

Hitchin moduli spaces and wildly ramified geometric Langlands

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Lecture 1. Bezrukhavnikov, Boixeda - Alvarez, McBreen - Y.

"Non-abelian Hodge ... " (PAMQ 2025)

Plan: I. Homogeneous affine Springer fibers

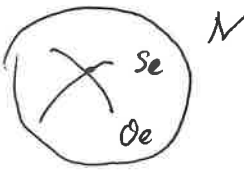
II. Hitchin moduli and their quantization

III. Betti moduli spaces, (wildly) ramified geom. Langlands

/G. $g \supset N \ni e \rightsquigarrow (e, h, t)$ sl_2 -triple $[h, e] = 2e$
 $Ad(h(s)) \cdot e = s^2 e$

$S_e^g = e + g^t$ \nearrow slice to the adj. orbit of e .

$$S_e := S_e^g \cap N$$

$\tilde{S}_e \xrightarrow{\quad} \tilde{N} = \{(x, B) \text{ s.t. } x \in \Pi_B\}$ 

$\pi_e \downarrow \quad \downarrow$ Springer resol'n

$S_e \longrightarrow N$

π_e is a symplectic resol'n.

\tilde{S}_e smooth symplectic var.
 \downarrow
 S_e Poisson

Conic structure: $\mathbb{C}^x \curvearrowright S_e$ contracting to $\{e\}$

$$h: G_m \rightarrow G$$

$$s^2 \cdot Ad(h(s^{-1}))$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathcal{B}_e & \xrightarrow{\text{Lagrangian}} & \tilde{\mathcal{S}}_e \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 \{e\} & \in & \mathcal{S}_e
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{constructible quantization}$$

$$\text{Sh}((u, \psi_e) \setminus \mathcal{B})$$

$$\hookrightarrow \mathcal{G}/\mathcal{B}$$

Affine analogue: $\mathfrak{g} \rightsquigarrow L\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{g} \otimes \mathbb{C}((t))$.

nilp. elts \rightsquigarrow topologically nilp. elts

$$\text{eg. } \mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{sl}_n, \quad r \in L\mathfrak{g} \rightsquigarrow \text{eigen}(r) = \{\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n\}$$

$$\lambda_i \in \overline{\mathbb{C}((t))}$$

$$\text{val}(\lambda_i) \in \mathbb{Q}$$

$$r \text{ is } \underline{\text{top. nilp}} \text{ if } \text{val}(\lambda_i - \lambda_j) > 0$$

$$\text{In general, } r \xrightarrow{\text{ad}} L\mathfrak{g}, \quad r \text{ is top. nilp if } \text{ad}(r) \in \text{End}(L\mathfrak{g})_{\mathbb{C}((t))} \text{ is top. nilp.}$$

Assume r is top. nilp.

$$\bullet \text{ regular semisimple } \in L\mathfrak{g}$$

$$\text{Analog of } \mathfrak{sl}_2\text{-triple } (r, \overset{h}{?}, ?)$$

$$\mathcal{G}_m \xrightarrow{h} L\mathcal{G}$$

$$\text{Ad}(h(s)) \cdot r = s^{\overset{?}{2}} \cdot r$$

Compute char. pol. on both sides

$$\text{char}(r) \neq \text{char}(s^? \cdot r)$$

$$\text{Instead, } h: \mathcal{G}_m \longrightarrow L\mathcal{G} \times \mathcal{G}_m^{\text{rot}}$$

" scales t

$$\mathcal{G}(\mathbb{C}((t)))$$

Ex. $\gamma = \gamma_0 \cdot t^n, \quad \gamma_0 \in \mathfrak{g}^{2n}$

$$\text{rot}(s) \cdot \gamma = s^n \cdot \gamma$$

We call γ homogeneous of slope n .

