

## *QUESTION 1*

### ***bugs***

--1-Missing commas between columns:

--PATIENT\_MED\_ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY -- missing comma after this line

--PATIENT\_ID NUMBER REFERENCES PATIENT(ID)

--2-MED\_NAME should be NOT NULL (currently optional).

--3-DOSE\_MG CHECK syntax is wrong. It should be:

--DOSE\_MG NUMBER(6,2) CHECK (DOSE\_MG >= 0)

--4 CK\_RX\_DATES CHECK clause syntax is invalid:

---CHECK (START\_DT <= END\_DT WHEN BOTH NOT NULL) -- wrong

---CHECK (START\_DT IS NULL OR END\_DT IS NULL OR START\_DT <= END\_DT)

---

-- Use schema

ALTER SESSION SET CURRENT\_SCHEMA = HEALTHNET;

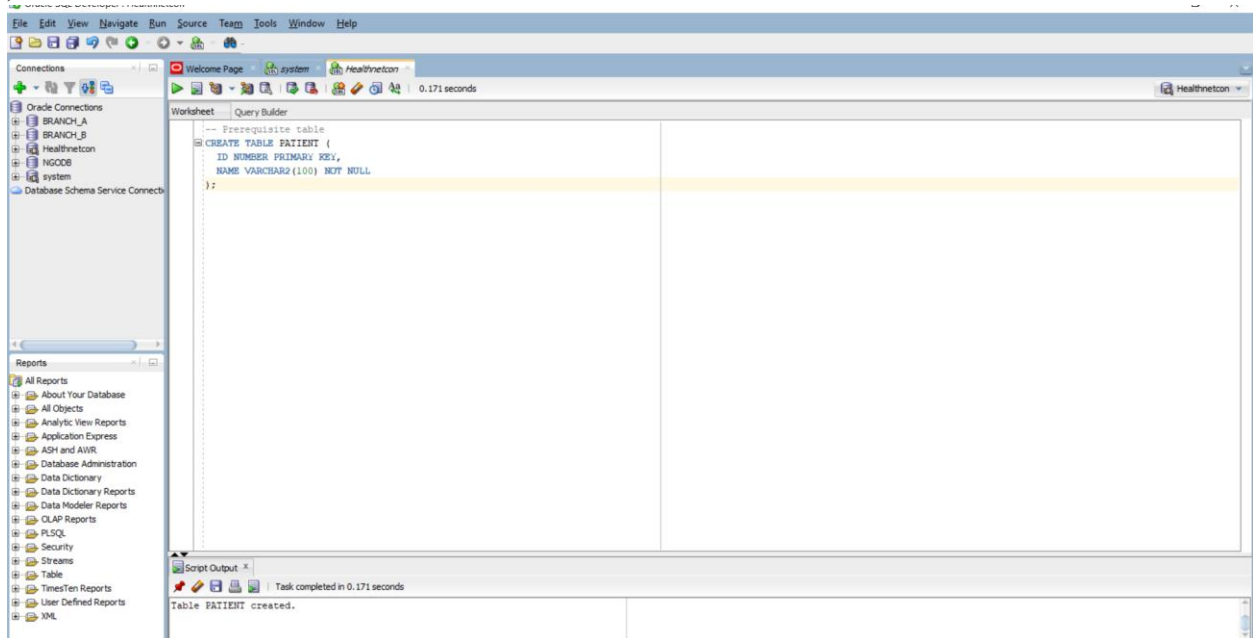
-- Prerequisite table

CREATE TABLE PATIENT (

    ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,

    NAME VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL

);



-- Corrected PATIENT\_MED table

CREATE TABLE PATIENT\_MED (

PATIENT\_MED\_ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, -- unique id

PATIENT\_ID NUMBER NOT NULL REFERENCES PATIENT(ID), -- must reference an existing patient

MED\_NAME VARCHAR2(80) NOT NULL, -- mandatory field

DOSE\_MG NUMBER(6,2) CHECK (DOSE\_MG >= 0), -- non-negative dose

START\_DT DATE,

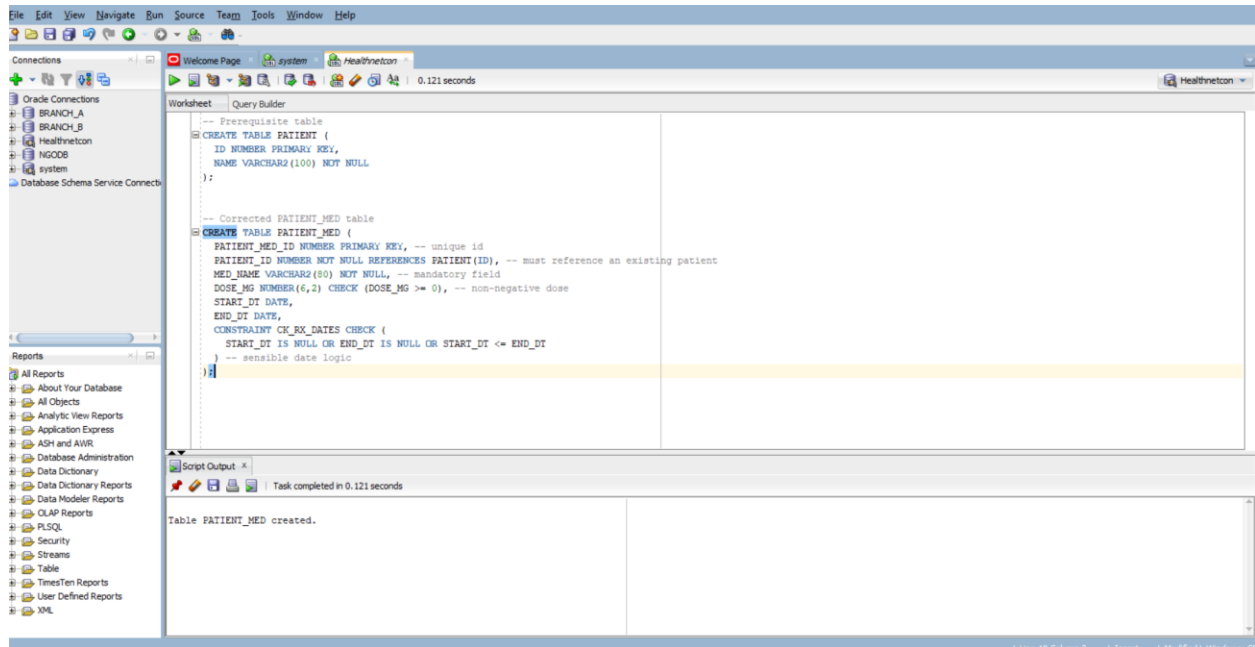
END\_DT DATE,

CONSTRAINT CK\_RX\_DATES CHECK (

START\_DT IS NULL OR END\_DT IS NULL OR START\_DT <= END\_DT

) -- sensible date logic

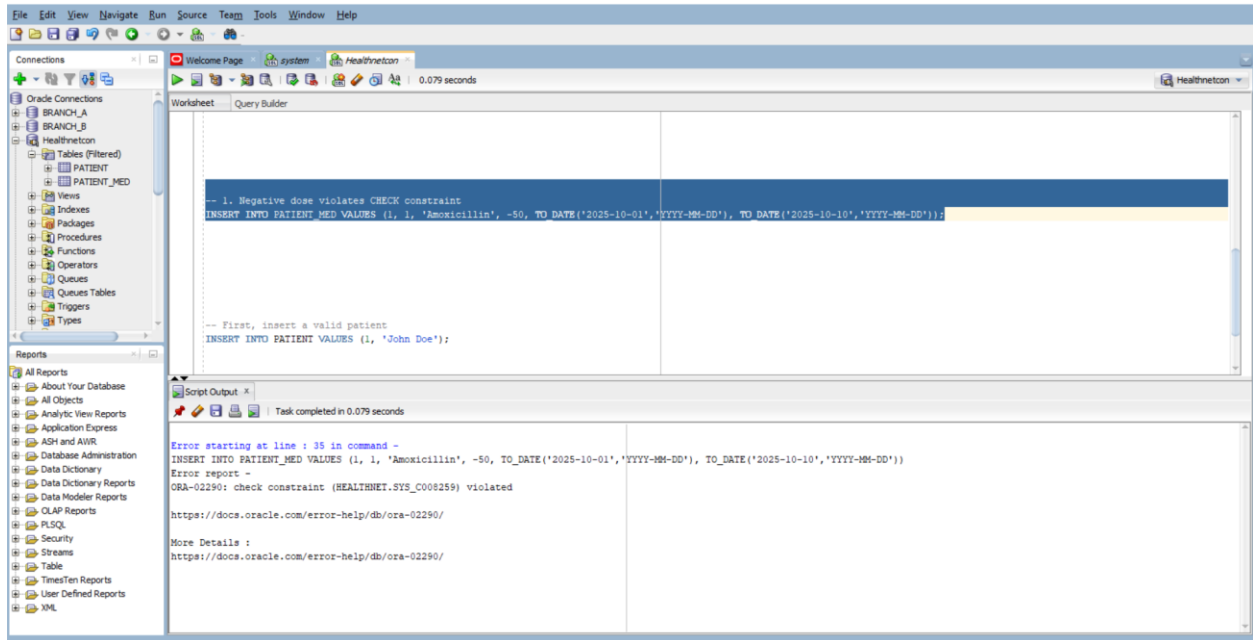
);



