

Mixed characteristic shtukas

Jiahao Niu

Brief intro to global function field shtukas.

X/\mathbb{F}_q smooth proj. curve, $k(X)$ function field

G split reductive gp $\rightsquigarrow \text{Bun}_{G,X} : S/\mathbb{F}_q \mapsto \{G\text{-torsors over } X \times_{\mathbb{F}_q} S\}$
Smooth Artin stack

The moduli space of shtukas: n legs labeled by $I = \{1, \dots, n\}$ (n legs)

$\text{Sht}_{I,G} : S/\mathbb{F}_q \mapsto \{(x_i)_{i \in I} \in X^I(S), \xi \in \text{Bun}_{G,X}(S)\}$

\downarrow
 X^I

$\varphi : (\text{Frob}_S \times \text{id})^* \xi|_{X \times_S \setminus \bigcup_i \Gamma_{x_i}} \Rightarrow \xi|_{X \times_S \setminus \bigcup_i \Gamma_{x_i}}$

- this is an ind-Deligne-Mumford stack
- one can also add some "level structures" to make it an ind-scheme.
- By "geometric Satake equivalence": \rightsquigarrow produce a functor

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Rep}(\hat{G}^I) \longrightarrow D_c^b(\text{Sht}_{I,G}) \xrightarrow[\text{middle degree}]{\text{cohomology}} \text{Mod } \overline{\text{GL}}_2 \xleftarrow{\text{Weil}(X^I)} \\ \hat{G} \text{ dual gp} \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{Drinfeld lemma} \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{Weil}(X)^I \end{array}$$

$$V \longmapsto S_V \longmapsto \mathcal{H}_{I,V}$$

Shtukas $\rightsquigarrow V \mapsto \mathcal{H}_{I,V}$ for any I, V functorially.

eg. $I = \phi, \mathbb{1}$, $H_{\phi, \mathbb{1}} = \{ \text{smooth unramified auto. forms} / k(x) \}$

is

1 leg. $H_{\{1\}, \mathbb{1}} \supset \pi_1(X)$

$$H_{\{1,2\}, V \boxtimes W} \xrightarrow{\text{Weil}(X)^2} H_{\{1\}, V \otimes W} \xrightleftharpoons[\substack{\text{(choosing } \mathbb{1} \rightarrow V \otimes W \\ V \otimes W \rightarrow \mathbb{1}}]{\substack{\text{Rep}(\hat{G}^2)}} H_{\{1\}, \mathbb{1}}$$

find more symmetries to $H_{\{1\}, \mathbb{1}}$ through $H_{I/V}$.

These will generate an algebra $\mathcal{A} \subset \text{End}(\overset{\text{cuspidal}}{H_{\{1\}, \mathbb{1}}})$

$\mathcal{A} = \mathcal{O}(\text{moduli space of } L\text{-parameters for } \hat{G})$

Cuspidal = $\bigoplus_{A \xrightarrow{\sigma} \overline{A_e}} V_\sigma$ decomposition.

Local version $/ \mathbb{F}_q[[t]]$ X as above, \hat{X} completion at one pt

$\text{Spf } \mathbb{F}_q[[t]]$

$G = GL_n$

Def local shtukas a functor sending adic space S (perfectoid)

$S \mapsto \left\{ (x_i) \in \text{Spa } \mathbb{F}_q[[t]](S), \Sigma \text{ vec. bdlc on } S \times \text{Spa } \mathbb{F}_q[[t]], \right.$

$\varphi_\Sigma : \varphi_S^* \Sigma |_{S \times \text{Spa } \mathbb{F}_q[[t]] \setminus \bigcup_i \Gamma_{x_i}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \Sigma |_{S \times \text{Spa } \mathbb{F}_q[[t]] \setminus \bigcup_i \Gamma_{x_i}}$

$\bullet \varphi_\Sigma$ meromorphic along $\bigcup \Gamma_{x_i}$

eg. $S = \text{Spa}(C, \mathcal{O}_C)$, $S \times \text{Spa}(\mathbb{F}_q[[t]], \mathcal{O}) = \text{ID}_C$ open unit disc.

