

Hitchin moduli spaces and ramified geometric Langlands

$$T\mathbb{P} \subset \mathbb{P}$$

- L1. Homogeneous affine Springer fibers (local)
- L2. Hitchin moduli spaces (global)
- L3. Examples, some proofs
- L4. Betti moduli spaces
- L5. Ramified geometric Langlands + evidence

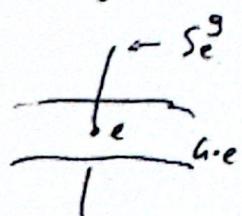
Lecture 1. G/\mathbb{C} conn'd reductive gp

$(G, \mathfrak{g} = \frac{d}{dt}) \rightsquigarrow$ sympl. alg. var. M
contain pos. and a Lagrangian $\Lambda \subset M$
not \mathbb{R} . no. is A.S.F.

Classical story: $N \subset g$, nilp. cone

$e \in N \rightsquigarrow (e, h, b)$ sl₂-triple in g

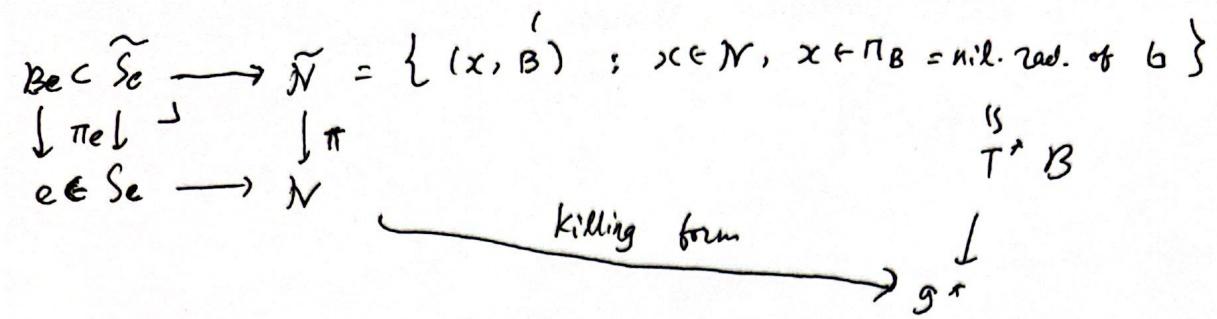
Slodowy slice $S_e^g := e + \mathfrak{g}^e$



$S_e := S_e^g \cap N$ singular

$e = 0, S_e^g = g, S_e = N$

Borel subgp of g



Fact: • π_e is a resoln.

- \widetilde{Se} is a sympl. algebr. var.
- $B_e = \text{Springer fiber of } e = \{ B : e \in \pi_B \}$ is a Lagrangian in \widetilde{Se} .

Ex. $g = \text{sl}_n$, $e = \text{subreg}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left(\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 1 & & \\ \vdots & \ddots & 1 & \\ & & 0 & \\ & & & 0 \end{array} \right) \\
 \widetilde{Se} = \boxed{B_e = \bigcup \text{ (n-1)-chain of } \mathbb{P}^1 \text{'s}}
 \end{array}$$

$$Se = \boxed{\cdot} \quad A_{n-1} \text{ surface sing.}$$

\mathbb{C}^X -action: $h: \mathbb{C}^m \rightarrow \text{Grad}$

$$Se^g = e + g^h$$

Se acts by $s^2 \cdot \text{Ad}(h(s^{-1}))$

e has wt ≥ 0 under $h(s)$

g^h has ≤ 0 weights under $h(s)$

D_{\dots}

\Rightarrow This Gm -action contracts \widetilde{Se}^g to $\{e\}$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{Gm} \curvearrowright \widetilde{Se} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \text{Be is a conical Lgr. in } \widetilde{Se} \\
 \downarrow & \downarrow & \\
 \text{Gm} \curvearrowright Se & \text{contracting to } \{e\} & \text{(Gm-action is nontrivial on Be)}
 \end{array}$$

$$g \quad Lg = g \otimes \mathbb{C}((t))$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 e & \text{nilp. elts / top. nilp. elts} & \\
 (e, h, b) & & \left. \begin{array}{c} \{ \\ \text{sl}_2\text{-triple?} \end{array} \right. \\
 & &
 \end{array}$$

$$Be \quad \text{A.S.F.}$$

$$\widetilde{Se} \quad \mu$$

Ex. of top. nilp. elts

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{sl}_n \\
 \gamma = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 t^{e_1} & & & \\ & a_2 t^{e_2} & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & a_n t^{e_n} \end{pmatrix} \quad e_i > 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \gamma = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & & t \\ & \ddots & \\ & & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \gamma^N \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{in the } t\text{-adic top.} \quad (N \rightarrow \infty) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \text{reg. ss.}
 \end{array}$$

\Leftrightarrow eigenval. of γ have > 0 valn.

$$\bigcup_{m \geq 1} \mathbb{C}((t^{\frac{1}{m}}))$$

General $g, \gamma \in Lg$,

$$[\gamma, -] : Lg \rightarrow Lg \quad (\text{end. of u.s. } / \mathbb{C}((t)))$$

γ is top. nilp. \Leftrightarrow $[\gamma, -]$ have val'n > 0 .

$$(e, h, f) \rightsquigarrow (\gamma, ?, ?)$$

Require γ to be regular semisimple as an elt of $Lg / \mathbb{C}((t)) = F$.

finite dim'l case:

$$\begin{array}{l} h: \mathfrak{g}_m \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}_{\text{ad}} \\ \text{Ad}(h(s)) \cdot e = s^2 \cdot e \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \theta: \mathfrak{g}_m \rightarrow L\mathfrak{g}_{\text{ad}} = \mathfrak{g}_{\text{ad}}(\mathbb{C}((t))) \\ \text{Ad}(\theta(s)) \cdot \gamma = s^d \cdot \gamma \end{array} \right.$$

Compare char. poly.

$$P_\gamma(x) = P_{s \text{Ad}(\gamma)}(x) = s^{nd} P_\gamma(s^{-d}x)$$

$$\Rightarrow P_\gamma(x) = x^n \quad \text{NOT what we want.}$$

$$L\mathfrak{g}_{\text{ad}} \otimes \mathfrak{g}_m^{2d} \cong Lg$$

Scaling t

$$\text{Look for } \theta: \mathfrak{g}_m \rightarrow L\mathfrak{g}_{\text{ad}} \otimes \mathfrak{g}_m^{2d} \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}_m^{2d}$$

$s \mapsto s^m$

$$\text{Want } \theta(s) \cdot \gamma = s^d \cdot \gamma \quad , \quad \text{sln: } P_\gamma(x) \Big|_{t \mapsto s^m t} = s^{nd} P_\gamma(s^{-d}x)$$

$$\text{Ex. } \gamma = \begin{pmatrix} & t \\ 1 & \dots & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad p_\gamma(x) = x^n + t$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} p_\gamma(x) \mid_{t \mapsto s^m t} = x^n + s^m t \\ s^m p_\gamma(s^{-d} x) = x^n + s^{m-d} \cdot t \end{array} \right\} \text{Same} \quad \begin{array}{l} m = nd \\ \boxed{\frac{1}{n} = \frac{d}{m}} \end{array}$$

Def. A reg. s.s. $\gamma \in Lg$ is homogeneous if

$$\exists \theta: G_m \longrightarrow Lh_{ad} \cong G_m^{ad} \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \theta(s) \cdot \gamma = s^d \gamma, \quad \forall s \in G_m.$$

Fact: (enough to check char. pol.)

$$\Sigma = \mathfrak{g}/\mathfrak{g}_0, \quad \chi: \mathfrak{g} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

γ is homog. iff $\exists m, d \in \mathbb{Z}$ s.t.
(reg. s.s.)

$$\begin{array}{c} x(r) \mid_{t \mapsto s^m t} = s^d, x(r) \\ \uparrow \quad \downarrow \\ \mathbb{C}(\mathbb{C}^{(r)}) \quad \text{Weighted action} \end{array}$$

$$\text{Ex. } \text{sln: any } \gamma \text{ w/ } p_\gamma(x) = x^n + a t^d$$

$$m = n, d = d$$

$\frac{d}{m}$ is called the slope of γ .

- Construct homog. elts?
- How many are there? $\frac{d}{m}$ can't be arbitrary.

$T_{ad} \subset$ how many terms

$$\theta: G_m \rightarrow T_{ad} \times G_m^{\oplus d}$$

$$s \mapsto (s^\lambda, s^m), \lambda \in \chi_x(T_{ad})$$

$$G_m \underset{\theta}{\sim} LG = \bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} \overset{\wedge}{\bigoplus} (LG)_{\frac{i}{m}}$$

$$(LG)_{\frac{i}{m}} = \{r \in LG : \theta(s) \cdot r = s^i \cdot r\}$$

$(LG)_{\frac{i}{m}}$ consists of homog. elts of slope $\frac{i}{m}$.

$$LG = \underset{\text{Lie } T}{\underset{\parallel}{\bigoplus}} \left(\bigoplus_{\alpha \in \Phi_{\text{aff}}} (LG)_\alpha \right) \quad (LG)_\alpha = g_{\bar{\alpha}} \cdot t^n, \alpha = \bar{\alpha} + n\delta$$

$$(LG)_{n\delta} = h \cdot t^n$$

$$(LG)_{\frac{i}{m}} = \bigoplus (LG)_\alpha$$

$$\text{if } \theta(s) \sim g_{\bar{\alpha}} \cdot t^n \text{ has wt } \langle \lambda, \bar{\alpha} \rangle + m \cdot n$$

\uparrow
 $\text{Ad}(s^\lambda) \quad t \mapsto s^m t$

$\parallel ?$
 \downarrow

$$\langle \frac{\lambda}{m}, \bar{\alpha} \rangle + n = \frac{i}{m} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \lambda \left(\frac{1}{m} \right) = \frac{i}{m}$$

view λ as an aff. linear func. on $\chi_x(T)_{\mathbb{R}}$

$$(Lg)_{\frac{i}{m}} = \bigoplus_{d(\frac{i}{m}) = \frac{i}{m}} (Lg)_d$$

Constraint on m .