## *Failing Inserts*

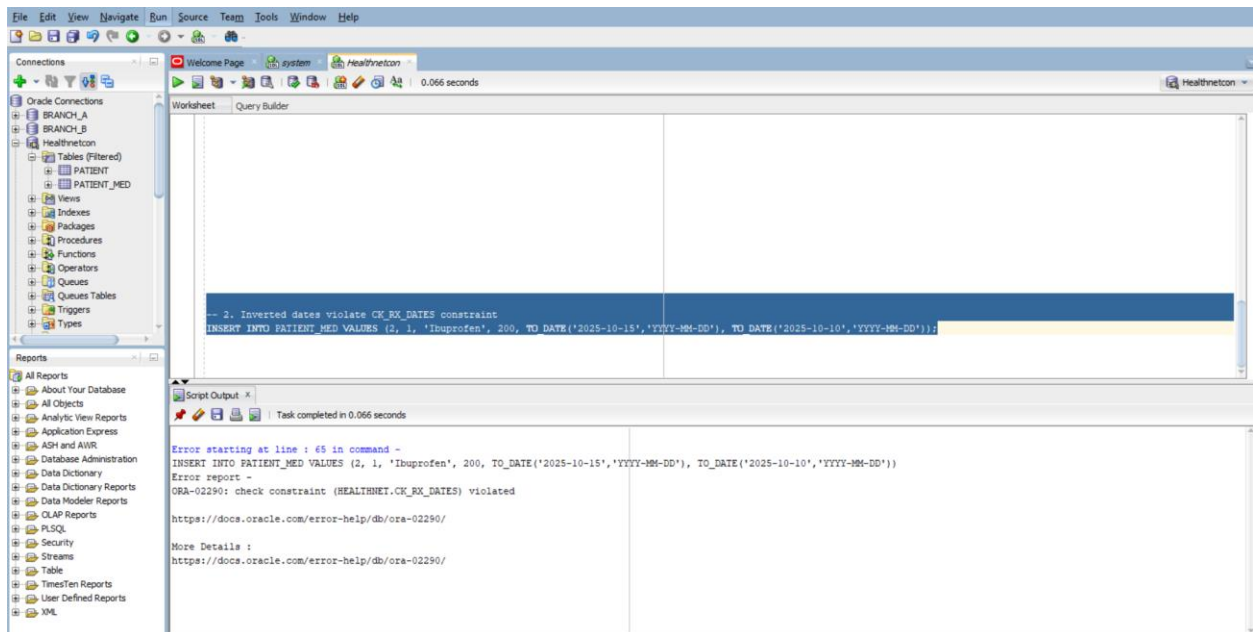
-- 1. Negative dose violates CHECK constraint

```
INSERT INTO PATIENT_MED VALUES (1, 1, 'Amoxicillin', -50, TO_DATE('2025-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_DATE('2025-10-10','YYYY-MM-DD'));
```



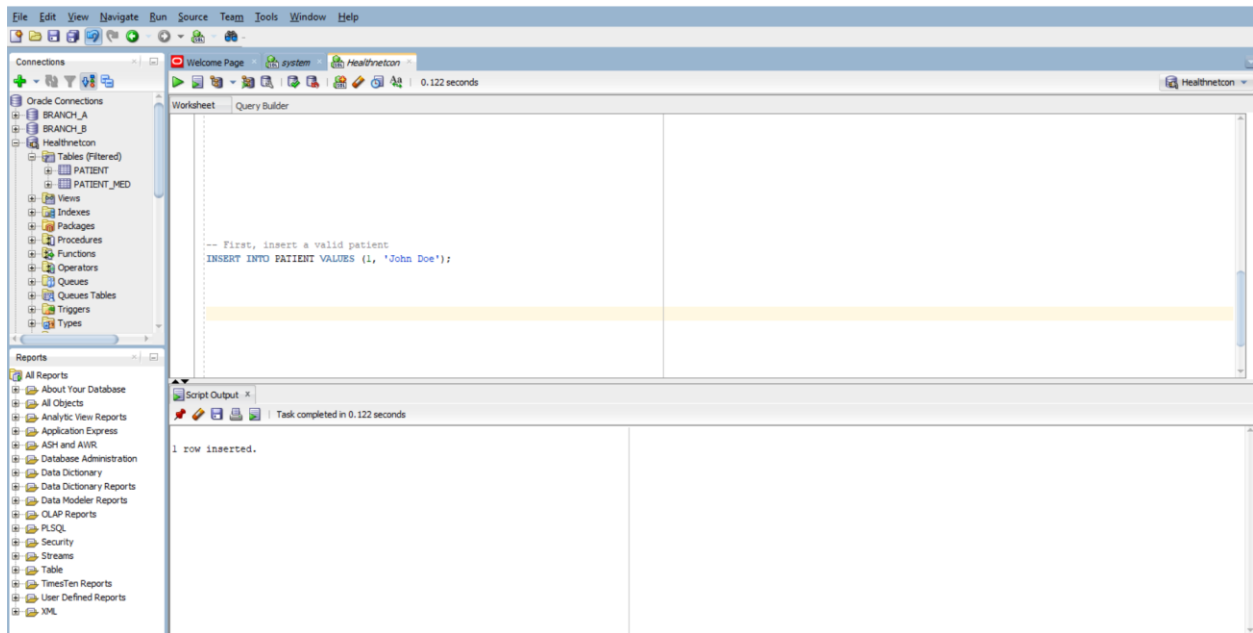
-- 2. Inverted dates violate CK\_RX\_DATES constraint

INSERT INTO PATIENT\_MED VALUES (2, 1, 'Ibuprofen', 200, TO\_DATE('2025-12-31','YYYY-MM-DD'), TO\_DATE('2025-10-12','YYYY-MM-DD'));



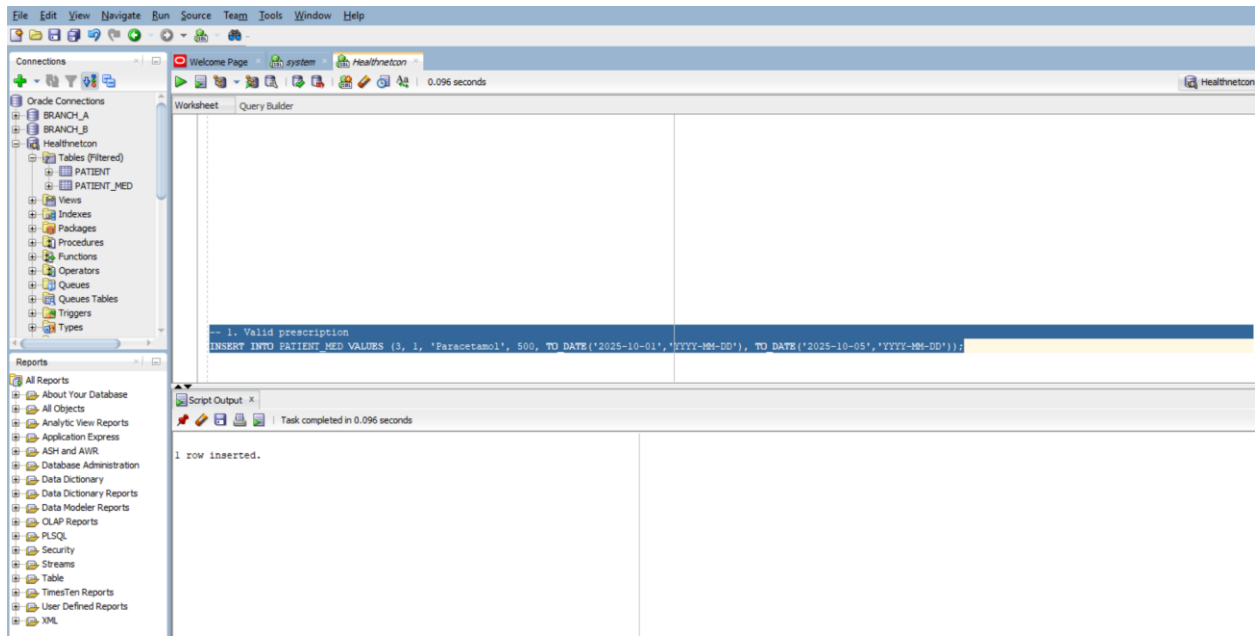
-- First, insert a valid patient

```
INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES (1, 'John Doe');
```



