## Lab 2

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library(ggrepel)

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	library (anandatataranta)	
	library(opendatatoronto)	
	library(tidyverse)	
	library(stringr)	
	library(skimr) # EDA	
	library(visdat) # EDA	
	library(janitor)	
	library(lubridate)	

## 1 Code from the Lab (needed for Q1)

```
res <- list_package_resources("996cfe8d-fb35-40ce-b569-698d51fc683b") # obtained code from
res <- res |> mutate(year = str_extract(name, "202.?"))
delay_2022_ids <- res |> filter(year==2022) |> select(id) |> pull()

delay_2022 <- get_resource(delay_2022_ids)

# make the column names nicer to work with
delay_2022 <- clean_names(delay_2022)
# note: I obtained these codes from the 'id' column in the `res` object above
delay_codes <- get_resource("3900e649-f31e-4b79-9f20-4731bbfd94f7")</pre>
```

```
delay_data_codebook <- get_resource("ca43ac3d-3940-4315-889b-a9375e7b8aa4")

delay_2022 <- delay_2022 |> distinct()

## Removing the observations that have non-standardized lines

delay_2022 <- delay_2022 |> filter(line %in% c("BD", "YU", "SHP", "SRT"))

delay_2022 <- delay_2022 |>
    left_join(delay_codes |> rename(code = `SUB RMENU CODE`, code_desc = `CODE DESCRIPTION...

delay_2022 <- delay_2022 |>
    mutate(code_srt = ifelse(line=="SRT", code, "NA")) |>
    left_join(delay_codes |> rename(code_srt = `SRT RMENU CODE`, code_desc_srt = `CODE DESCRIPTION...

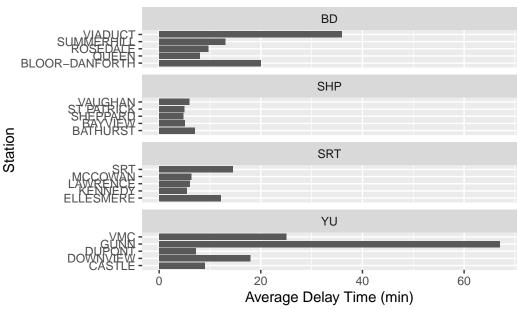
code_desc = ifelse(code_srt=="NA", code, code_srt),
    code_desc = ifelse(is.na(code_desc_srt), code_desc, code_desc_srt)) |>
    select(-code_srt, -code_desc_srt)

delay_2022 <- delay_2022 |>
    mutate(station_clean = ifelse(str_starts(station, "ST"), word(station, 1,2), word(station)
```

### 2 Lab Exercises

1. Using the delay\_2022 data, plot the five stations with the highest mean delays. Facet the graph by line

## Stations With Highest Average Delay Times



- 2. Using the opendatatoronto package, download the data on mayoral campaign contributions for 2014. Hints:
  - find the ID code you need for the package you need by searching for 'campaign' in the all\_data tibble above
  - you will then need to list\_package\_resources to get ID for the data file
  - note: the 2014 file you will get from get\_resource has a bunch of different campaign contributions, so just keep the data that relates to the Mayor election

```
res2 <- list_package_resources("f6651a40-2f52-46fc-9e04-b760c16edd5c")
camp_data <- get_resource("5b230e92-0a22-4a15-9572-0b19cc222985")[[2]]</pre>
```

3. Clean up the data format (fixing the parsing issue and standardizing the column names using janitor)

```
colnames(camp_data) <- camp_data[1, ]
camp_data <- clean_names(camp_data) |> slice(-1)
```

4. Summarize the variables in the dataset. Are there missing values, and if so, should we be worried about them? Is every variable in the format it should be? If not, create new

variable(s) that are in the right format.

There are multiple variables with missing values. However, most of them are not worrying or surprising. E.g., the contributors\_address is missing in most cases. But according with the "read me" file it is only included when the contribution comes from an organization. Almost all contributions correspond to individuals and so there is no corresponding address in the data. Variables relevant for most analyses of interest, such as contribution\_amount, contributors\_postal\_code, or contributors\_name have no missing data.