Def (Springer) $w \in \mathfrak{h}_c^*$ Weyl gp of g

$w \in W$ is regular if $w \in \mathfrak{h}$ has an eigenvector not lying on any null.

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{regular conj. classes} \\ \text{in } W \end{array} \right\} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N} \quad I_m \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{regular no. for } W$$

$$[w] \longmapsto \text{ord}(w)$$

Ex. sl_n. $W = \mathfrak{S}_n$

complete list of reg. conj. classes

$(1 2 \dots n)$	reg	
$(1 2 \dots n)^k$	reg.	(equal length cycles)
$(1 2 \dots n-1)$	reg	$(1, 3, \dots, 3^{n-2}, 0)$
$(1 2 \dots n-1)^k$	reg	$\{ \xi \in \mathbb{M}_{n-1} \}$

Ex. h simple, $W \ni w_{\text{Cox}} = s_1 s_2 \dots s_n$ is regular, $\text{ord}(w_{\text{Cox}}) = h$

w simple refl's

$$\{s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n\} \subset W$$

$$h = E_8, \quad h_c = 30. \quad = \frac{|\mathbb{E}|}{2}$$

Coxeter no.

$$(w_{\text{Cox}})^k \quad \downarrow \quad 12 \text{ reg. conj. classes}$$

Then (Reeder - Yu, cf. Oblomkov - Y.)

1) Lg has a homog. elt of slope $\nu = \frac{d}{m}$ (lowest terms)

$\Leftrightarrow m$ is a reg. no. of W .

2) m reg. no. of W , $(d, m) = 1$

$\theta: G_m \rightarrow T_{ad} \times G_m^{reg}$

$s \mapsto (s^{\rho^\nu}, s^m)$

$$\rho^\nu = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{d^\nu > 0} d^\nu \in X_*(T_{ad})$$

$(Lg)_{\frac{d}{m}}^{reg.} \neq \emptyset$

Ex. $G = Sp_{2n}, \nu = \frac{1}{2}$

$$r = \begin{bmatrix} & tB \\ C & \end{bmatrix}$$

B, C const. matrices

$$\underbrace{\{e_1, \dots, e_n, \underbrace{f_n, \dots, f_1}\}}$$

+ genericity cond'n

$\Rightarrow r$ is homog. of slope $\frac{1}{2}$

Aside: w_0 longest elt in W .
 Suppose $w_0 \sim h$ by -1 . $\Rightarrow w_0$ is regular
 $\Rightarrow m = 2$ is a reg. no.

r has slope $\nu \Leftrightarrow$ after diag. r in F'/F , $\alpha(r) \in \mathbb{C}^\times \cdot t^\nu$

$(r, \theta, \%)$

Affine Springer fibers

(Kazhdan - Lusztig, 80s) $LH \supset L^+H \supset I = \text{Iwahori}$

$$t \mapsto \begin{cases} & \\ & \downarrow \end{cases}$$

$$h \supset B$$

Affine flag var. $Fl = LH/I = \bigcup_{\alpha \in \Delta} \text{proj. schemes}$

$B = \{\text{Borel subgrps of } G\}.$

If G is simply conned, $\Rightarrow \text{Fl} = \{\text{Iwahori subgrps of } LG\}$

$$B_e = \{g \in G/B : \text{Ad}(g^{-1}) \cdot e \in \mathcal{N}_B\}$$

Def $\text{Fl}_\gamma = \{g \in LG/I : \text{Ad}(g^{-1}) \gamma \in \text{Lie } I^+\}$

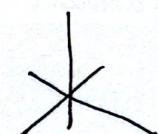
$\gamma \in \mathfrak{I}^+ = \ker(I \rightarrow T)$ pro-unip. rad. of I .

$\text{Fl}_\gamma \neq \emptyset \Leftrightarrow \gamma \text{ is top. nilp.}$

Fact (KL) If γ is reg. s.s. top. nilp., then Fl_γ is finite dim'l.

Ex $sl_2, \gamma = \begin{pmatrix} t & 0 \\ 0 & -t \end{pmatrix}, \nu = 1 \quad \text{---} \quad \cancel{\gamma} \quad \text{---} \quad \text{---} \quad \infty\text{-chain of } \mathbb{P}^1\text{'s}$

$$\gamma = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & t^2 \\ t & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \nu = \frac{3}{2} \quad \cancel{\gamma}$$

Ex $sl_3, \gamma = \begin{pmatrix} t & 1 \\ t & t \end{pmatrix}, \nu = \frac{2}{3}.$  $3 \text{ } \mathbb{P}^1$

Ex g simple, $\nu = \frac{1}{h_\alpha}.$

$$\gamma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \sum_{i=0}^n x_i, \quad \begin{array}{l} 0 \neq x_i \in g_{\alpha_i} \\ 0 \neq x_0 \in t g_{-\theta} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{cases} \sum n_i d_i = 0 \\ \sum n_i = h_\alpha \end{cases}$$

$$h = \text{s.u.}, \text{Fl}_\gamma = \text{base pt}$$

Fact (KL, Begehrung) Special case of homog. γ slope ν ,

$$\dim \text{Fl}_\gamma = \frac{|\mathbb{Z}| \cdot \nu - c_w}{2} \quad \text{Here } \nu = \frac{d}{m}, m = \text{ord } (\omega), \omega \text{ regular in } W.$$

$c_w = \dim (h/h^\omega)$

$T_r = C_{G_F}(r)$ torus / $F = \mathbb{C}((t))$.

LTr loop group of T_r .

Fact. $\{ \text{max. tori in } G_F \} \leftrightarrow \{ \text{conj. classes in } W \}$

$$Tr \longleftrightarrow [\omega]$$

$\exists \quad r = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \\ & \ddots & & \\ & & t^d & \\ & & & 1 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{M}_n, \quad (d, n) = 1$
 $v = \frac{d}{n}$

$$Tr(F) = \underbrace{F[r]^x}_{[E:F]=n} \cap SL_n(F)$$

$LTr \cong Fl_r$

same infiniteness (no. of components)

$$\pi_0(LTr) \simeq X_*(T)_w$$

\curvearrowright

$Inv(Fl_r)$ free, finitely many orbits.

Fl_r f.t. $\Leftrightarrow w$ is elliptic, i.e. $\mathfrak{h}^w = \{0\}$.

Lecture 2. homog. r of slope $v = \frac{d}{m}$

$$(\lambda, m) : G_m \xrightarrow{\theta} T_{ad} \times G_m^{rat} \curvearrowright Lg$$

$$Lg = \bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} (Lg)_{i/m}, \quad r \in (Lg)_{v/m}$$

$$g = \bigoplus_{\substack{i \\ m+t \in \mathbb{Z}/2}} g_{i/m}$$

$$t=1 \uparrow$$

$$\bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} (Lg)_{i/m} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{C}[[t, t^{-1}]]$$

$$(Lg)_{i/m} \xrightarrow{\sim} (Lg)_{i/m+1}$$

$$\bar{r} \in g_{\bar{v}}, \quad \bar{v} \equiv v \pmod{2}$$

r is r.s.s. in $Lg \Leftrightarrow \bar{r}$ is r.s.s. in g

Ex. $g = \text{sp}_{2n}, \quad d\lambda = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \\ & \ddots & 1 & \\ & & 1 & \\ & & & \ddots & \ddots & 1 \\ & & & & \ddots & -1 \\ & & & & & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad m=2$

$$g = g_0 \oplus g_{1/2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1s & 1s \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{gl}_n \quad \text{Sym}^2(\text{St}) \oplus \text{Sym}^2(\text{St}^*), \quad \text{St} = \text{Standard repn}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} g & \text{Sym} \\ \text{Sym} & t_{g-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$r \sim [w]$ reg. conj. class in W , $\text{ord}(w) = m$.

To see $[w]$, $g = \bigoplus_{\frac{1}{m}\mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{Z}} g_{i/m}, \quad \bar{r} \in g_{\bar{v}}^{\text{r.s.s.}}, H = C_G(\bar{r})$ max. torus in G .

$$h = \bigoplus_{\frac{1}{m}\mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{Z}} h_{i/m}$$

\Leftrightarrow order m autom. of H

↑
this is the action of w .

↑
up to conj.

—————

$$Fl_r = \{g I \in LG/I : \text{Ad}(g^{-1}) \cdot r \in \text{Lie } I^+\}$$

G_m -action on Fl_r

θ induces G_m -action on LG , on LG/I , by $s^1, \text{rot}(s^m)$. it stabilizes Fl_r .