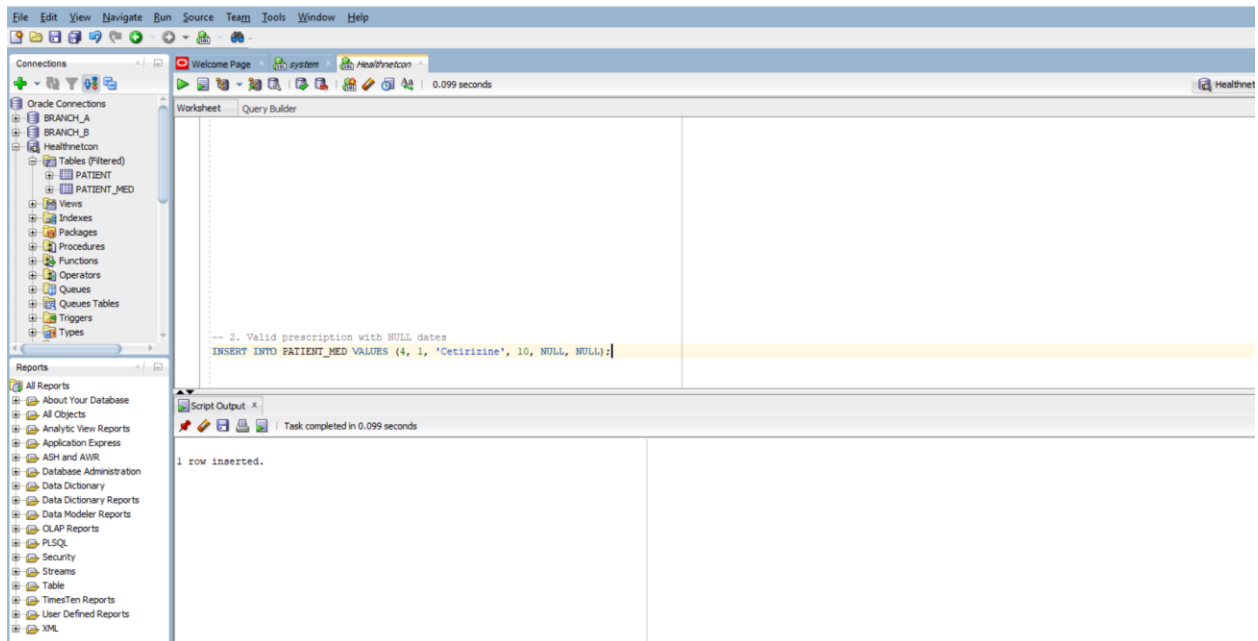
-- 1. Valid prescription

```
INSERT INTO PATIENT_MED VALUES (3, 1, 'Paracetamol', 500, TO_DATE('2025-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_DATE('2025-10-05','YYYY-MM-DD'));
```

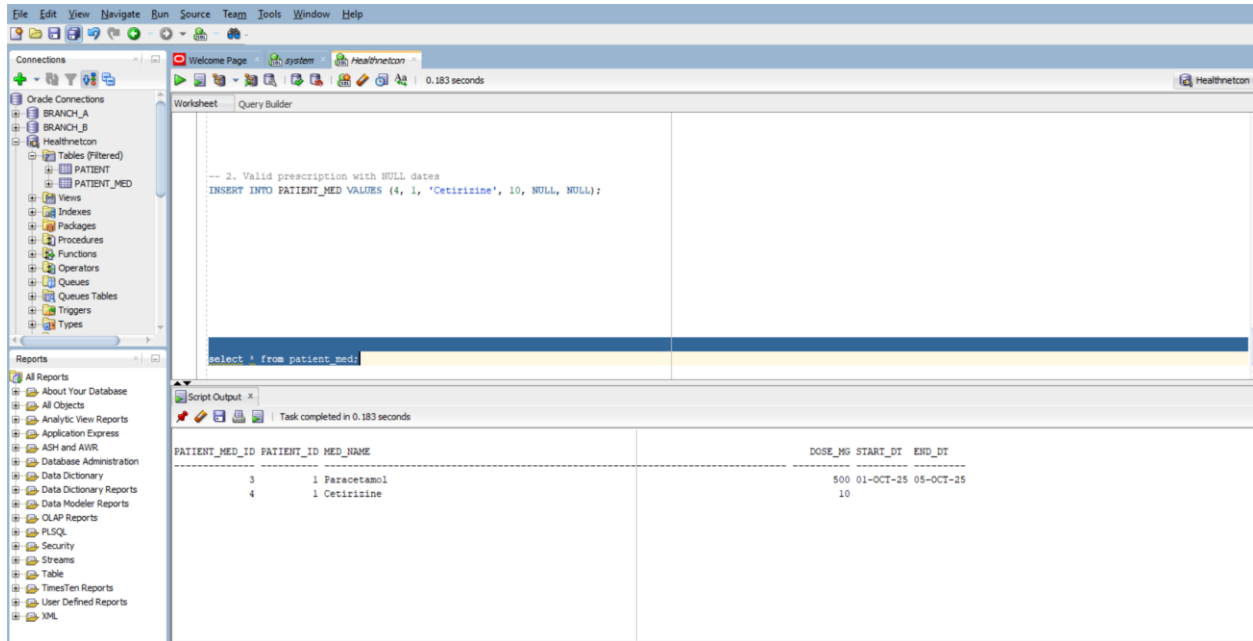


-- 2. Valid prescription with NULL dates

INSERT INTO PATIENT\_MED VALUES (4, 1, 'Cetirizine', 10, NULL, NULL);



select \* from patient\_med;



Buggy Code	Correction	Explanation
No commas between column definitions	Added commas between each column definition	SQL requires commas to separate columns in a CREATE TABLE statement
MED_NAME VARCHAR2(80)	MED_NAME VARCHAR2(80) NOT NULL	Ensures MED_NAME is mandatory
DOSE_MG NUMBER(6,2) CHECK DOSE_MG >= 0	DOSE_MG NUMBER(6,2) CHECK (DOSE_MG >= 0)	CHECK constraints must be enclosed in parentheses
CHECK (START_DT <= END_DT WHEN BOTH NOT NULL)	CHECK (START_DT IS NULL OR END_DT IS NULL OR START_DT <= END_DT)	SQL doesn't support "WHEN BOTH NOT NULL"; use logical OR to allow NULLs
PATIENT_ID NUMBER REFERENCES PATIENT(ID)	PATIENT_ID NUMBER NOT NULL REFERENCES PATIENT(ID)	Ensures foreign key is mandatory

Correct Compound Trigger: TRG\_BILL\_TOTAL\_CMP: it updates BILL.TOTAL once per statement and logs changes into BILL\_AUDIT, avoiding mutating-table errors and redundant updates.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER TRG_BILL_TOTAL_STMT
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON BILL_ITEM
DECLARE
    TYPE bill_id_table IS TABLE OF BILL_ITEM.BILL_ID%TYPE INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER;
    v_bill_ids bill_id_table;
    v_index PLS_INTEGER := 0;
BEGIN
    -- Collect affected BILL_IDs
    FOR r IN (
        SELECT DISTINCT BILL_ID FROM BILL_ITEM
        WHERE BILL_ID IS NOT NULL
    ) LOOP
        v_index := v_index + 1;
        v_bill_ids(v_index) := r.BILL_ID;
    END LOOP;

    -- Recompute totals and insert audit rows
    FOR i IN 1 .. v_index LOOP
        DECLARE
            v_old_total BILL.TOTAL%TYPE;
            v_new_total BILL.TOTAL%TYPE;
        BEGIN
            SELECT TOTAL INTO v_old_total FROM BILL WHERE ID = v_bill_ids(i);

            SELECT NVL(SUM(AMOUNT), 0) INTO v_new_total FROM BILL_ITEM WHERE BILL_ID =
v_bill_ids(i);

```



```
UPDATE BILL SET TOTAL = v_new_total WHERE ID = v_bill_ids(i);
```

```
INSERT INTO BILL_AUDIT (BILL_ID, OLD_TOTAL, NEW_TOTAL, CHANGED_AT)
```

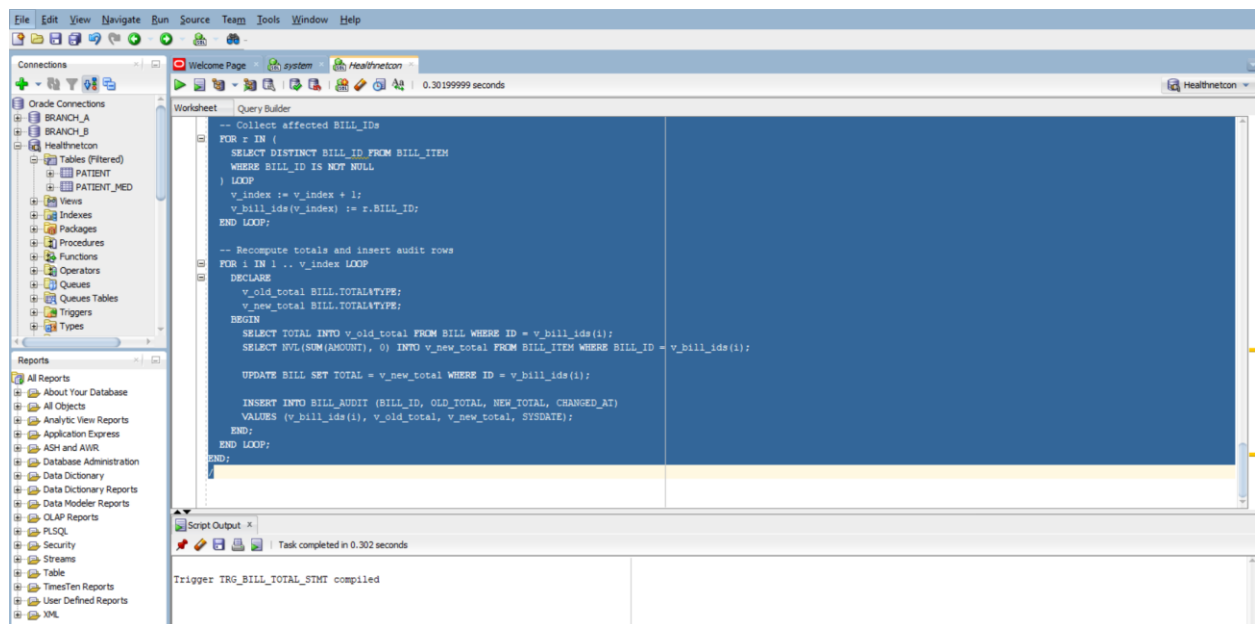
```
VALUES (v_bill_ids(i), v_old_total, v_new_total, SYSDATE);
```

