

Torsors over the Fargues-Fontaine curve

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G -bundles on FF curve, $G/G_{\mathbb{Q}_p}$

$$S = \mathrm{Spa}(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}^+) / \mathbb{F}_p \quad \text{perfectoid}$$

$$0 \neq w \in \mathbb{R}^+ \quad \underline{\text{top. nilpotent}} \quad \text{e.g. } \mathbb{F}_p((t^{\frac{1}{p^\infty}})).$$

Goal. $X_{\mathrm{FF}, S} = X_{\mathrm{FF}}$.

- $S = \mathrm{Spa}(\mathbb{C})$ * alg. closed perfectoid field
- family version
- Bun_G moduli v-stack $/ \mathbb{F}_p$

$$(\dagger) \quad [\star / G(\mathbb{Q}_p)] \xrightarrow{\text{open}} \mathrm{Bun}_G$$

so. perf'd $\xrightarrow{\text{cover}} (\text{---}) / \mathbb{F}_p$ finite type.
S remember top. info.

Q. What is a family of " \mathbb{Z}_p -HT" / S ?

' \mathbb{Q}_p -HT'

finite \mathbb{Z}_p -local system on S

(Artin-Schreier-Witt) $\pi_1 \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_p$, $\pi_1 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p$

Def. R any ring, $\varphi: R \rightarrow R$ endo.

A φ -module is finite projective R -module M + iso. $\varphi_M: \varphi^*M \xrightarrow{\sim} M$.

(adic) "v.b. on $Y/\varphi\mathbb{Z}$ ".

⑤ Thm (kedlaya-Liu) R perfect/ \mathbb{F}_p , then

$$\{\mathbb{Z}_p\text{-local system on } R\} \simeq \{\varphi\text{-module over } W(R)\}$$

\mathbb{Q}_p -local system \leadsto FF curve

FF curve $S = \text{Spa}(R, R^+) / \mathbb{F}_p \text{ perf.}$

$$\varphi \text{ on } Y = Y_{[0, +\infty]} = \text{Spa } W(R^+) - V(p = [\infty] = 0)$$

$$\bigcup Y_{<+\infty} = Y_{[0, +\infty)} = \text{Spa } W(R^+) - V([\infty] = 0)$$

analytic adic space

$$Y_{<+\infty} = S \dot{\times} \text{Spa } \mathbb{Z}_p, \quad Y_{<+\infty}^\diamond = S \times \text{Spd } \mathbb{Z}_p$$

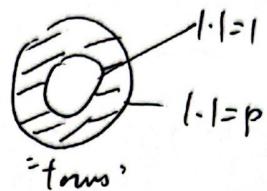
$$Y_{(0, +\infty)} = \text{Spa } W(R^+) - V(p \cdot [\infty] = 0)$$

$\forall [a, b] \subset [0, +\infty], \quad a, b \in \mathbb{Q} \cup \infty, \quad a \neq b$

$$Y_{[a, b]} := \{ |p|^b \leq |[\infty]| \leq |p|^a \} \subset Y$$

Adic FF curve

$$X_{\text{FF}} = Y_{(0, +\infty)} / \varphi \mathbb{Z} = Y_{[1, p]} / \varphi$$



⑧ Thm (KL)

equiv. of cats

$$\{ \text{pro-\'etale } \mathbb{Q}_p\text{-local system on } S \} \cong \{ \text{v.b. } \mathcal{E} \text{ on } X_{\text{FF}} \text{ s.t. } \mathcal{E} \text{ is} \\ \text{pro-\'etale locally trivial on } S \}$$

Q: are there other v.b. on X_{FF} ?

Consider φ -module $(\mathcal{O}_{Y_{(0, +\infty)}}, \varphi^{-1}\varphi)$ as line bundle $\mathcal{O}(1)$ on X_S .

$$\mathcal{O}(n) = \mathcal{O}(1)^{\otimes n}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

* $(\mathcal{O}(\lambda), \lambda \in \mathbb{Q}, \text{v.b. on } X_S)$

e.g. $\lambda = \frac{1}{2}, 2$ v.b.