$G_m \curvearrowright Fl_r = \text{ind-proj. scheme}$

$$(Fl_r)^{G_m}$$

$$\bigsqcup_{\substack{w \in \tilde{W} \\ I}} IwI / I$$

$$P = \bigsqcup_{\substack{w \in W_p \\ \tilde{w}}} P\tilde{w}I / I \quad \text{conn'd subgp (parahoric subgp)}$$

The \mathbb{G}_m -action on P contracts it to L_p , $\text{Lie } L_p = (Lg)_0$.

$$Fl = \bigsqcup_{\substack{\tilde{w} \in W_p \setminus \tilde{W}}} P\tilde{w}I / I$$

Weyl grp of L_p

$P\tilde{w}I / I$ contracts to $L_p\tilde{w}I / I = L_p / L_p \cap \tilde{w}I \simeq$ flag variety of L_p

$$Fl_r = \bigsqcup_{\substack{\tilde{w} \in W_p \setminus \tilde{W}}} Fl_r \cap (P\tilde{w}I / I)$$

} contracting

$$\text{Hess}_r(\tilde{w}) := Fl_r \cap (L_p\tilde{w}I / I)$$

Hessenberg variety (Carter - Kottwitz - MacPherson)

$\text{Hess}_r(\tilde{w})$ can be defined using the cyclic grading on g .

$$g_{\tilde{v}} \simeq L_p$$

$$\text{Ad } \tilde{v} \cap g_{\tilde{v}} \Rightarrow \tilde{v}$$

$$\text{Hess}_r(\tilde{w}) \subset L_p\tilde{w}I / I \simeq L_p / L_p \cap {}^w I$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{if} \\ \{ \ell \in L_p / L_p \cap {}^w I : \text{Ad}(\ell^{-1}) \cdot \tilde{v} \in \underbrace{g_{\tilde{v}} \cap {}^{\tilde{w}} \text{Lie}(I^+)}_{\text{analog of } n_B} \} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\text{Generalization of Springer fibers } (L_p \cap g_{\tilde{v}} \supset g_{\tilde{v}} \cap {}^w \text{Lie } I^+) \\ (u \cap g \supset n_B)$$

Bernstein's example (appendix to KL)

Sp_6 , $\nu = \frac{1}{2}$, $\mathrm{Hess}_Y(\bar{\omega})$ for a specific $\bar{\omega} \simeq$ elliptic curve.

Note, it is expected : B_e should be paved by affine spaces

DeConcini - Lusztig - Procesi : $H^*(B_e)$ spanned by alg. cycles. (in part., no H^1)

Hitchin moduli stacks

* $T^* \mathrm{Bun}_G$ X/\mathbb{C} complete smooth curve

Bun_G = moduli stack of G -torsors on X

Bun_G is a smooth Artin stack (locally M/H)
of dim = $(\dim \mathfrak{g})(g-1)$, g = genus of X .

$T_{[\xi]} \mathrm{Bun}_G = H^1(X, \mathrm{Ad}(\xi))$

$\mathrm{Ad}(\xi) = \xi^g g$ v.b. locally modelled on \mathfrak{g} .

$T_{[\xi]}^* \mathrm{Bun}_G \xrightarrow{\text{Serre duality}} H^0(X, \mathrm{Ad}^*(\xi) \otimes \omega_X)$
 $\xi^g g^*$

G semisimple. Identify $\mathfrak{g} \simeq \mathfrak{g}^*$ (Killing)

\Rightarrow A point in $T^* \mathrm{Bun}_G$ is a pair (ξ, φ) : ξ G -bundle on X
 $\varphi \in H^0(X, \mathrm{Ad}(\xi) \otimes \omega_X)$
 h -Higgs bundle Higgs field

$M = T^* \mathrm{Bun}_G$ is the Hitchin moduli stack.

local \rightsquigarrow global

Fly \rightsquigarrow ?

$$\mathcal{U}_r = \left\{ g \in L^G / L^+ G : \text{Ad}(g^{-1}) r \in L^+ g = g \otimes \mathbb{C}[\mathbb{H}^+] \right\}$$

\cap
in

$$\mathcal{U}_r = \left\{ (\mathcal{E}, \tau) : \mathcal{E} \text{ a bun. on } D = \text{Spec } \mathbb{C}[\mathbb{H}^+], \tau : \text{a triv. of } \mathcal{E} \text{ on } D^X = \text{Spec } \mathbb{C}((t)) \right\}$$

(\mathcal{E}, τ) : choose τ_0 : triv. of \mathcal{E} on D

$$\int_{\tau \cdot \tau_0^{-1} \in \mathcal{U}(F)}$$

well-defined in $\mathcal{U}(F) / \mathcal{U}(\mathcal{O}_F)$

$$\mathcal{U}_r = \left\{ (\mathcal{E}, \tau) : \mathcal{E}, \tau \text{ as before, } \tau \text{ transform } r \text{ to a section of } \text{Ad}(\mathcal{E}) \text{ on } D \right\}$$

$$r \in \text{Ad}(\mathcal{E}_{\text{triv}}|_{D^X})$$

in

$$Lg = g \otimes F$$

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{U}_r \rightarrow \left\{ (\mathcal{E}, \varphi) : \mathcal{E} \text{ a-bundle on } D, \varphi \in H^0(D, \text{Ad}(\mathcal{E})) \right\} \\ (\mathcal{E}, \tau) \mapsto (\mathcal{E}, \tau \cdot \varphi \cdot \tau^{-1}) \end{cases}$$

fiber for Lr local Higgs bundle

$$[Lr \setminus \mathcal{U}_r] \simeq \left\{ \text{local Higgs bundles.} \atop \text{w/ the same char. poly. as } r \right\}$$

Hitchin fibration

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M & (\varepsilon, \varphi) & \longleftrightarrow \\ \downarrow & \mathbb{I} & \\ A & \text{char. poly. of } \varphi & \end{array}$$

$$G = GL_n$$

$$(V, \varphi: V \rightarrow V \otimes \omega_X)$$

rank
v.b.

$$\text{char}(\varphi) = y^n + a_1 y^{n-1} + \dots + a_n$$

$$-a_1 = \text{tr}(\varphi) \in H^0(X, \omega_X)$$

$$\pm a_i = \text{tr}(\Lambda^i \varphi) \in H^0(X, \omega_X^{\otimes i})$$

$$\text{General } G, \quad \mathcal{O}(g//G) = \mathbb{C}[g]^G \underset{\substack{\text{choose} \\ \deg d_1, d_2, \dots, d_r}}{=} \mathbb{C}[f_1, f_2, \dots, f_r], \quad r = \text{rk } G.$$

$$A = \prod_{i=1}^r H^0(X, \omega_X^{\otimes d_i})$$

$$f: M \rightarrow A,$$

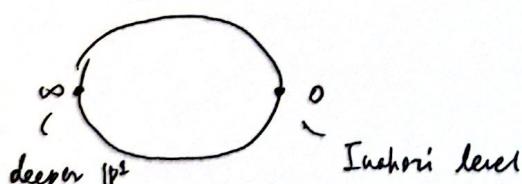
$$(\varepsilon, \varphi) \mapsto (f_1(\varphi), f_2(\varphi), \dots, f_r(\varphi)).$$

Thm (Hinberg, Laumon) $f: M \xrightarrow{\text{symp}} A$ is a Lagrangian fibration.

$$(\rightarrow \dim A = \frac{1}{2} \dim M = \dim \text{Bun}_G = (\dim G)(g-1))$$

Exer. Check $\dim A = (\dim G)(g-1)$ directly ($g \geq 2$).

Our situation



$$(X, o) \quad \text{Bun}_G(I_0)$$

$$= \left\{ (\varepsilon, \varepsilon_0^B) : \varepsilon_0^B \text{ is a } B\text{-reduction of } \right. \\ \left. \text{the fiber } \varepsilon_0 \right\}$$

$$T^* \text{Bun}_G(I_0) = \left\{ (\varepsilon, \varepsilon_0^B, \varphi) : (\varepsilon, \varepsilon_0^B) \in \text{Bun}_G(I_0), \right. \\ \left. \varphi \in H^0(X, \text{Ad}(\varepsilon) \otimes \omega_X(o)) \right. \\ \left. \text{res}_0 \varphi \in (\varepsilon_0^B)_X^B \pi_B \right\}$$

simple pole at o

Level at ∞ .

Recall Shtong slices. h gives \mathbb{Z} -grading $g = \bigoplus g_i$

$$S_e^g = e + g^k \simeq (e + g_{\leq 0}) / \underbrace{h_{\leq -2}}_{\text{unip. gp}}$$

has affine analogue

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tilde{S}_e & & \\ \searrow & \downarrow & \swarrow \\ S_e^g & \tilde{N} & \text{even} \\ \searrow & \downarrow & \swarrow \\ & g & \text{affine analog.} \\ & & \text{of } S_e^g \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} M_r \\ \text{res}_0 \\ \text{even} \\ \text{affine analog.} \\ \text{of } S_e^g \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} M_r \\ \text{res}_0 \\ \text{even} \\ \text{affine analog.} \\ \text{of } S_e^g \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} M_r \\ \text{res}_0 \\ \text{even} \\ \text{affine analog.} \\ \text{of } S_e^g \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} M_r \\ \text{res}_0 \\ \text{even} \\ \text{affine analog.} \\ \text{of } S_e^g \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} M_r \\ \text{res}_0 \\ \text{even} \\ \text{affine analog.} \\ \text{of } S_e^g \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} M_r \\ \text{res}_0 \\ \text{even} \\ \text{affine analog.} \\ \text{of } S_e^g \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Moy-Prasad group.} \\ \gamma + (L_\infty g)_{\leq 0} / \underbrace{(L_\infty g)_{\leq -1} \cdot (L_\infty T_\gamma)_{\leq 0}}_{K_r} \\ L_{tr} = \hat{\oplus} (L_{tr})_{i/m} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} G_m \\ \hookrightarrow \\ L_{tr} = c_{L_{tr}}(\gamma) \end{array}$$

$(Lg)_{\leq 0}$ is completed t^{-1} -adically. $\subset g \otimes \mathbb{C}((t^{-1})) =: L_\infty g$
 parabolic of $L_\infty g$ \hookrightarrow unif. at ∞

Def'n of M_r moduli stack of $(\varepsilon, \varepsilon_0^B, \varepsilon_\infty^{kr}, \varphi)$

ε : h -fun. on X

1) φ has at most simple pole at 0 .

