023

Allowed Time: 2 Hrs.

# The exam is composed of 6 questions in one page (The mark of each question is (20) marks)

### Part (1): Answer two questions only

- 1) a) Show that the function:  $u(x, y) = e^{2x} \cos 2y + 6x 3y + 15$  is harmonic and find it's corresponding analytic function f(z) = u + iv. Find f'(z).
  - b) Find all values of z such that: i)  $e^{2z+3i} = 10i$
- ii)  $z = (3 3i)^{2i}$
- 2)a) Find all Laurent series for the function :  $f(z) = \frac{8z-6}{z^2-4z-21}$  in different domains.
  - b) Evaluate the following integrals: (i)  $\oint_C \frac{\cosh(2z)}{z^3 2z^2} dz$ , where C: |z| = 3 and (ii)  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2 + 9)(x^2 + 4)}$ .
  - c) If  $(z_0) = \oint_C \frac{z^2 + 3z}{(z z_0)^2} dz$ , find H(2i) and H(5 + i), where C: |z| = 4.
- 3)a) Find the image of (i) y = 2x and (ii)  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x = 0$  under the transformation  $w = \frac{1}{z}$ .

Discuss the details of your work.

b) Evaluate the following integrals: i)  $\oint_{|z|=1} (2z^3 + 3z^2 + 1) e^{\frac{3}{2}} dz$ , ii)  $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(x^2+4)^2} and$  iii)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{5+4\cos(\theta)}$ 

#### Part (2): Answer two questions only

- 4)a) Evaluate the following integral:  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{-\ln(x)}}$ 
  - b) Find the series solution of: 2y'' + xy' 4y = 0, near x = 0.
  - c) Evaluate the following integral:  $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x} + x^{3/2}}$ , use substitution  $t = \frac{1}{1+x}$
- 5)a) Use LaPlace transform to solve the IVP:  $ty'' y' = t^2$ , y(0) = 0
  - b) Evaluate the following integral :  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(5t)}{te^{5t}} dt$ , use LaPlace transform.
  - c) Sketch the graph of the function:  $f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin(t) & \text{; } 0 < t < 2\pi \\ 0 & \text{; } \pi < t < 2\pi \end{cases}$ , period  $2\pi$ .
- 6)a) Find  $f(t) = L^{-1} \left( \frac{1 e^{-2s} + 2e^{3s} 2e^{-5s}}{s^2} \right)$  and sketch the function f(t).
  - b) Solve the integral equation:  $\int_0^t \frac{y(u)}{\sqrt{t-u}} \ du = 1 + t + t^2.$

End of Exam

Good Luck