```
END;
```

```
END LOOP;
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

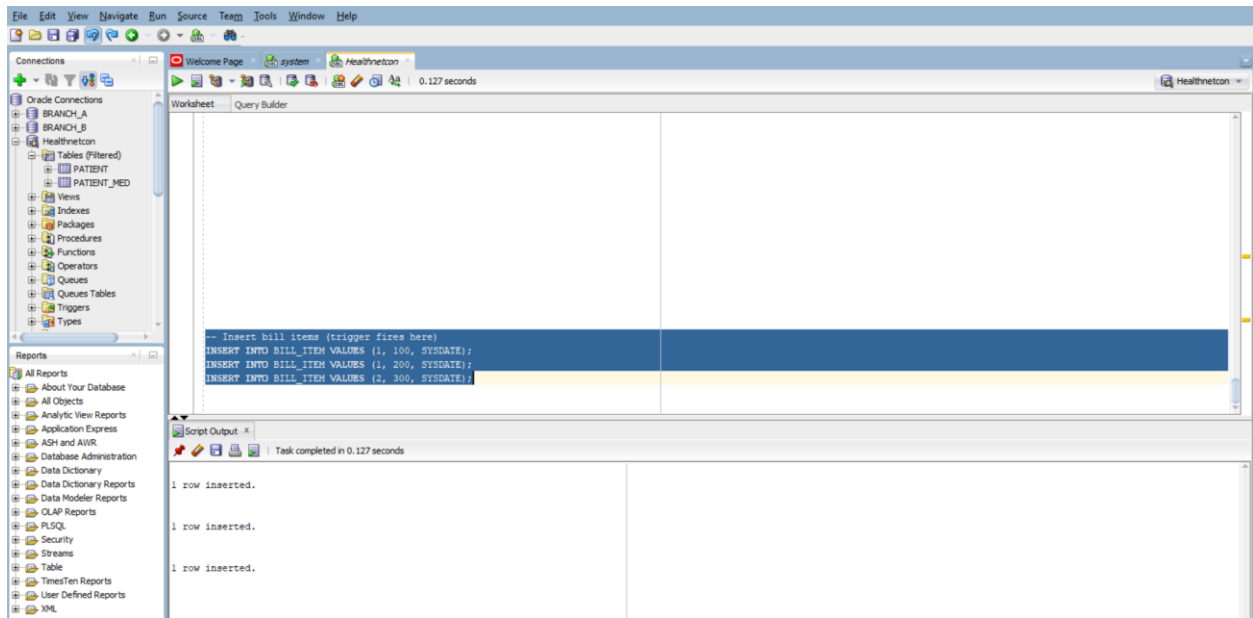


```
-- Insert bill items (trigger fires here)
```

```
INSERT INTO BILL_ITEM VALUES (1, 100, SYSDATE);
```

```
INSERT INTO BILL_ITEM VALUES (1, 200, SYSDATE);
```

```
INSERT INTO BILL_ITEM VALUES (2, 300, SYSDATE);
```

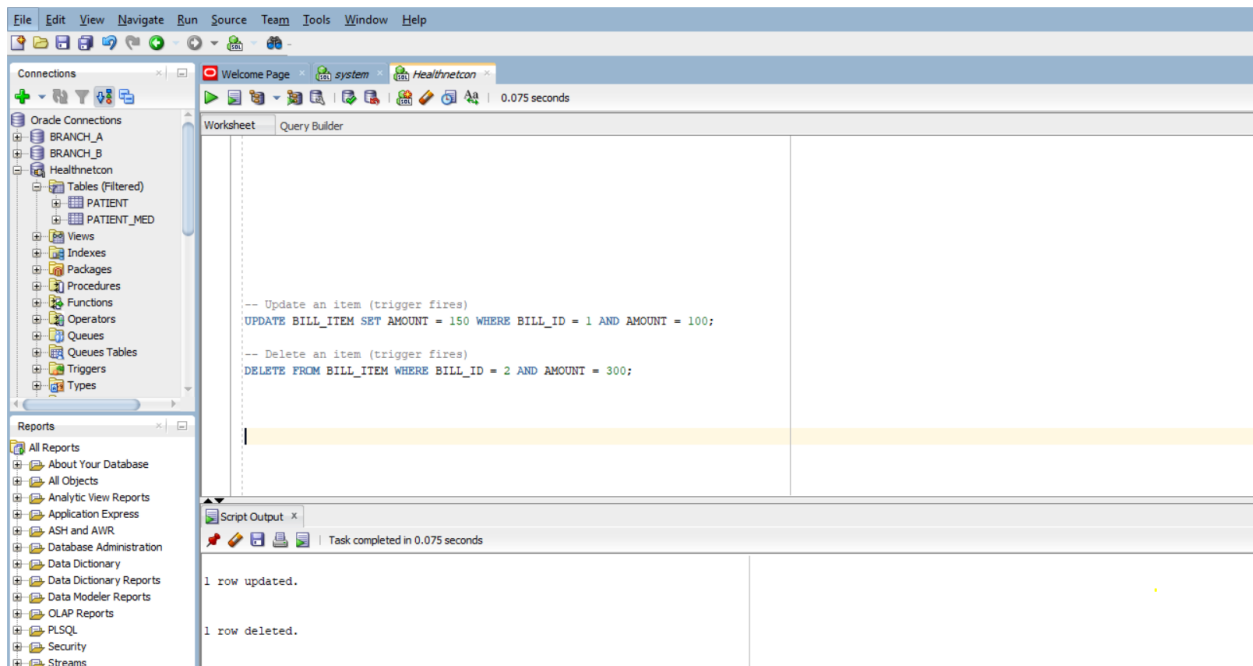


-- Update an item (trigger fires)

UPDATE BILL\_ITEM SET AMOUNT = 150 WHERE BILL\_ID = 1 AND AMOUNT = 100;

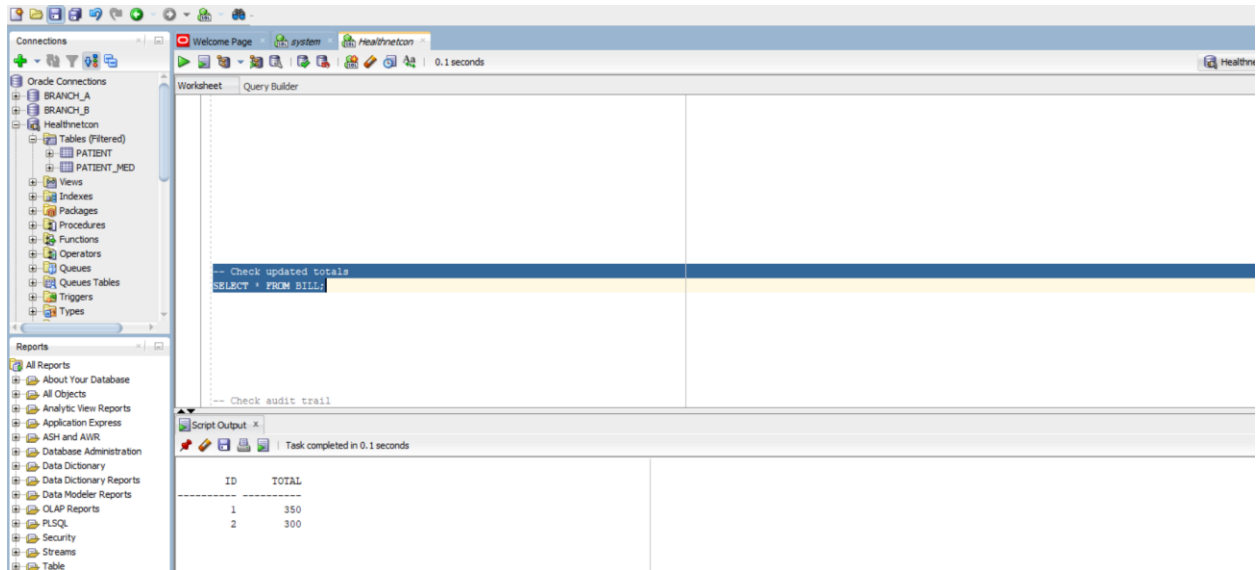
-- Delete an item (trigger fires)