Fact. $\mathcal{O}(1)$ is not trivial.

$$H^0(X_S, \mathcal{O}) = \mathbb{Q}_p \quad (S = \text{Spa } C)$$

$$H^0(X_S, \mathcal{O}(1)) \quad \text{"huge"} \quad \text{"ample line bundle"}$$

§1. Thm.

- $S = \text{Spa}(C)$ fixed

$Y_{[0,+\infty)}$ is locally PID.

More precisely, $U \subset Y_{[0,+\infty)}$ aff. open, then $U = \text{Spa}(B, B^+)$ has finately many components and if U is connected, then B is PID.

$$|Y_{[0,+\infty)}|^{\text{classical}} \xleftrightarrow{\sim} \text{unit} \text{ of } C/\mathbb{Z}_p$$

$$|Y_{(0,+\infty)}|^c \xleftrightarrow{\sim} \text{unit} \text{ of } C_p$$

$$|X_{\text{FF}}|^c \xleftrightarrow{\sim} \{\text{unit} / C_p\} / \text{Frob.}$$

$$\{ \text{degree 1 Cartier divisor on } X_{\text{FF}} \}$$

$$= \text{Div}^1 \rightarrow \text{Spd } \mathbb{F}_p$$

Pt. (Idea) - $C^* \leftrightarrow \ker(\theta: W(C^+) \rightarrow (C^+)^H)$
 $= \{\}$

$$\bullet \underline{S = \text{Spa}(C)} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{alg. closed} \\ \text{field} \end{matrix}$$

$$\exists \text{ functor } \text{Is} \circ \overline{\mathbb{F}_p}|_{\mathbb{F}_p} \longrightarrow \{\text{v.b. on } X_{\text{FF}, S}\}.$$

$$D_\lambda \mapsto \theta(\lambda)$$

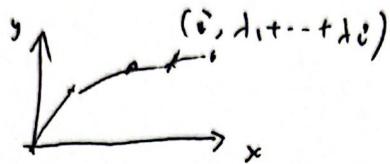
$$\lambda \in \mathbb{A} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{faithful} \\ + \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{bijective} \\ \text{on isom. classes} \end{matrix}.$$

h. ..

The n v.b. on X_S

Newton polygon. $(\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n) \in \mathbb{C}^n$

$$\lambda_1 \geq \dots \geq \lambda_n$$



$$(\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n) \geq (\mu_1, \dots, \mu_n)$$

$$\text{if } \lambda_1 + \dots + \lambda_i \geq \mu_1 + \dots + \mu_i \quad (1 \leq i \leq n)$$

$$\text{and } \lambda_1 + \dots + \lambda_n = \mu_1 + \dots + \mu_n.$$

• family version

• $(X_S) \rightarrow (S)$ is open and closed.

• A Σ v.b. on X_S ,

$\exists n_0$ s.t. $\forall n \geq n_0$, some twist $\mathcal{E}(n)$ is globally generated + $H^i = 0$, $i > 0$.

complexity of $\Theta(\mathcal{E})$ \Rightarrow algebraic version

alg. FF $P = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} H^0(X_{FF}, \Theta(n))$ graded ring

$$X_{FF}^{\text{alg}} = X_S^{\text{alg}} = \text{Proj}(P) \text{ scheme}$$

graded ring $f \in P$ positive deg d. covered by $D+(f) = \text{Spec}(P[\frac{1}{f}])_{\deg=0}$

Natural map $X_S \rightarrow X_S^{\text{alg}}$.

Thm (GAGA) pullback induces

$$\{\text{v.b. on } X_S^{\text{alg}}\} \simeq \{\text{v.b. on } X_S\}.$$

Rank. $B = H^0(Y_{(0, \infty)}, \mathcal{O})$ ring

$$\underline{v > 0} \quad \widetilde{R}^2 = H^0(Y_{[0, \infty]}, \mathcal{O}) \quad \text{Robba ring}$$

$$\widetilde{R}^{2, \text{int}} = H^0(Y_{[0, \infty]}, \mathcal{O}) \quad \text{integral Robba ring.}$$

$$\widetilde{R} = \lim_{v \rightarrow 0} \widetilde{R}^2$$

(If $S = x$, $\widetilde{R}^{\text{int}}$ DVR \wp -uniformizer, residue field \mathbb{C})