### skim(camp\_data)

Table 1: Data summary

Name	camp_data
Number of rows	10199
Number of columns	13
Column type frequency: character	13
	-
Group variables	None

#### Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_	_rate	e min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
contributors_name	0		1	4	31	0	7545	0
contributors_address	10197		0	24	26	0	2	0
contributors_postal_code	0		1	7	7	0	5284	0
contribution_amount	0		1	1	18	0	209	0
contribution_type_desc	0		1	8	14	0	2	0
goods_or_service_desc	10188		0	11	40	0	9	0
$contributor\_type\_desc$	0		1	10	11	0	2	0
relationship_to_candidate	e 10166		0	6	9	0	2	0
president_business_mana	ger 10197		0	13	16	0	2	0
authorized_representative	10197		0	13	16	0	2	0
candidate	0		1	9	18	0	27	0
office	0		1	5	5	0	1	0
ward	10199		0	NA	NA	0	0	0

The only variable in incorrect format is contribution\_amount which should be numerical and is stored as character. It is corrected below.

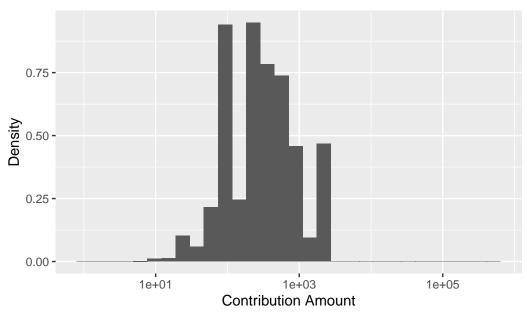
#### head(camp\_data)

```
# A tibble: 6 x 13
  contributors~1 contr~2 contr~3 contr~4 contr~5 goods~6 contr~7 relat~8 presi~9
  <chr>>
                 <chr>
                         <chr>
                                 <chr>
                                          <chr>
                                                  <chr>
                                                          <chr>
                                                                  <chr>
                                                                           <chr>>
1 A D'Angelo, T~ <NA>
                         M6A 1P5 300
                                         Moneta~ <NA>
                                                          Indivi~ <NA>
                                                                           <NA>
2 A Strazar, Ma~ <NA>
                         M2M 3B8 300
                                         Moneta~ <NA>
                                                          Indivi~ <NA>
                                                                           <NA>
3 A'Court, K Su~ <NA>
                                         Moneta~ <NA>
                                                          Indivi~ <NA>
                                                                           <NA>
                         M4M 2J8 36
4 A'Court, K Su~ <NA>
                                         Moneta~ <NA>
                                                          Indivi~ <NA>
                         M4M 2J8 100
                                                                           <NA>
5 A'Court, K Su~ <NA>
                         M4M 2J8 100
                                         Moneta~ <NA>
                                                          Indivi~ <NA>
                                                                           <NA>
6 Aaron, Robert~ <NA>
                         M6B 1H7 250
                                         Moneta~ <NA>
                                                          Indivi~ <NA>
                                                                           <NA>
# ... with 4 more variables: authorized_representative <chr>, candidate <chr>,
   office <chr>, ward <chr>, and abbreviated variable names
   1: contributors name, 2: contributors address, 3: contributors postal code,
   4: contribution_amount, 5: contribution_type_desc,
   6: goods_or_service_desc, 7: contributor_type_desc,
   8: relationship_to_candidate, 9: president_business_manager
  camp_data$contribution_amount <- as.numeric(camp_data$contribution_amount)</pre>
```

5. Visually explore the distribution of values of the contributions. What contributions are notable outliers? Do they share a similar characteristic(s)? It may be useful to plot the distribution of contributions without these outliers to get a better sense of the majority of the data.

Looking at the range of the plot, and at the density outside the center, it is clear that there exists some entries with outlying (abnormally large) contribution amounts.

#### Contributions Distribution



We can look at the top 8 largest contributions in the data (all other contributions were of \$6000 or less). The first thing to notice is that all of these contributions were made by the candidates themselves. Also, all were made by Doug Ford, Rob Ford, or Ari Goldkind. The contributions they made to their own campaigns are clearly atypical.