ε_0^B : B -red. of ε_0

$\text{res}_0 \varphi \in (\varepsilon_0^B)_X^B \cap \mathbb{Z}_B$

ε_∞^{kr} : K_r -level str. at ∞ .

2) $\varphi|_{D_\infty^X} \sim (\gamma + (L_\infty g)_{\leq 0}) \frac{dt}{t}$

$\varphi \in H^0(\mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0, \infty\}, \text{Ad} \varepsilon \otimes \omega_X)$

under a trivialization

$\eta_r(\varepsilon|_{D_\infty}, \varepsilon_\infty^{kr})$ ambiguity $\in K_r$

$$\Sigma \quad \nu=1, \quad \gamma=\gamma_0 \cdot t, \quad \gamma_0 \in \mathfrak{h}^{2s}, \quad K_\gamma = \ker (G \mathbb{C}t^{-1} \xrightarrow{\text{mod } t^{-1}} a)$$

M_γ classifies $(\Sigma, \Sigma_0^B, \tau_\infty: \text{triv. of } \Sigma_0, \psi)$

$$\psi|_{D_\infty^X} \sim \left(\frac{\gamma_0}{t^{-2}} + \dots \right) \text{ (mod } t^{-1})$$

↑
using τ_∞

Lecture 3. $\nu=1$ case. $\gamma=\gamma_0 \cdot t, \gamma_0 \in \mathfrak{h}^{2s}$

Def of M_γ : defines $(\Sigma, \Sigma_0^B, \tau_\infty, \psi)$

Σ : \mathbb{C} -bundle on \mathbb{P}^1

Σ_0^B : B -reduction of Σ_0

τ_∞ : trivialization of Σ_0

ψ : section of $\text{Ad}(\Sigma) \otimes \omega_{\mathbb{P}^1}$ over $\mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0, \infty\}$.

s.t. • ψ has simple pole at $0 \in \mathbb{P}^1$ w/ $\text{res}_0 \psi$ strictly upper Δ w.r.t. Σ_0^B

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{GL}_n: \Sigma^B \text{ gives } F_1 \subset F_2 \subset \dots \subset F_n = \Sigma_0, \\ (\text{res}_0 \psi)(F_i) \subset F_{i-1} \end{array} \right)$$

• ψ at ∞ takes the form

$$\left(\frac{-\gamma_0}{t^{-2}} + \text{f.o. terms of } t^{-1} \right) \frac{dt^{-1}}{t^{-1}} \quad (\text{under } \tau_\infty)$$

Questions: • symplectic structure on M_γ

• F_γ and M_γ

• Hitchin fibration for M_γ

Hitchin base $\nu=1$. b_2, \dots, b_r homog. deg. d_1, \dots, d_r generators of $\mathbb{C}[g]^G$.

$$\begin{aligned} b_i(\psi) &\in H^0(\mathbb{P}^1, \omega_{(2 \cdot \infty + 1 \cdot 0)} \otimes d_i) & \omega_{\mathbb{P}^1}(\infty + 0) &\simeq \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1} \\ & H^0(\mathbb{P}^1, \mathcal{O}(\infty) \otimes d_i) & \frac{dt}{t} &\leftrightarrow 1 \end{aligned}$$

$f_i(\varphi)$ is a poly. in t of deg $\leq d_i$

- leading coeff = $f_i(-\gamma_0)$ (\Leftarrow condition at ∞)
- constant coeff = 0. (\Leftarrow φ is nilp)

$$A_r \subset \prod_{i=1}^n \mathbb{C}[t] \quad \text{deg} \leq d_i, \text{ leading } f_i(-\gamma_0)$$

const coeff = 0

affine space of dim = $d_i - 1$

$f_r: M_r \rightarrow A_r$

$$\text{affine space of dim} = \sum_{i=1}^n (d_i - 1) = \dim \mathcal{B}$$

exponents of \mathcal{L}

- Hitchin fibers via spectral curves $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_n$

$M_r = (V, F. \text{ at } 0, \text{ basis of } V_\infty, \varphi)$

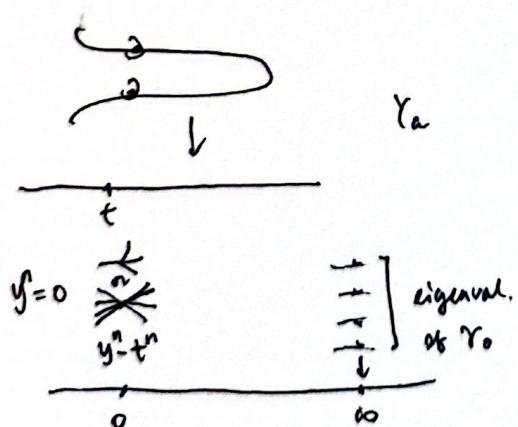
$$\varphi: V \rightarrow V \otimes \omega (2 \cdot \infty + 1 \cdot 0) \simeq V(\infty)$$

Spectral curve attached to $a \in A_r$.

$$\begin{matrix} \parallel \\ (a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n) \end{matrix}$$

$$a \in H^0(\mathbb{P}^1, \mathcal{O}(d_i))$$

$$y^n + a_1 y^{n-1} + \dots + a_n = 0 \quad \text{defines a curve} \quad \subset \text{Tot}(\mathcal{O}(1))$$



at ∞ , eqn = char. pol. (γ_0)

Fact. $f_Y^{-1}(a) = \left\{ (L, F_0, \tau_\infty) : \begin{array}{l} L \in \overline{\text{Pic}}(Y_a) \text{ (torsion free, gen. line bundle)} \\ \text{and } 0 \subset F_1 \subset \dots \subset F_n = L \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1} \end{array} \right\}$

each F_i must be $\mathcal{O}_{Y_a} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1} \text{-mod}$

$p_a: Y_a \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$

$\tau_\infty: \text{a basis of } L|_{\infty}, \forall \infty \text{ above } \infty$

$(L, F_0, \tau_\infty) \rightsquigarrow (V = p_{\infty}^* L, \text{ equipped w/ } \psi \text{ s.t. } V \xrightarrow{\psi} V \otimes \mathcal{O}(1))$

\Downarrow

F_0, τ_∞

$G = \text{SL}_n$. $(V, F_0, \tau_\infty, \psi, \text{ s.t. } \det(V) \simeq \mathcal{O}, \text{ compatible w/ } \tau_\infty, \text{ tr } \psi = \infty)$

$$A_\tau \ni a_\tau = (f_2(-r_0)t^{d_2}, f_2(-r_0)t^{d_2}, \dots)$$

$\exists \text{ limit } \sim A_\tau$ contrasting to a_τ .

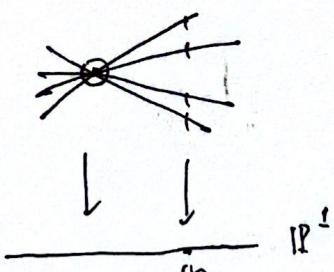
$$s \in G_m \text{ acts by } s \cdot v \mapsto (s^{-1})$$

$$\text{limit } \sim M_\tau \quad (\psi \mapsto s\psi) \cdot v \mapsto (s^{-1})$$

$\text{GL}_n \quad , \quad Y_{a_\tau}$

$$F_{a_\tau} \rightarrow f^{-1}(a_\tau)$$

\parallel bijection on \mathbb{C} -points



$\text{Tot}(\mathcal{O}(1))$

$\left(\text{For } \tau = \frac{d}{n}, (d, n) = 1, Y_{a_\tau} \text{ is irred.} \right)$

$\left\{ \Lambda_\tau \text{ } \mathcal{O}_F\text{-lattice in } F^n : \tau \Lambda_i \subset \Lambda_{i-1} \right\}$

$$\Lambda_0 \subset \Lambda_1 \subset \Lambda_2 \subset \dots \subset \Lambda_n$$

$$\overset{\text{def}}{=} \Lambda_0$$

glue Λ_τ w/ $\left(\mathcal{O}_{Y_{a_\tau}}|_{\mathbb{P}^1 - 0}, \text{ can. triv. above } \infty \right)$ to get $(L, F_0, \tau_\infty) \in f^{-1}(a_\tau)$

$$\mathcal{O}_F[r] \curvearrowright \Lambda_i$$

view Λ_i as a torsion free rank 2 sheaf on $D_{\mathcal{O}_F, 0}$.

