

## AGENDA

• What does CI/CD stand for?

How we could benefit from DevOps principles

Challenges we will be confronted with

## WHAT DOES CI/CD STAND FOR?

- CI/CD consist of three major concepts
- Continuous Integration

It describes the process of merging developer branches to the main branch several times a day. CI puts an emphasis on test automation and finally generates a high quality, deployable artifact.

Continuous Delivery

In addition to Continuous Integration, Continuous Delivery makes sure that changes of a software product can be released quickly to customers in an automated way and at any point in time.

Continuous Deployment

Continuous Deployment extends Continuous Delivery in such a way that it allows frequent automated deployments without any human interaction. Typical phases in Continuous Deployment are Infrastructure Provisioning, Smoke Testing, Production Deployments and automated Rollbacks.

## HOW WE COULD BENEFIT FROM DEVOPS PRINCIPLES

- Cost reduction due to less human errors and faster deployments
- Reduce complexity and safe manual troubleshooting time
- Automated Smoke Tests and Rollbacks will protect project revenue due to reduced downtimes from deploy-related crashes and fast and automated rebuilding of production ready state
- Faster feedback cycles of customers lead to higher customer satisfaction rates since they are involved right from the beginning of feature development/deployment and not just at a fixed release date

## CHALLENGES WE WILL BE CONFRONTED WITH

- Establishing CI/CD comes with a high amount of initial cost and learning. At first sight this might seem overwhelming compared to current best practices
- Delivering CI/CD pipelines is not a one-time effort, but requires constant support and maintenance as well as continuous development and improvement
- Even though there are some challenges, CI/CD will improve overall business processes and dramatically reduce costs on the long run