DELETE FROM BILL\_ITEM WHERE BILL\_ID = 2 AND AMOUNT = 300;



-- Check updated totals

SELECT \* FROM BILL;



-- Check audit trail

SELECT \* FROM BILL\_AUDIT ORDER BY CHANGED\_AT;

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The 'Connections' pane on the left lists the 'Healthnetcon' connection. The 'Query Builder' pane in the center contains the following SQL query:

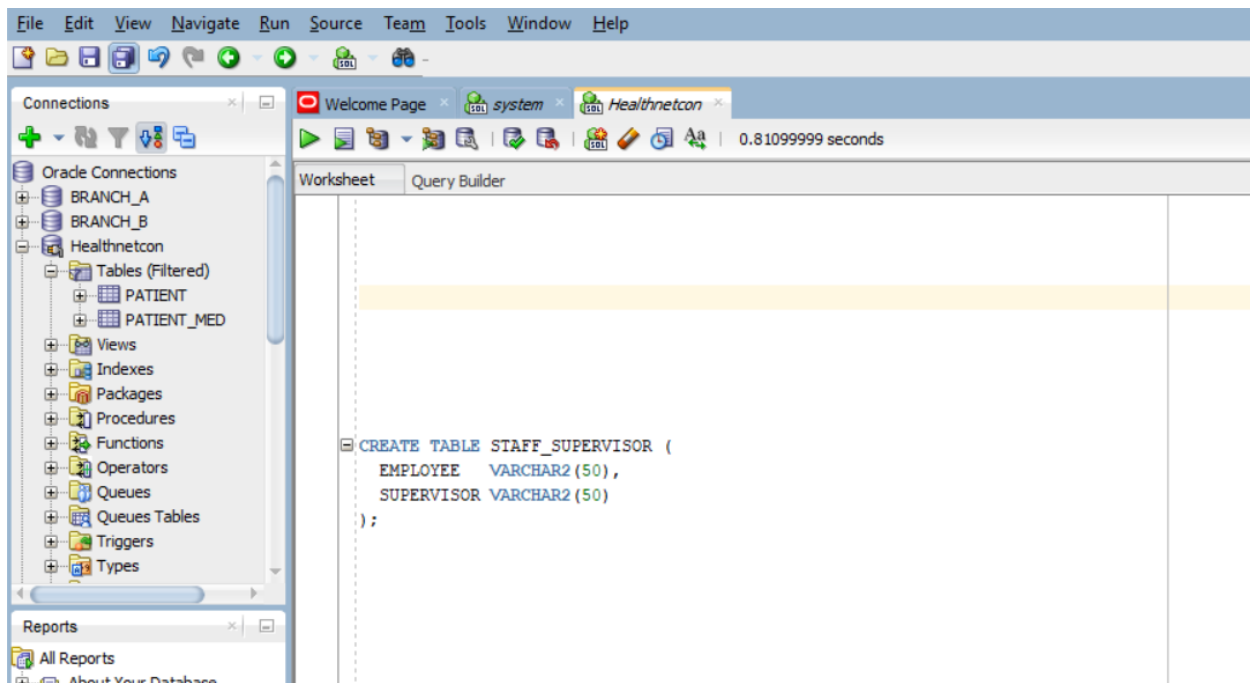
```
-- Check audit trail
SELECT * FROM BILL_AUDIT ORDER BY CHANGED_AT;
```

The 'Script Output' pane at the bottom displays the execution results, indicating 'Task completed in 0.1 seconds' and '7 rows selected.' The results are shown in a table with the following columns: BILL\_ID, OLD\_TOTAL, NEW\_TOTAL, and CHANGED\_A.

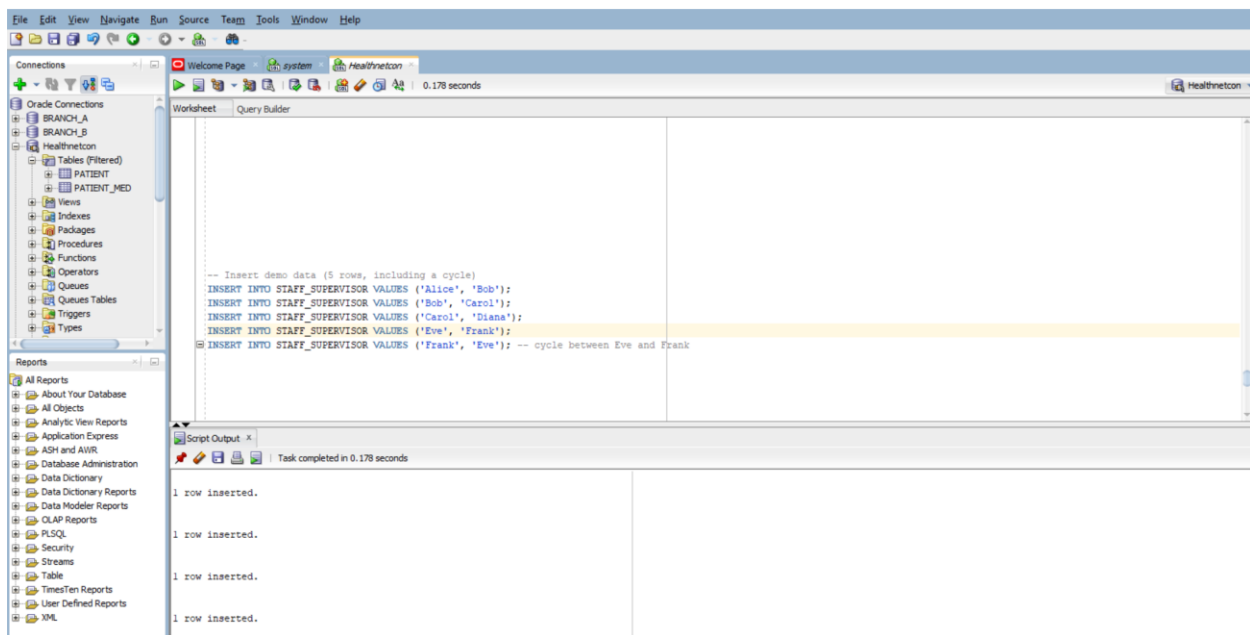
BILL_ID	OLD_TOTAL	NEW_TOTAL	CHANGED_A
1	0	100	28-OCT-25
1	100	300	28-OCT-25
1	300	300	28-OCT-25
2	0	300	28-OCT-25
1	300	350	28-OCT-25
2	300	300	28-OCT-25
1	350	350	28-OCT-25

- BILL.TOTAL for ID 1 should reflect the sum of its items (e.g.,  $150 + 200 = 350$ ).
- BILL.TOTAL for ID 2 should be 0 after deletion.
- BILL\_AUDIT should show old and new totals for each change.

3.



## Inserting rows

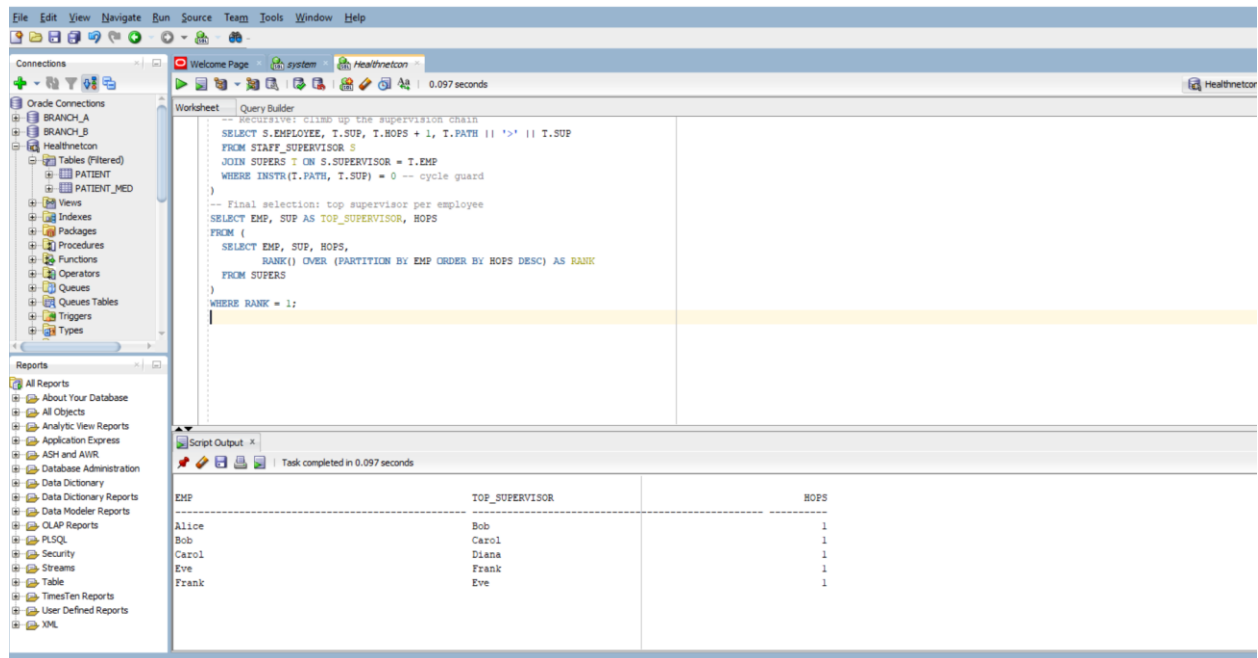


-- Corrected recursive query

```

WITH SUPERS (EMP, SUP, HOPS, PATH) AS (
  -- Anchor: start with direct supervision, hop count = 1
  SELECT EMPLOYEE, SUPERVISOR, 1, EMPLOYEE || '>' || SUPERVISOR
  FROM STAFF_SUPERVISOR
  UNION ALL
  -- Recursive: climb up the supervision chain
  SELECT S.EMPLOYEE, T.SUP, T.HOPS + 1, T.PATH || '>' || T.SUP
  FROM STAFF_SUPERVISOR S
  JOIN SUPERS T ON S.SUPERVISOR = T.EMP
  WHERE INSTR(T.PATH, T.SUP) = 0 -- cycle guard
)
-- Final selection: top supervisor per employee
SELECT EMP, SUP AS TOP_SUPERVISOR, HOPS
FROM (
  SELECT EMP, SUP, HOPS,
         RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY EMP ORDER BY HOPS DESC) AS RANK
  FROM SUPERS
)
WHERE RANK = 1;