Sympl. str. on M_F

" $T^* \mathrm{Bun}_G$ "

$$\text{Hamiltonian reduction} \quad H \curvearrowright X, \quad \mu: T^* X \xrightarrow{\text{H-act}} \mathfrak{h}^* \\ \psi \\ \zeta: H\text{-inv}$$

$$T^* X //_{\zeta} H := \mu^{-1}(\zeta) / H$$

$$\zeta = 0, \quad T^* X //_{\zeta} H = T^*(X/H)$$

$$K_1 = \ker \left(G[[t^{-1}]] \xrightarrow{\text{Mod } t^{-1}} G \right)$$

$$K_2 = \ker \left(G[[t^{-1}]] \xrightarrow{\text{Mod } (t^{-1})^2} G \left(\mathbb{C}[t^{-1}] / (t^{-2}) \right) \right)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} g \curvearrowright \mathrm{Bun}_G(I_0, K_2) = \left\{ (\varepsilon, \varepsilon_0^B, \tau_{2, \infty}) = \begin{array}{l} \tau_{2, \infty} \text{ tri.} \\ \varepsilon \mid \text{Spec } \mathbb{C}[t^{-1}] / (t^{-2}) \end{array} \right\} \\ \text{is} \\ K_2 / K_1 \\ \text{at } \infty \\ \text{quotient by } K_1 / K_2 \simeq g \cdot t^{-1} \\ \text{Bun}_G(I_0, K_1) \\ \hookrightarrow \text{changing } \tau_{2, \infty} \text{ while keeping } \tau_{\infty}. \quad \text{for } K_2 / K_1 = g\text{-action} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} e_1 + t^{-1} v_1 \\ e_2 + t^{-1} v_2 \\ \vdots \\ e_n + t^{-1} v_n \end{array} \quad T^* \mathrm{Bun}_G(I_0, K_2) \xrightarrow{\mu} g^* = g \\ \downarrow \\ \gamma_0$$

$$\text{funt. } T^* \mathrm{Bun}_G(I_0, K_2) //_{\gamma_0} g \simeq M_F \quad \Rightarrow \text{Sympl. str. on } M_F$$

General slope v.

Recall how to see sympl. str. on $\widetilde{S_e}$.

Want $\widetilde{S_e} = T^*X //_{\mathcal{H}} H$.

$H \supset X = B$

↪ Premet group attached to (e, h, \cdot)

$$e + g_{\leq 0} \supset G_{\leq -2}$$

If e is even (i.e. $g_{\text{odd}} = 0$), Take $H = G_{\leq -2} \xrightarrow{\langle e, - \rangle} g_{\leq -2} \xrightarrow{\langle e, - \rangle} \mathbb{C}$

thus $e \in h^*$ int under H

$$g_{\leq 0} = g_{\leq -2}^\perp, \quad e + g_{\leq -2}^\perp / G_{\leq -2}. \quad T^*B = \widetilde{N}$$

$$\Rightarrow \widetilde{S_e} \simeq T^*B //_{\mathcal{H}} G_{\leq -2} \quad \begin{matrix} e + g_{\leq -2}^\perp \subset g^* \\ \downarrow \\ e \in g_{\leq -2}^* \end{matrix}$$

General e , $H = G_{\leq -2} \cdot (\text{half of } g_{-1})$

Lagr. under $(\cdot, \cdot)_e$

$$(\cdot, \cdot)_e: g_{-1} \times g_{-1} \xrightarrow{\text{symplectic}} \mathbb{C}$$

$$(x, y) \mapsto \langle e, [x, y] \rangle$$

e extends to $H \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$, $e \in (h^*)^H$

$$T^*B //_{\mathcal{H}} H \longrightarrow e + h^\perp / H \simeq e + g_{\leq 0} / G_{\leq -2}$$

$\widetilde{S_e}$ \uparrow K_r

$$\text{Affine analogue} . \quad \gamma + (L_{\text{ad}} g)_{\leq 0} / \overbrace{(L_{\text{ad}} g)_{\leq -2} \cdot (L_{\text{ad}} \text{Tr})_{\leq 0}}^{K_r}$$

look for $J_r \supset K_r$ s.t. $\gamma + (L_{\text{ad}} J_r)^\perp / J_r$

$\gamma: J_r \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ (homo.)

$$T^* \mathbb{F} \mathbb{L} // \mathbb{J}_r = M_r$$

$$\downarrow \quad \text{finite dim'le}$$

Pick $\mathbb{J}'_r \triangleleft \mathbb{J}_r$ s.t. $r: \overline{\mathbb{J}_r / \mathbb{J}'_r} \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}$

$$\text{Bun}_G (I_0, \mathbb{J}'_r) \supset \mathbb{J}_r / \mathbb{J}'_r$$

$$T^* \text{Bun}_G (I_0, \mathbb{J}'_r) //_{\mathbb{J}_r} \mathbb{J}_r / \mathbb{J}'_r \simeq M_r.$$

$$\mathbb{J}_r = (L^\infty \mathfrak{g})_{\leq -\frac{r}{2}} (L^\infty \mathbb{J}_r)_{\leq 0}$$

↪ ok if $(L^\infty g)_{-\frac{r}{2}} = 0$

$$\text{In general, } \mathbb{J}_r \subset (L^\infty \mathfrak{g})_{\leq -\frac{r}{2}} (L^\infty \mathbb{J}_r)_{\leq 0}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ L & \subset & (L^\infty g)_{-\frac{r}{2}} / (L^\infty \mathbb{J}_r)_{-\frac{r}{2}} \end{array} \quad \text{← has a sympl str.}$$

\mathfrak{g}
Lie T

$$r \in \text{Lie } T, (T \mathfrak{g})$$

$$\text{Ex. } r=2, \begin{cases} \mathbb{J}_r = k_2 \cdot (LT)_{\leq -1} \\ \bigwedge^1 (L^\infty \mathfrak{g})_{\leq -2} \text{ 1st cong. subgrp of } T[t^{-1}] \\ \mathbb{J}_r = \{1 + b \cdot t^{-1} + \dots\} \\ \bigwedge^1 k_1 = (L^\infty \mathfrak{g})_{\leq -1} \end{cases}$$

Hitchin base for general r . $w(0 + \infty) \simeq 0$

$$A_r \subset T^* \mathbb{H}^r (B^2, \mathcal{O}([d_i \cdot r]))$$

$$a = (a_1, a_2, \dots, a_r)$$

$$a_i = (-) t^{[d_i r]} + \dots + 0 \quad \text{const. term}$$

if $d_i r \in \mathbb{Z}$, then this coeff = $t^{d_i r}$ coeff of $f(r)$

Thm r homog. of slope $\nu > 0$

1) M_r is a smooth alg. space w/ a canonical sympl. str.

2) $f_r: M_r \rightarrow A_r$ is a Lagrangian fib.

$$(\Rightarrow \dim A_r = \frac{1}{2} \dim M_r)$$

3) If r is elliptic ($\Leftrightarrow \nu = \frac{d}{m}$, $m = \text{ord (elliptic reg. w.)}$)

f_r is proper.

4) Gm-action on M_r, A_r compatibly, contracting A_r to $\alpha_r = (f_r)_*(r)$.

5) Nat'l map $F_{L_r} \rightarrow f_r^{-1}(\alpha_r)$ homeomorphism.

$$6) H^*(M_r) \xrightarrow{\sim} H^*(F_{L_r})$$

Ex. $SL_2, \nu = \frac{3}{2}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \times & \longrightarrow & K \\ F_{L_r} & & f^{-1}(\alpha_r) \end{array}$$

Ex. $SL_2, \nu = 1$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{C}^* & \leadsto & \begin{array}{c} \times \\ \times \\ \times \\ \vdots \end{array} \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & \alpha_r \end{array}$$

$A_r \simeq \mathbb{A}^1$

Lecture 4, $f_r: M_r \rightarrow A_r$

Correction: $A_r = \bigoplus_{i=2}^{\infty} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{poly. in } t, \text{ const term} = 0 \\ \text{leading term} = f_i(-r) = (* + \text{div}) \\ \text{other terms have deg } \leq (d_i - 1) \nu \end{array} \right\}$

$$\dim A_Y = \sum_{i=1}^n [(d_i-1)v]$$

f_Y is a Lag. fibration, central fiber $\underset{\text{homeo.}}{\simeq} \text{Fl}_Y$.

Check: $\dim \text{Fl}_Y \stackrel{?}{=} \dim A_Y$

// to

$$\frac{|\mathbb{H}| \cdot v - cw}{2}$$

//

$$\sum_{i=1}^n [(d_i-1)v]$$

$$\frac{1}{2}|\mathbb{H}| = \sum_{i=1}^n (d_i-1)$$

/curve

Nonabelian Hodge theory (Simpson correspondence)

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} M_{\text{Mod}} & M_{\text{dR}} & M_{\text{Bir}} \\ \text{moduli of} & \text{moduli of v.b.} & \text{moduli of homeo.} \\ \text{Higgs bundles} & \text{w/ connections} & \pi_1(x) \rightarrow G \\ (\varepsilon, \varphi) & (\varepsilon, \nabla) & GL_n \end{array}$$

$$(\varepsilon, \varphi) \text{ over } (\varepsilon, \nabla) \xrightarrow{\text{RH}} \varepsilon^\nabla \text{ loc sys} \\ \nabla = d + A dt \qquad \leftrightarrow (\pi_1(x) \rightarrow GL_n)$$

Riemann-Hilbert map

λ -connection (ε, ∇) , $\nabla = \lambda d + A dt$

$$\nabla(f \cdot s) = \lambda df \cdot s + f \nabla(s)$$

$\lambda = 1$, usual conn.