$$\widetilde{R}^{\text{int}, 1} = \mathcal{O}(\mathbb{C})$$

Prop [KL] eq. of cat

$$\begin{aligned} \{\text{v.b. on } X_{\text{FF}}\} &\simeq \{\varphi\text{-module on } Y_{(0, +\infty)}\} \\ &\simeq \{\varphi\text{-module on } Y_{[0, +\infty)}, v > 0\} \\ &\simeq \{\varphi^{\pm 1}\text{-module on } Y_{(0, \infty)}\} \\ &\simeq \{\varphi\text{-eq. finite projective } \widetilde{R}\text{-modules}\}. \end{aligned}$$

(crys) (field) give $s^* \rightarrow X_{FF, s}$

$$\ker \Theta = \{ \}$$

$$B^+ = H^0(Y_{[0, \infty]}, \mathcal{O})$$

A_{crys} = divided power envelope for

$$\Theta: (A_{inf} = W(R^+) \rightarrow R^{\#}, +)$$

A_{crys} torsion free (R^+ perf)

$$B_{crys}^+ = A_{crys}[\frac{1}{p}] = A_{inf}[\frac{p^n}{n!}]^{\wedge}[\frac{1}{p}]$$

Thm $H^0(X_{FF}, \mathcal{O}(n)) = B^{q=p^n} = (B^+)^{q=p^n} = (B_{crys}^+)^{q=p^n}$

\uparrow
use B_{crys}^+ to define X_s^{alg} .

Ex. Structure of $X_{FF, c}^{\text{alg}}$

Thm • $X_{FF, c}^{\text{alg}}$ is a regular Noether scheme of Krull dim 1

• If $c^* \in \{X_{FF, c}^{\text{alg}}\}$ closed pt.

$$X_{FF, c}^{\text{alg}} - c^* = \text{Spa } B_c$$

(1) $B_c = B_{crys}^{q=10}$ is a PID

(2) $\{y_{FF, c^*}^{\text{alg}}\} = B_{dR}^+ = (A_{inf}[\frac{1}{p}]^{\wedge}, \}$ DVR, residue field $\cong C^*$

$$B_{dR} = B_{dR}^+ \left[\frac{1}{3} \right]$$

Then $\{ \text{v.b. on } X_{FF, c}^{\text{alg.}} \}$

$$\Leftrightarrow \{ \text{v.b. on } \underline{\text{Spec } B_{\mathbb{Q}}} + \text{v.b. on } \text{Spec } B_{dR}^+ \}$$

$\curvearrowleft \qquad \curvearrowright$

$\text{Spec } B_{dR}$

$$(3) \quad t \in H^0(\mathcal{O}(1)) \quad \text{w/ } V(t) = C^A$$

$$\text{then } 0 \rightarrow 0 \xrightarrow{t} \mathcal{O}(1) \rightarrow \mathcal{E} \otimes C^H \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{SES}$$

Take H^0 , w/ $H^1(\mathcal{O}) = 0$

fundamental exact seq. in p-adic Hodge theory.

[§2] G -torsor $G/G_{\mathbb{Q}_p}$ smooth affine

Def'n $X/G_{\mathbb{Q}_p}$ scheme / sous perf'd space

(geometric) $p \rightarrow X$ scheme / adic space

\hookrightarrow

G s.t. étale locally on X

have $p \simeq \begin{smallmatrix} G \times X \\ \curvearrowleft \\ G \end{smallmatrix}$ G -eq. isom.

\hookrightarrow

(Cohomological) A cohomological G -torsor is an étale sheaf Q on X such that étale locally on X have $Q \simeq G$.

(Tannakian) exact \otimes -functor

$$P: \text{Rep } G \rightarrow \{\text{v.b. on } X\}.$$

Thm These three notions are equiv.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} (G) & \xleftarrow{\quad \quad \quad} & (C) & \xleftarrow{\text{Spec } P(\mathcal{O}(G)) \rightarrow X} & (T) \\ & \curvearrowleft & \curvearrowright & & \\ & \text{sector. top} & & V \in \text{Rep}(G) & \end{array}$$

$$Q \times_a V$$

Cor. $H^2_{\text{ét}}(X, G)$ classifies G -torsors.

