

Equivalence (I)

Shrawui Liu

§1. Review

G connected reductive gp / k

\check{G}

$$St_{Nilp} = \tilde{N} \times_{\tilde{g}^*}^L \tilde{N}$$

$$St' = \tilde{g} \times_{\tilde{g}^*} \tilde{N}$$

$$St = \tilde{g} \times_{\tilde{g}^*} \tilde{g}$$

Done:

$$1) \quad \Phi_{diag} : Perf(\tilde{N}/\check{G}) \longrightarrow Shv_c(I \backslash LG/I)$$

$$2) \quad \text{anti-spherical projector } \Xi$$

$$3) \quad \Phi_{pert} : Pert(St_{Nilp}/\check{G}) \longrightarrow Shv_c(I \backslash LG/I)$$

[BZFN]

$$Pert(\tilde{N}/\check{G}) \otimes_{Pert(\tilde{g}^*/\check{G})} Pert(\tilde{N}/\check{G})$$

$$(M, N) \longmapsto \Phi_{diag}(M) * \Xi * \Phi_{diag}(N)$$

Φ_{pert} is fully faithful.

4) Passing to right adjoint

$$\mathbb{F} : \mathrm{Shv}_c(\mathcal{I} \backslash \mathrm{LH} / \mathcal{I}) \longrightarrow \mathrm{Qcoh}(\mathrm{St}_{\mathrm{nilp}} / \check{\mathcal{A}})$$

Goal: Show \mathbb{F} is monoidal equiv. onto Coh .

Prop. Assume that

1) \mathbb{F} lands in Coh

2) \mathbb{F} has finite cohomological amplitude.

3) $\exists d \in \mathbb{Z}$ st. $\forall F \in \mathrm{Shv}_c(\mathcal{I} \backslash \mathrm{LH} / \mathcal{I})$, if $H^i(\mathbb{F}(F)) = 0$ for $i \in [-d, d]$,
 $\rightarrow {}^p H^0(F) = 0$.

Then \mathbb{F} is an \simeq into Coh .

§2. Coherence

$F \in \mathrm{Shv}_c(\mathcal{I} \backslash \mathrm{LH} / \mathcal{I})$, want:

(A) $\forall n, \quad \mathrm{Hom}^0(-, F) \big|_{\mathrm{Perb} \geq n}$ is rep. by an object in Perb .

(B) $\exists m, \quad \mathrm{Hom}^0(-, F) \big|_{\mathrm{Perb} \leq m} = 0$.

$$\mathrm{St}_{\mathrm{nilp}} / \check{\mathcal{A}} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{proper}} \check{\mathcal{Y}} / \check{\mathcal{A}} \quad \mathcal{L} = \mathcal{O}(\lambda, \mu)$$

$$\widetilde{\mathbb{F}}(-) := \bigoplus_n H^0 \mathrm{Hom}_{\mathrm{deeq}}^{\check{\mathcal{A}}}(\mathbb{F}_{\mathrm{Perb}}(\mathcal{L}^{\otimes -n}), -)$$

$$(A) \Leftrightarrow \forall F \in \text{Shv}_c(I \setminus L\mathcal{G}/I),$$

$$(1) \tilde{\mathbb{I}}(F[n]) \text{ is fg. over } R^0\Gamma(I^\otimes) := \bigoplus_{m \geq 0} R^0\Gamma(I^{\otimes m}), \forall n$$

$$(2) \tilde{\mathbb{I}}(F[n]) = 0, \forall n \gg 0.$$

Lemma. (1) is true.

Proof ① F is in the image of \mathbb{I}_{part} , then (1) is true for F .

$$\Rightarrow F = J_\alpha * \Xi * J_\beta, \text{ then (1) is true for } F$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{Shv}_c(I \setminus L\mathcal{G}/I) \text{ is gen. by } J_\alpha * G * J_\beta, G \in \text{Per}(B \setminus \mathcal{G}/B)$$

Prop.

$$\textcircled{3} \text{ Want to show } \tilde{\mathbb{I}}(F * J_\beta[m]) = 0, \forall F \in \text{Per}(B \setminus \mathcal{G}/B), \forall m \neq 0.$$

$$\text{Prop implies } \tilde{\mathbb{I}}(\Xi * J_\beta) \text{ is fg. } \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbb{I}}(F * J_\beta) \text{ is fg. for } F \in \text{Per}(B \setminus \mathcal{G}/B)$$



everything above
needs to be replaced by
monodromic sheaves

Proof. Check for $F = \Delta_w^{mm}, \nabla_w^{mm}$.

$$\text{Ext}^i(J_{-\alpha} * \Xi * \mathbb{Z}_v * J_{-\beta}, F) = 0, \forall i \neq 0, \forall \alpha, \beta, v \in X_*(T)^+, \beta \in X_*(T)^{++}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad l(d \cdot w) &= l(d) + l(w), & w \in W_{fin} &\rightarrow \nabla_{d \cdot w} \simeq \nabla_d * \nabla_w \\ \bullet \quad l(w \cdot \beta) &= l(\beta) - l(w) & &\Delta_w * \nabla_\beta \simeq \nabla_{w \cdot \beta} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Ext}^i(J_{-\alpha} * \Xi * Z_V, \nabla)$$

$$\text{Ext}^i(\Xi * Z_V * J_{-\beta}, \nabla) \quad i \neq 0.$$

□

Thm (Lusztig)

$$F, G \in \text{Per}(\mathcal{I} \setminus L\mathcal{G}/\mathcal{I}),$$

Xinren: convol. of $L^+ \mathcal{H} \setminus L\mathcal{G}/L^+ \mathcal{H}$ t-exact
maybe gives an estimate

$F * G$ has perverse degrees bounded in $[-\dim \mathcal{G}/B, \dim \mathcal{G}/B]$.