$\lambda = 0$, Higgs field

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M_{\text{Mod}} & \{(\varepsilon, \nabla) : \lambda\text{-conn. } \nabla \text{ on } \varepsilon\} & M_{\text{Mod}} \quad M_{\text{H.d}} \quad M_{\text{dR}} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \mathbb{C} & \lambda & 0 \in \mathbb{C} \rightarrow 1 \end{array}$$

M_{DR} , M_{dR} , M_{Bet} are diff. cpt str. of the same hyperkähler mfd.

e.g. GL_1 , $M_{\text{DR}}^0 \simeq \text{Jac} \times H^0(X, \omega) = T^* \text{Pic}$

$$1 \rightarrow H^0(X, \omega) \rightarrow \overset{\text{topologically}}{\underset{\text{topologically}}{\frac{\mathbb{C}^{2g}}{\mathbb{Z}^{2g}}}} M_{\text{dR}} \xrightarrow{\text{Jac}} \text{Jac} \rightarrow 1$$

$$M_{\text{Bet}}^0 \simeq \text{Hom}(\pi_1(X), \mathbb{G}_m) \simeq H^1(X, \mathbb{Z}) \otimes \mathbb{C}^*$$

$$M_{\text{Hod}, \gamma} = \left\{ (\xi, \xi_0^B, \xi_\infty^{kr}, \nabla) : \begin{array}{l} \text{at } 0, \nabla \text{ has a simple pole w/} \\ \text{res. str. upp. \& unt. } \xi_0^B \\ \text{Same as in } M_\gamma \quad \lambda\text{-conn. on } \xi \\ \text{at } \infty, \nabla \sim \lambda d + \left(r + (L_\infty g)_{\leq 0} \right) \frac{dt}{t} \\ \text{under trivializ. of } (\xi, \xi_\infty^{kr}) \end{array} \right.$$

$$k_r = (L_\infty g)_{\leq -r} (L_\infty \text{Tr})_{\leq 0}$$

Fact. $M_{\text{Hod}, \gamma}$

$\downarrow \lambda$ is smooth,
relatively symplectic.

C

$M_{\text{dR}, \gamma} = \lambda^{-1}(1)$ sympl. alg. space.

same dim. as M_γ

$\mathbb{C}^* \simeq M_{\text{Hod}, \gamma}$ scales λ with wt d , restricts to previous $\mathbb{C}^* \simeq M_\gamma$.

$$\Rightarrow H^*(M_\gamma) \hookrightarrow H^*(M_{\text{Hod}, \gamma}) \xrightarrow{\sim} H^*(M_{\text{dR}, \gamma})$$

$$H^*(\text{Fl}_\gamma)$$

$$\boxed{\text{Fl}_\gamma}$$

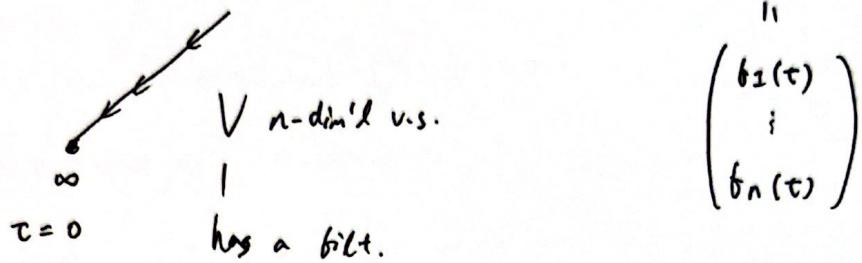
$\downarrow \lambda$

Fl_γ

$M_{\text{Bir}, Y}$ should parametrize \mathcal{A} -local sys. on $\mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0, \infty\}$ w/

- B -reduction at 0
- Stokes data at ∞

τ loc. coord. at ∞ , $f'(\tau) = A(\tau) f(\tau)$ $f(\tau): D_\infty^X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^n$



$$\begin{pmatrix} b_1(\tau) \\ \vdots \\ b_n(\tau) \end{pmatrix}$$

max. decay. $C \square C \dots$

$$v=1. \quad f'(\tau) = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{a_1}{\tau^2} & & & \\ & -\frac{a_2}{\tau^2} & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & -\frac{a_n}{\tau^2} \end{pmatrix} f(\tau)$$

$$\left(e^{\frac{a_1}{\tau}}, 0, \dots, 0 \right)$$

;

$$(0, 0, \dots, 0, e^{\frac{a_n}{\tau}})$$

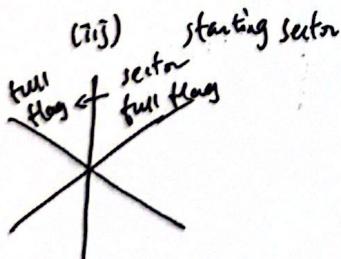
$$\tau = v \cdot e^{i\theta}$$

$$\left| e^{\frac{a_i}{\tau}} \right| = e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}(a_i e^{-i\theta})}$$

order $\operatorname{Re}(a_i e^{-i\theta})$

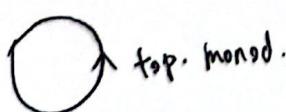
when distinct, get a full flag.

Singular directions: 0 s.t. $\exists i \neq j$ s.t. $\operatorname{Re}((a_i - a_j)e^{-i\theta}) = 0$



$$0 \subset V_1 \subset \dots \subset V_{k-1} \overset{i}{\subset} V_k \overset{j}{\subset} V_{k+1} \subset \dots$$

} cross (i,j) direction



$$0 \subset V_1 \subset \dots \subset V_{k-1} \overset{j}{\subset} V_k \overset{i}{\subset} V_{k+1} \subset \dots$$

positive braid $\beta \in B_W^+$ = $\langle s_i : \text{braid rel.} \rangle$

$\theta_1, \theta_2, \dots$ singular direction.

$$\beta = s_{\theta_1} s_{\theta_2} \dots \in B_W^+$$

$$\mu(\beta) \quad \beta = s_{i_1} s_{i_2} \dots s_{i_N} \text{ reduced}$$

$$\mu(\beta) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{full flag} \\ \text{full flags} \end{array} \right\} \quad \left. \begin{array}{c} V_+^{(0)} \xrightarrow{s_{i_1}} V_+^{(1)} \xrightarrow{s_{i_2}} \dots \xrightarrow{s_{i_N}} V_+^{(N)} \xrightarrow{\text{isom}} V_+^{(0)} \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ V_+^{(0)} \xrightarrow{s_{i_1}} V_+^{(1)} \xrightarrow{s_{i_2}} \dots \xrightarrow{s_{i_N}} V_+^{(N)} \xrightarrow{\text{isom}} V_+^{(0)} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{general } G, \quad \beta = s_{i_1} s_{i_2} \dots s_{i_N}$$

$$\mu(\beta) = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} F^{(0)} - F^{(1)} - \dots - F^{(N)} \simeq F^{(0)} \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ \text{B-bundles} \\ \text{over a pt} \\ \text{as: } F^{(i-1)} \times_G^B F^{(i)} \simeq F^{(i)} \times_G^B F^{(i+1)} \\ \text{rel. pos } (F^{(i-1)}, F^{(i)}) = s_{i,j} \end{array} \right\}$$

(compare Deligne - Lusztig variety)

$$\stackrel{\text{top}}{\text{mono.}}: \mu(\beta) \longrightarrow \left\{ (\xi, \alpha): \xi: G\text{-bundle over pt}, \alpha \in \text{Aut}_G(\xi) \right\} = \frac{G}{G}$$

$$F^{(0)} \times_G^B G \simeq F^{(1)} \times_G^B G = \dots \simeq F^{(N)} \times_G^B G \simeq F^{(0)} \times_G^B G$$

auto. of $F^{(i)} \times_G^B G$ as a G -bundle

$$\widetilde{\mu(\beta)} \longrightarrow \mu(\beta)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & \longrightarrow & \downarrow \\ \widetilde{u} & \longrightarrow & \frac{G}{G} \end{array} \quad \widetilde{u} \rightarrow u \text{ Spin res. of unip. cone } \mathcal{U} \subset G.$$

$$M_{\text{Bet}, \gamma} \rightarrow \widetilde{M}(\beta) \quad (= \text{when } \gamma \text{ is elliptic})$$

$$\gamma \sim \beta$$

(

elliptic $\bullet \nu = \frac{d}{m}, \quad m = \text{ord}(\omega), \quad w \in W$

choose w to have minimal length within conj. class

$$l(w) = \frac{|\Xi|}{m} \quad (\langle w \rangle \cap \Xi \text{ freely})$$

$$\tilde{w} \in B_w^+ \quad \text{cano. lift of } w, \quad \beta = \tilde{w}^d \in B_w^+$$

Ex. $\nu = \frac{d}{h}, \quad w = s_1 s_2 \dots s_r$

$$\beta = \underbrace{s_1 s_2 \dots s_r}_{\underbrace{\dots}_{d \text{ times}}} \underbrace{s_1 \dots s_r}_{\dots} \dots \underbrace{s_1 \dots s_r}_{\dots}$$

Works for $\nu = 1 = \frac{h}{h}, \quad \beta = (s_1 s_2 \dots s_r)^h = \tilde{w}_0^2 \quad \text{full twist} \in B_w^+$.