Def. Let $\gamma \in \mathcal{L}\mathfrak{g}$ be regular s.s.

say γ is homogeneous of slope $\nu = \frac{d}{n}$ if $\text{rot}(s^m) \cdot \gamma \underset{\mathcal{L}\mathfrak{g}_{\text{ad}}}{\sim} s^d \cdot \gamma, \quad \forall s \in G_m$

Ex. $\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{sl}_n$

$$\gamma = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & & \\ & 0 & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & 1 \\ t & & & & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{homog. slope } \frac{1}{n} \quad \text{char. pol. } X^n \pm t = 0$$

homog. slope $\frac{1}{n} \longleftrightarrow w = \text{cyclic perm} \in G_n$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{rot}(s^n) \cdot \gamma \\ \text{s.s. } \gamma \end{array} \longrightarrow X^n \pm s^n \cdot t = 0$$

γ^d homog. slope $\frac{d}{n}$

Construct homog. elts $T \subset G$ max'l torus

$$h = (\lambda, m) : G_m \rightarrow T \times G_m^{\text{rot}}$$

$$\lambda \in X_*(T), \quad m \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$$

$\text{Ad}(h)$ gives $G_m \hookrightarrow \mathcal{L}\mathfrak{g}$

$$\mathcal{L}\mathfrak{g} = \bigoplus_{d \in \mathbb{Z}} (\mathcal{L}\mathfrak{g})^{(d)}$$

$\gamma \in (\mathcal{L}\mathfrak{g})^{(d)}$ satisfies

$$\text{Ad}(s^1) \text{rot}(s^m) \gamma = s^d \gamma$$

if z.s., it is homog. of slope $\frac{d}{m}$

Fact: There exists homog. elt of slope $v = \frac{d}{m}$

$\Leftrightarrow m$ is the order of a regular elt in W . [Reeder - Yun]

Regular elt in W (Springer)

$w \in W \cap \mathfrak{h}$ (\mathbb{C} -regl. rep.)

w is regular if it has an eigenvector $\in \mathfrak{h}^{\text{reg}}$.

Fact. $\{\text{regular elts in } W\} / \sim_{\text{conj.}}$ is classified by their orders.

Ex. $W = S_n$.

w regular \Leftrightarrow $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{all cycles of } w \text{ has equal length} \\ \text{(ii) } \underbrace{(\dots)(\dots) \dots (\dots)}_{\text{equal length}} \end{array} \right.$

Their orders

$$m \mid n$$

$$m \mid n-1$$

γ homog. of slope $\frac{d}{m} \rightsquigarrow T_\gamma = C_{L_h}(\gamma)$ max torus in $G_{\mathbb{C}((t))} = F$

$$\{\text{max tori in } G/F\} / \sim_{G(F)} \longleftrightarrow H^1(F, W)$$



conj. classes in W



$$T_\gamma \rightsquigarrow [w] \text{ regular order } m$$

Take sl_n $h = (\check{\rho}, n) : G_m \rightarrow T_{ad} \times G_m^{2\sigma}$
 \uparrow
 Coxeter # in general

$$(Lg)(1) = \bigoplus_{i=0}^{n-1} (Lg)_{d_i}$$

$$\{d_0, d_1, \dots, d_{n-1}\} \text{ affine simple roots}$$

" $1-\theta$

$$(Lg)_{d_0} = t \cdot g_{-\theta}$$

$\gamma \in (Lg)(1)$ nonzero in each $(Lg)_{d_i}$.

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{general } G, \quad n \sim \text{Coxeter no.} \\ \text{(longest ord. of reg. elt)} \end{array} \right) \quad \frac{1}{\text{Coxeter}}$$

General slope $\gamma = \frac{d}{m}$ $(\check{\rho}, m) : G_m \rightarrow T_{ad} \times G_m^{2\sigma}$

$$\gamma \in (Lg)(d)$$

if m is regular, then $(Lg)(d)$ contains a r.s. elt.

any such gives homog. slope $\frac{d}{m}$.

