

Question: 1

An object of mass 1 kg is dropped onto a floor from a height of 2m. Using the conservation of mechanical energy, calculate the velocity of the object when it strikes the floor.

By using conservation of mechanical energy:-

$$\therefore K.E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$G.P.E = mgh$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = mgh$$

$$\Rightarrow v^2 = 2gh$$

$$\therefore v = \sqrt{2 \times g \times h}$$

$$= (\sqrt{2 \times 9.8 \times 2}) \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$= \sqrt{39.2} = 6.26 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

Here,

$$\text{mass} = 1 \text{ kg} \quad g = 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$$m = 1 \text{ kg}$$

$$h = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$v = ?$$

Ques no:2

The diagram shows a simple pendulum where the bob is displaced from the equilibrium position B. Apply the conservation of mechanical energy and ~~Apply the~~ calculate the velocity of the bob at position B. Does the velocity depend on the mass of the bob?

Ans: 1

conservation of mechanical energy:- Here,

$$\text{K.E} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$\text{g.p.e} = mgh$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = mgh$$

$$\therefore v^2 = 2gh$$

$$\therefore v = \sqrt{2gh} = \sqrt{2 \times 9.8 \times 0.5}$$

$$= \sqrt{9.8} = 3.13 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$g = 9.8$$

$$h = 0.5 \text{ m}$$

$$v = ?$$

Ans: 2

The velocity does not depend on the mass of the bob because acceleration remains the same.