Cor $\exists d \in \mathbb{Z}$ s.t.

$$\text{Ext}^k(J_{-\lambda} * Z_V * \Xi * J_{-\mu}, F) = 0, \quad \forall F \in \text{Per}(\mathcal{I} \setminus L\mathcal{G}/\mathcal{I}), \quad \forall i \notin [-d, d]$$

Proof of Cor

$$\text{Lusztig's Thm} \Rightarrow J_{-\lambda} * F * J_{-\mu} \text{ has per deg in } [-2 \dim \mathcal{G}/B, 2 \dim \mathcal{G}/B]$$

Need to prove boundedness for $\text{Ext}^k(Z_V * \Xi, F)$
 $\hat{=}$ perverse

$$\text{Map}(Z_V * \Xi, F) = \text{Map}(A_V, A_{V*}(Z_V), F) \simeq \text{Map}(A_{V*}(Z_V), A_{V*}(F))$$

$$\simeq \text{Map}\left(\underline{V}_V, \underline{\Phi}_{AB}^{-1}(A_{V*}(F))\right)$$

$\underline{\Phi}_{AB}^{-1}(\tilde{g})$ ^{perverse} has bounded degree $[0, \dim \tilde{g}^*]$ (maybe $[-\dim \tilde{g}^*, 0]$)

§ 3. Equivalence

Prop $\exists d > 0$, st. $\forall F \in \text{Shv}_c(I \backslash LG/I)$ satisfying

$$\text{Hom}^i(\mathbb{E}_{\text{perf}}(\mathcal{O}(\lambda, \mu) \otimes V), F) = 0,$$

$$\forall i \in [-d, d], \quad \forall \lambda, \mu \in X_*(T), \quad \forall V \in \text{Rep}(\tilde{G})$$

$$\Rightarrow PH^0(F) = 0$$

pt - Claim. for $\lambda \in X_*(T)$ large enough,

$$F \neq J_\lambda \text{ is concentrated in deg } \geq d - 2\dim \tilde{g} \quad \& \quad \leq -d + 2\dim \tilde{g}$$

\uparrow perverse cohomology

$$\text{Granted this claim, } F \neq J_\lambda \neq J_{-\lambda} \geq d - 2\dim \tilde{g} - \dim G/B$$

$$\leq -d + 2\dim \tilde{g} + \dim G/B$$

proof of claim

$$\text{test, or } \Delta w = jw!$$

$$!-\text{supp}(F \neq J_\lambda) \subset \underbrace{(\mathcal{S})}_{\text{finite set}} \subset W_{\text{ext}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} !-\text{supp}(F \neq J_\lambda) \subset (!-\text{supp}(F)) \neq (!-\text{supp}(J_\lambda))$$

$\textcircled{2}$ if λ is large enough,

$$S_\lambda \subset W_{\text{fin}} \cdot X_*(T) +$$

each element is minimal in its right coset $W_{\text{ext}}/W_{\text{fin}}$

Lemma $d > 2 \dim \tilde{g} + \dim G/B$
 F as above, λ large enough, then for $\forall w \in W_{ext}$,

we have either $\text{Hom}(\Delta_w, F * J_\lambda) = 0$

or $\text{Hom}(\Delta_w, F * J_\lambda) \simeq \text{Hom}(\Delta_w * \Xi, F * J_\lambda)$

Granted this lemma \Rightarrow Claim

/s

$$\text{Hom}(Av_* \Delta_w, Av_* (F * J_\lambda))$$

$$\simeq \text{Hom}(\Phi_{AB}^{-1}(Av_* \Delta_w), \Phi_{AB}^{-1}(-))$$

• Φ_{AB}^{-1} bounded $[0, \dim \tilde{g}]$.

• Assumption \Rightarrow vanishing for $F * J_\lambda$

• $\text{coh}(\tilde{g}/\tilde{h})$ has bounded coh. dim $\dim \tilde{g}$.

w min in right coset

• $\Delta_w * \Xi$ has a filtration w graded being

$$\bigoplus_{w_f \in W_{fin}} \Delta_{ww_f}$$

$$\text{Hom}(\Delta_{ww_f}, F * J_\lambda) = 0, \text{ if } w_f \neq id$$

Prop (1) Ξ tilting property, convolution property.

$$(2) \Phi_{diag}(\Phi_{pert}), \text{Pert}(X \overset{*}{\frown} X) \longrightarrow \text{Coh}(X \overset{*}{\frown} X)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Pert}(X) \otimes_{\text{Pert}(Y)} \text{Pert}(X) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \text{Coh}(X \overset{*}{\frown} X) \\ \uparrow & \nearrow & \\ (M, N) & \mapsto & (\Delta * M) * 0 * (\Delta * N) \end{array}$$