Affine Springer fibers (Kazhdan-Lusztig, late 80s)

$$\gamma \text{ homog. slope } \gamma = \frac{d}{m} > 0$$

$$Fl_\gamma = \{ gI \in LG/I : \text{Ad}(g^{-1}) \cdot \gamma \in \text{Lie } I^+ \}$$

compare

$$B_e = \{ gB \in G/B : \text{Ad}(g^{-1}) \cdot e \in \mathfrak{n}_B \}$$

Fact. Fl_γ is finite-dim'l. $\dim Fl_\gamma = \frac{\gamma \cdot |\Phi| - \dim(\mathfrak{h}/\mathfrak{h}^w)}{2}$

$$T_{Y^{\infty}} \mathcal{L}_m \simeq \text{Fl}_Y$$

$\text{Ad}(s^{\check{r}})_{20} + (s^m)$ preserves Fl_Y

$$\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} B_e & \longrightarrow & \widetilde{S}_e & \hookrightarrow & \mathbb{C}^x & & \text{Fl}_Y & \xrightarrow[\text{Lagrangian}]{\text{onic}} & M_Y & \xrightarrow[\text{completely int. system}]{\text{sympl.}} & \mathbb{C}^x \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\ \{e\} & \in & S_e & \hookrightarrow & \mathbb{C}^x & & \{a_Y\} & \longrightarrow & A_Y & \hookrightarrow & \mathbb{C}^x \end{array}$$

Geom. of Fl_Y

• slope $\frac{1}{\text{Coxeter } \#}$, $\text{Fl}_Y = \{*\}$ ($G = \text{s.c.}$)

• \mathfrak{sl}_2 , slope 1, $\gamma = \gamma_0 \cdot t$

 ∞ -chain of \mathbb{P}^1 s

• \mathfrak{sl}_2 , slope $\frac{3}{2}$, $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & t \\ t^2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\text{Fl}_Y \simeq \mathbb{P}^1 \vee \mathbb{P}^1$$

• \mathfrak{sl}_3 , slope $\frac{2}{3}$

$$\text{Fl}_Y = \mathbb{P}^2 \vee \mathbb{P}^1 \vee \mathbb{P}^1$$

Bernstein's example

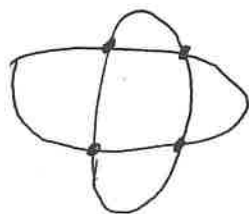
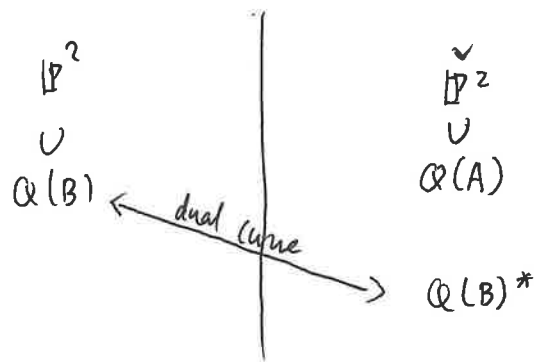
Sp_6 , γ homog. slope $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\left[\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & A \\ \hline tB & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$A, B \in \text{Sym}^2(\mathbb{C}^3)$
generic

$(\text{Fl}_Y)^{\mathcal{L}_m} \xrightarrow[\text{Hessenberg var.}]{\text{general}} \text{smooth proj. var.}$

In this example, one of the Hessenberg var. \simeq elliptic curve.



$$Q(A) \cap Q(B)^*$$

$$\text{elliptic curve} \xrightarrow{2:1} Q(A)$$

ramified over $Q(A) \cap Q(B)^*$.

Lecture 2

Hitchin moduli M_r , $g \simeq g^*$

γ : homog. elt $\in Lg$, slope $\nu = \frac{d}{m}$

$$Fl_r \xrightarrow{\text{Lag}} M_r = \text{symplectic}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \text{comp. int. sys}$$

$$\{a_r\} \hookrightarrow A_r$$

$$B_e \xrightarrow{\text{Lag}} \widetilde{S}_e$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$\{e\} \hookrightarrow S_e$$