$$M(\text{full twist}) = \left\{ \underbrace{f^{(0)} \dots f^{(1)} \dots f^{(2)}}_{\text{gen.}} \dots \simeq f^{(0)} \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ g, B_0 \underbrace{B_1 \dots B_2}_{\text{gen.}} \dots \simeq B_0 \right\} / G$$

$$\text{Fix } B, B^{op} = \left\{ (g, B, B^{op} \underbrace{B_1 \dots B_2}_{\text{gen.}} \dots \simeq B_0) \right\} / B \cap B^{op} = T$$

$$= \underbrace{(B^{op}, B)}_{\text{Ad}(T)} / \text{Ad}(T)$$

$$\gamma \sim \beta \in B_w^+$$

$$\gamma(\tau) = \mathbb{C}^X \rightarrow \mathbb{G}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{G}^m // G = \mathbb{H}^m // W$$

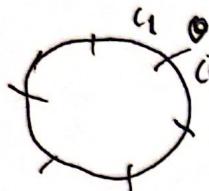
$$Z = \pi_1(\mathbb{C}^X) \xrightarrow{\quad} \pi_1(\mathbb{H}^m // W) = B_w \sim \text{gives conj. class of } \beta.$$

$\nu \in \mathbb{Z}$, get pres. braid

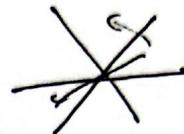
$$r: \mathbb{C}^x \rightarrow h^{\text{ss}} \rightarrow h_R$$

$$\cup$$

$$S^1_{\frac{1}{2}} \longrightarrow h_R$$



singular 0 \leftrightarrow preimages of walls



$$\text{pos}(c_0, c_1) \in W$$

$$\beta = \widetilde{\text{pos}(c_0, c_1)} \quad \widetilde{\text{pos}(c_1, c_2)} \quad \dots$$

Riemann-Hilbert map. (analytic map)

$$M_{dR, r} \longrightarrow M_{\text{Bet}, r} \longrightarrow \widetilde{M(\beta)}$$

$$(\varepsilon, \dots, \nabla) \longrightarrow \text{Stokes data}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\widetilde{h}}{a} \longrightarrow \frac{h}{a} \longrightarrow M(\beta) \longrightarrow \frac{(L_{tr})_0}{\text{Ad}_w(T)} \times \frac{F^{(i)}}{I} \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ \frac{h}{a} \longrightarrow \frac{h}{a} \longrightarrow \frac{(L_{tr})_0}{\text{Ad}_w(T)} \times \frac{F^{(i)}}{I} \end{array}$$

$\frac{F^{(i)}}{I} = \frac{F^{(i)}}{I}$
 $w\text{-twisted}$

Thm. Analytic map

$$\text{RH} : M_{dR, r} \longrightarrow M_{\text{Bet}, r} = \frac{\widetilde{h}}{a} \times \frac{h}{a} M(\beta) \times \frac{(L_{tr})_0}{\text{Ad}_w(T)}.$$

Conj. This is an analytic \simeq .

Question, $\exists ?$ hyperkähler str. on M_R ?

$$M_{dR, \gamma}/\mathbb{Z} \longrightarrow \widetilde{BB \cap U}$$

||

$$Fl_{r/2} \hookrightarrow M_{r/2} \quad T^* \mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \Gamma\left(\frac{dt}{t}\right)$$

$\mathcal{X} \hookrightarrow E$.

Lecture 5

$$M_r \hookrightarrow M_{Hd, \gamma} \hookleftarrow M_{dR, \gamma} \xrightarrow{RH} M_{Bet, \gamma}$$

" " (braid var.,
wild char. var.)

Ramified geometric Langlands conjecture (specific case) connections (de Rham)

$Sh_{N_{glob}}(Bun_{\gamma}(x))$

$IndCoh_{nilp} \left(\mathcal{Loc}_{\gamma}^{\text{Bet}}(x) \right)$

rep. of $T_{\mathbb{C}}$ (Betti)

Automorphic side

Spectral side
(Galois)

Betti (Ben-Zvi, Nadler)

$$Sh_{N_{glob}}(Bun_{\gamma}(x)) \quad \simeq \quad IndCoh_{\gamma} \left(\mathcal{Loc}_{\gamma}^{\text{Bet}}(x) = \text{Hom}(\pi_0(x), \check{\gamma})/\check{\gamma} \right)$$

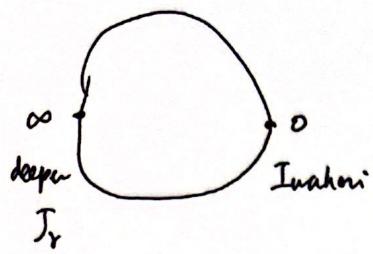
(ss. $\subset N_{glob} \subset T^* Bun_{\gamma}(x)$)

"

\downarrow Hitchin moduli
 \downarrow

$$0 \in A = \{f : ss(f) \subset G \times N^* \subset T^* G\}$$

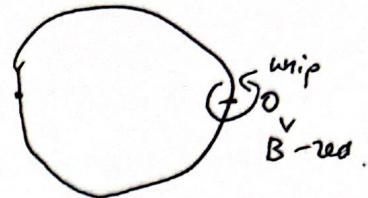
Finite analog: $C(S(\gamma)) \subset D_h(\gamma)$



$$\mathrm{Bun}_{G, \mathrm{pt}}(I_0, J_{r, \infty})$$

Autom.

$$r \mapsto \beta \in B_W^+$$



\check{G} - loc. sys.

dr: irregular conn.

Betti: Stokes data

Spectral

$$\widetilde{M_h^x}(\beta)$$

$$\beta \in B_W^+$$

$$Fl_r \subset M_r$$

$$\begin{matrix} G_r & G \\ G_m & G_m \end{matrix}$$

$$\mu Sh_{Fl_r}(M_r)$$

microsheaves

$$S = \bigsqcup S_d \quad (\text{stratified cpt and})$$

$$T^*S \supset \bigsqcup_{d \in \text{Lag.}} T_{S_d}^* S = \Delta$$

\cup

G_m scaling fibers

\cup

G_m

$$\mu Sh_{\Delta}(T^*S) \simeq D_{\{S_d\}}(S)$$

$$\text{Recall } M_r = T^* \mathrm{Bun}_G(I_0, J'_{r, \infty}) \mathbin{\!/\mkern-5mu/\!} \bar{J}_r$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} J_{r, \infty} & \xrightarrow{r} & G_a \\ & \downarrow & \nearrow f \\ \bar{J}_r & = & J_{r, \infty} / J'_{r, \infty} \end{array}$$

$$J_r = (L \circ G)_{\leq -\frac{r}{2}} (L \circ \bar{J}_r)_{\leq 0}$$

$$\text{Take } J'_{r, \infty} = \ker(r: J_{r, \infty} \rightarrow G_a), \quad \bar{J}_r \simeq G_a.$$

$$M_r = T^* \mathrm{Bun}_G(I_0, J'_{r, \infty}) \mathbin{\!/\mkern-5mu/\!} G_a$$

$$M = T^* \tilde{S} //_{\mathbb{A}} \mathbb{G}_a, \quad \mathbb{G}_a \curvearrowright \tilde{S} = \text{opx mfd.} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} T^* \tilde{S} //_{\mathbb{G}_a} = T^*(S) \\ S = \tilde{S} //_{\mathbb{G}_a} \end{array} \right.$$

want a sheaf category on \tilde{S} or S

that can be microlocalized to M .

ℓ -adic setting. char $k = p > 0$.

$$\mathbb{G}_a \curvearrowright \tilde{S}$$

$$D_{\mathbb{G}_a}(\tilde{S}) = D(S)$$

$$D_{(\mathbb{G}_a, AS_p)}(\tilde{S})$$

↪ non-trivial

char. sheaf str. on AS_p :

$$\text{add: } \mathbb{G}_a \times \mathbb{G}_a \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_a,$$

$$\text{add}^* AS_p \simeq AS_p \boxtimes AS_p$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{G}_a & \xrightarrow{\mathbb{F}_p\text{-torsn}} & \mathbb{G}_a \\ x \mapsto & x - x^p & \text{rank 1 loc-sys.} \\ d_x \mathbb{G}_a = \bigoplus_{\psi: \mathbb{F}_p \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_a^x} & & \text{on } \mathbb{G}_a \end{array}$$

An object in $D_{(\mathbb{G}_a, AS_p)}(\tilde{S})$ is $\mathcal{F} \in D(\tilde{S})$ s.t. $\text{act: } \mathbb{G}_a \times \tilde{S} \rightarrow \tilde{S}$

$$\text{act}^* \mathcal{F} \simeq AS_p \boxtimes \mathcal{F}.$$

Gratsgroup: Kirillov model.

$$k = \text{any} - A_{\mathbb{A}} = \mathbb{G}_a \curvearrowright^{\times \mathbb{G}_m} \tilde{S}$$

$$D_{(\mathbb{G}_a, AS_p)}(\tilde{S}) \quad \text{indep. of } \psi \quad (\text{nontrivial})$$

$$\text{Kir}(\tilde{S}) = D_{\mathbb{G}_m}(\tilde{S}) / D_{A_{\mathbb{A}}}(\tilde{S})$$

when $\text{char}(k) = p$.

$$\text{Kir}(\tilde{S}) \xrightarrow[\sim]{\text{Av}(G_a, AS_4)} D_{(G_a, AS_4)}(\tilde{S})$$