$$\psi_S: C \rightarrow C, x \mapsto x^p \\ t \mapsto t$$

Mixed version: $S \in \text{Perf}$, " $S \times \text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p$ "

Def $S = \text{Spa}(R, R^+)$ affinoid perfectoid space of char. p

$$S \hat{\times} \text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p = \{ ([\varpi] \neq 0) \subset \text{Spa } W(R^+), \varpi \in R^+ \text{ pseudo-uniformizer} \}$$

$$\left(\text{as } S \subset \text{Spa}(R^+, R^+), \{ \varpi \neq 0 \} \right) \overset{||}{\text{Spa}(W(R^+), W(R^+))}$$

• $S \hat{\times} \text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p$ is an adic space.

li

$$\bigcup_{n \geq 1} \{ |P| \leq |[\varpi \sqrt[p^n]{p}]| \neq 0 \} = \bigcup_{n \geq 1} \text{Spa}(R_n, R_n^+) \quad \leftarrow \text{these are sheafy}$$

\uparrow
stable uniform

\uparrow

$\text{Spa}(R_n, R_n^+)$ sans perfectoid

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{splitting as an } R_n\text{-module} \\ R_n \hookrightarrow R_n \hat{\otimes}_{\mathbb{Z}_p} \mathbb{Z}_p [p \sqrt[p^n]{p}]_p^{\wedge} \\ \hline \text{perfectoid} \end{array} \quad \Longrightarrow$$

$$(S \hat{\times} \text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p)^{\diamond} \simeq S \times (\text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p)^{\diamond}$$

$$\text{Spa}(A^{\sharp}, A^{+\sharp})$$

$$T \in \text{Perf}^{\text{aff}}, T = \text{Spa}(A, A^+), (S \hat{\times} \text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p)^{\diamond}(T) \Leftrightarrow T^{\sharp}, T^{\sharp} \xrightarrow{||} S \hat{\times} \text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p$$

$$\Leftarrow W(R^+) \rightarrow A^{+\sharp} \text{ sending } [\varpi] \mapsto \text{unit in } A^{\sharp}.$$

$$\Leftrightarrow R^+ \longrightarrow (A^+)^b \cong A^+ \quad , \quad T^*$$

$$R \longrightarrow A \quad \omega \mapsto \text{unit in } A.$$

$$\sim (S \times (\text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p)^\diamond)(T).$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{affinoid preadic space} \\ \text{is} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \text{complete Huber pair} \right\}^{\text{op}}$$

$$\text{Cor. } S^\# \text{ of } S \xrightarrow{\text{Perf}} \text{sections of } (S \times \text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p)^\diamond \longrightarrow S$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{S \times \text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p} \longrightarrow \mathcal{O}_{S^\#}$$

this will give us a Cartier divisor (ie kernel will be locally free of rk 1)

Rank. This is hard to check.

$$\mathbb{C}/\mathbb{C}_p \text{ mixed char. } \mathbb{C}^b/\mathbb{F}_p$$

$$A_{\text{inf}} = W(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}^b}) \xrightarrow{\theta} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}}$$

$$\text{Spa } A_{\text{inf}}$$

$$\ker \theta = (\zeta), \quad \zeta = p \cdot [p^b], \quad p^b = (p, p^1/p, p^1/p^2, \dots)$$

x_k unique nonanalytic point, k residue field of $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}^b}$.

$$x_{\mathbb{C}^b} : A_{\text{inf}} \longrightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}^b} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{C}^b$$

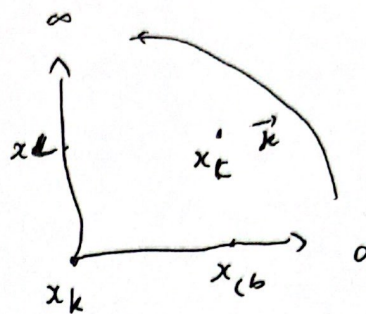
$$x_{\mathbb{C}} : A_{\text{inf}} \longrightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}} \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

$$x_L : A_{\text{inf}} \longrightarrow W(k) \longrightarrow W(k)[\frac{1}{p}] =: L$$

