## First derivative using the backwards differentiation method

Calculates the first derivative of *f* using the backwards differentiation numerical method.

By using  $f'(x) \approx \frac{f(x) - f(x - h)}{h}$ , we calculate an approximation to the first derivative of f, where the error of said method is O(h).

## **Parameters**

- 1.  $f \rightarrow The$  symbolical function to calculate its derivative.
- 2. h  $\rightarrow$  The absolute value of the difference between f(x) and f(x-h).
- 3.  $x \rightarrow$  The point where the derivative will be calculated.
- 4. fp  $\rightarrow$  The symbolical derivative to calculate the error of the method.

## **Returns**

- 1. dfa  $\rightarrow$  The value of the derivative calculated using the numerical method in p.
- 2. h  $\rightarrow$  The absolute value of the difference between f(x) and f(x-h).
- 3. error  $\rightarrow$  The absolute error between the numerical method and the actual derivative.

```
function [dfa, h, error] = backwardsFirstDerivative(f, df, x, h)
  format longE
  dfa = (f(x) - f(x-h))/(h);
  error = abs(df - dfa);
end
```