" $\text{Kir}(\tilde{S})$ microlocalizes to $M = T^* \tilde{S} //_{\mathbb{I}} G_a$ "

$D_{G_m}(\tilde{S})$ microlocalize to $T^*(\tilde{S}/G_m)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \{0\} \subset T^* \tilde{S} & \mu_{G_m}^{-1}(\{0\}) \subset T^* \tilde{S} & \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \mu_{AS_4} & \downarrow \mu_{AS_4} \\ 0 \in (\text{Lie } G_m)^* & \left(\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ (\text{Lie } G_m)^* \end{array} \right) & \left(\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ (\text{Lie } AS_4)^* \end{array} \right) \\ & & \downarrow \mu_{AS_4} \\ (\text{Lie } G_m)^* \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow (\text{Lie } G_m)^* & & \end{array}$$

Exer.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mu_{AS_4}^{-1}(\{0\}) / G_m & = & M \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ (\text{Lie } G_m)^* \oplus (\text{Lie } G_m)^* \end{array} \right) & & \left(\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ M_{G_a}^{-1}(\{0\}) / G_a \end{array} \right) \end{array}$$

$\text{Kir}(\tilde{S})$ microlocalizes to $\mu_{AS_4}^{-1}(\{0\}) / G_m \simeq M$.

$$M_r = T^* \text{Bun}_a(I_0, J_{r,\infty}^1) //_{\mathbb{I}} G_a.$$

$$\tilde{S} = \text{Bun}_a(I_0, J_{r,\infty}^1)$$

\hookrightarrow

$$G_a \times G_m$$

$$F \in \text{Kir}(\tilde{S})$$

$$\text{has } \text{SS}(F) \subset M_r$$

automorphic:

$\text{Kir}_{\text{Fl}_r}(\text{Bun}_a(I_0, J_{r,\infty}^1))$ is defined

spatial:

$$\widetilde{M_h(\beta)} = M_h(\beta) \times \frac{\widetilde{h}}{\widetilde{h}}$$

Conj. Full embedding

$$\mathrm{Kir}_{\mathrm{Fl}_Y}(\mathrm{Bun}_a(I_0, J_{r, \infty})) \hookrightarrow \mathrm{IndCoh}(\widetilde{M_a^v(\beta)}).$$

Slope $v=1$.

$$\mathrm{Bun}_a(I_0, J_{r, \infty}) = \mathrm{Bun}_a(I_0, K_{1, \infty})$$

$$M_a^v(\widetilde{w_0}^2) = \check{B}^{\mathrm{op}} \check{B} / \mathrm{Ad}(\check{\tau})$$

$$\widetilde{M_a^v(\widetilde{w_0}^2)} = (\widetilde{B^{v, \mathrm{op}} \check{B} \cap U}) / \mathrm{Ad}(\check{\tau})$$

① Satake action on autom. side

$$\mathrm{Rep}(\check{a}) \curvearrowright \mathrm{Kir}_{\mathrm{Fl}_Y}(\dots)$$

$$\widetilde{M_a^v(\beta)} \longrightarrow M_a^v(\beta) \xrightarrow{\frac{G^v}{\zeta}} \xrightarrow{\frac{pt}{\zeta}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathrm{Rep}(\check{a}) = \mathrm{Qcoh}(\frac{pt}{\zeta}) \curvearrowright \mathrm{IndCoh}(\widetilde{M_a^v(\beta)})$$

② at 0. $\mathrm{Kir}(\dots) \simeq \mathrm{IndCoh}(\dots)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \curvearrowleft & \curvearrowright & \\ \mathrm{Haff}, \circ & \simeq & \mathrm{IndCoh}(\widetilde{U}^v \times \widetilde{U}^v) \\ \mathrm{is} & & \mathrm{Bog.} \end{array}$$

$$\mathbb{D}(I_0 \backslash \mathrm{Log}/I_0)$$

③ $\mathrm{LieTr}/(\mathrm{LieTr})_{<0} \curvearrowright M_r \supset \mathrm{Fl}_Y$

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \Lambda \cong \pi_0(\mathrm{LieTr}) = \chi_r(T)_W \end{array}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \Lambda_r \curvearrowright \mathrm{Kir}_{\mathrm{Fl}_Y}(\dots)$$

\dots

$$\widetilde{M_a^v(\beta)}$$

$$M_a^v(\beta)$$

$$\frac{T^v}{\mathrm{Ad} w T^v} \longrightarrow \frac{pt}{(T^v)w}$$

$$\mathrm{Rep}((\check{\tau})^w) \curvearrowright \mathrm{IndCoh}(\widetilde{M_a^v(\beta)})$$

Result in slope 1 case

Thru.

$$\overline{\mathrm{ker}}\left(\mathrm{Bun}_\kappa\left(\kappa'_{1,\infty}\right)\right)$$

$$\gamma = \gamma_0 t$$

$$r_0 \in h^{2s} \subset g^{2s}$$

13

$$\gamma: k_{2,\infty} \longrightarrow g \xrightarrow{\gamma_0, -} a_a$$

$$k_{1,\infty}' = \ker(r: k_{1,\infty} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}_0)$$

Mr version of Mr w/o Io.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \overline{M_Y} &= \left\{ (\varepsilon, \tau_\infty, \psi) \right. \\
 &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left. \chi_\varepsilon(\tau) \in H^0(\mathbb{A}^1, \text{Ad}(\varepsilon) \otimes \omega) \right\} \\
 &\downarrow \\
 \psi|_{D_\infty^X} &\sim \left(-\frac{r_0}{\varepsilon} + \dots \right) \frac{dc}{\tau}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(P^1, \omega_{1, \infty})^{(\otimes d_1)} = \mathbb{C}$$

तथा

$$X_*(T) \simeq \{ g \in G_r : \text{Ad}(g^{-1}) \cdot \tau \in \tau g(\mathbb{C}[t]) \} \quad \text{Spaltenstein fiber.}$$

$$\{g \in G_r : \text{Ad}(g^{-1}) \cdot r_0 \in g[[t]]\}$$

Dr C kin (Bun_a (Io, Jr₁₀₀))
" fun Flr

generated by the image of pullback along $Bun_G(I_0, k_{1, \infty}^1) \rightarrow Bun_G(k_{1, \infty}^1)$

under $H_{\text{aff}, 0}$ -action.

Thm. $D_T \simeq \text{Coh}^T(\widetilde{N}^V)_{B^V}$

← top. supp. on

{

zero section $B^V \hookrightarrow \widetilde{N}^V = T^* B^V$

$\text{Coh}^T(\widetilde{B^V \cap \text{op}_B^V \cap U})_{B^V}$

↓

auto. side of conj. ↓

spectral side in conj.

① $\text{Rep}^T \rightsquigarrow D_T$

{ modif. at any $x \in \mathbb{P}^2 \setminus \{0, \infty\}$

factors through Rep^T

↑

$\text{Rep}^T \rightsquigarrow \text{Coh}^T(\text{--})$

② $D_T \hookrightarrow H_{\text{dR}, 0}$

$\text{Coh}^T(\widetilde{N}^V)_{B^V} \hookrightarrow \text{Coh}^T(\text{st})$

③ $\text{char}(k) = p$

$D_T \subset D(B_{\text{dR}, 0}(I_0, (k_{1, \infty}, \gamma))) = D_{(G_0, \text{AS}_T)}(B_{\text{dR}, 0}(I_0, k_{1, \infty}))$

or

$H_{\text{dR}} = D((k_{1, \infty}, \gamma) \setminus L_{\text{dR}}^G / (k_{1, \infty}, \gamma))$

Thm (Kangapuri-Schedler, ...) $H_{\text{dR}} \simeq \text{Rep}^T \otimes_{\text{conv.}} D(T)$

Reason

$k_{1, \infty} \setminus L_{\text{dR}}^G / k_{1, \infty} \quad \{k_{1, \infty} \cdot t^1 \cdot T \cdot k_{1, \infty}\}_{\lambda \in X_*(T)}$ are the only relevant double cosets.

$$\text{Rep}^{\tilde{T}} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_{\text{loc}}$$

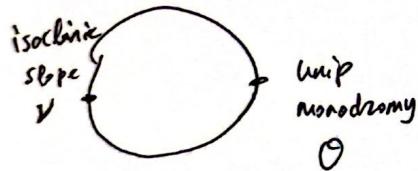
$\lambda \mapsto$ univ. loc. sys. on $t^1 T$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \sim \text{Rep}^{\tilde{T}} & \simeq & D_T \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \text{Rep}^{\tilde{T}} & \simeq & \text{Gr}^{\tilde{T}}(\tilde{N}^{\tilde{T}})_{\text{loc}} \end{array}$$

Many cases for $\frac{1}{m}$. \checkmark

Jacob - Y.

Use Method to solve Deligne - Simpson problem



For which (v, θ) does there exist a \mathbb{G} -conn.
satisfying local cond. at $0, \infty$.

Yes / No?

$$\left[L_v(\text{triv}) = E_0 \right] \text{ rat'l DAHA}$$

\downarrow
irr. of W

Yes \Leftrightarrow

$\neq 0$

Kashin - Schepira: $\mathcal{D} \subset^{\text{open}} T^* X$.

$$\mu_{\text{Sh}}(n) = D(X) / D_{T^* X \setminus \mathcal{D}}(X)$$