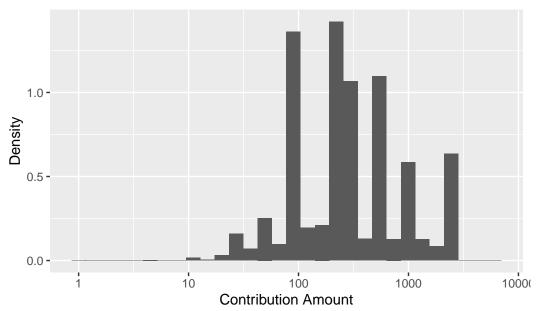
```
camp_data |>
  select(contribution_amount, contributors_name, candidate) |>
  arrange(-contribution_amount) |>
  slice(1:8)
```

#### # A tibble: 8 x 3

contribution\_amount contributors\_name candidate <dbl> <chr> <chr> 508225. Ford, Doug Ford, Doug 1 2 78805. Ford, Rob Ford, Rob 3 50000 Ford, Doug Ford, Doug 4 50000 Ford, Rob Ford, Rob 5 50000 Ford, Rob Ford, Rob 6 23624. Goldkind, Ari Goldkind, Ari 7 20000 Ford, Rob Ford, Rob 8 12210 Ford, Rob Ford, Rob

The distribution of contribution amounts is shown below, excluding the 8 cases mentioned above.

## Contributions Distribution



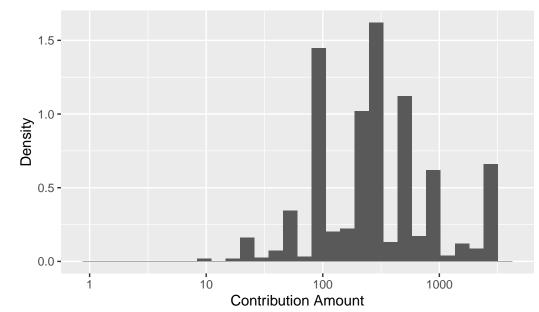
- 6. List the top five candidates in each of these categories:
- total contributions

```
camp_data |>
  group_by(candidate) |>
  summarise(total_contributions = sum(contribution_amount)) |>
  arrange(-total_contributions) |>
  slice(1:5)
```

```
# A tibble: 5 x 2
 candidate total_contributions
  <chr>
                              <dbl>
1 Tory, John
                           2767869.
2 Chow, Olivia
                         1638266.
3 Ford, Doug
                           889897.
4 Ford, Rob
                            387648.
5 Stintz, Karen
                            242805
  • mean contribution
  camp data |>
    group_by(candidate) |>
    summarise(mean_contribution = mean(contribution_amount)) |>
    arrange(-mean_contribution) |>
    slice(1:5)
# A tibble: 5 x 2
 candidate
                  mean_contribution
 <chr>
                               <dbl>
1 Sniedzins, Erwin
                               2025
2 Syed, Hïmy
                               2018
3 Ritch, Carlie
                               1887.
4 Ford, Doug
                               1456.
5 Clarke, Kevin
                               1200
  • number of contributions
  camp_data |>
    count(candidate, sort = TRUE, name = "Number of Contributions") |>
    slice(1:5)
# A tibble: 5 x 2
                  `Number of Contributions`
 candidate
  <chr>
                                      <int>
1 Chow, Olivia
                                       5708
2 Tory, John
                                       2602
3 Ford, Doug
                                        611
4 Ford, Rob
                                        538
5 Soknacki, David
                                        314
```

7. Repeat 5 but without contributions from the candidates themselves.

#### **External Contributions Distribution**



8. How many contributors gave money to more than one candidate?

```
contributions <- camp_data |>
  count(contributors_name, candidate, sort = TRUE, name = "number_of_contributions")
mult_cons <- get_dupes(contributions[ , 1]) |> distinct() |> nrow()
```

There were 184 contributors supporting more than one candidate.