```



Bug	Fix
Anchor hop count was 0	Set to 1 to reflect first supervision step
Join direction was reversed	Corrected to climb up: S.SUPERVISOR = T.EMP
Cycle guard was naive	Improved with INSTR(PATH, T.SUP) = 0
Scalar subquery with MAX(HOPS or the <b>number of steps</b> it takes to reach an employee's <b>top supervisor</b> by following the chain of supervision)	Replaced with RANK() analytic function for clarity and correctness

Diana

└─ Carol

└─ Bob

└─ Alice

Eve ↔ Frank (cycle)

QUESTION 4 :

**bugs**

--The direction of recursion is wrong:

--CHILD/ANCESTOR are reversed in recursion.

--The base case starts from CHILD but should start from ANCESTOR.

--The final filter compares the wrong column (ISA.CHILD = 'InfectiousDisease'), it should be  
ISA.ANCESTOR = 'InfectiousDisease'.

-

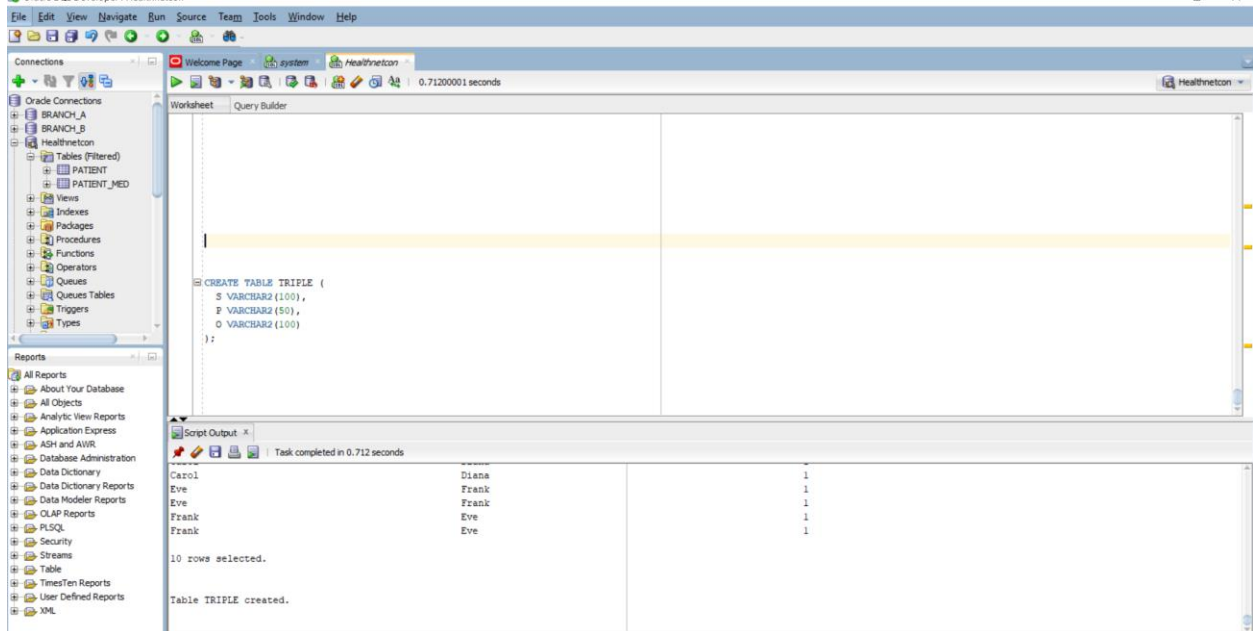
CREATE TABLE TRIPLE (

S VARCHAR2(100),

P VARCHAR2(50),

O VARCHAR2(100)

);



-- Patient diagnoses

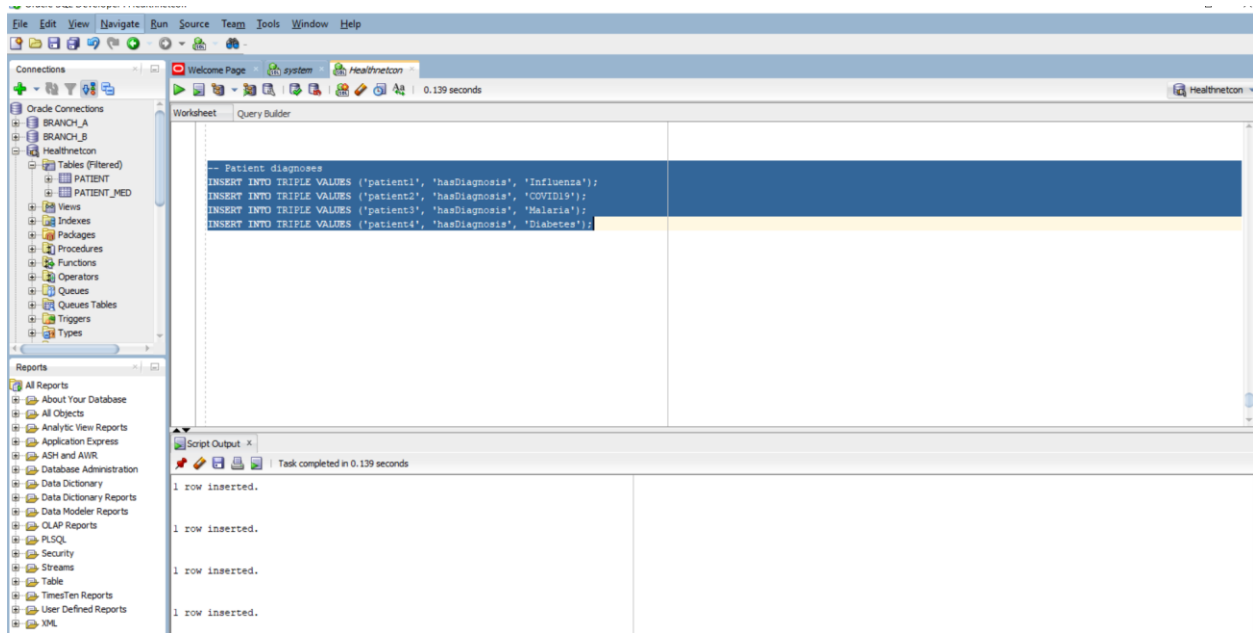
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('patient1', 'hasDiagnosis', 'Influenza');



```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('patient2', 'hasDiagnosis', 'COVID19');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('patient3', 'hasDiagnosis', 'Malaria');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('patient4', 'hasDiagnosis', 'Diabetes');
```



```
-- Taxonomy edges
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('Influenza', 'isA', 'ViralInfection');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('COVID19', 'isA', 'ViralInfection');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('Malaria', 'isA', 'ParasiticInfection');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('ViralInfection', 'isA', 'InfectiousDisease');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('ParasiticInfection', 'isA', 'InfectiousDisease');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('Diabetes', 'isA', 'ChronicDisease');
```

```
Check inserted rows;
```

```
select * from triple;
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The left pane displays the 'Connections' tree with 'Healthnetcon' selected. The main workspace shows a query in the 'Query Builder' tab:

```
SELECT * FROM triple;
```

The 'Script Output' pane at the bottom shows the results of the query, which is a table with three columns: S, P, and O. The results are as follows:

S	P	O
patient1	hasDiagnosis	Influenza
patient2	hasDiagnosis	COVID19
patient3	hasDiagnosis	Malaria
patient4	hasDiagnosis	Diabetes
Influenza	isA	ViralInfection
COVID19	isA	ViralInfection
Malaria	isA	ParasiticInfection
ViralInfection	isA	InfectiousDisease
ParasiticInfection	isA	InfectiousDisease
Diabetes	isA	ChronicDisease

The 'Script Output' pane also indicates '10 rows selected.'

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The left pane displays the 'Connections' tree with 'Healthnetcon' selected. The main workspace shows a script in the 'Query Builder' tab:

```
-- IsA(ANCESTOR, CHILD) AS (
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('Influenza', 'isA', 'ViralInfection');
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('COVID19', 'isA', 'ViralInfection');
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('Malaria', 'isA', 'ParasiticInfection');
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('ViralInfection', 'isA', 'InfectiousDisease');
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('ParasiticInfection', 'isA', 'InfectiousDisease');
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('Diabetes', 'isA', 'ChronicDisease');
```

The 'Script Output' pane at the bottom shows the results of the script, which is a table with one column: S. The results are as follows:

S
1 row inserted.
1 row inserted.
1 row inserted.
1 row inserted.

The 'Script Output' pane also indicates 'Task completed in 0.104 seconds.'

WITH ISA(ANCESTOR, CHILD) AS (

-- Anchor: direct isA relationships

SELECT O, S FROM TRIPLE WHERE P = 'isA'

UNION ALL

-- Recursive: climb up the taxonomy

SELECT I.ANCESTOR, T.S

FROM TRIPLE T

JOIN ISA I ON T.P = 'isA' AND T.O = I.CHILD

),

INFECTIOUS\_PATIENTS AS (

SELECT DISTINCT T.S

FROM TRIPLE T

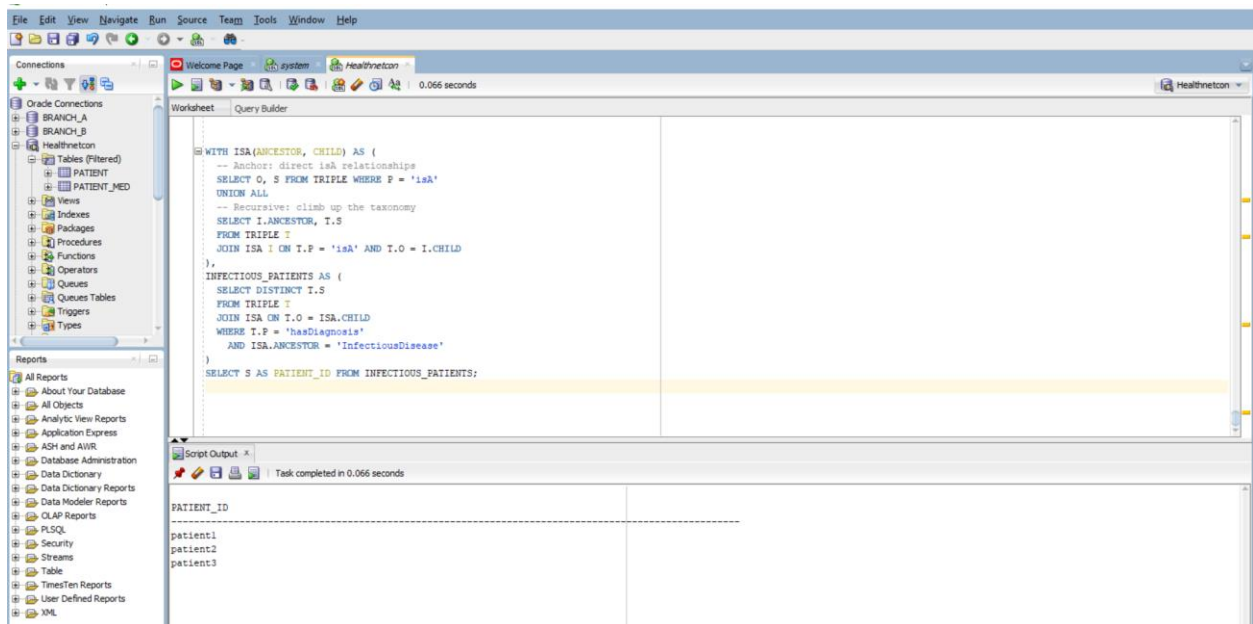
JOIN ISA ON T.O = ISA.CHILD

WHERE T.P = 'hasDiagnosis'

AND ISA.ANCESTOR = 'InfectiousDisease'

)

SELECT S AS PATIENT\_ID FROM INFECTIOUS\_PATIENTS;



- Represent facts in a flexible, searchable format
- Link concepts together (like diseases to categories)

- Enable reasoning and inference (e.g., if Influenza is an InfectiousDisease, then patient1 has an InfectiousDisease)

QUESTION 5 : Spatial Database task for Oracle using SDO\_GEOMETRY.

### **Bugs**

--Wrong SRID – should be 4326 (WGS84) instead of 3857.Lat/Lon order swapped – Oracle expects (X=longitude, Y=latitude).

--distance units missing – need 'unit=KM'.

-- placeholder :AMB\_POINT – must define the ambulance location as a

-- SDO\_GEOMETRY point.

-- Create clinic table with spatial geometry

CREATE TABLE CLINIC (

  ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,

  NAME VARCHAR2(100),

  GEOM SDO\_GEOMETRY

);

```

INSERT INTO USER_SDO_GEOM_METADATA

(TABLE_NAME, COLUMN_NAME, DIMINFO, SRID)

VALUES (

'CLINIC',

'GEOM',

SDO_DIM_ARRAY(

SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('Longitude', 30.0, 31.0, 0.005),

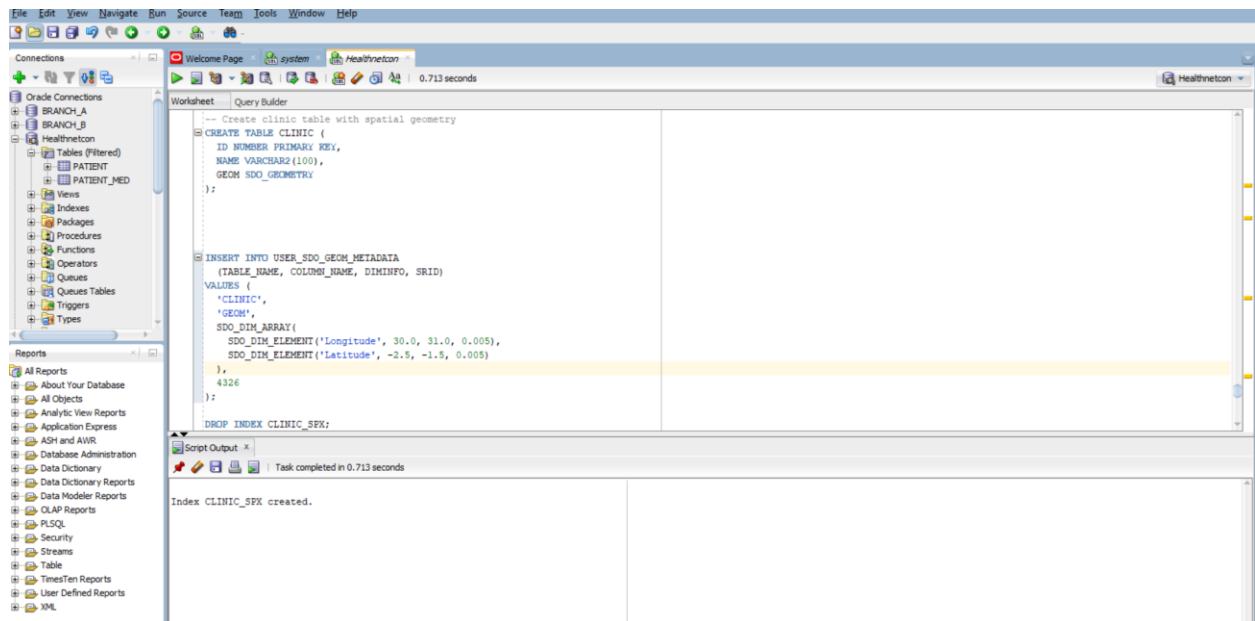
SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('Latitude', -2.5, -1.5, 0.005)

),

4326

);