Ann. II

$$\kappa: \mathcal{Y} = \mathrm{Spa} A_{\mathrm{inf}} \setminus \{x_k\} \rightarrow [0, \infty]$$

$$x \mapsto \frac{\log | [p^b](\tilde{x}) |}{\log | p(\tilde{x}) |}$$



\tilde{x} is the unique rank 1 generalization

$$\kappa(x_c) = 1, \quad \kappa(x_{cb}) = 0, \quad \kappa(x_L) = \infty, \quad \kappa \circ \varphi = p \circ \kappa.$$

Def. $\mathrm{Sht}_{\mathrm{I}}^{\mathrm{Perf}_{\mathbb{F}_p}}(S) = \{ (x_i)_{i \in \mathrm{I}} \in (\mathrm{Spa} \mathbb{Z}_p)^{\diamond} (S)^{\mathrm{I}}, \quad \Sigma \text{ ver. bddle on } \mathrm{Spa} \mathbb{Z}_p \times S \}$

\updownarrow
 sections of $(S \times \mathrm{Spa} \mathbb{Z}_p)^{\diamond} \rightarrow S$
 \updownarrow
 units of S

\downarrow
 $((\mathrm{Spa} \mathbb{Z}_p)^{\diamond})^{\mathrm{I}}$

$\varphi_{\Sigma}: \varphi^* \Sigma|_{\mathrm{Spa} \mathbb{Z}_p \times S \setminus \bigcup_i \Gamma_{x_i}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \Sigma|_{\mathrm{Spa} \mathbb{Z}_p \times S \setminus \bigcup_i \Gamma_{x_i}}$
 monomorphiz along $\bigcup_i \Gamma_{x_i}$

eg. Shtrukas over $\mathrm{Spa}(C^b, \mathcal{O}_{C^b})$, C/\mathbb{Q}_p complete alg. closed
 C^b/\mathbb{F}_p
 w/ legs at C

Σ is a ver. bddle / $\mathrm{Spa}(C^b, \mathcal{O}_{C^b}) \times \mathrm{Spa} \mathbb{Z}_p$

w/ $\varphi_{\Sigma}: \varphi^* \Sigma|_{\mathrm{Spa}(C^b, \mathcal{O}_{C^b}) \times \mathrm{Spa} \mathbb{Z}_p \setminus \Gamma_{x_c}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \Sigma|_{\mathrm{Spa}(C^b, \mathcal{O}_{C^b}) \times \mathrm{Spa} \mathbb{Z}_p \setminus \Gamma_{x_c}}$
 monomorphiz along Γ_{x_c} .

(schematic version)

A Breuil-Kisin-Fargues module is a finite free $W(\mathcal{O}_c)$ -module M

$\varphi_M : (\varphi^* M)[\varpi^{-1}] \xrightarrow{\sim} M[\varpi^{-1}]$ is an isom.

($\varpi = \ker(\theta: W(\mathcal{O}_c) \rightarrow c)$)

Thm. (Fargues) $\{\text{Shtukas over } \text{Spa}(c^b, \mathcal{O}_c) \text{ w/ one leg at } c\}$

is

$\{\text{BKF-modules over } W(\mathcal{O}_c)\}$.

$\{p\text{-divisible groups}/\mathcal{O}_c\} \rightarrow \{\text{shtukas}/c^b \text{ w/ one leg at } c\}$

\downarrow

$\vdots ?$

$\simeq \{\text{BKF modules}\}$

$\{p\text{-divisible gr}/k\} \xrightarrow{\sim} \{\text{Dieudonné modules}\}$

$\swarrow - \otimes_{W(\mathcal{O}_c)} W(k)$

k residue field of \mathcal{O}_c .

Thm R is an integral perfectoid ring, $W(R^b)$

$\{p\text{-divisible gps}/R\} \xrightarrow{\text{fully faithful}} \{\text{finite proj. Ainf}(R)\text{-module } M\}$

$\varphi_M: M[\frac{1}{\varpi}] \xrightarrow[\varphi\text{-linear}]{\sim} M[\frac{1}{\varphi(\varpi)}]$

essential image: those M s.t. $M \subset \varphi_M(M) \subset \frac{1}{\varphi(\varpi)} M$

$R = \mathcal{O}_c$: example

Pb. Both sides

satisfy v -descent