Prop $\text{Bun}_G: \text{Perf}(\mathbb{F}_p) \rightarrow \text{Grpd}$

$$S \mapsto \{G\text{-torsors on } X_{\mathbb{F}_p, S}\}$$

is a v -stack.

Pf. Tannakian $G \hookrightarrow \text{GL}_N$ v -descent. \square

G -isocrystals. $\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{B}(G)$ Kottwitz category.

$$k/\mathbb{F}_p \text{ alg. closed} \quad , \quad L = W(k)[\frac{1}{p}] \cdot \mathfrak{S} \mathfrak{O}$$

$B(G)$ obj. $b \in G(L)$

$$\underline{\text{Hom}} \quad \text{Hom}(b, b') = \{c \in G(L) : cb \circ c^{-1} = b'\}$$

$B(G) = \underline{\text{Kottwitz set}}$

\mathcal{E}_1 trivial G -bundle on X_S

$$\Leftrightarrow \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_1 \text{ on } Y_S \rightsquigarrow \alpha: \varphi_S^* \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_1 \xrightarrow{\sim} \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_1$$

$$b \rightsquigarrow (\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_1, b' \alpha^* \varphi^* b) \text{ on } Y_S$$

} descent

\mathcal{E}_b on X_S

Thm. $b \mapsto \mathcal{E}_b$ gives an equiv. of cats

$$B(G) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Bun}_G(\text{Spd } k)$$

"

Note. k is not perfectoid. $\text{Hom}_{V\text{-stack}}(\text{Spd } k, \text{Bun}_G)$

Finally Newton polygon

Choose $T \subset B \subset G / \widehat{\mathcal{O}_p}$, $\Gamma = \text{Gal}(\widehat{\mathcal{O}_p}/\mathcal{O}_p)$

\exists Newton map $\nu_G: B(G) \rightarrow (X_*(T) / W)^\Gamma$

Kottwitz map $k_G: B(G) \rightarrow \frac{\pi_1(G)_\Gamma}{\text{torus}} = X_*(T) / \text{constant}$

Prop $V_G \times K_G$ injective

$$b_1 \leq b_2 \text{ if } k_G([b_1]) = k_G([b_2])$$

$$b_1, b_2 \in B(G) \quad \text{and} \quad \nu([b_2]) - \nu([b_1])$$

$$= \sum (\geq 0) \text{ positive orbits in } X_T(T)/w$$

\sqcup
 $X_T(T)^+$

Thm. $B(G) \cong \{Bun_G\}$

\uparrow topological space

$$b_2 \in \overline{\{b_1\}} \iff b_2 \geq b_1$$

$b \in B(G)$

$$Bun_G^b = \underset{\{Bun_G\}}{Bun_G} \times \{b\} \longrightarrow Bun_G$$

$$\pm \quad S \mapsto \{ \tilde{h}_b - \text{torsors on } S \}.$$

$$\tilde{h}_b: S \mapsto \text{Aut}_{X_S}(\mathcal{E}_b)$$

\mathbb{G} -group

$$\text{Classically. } \mathfrak{h}_b = \sigma\text{-central}(b) / \mathfrak{a}_p$$

$$\boxed{b \text{ basic}} \iff \mathcal{E}_b \text{ semistable } \mathfrak{h}\text{-bundle.}$$

$$\text{then } \tilde{h}_b = \underline{h_b(\mathfrak{a}_p)}$$

In particular, $b = \text{id}$ is basic

$$[\mathbb{A}^*/\underline{\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{C}_p)}] \hookrightarrow \text{Bun}_G$$

\cong
 Bun_G^1 .

Example. GL_2 . $\mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{O} \oplus \mathcal{O}(1)$

$\forall k \geq 2$ v.b. $\forall k \geq 2$ v.b.
basic non-basic.

Goal. ν upper semi-continuous
 ν locally const. \rightsquigarrow specialization.

Ext. of. v.b. \sim " $\mathcal{O}_p - \text{HT}$ "
p-div. on $\mathbb{R}^{*,+}$