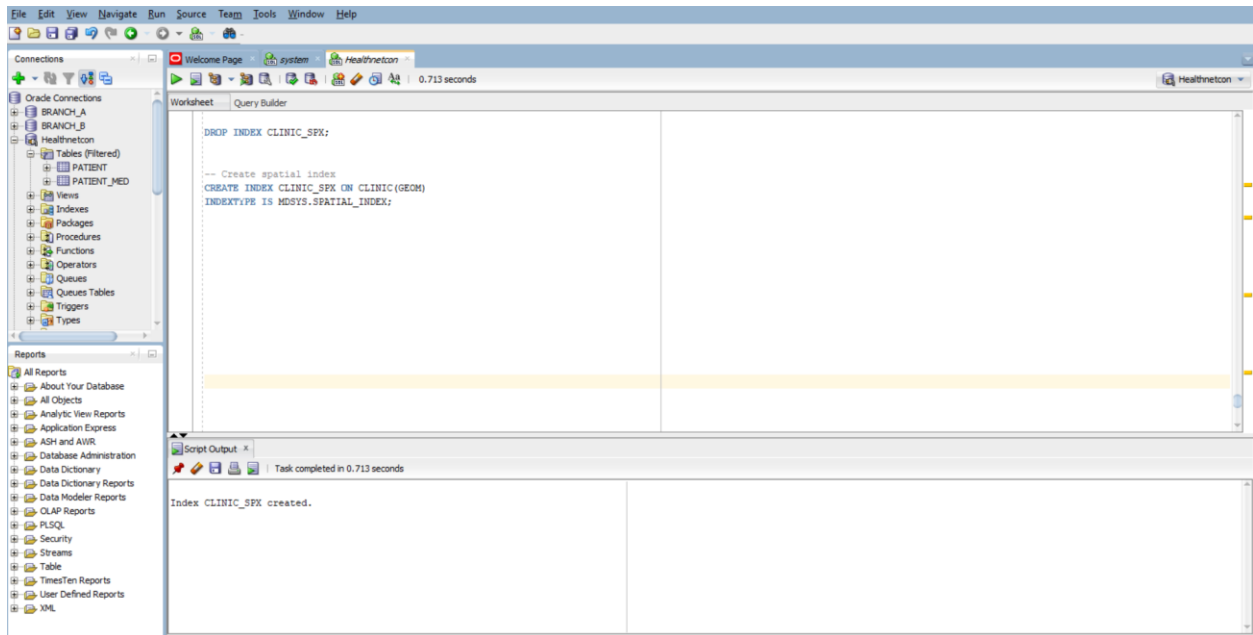
```



-- Create spatial index

```
CREATE INDEX CLINIC_SPK ON CLINIC(GEOM)
```

INDEXTYPE IS MDSYS.SPATIAL\_INDEX;



-- Ambulance is at (30.0600, -1.9570)

INSERT INTO CLINIC VALUES (

1, 'Kigali Central Clinic',

SDO\_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO\_POINT\_TYPE(30.0610, -1.9575, NULL), NULL, NULL)

);

INSERT INTO CLINIC VALUES (

2, 'Nyamirambo Health Center',

SDO\_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO\_POINT\_TYPE(30.0595, -1.9560, NULL), NULL, NULL)

);

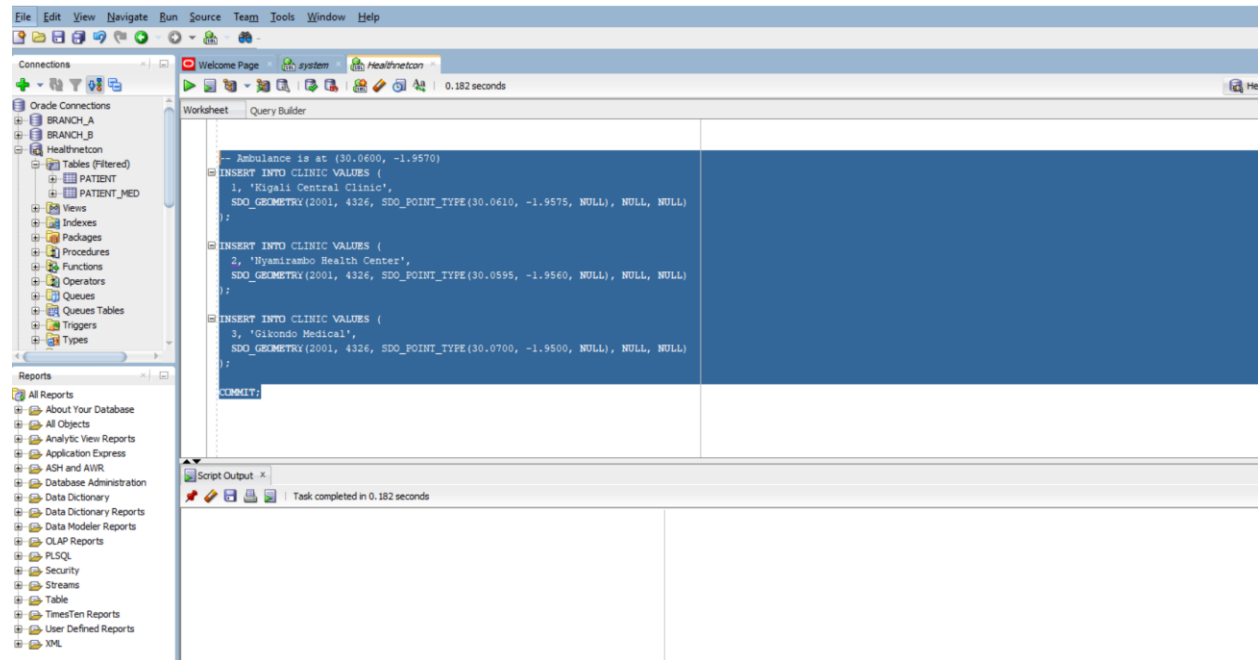
INSERT INTO CLINIC VALUES (

3, 'Gikondo Medical',

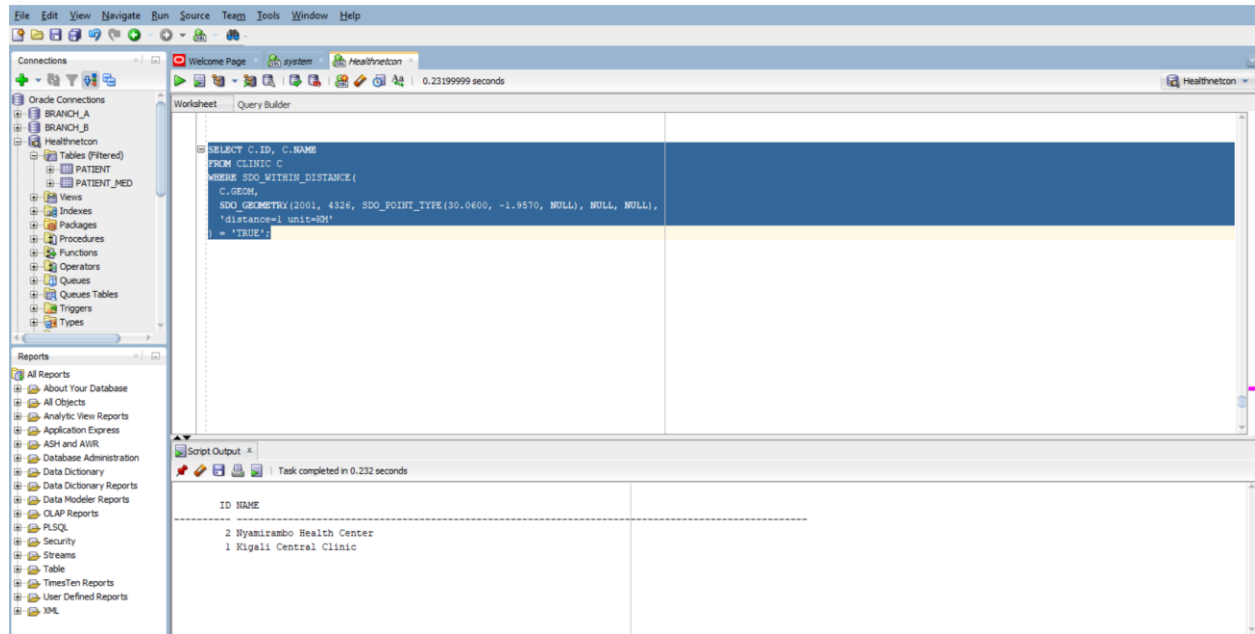
```
SDO_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO_POINT_TYPE(30.0700, -1.9500, NULL), NULL, NULL)

);
```

```
COMMIT;
```



```
SELECT C.ID, C.NAME
FROM CLINIC C
WHERE SDO_WITHIN_DISTANCE(
  C.GEOM,
  SDO_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO_POINT_TYPE(30.0600, -1.9570, NULL), NULL, NULL),
  'distance=1 unit=KM'
) = 'TRUE';
```



```
SELECT C.ID, C.NAME,

      SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(

        C.GEOM,

        SDO_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO_POINT_TYPE(30.0600, -1.9570, NULL), NULL, NULL),

        0.005,

        'unit=KM'

      ) AS KM

FROM CLINIC C

ORDER BY KM

FETCH FIRST 3 ROWS ONLY;
```



File Edit View Navigate Run Source Team Tools Window Help

Connections Welcome Page system Healthnetcon 0.161 seconds

Oracle Connections  
BRANCH\_A  
BRANCH\_B  
Healthnetcon  
Tables (Filtered)  
PATIENT  
PATIENT\_MED  
Views  
Indexes  
Packages  
Procedures  
Functions  
Operators  
Queues  
Queues Tables  
Triggers  
Types

Reports  
All Reports  
About Your Database  
All Objects  
Analytic View Reports  
Application Express  
ASH and AWR  
Database Administration  
Data Dictionary  
Data Dictionary Reports  
Data Modeler Reports  
OLAP Reports  
PLSQL  
Security  
Streams  
Table  
TimesTen Reports  
User Defined Reports  
XML

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT C.ID, C.NAME,  
       SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(  
         C.GEOM,  
         SDO_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO_POINT_TYPE(30.0600, -1.9570, NULL), NULL, NULL),  
         0.005,  
         'unit=KM'  
       ) AS KM  
FROM CLINIC C  
ORDER BY KM  
FETCH FIRST 3 ROWS ONLY;
```

Script Output x Task completed in 0.161 seconds

ID	NAME	KM
2	Hyamirambo Health Center	.123779552
1	Rigali Central Clinic	.124235285
3	Gikondo Medical	1.3553204