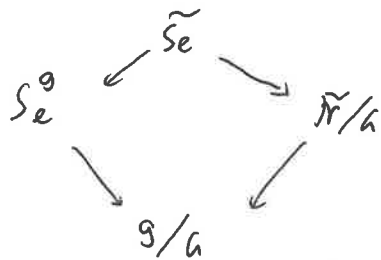
e, h, t $g = \bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} g(i)$ grading by h , $e \in g(2)$

$$C_{h_0}(e) \quad C_h(e)$$

$$U(\leq -2) \cap \widetilde{e} + g(\leq 0) \quad C_h(e) \in U(\geq 0)$$

free

$$S_e^g \simeq U(\leq -2) \setminus (e + g(\leq 0))$$



$$Lg = \bigwedge_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} Lg(i) \quad \text{grading by } (\check{p}, m) : G_m \rightarrow T_{ad} \times G_m^{20+}$$

(complete in $i \rightarrow \infty$)

$$r \in (Lg)(d)$$

$$\underbrace{(Lg)(\leq -d)}_{\approx \text{Moy-Prasad gp}} \sim r + \underbrace{(Lg)(\leq 0)}_{\substack{\text{parahoric subalg} \\ \text{of } L_{\infty} g}}$$

$$Tr = C_{Lg}(r) \quad \text{loop gp of a max torus}$$

$$Lg \supset \pm_r = \bigoplus_i \pm_r(i) \quad \subset G/F$$

$$Tr(\leq 0) \sim r + (Lg)(\leq 0)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Lg \\ (Lg)(\geq 0) \\ (Lg)(\geq i) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h(\mathcal{O}_p) \\ G_{\check{p}/m, 0} \quad \text{parahoric} \\ G_{\check{p}/m, i/m} \end{aligned}$$

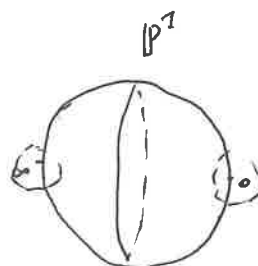
$$\underbrace{(Lg)(\leq -d) \cdot Tr(\leq 0)}_{\text{a group}} \sim r + (Lg)(\leq 0)$$

$$\underbrace{((Lg)(\leq -d) \cdot Tr(\leq 0))}_{K_r}$$

Think of (complete in $i \rightarrow -\infty$) $K_r \subset L_{\infty} G = G((t^{-1}))$

$$\text{Bun}_G(I_0, K_{r, \infty})$$

= moduli stack of G -bundles \mathcal{E} on \mathbb{P}^1 w/ Iwahori level at 0
 $K_{r, \infty}$ level at ∞
 choose a full flag of $\mathcal{E}|_0$



Ex $\gamma = \gamma_0 \cdot t$ slope 1

$$K_{r,\infty} = \mathcal{U}[\mathbb{U}^{t^{-1}}]_1 = \ker \left(\mathcal{U}[\mathbb{U}^{t^{-1}}] \xrightarrow{t^{-1}=0} \mathcal{U} \right)$$

$K_{r,\infty}$ level at $\infty \Leftrightarrow$ a trivialization of $\mathcal{E}|_{\infty}$

Ex $\gamma = \gamma_0 \cdot t^2$, $\gamma_0 \in \mathfrak{h}^{rs}$

$$K_{r,\infty} = \mathcal{U}[\mathbb{U}^{t^{-1}}]_2 \cdot (1 + t^{-1} \mathfrak{h})$$

"
 $1 + \mathcal{O}(t^{-2})$

Higgs bundle (\mathcal{E}, φ) on \mathbb{P}^1

\mathcal{E} : \mathcal{U} -bundle on \mathbb{P}^1

φ : section of $\text{Ad}(\mathcal{E}) \otimes \omega_{\mathbb{P}^1}$

(may have poles)

\mathcal{U}_n : \mathfrak{g} rank n v.b.

$$\varphi: \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{E} \otimes \omega_{\mathbb{P}^1}$$

$\text{Spn} \quad (\mathcal{E}, \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle)$
sympl. form

$$\varphi: \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{E} \otimes \omega_{\mathbb{P}^1}$$

$$\langle \varphi x, y \rangle + \langle x, \varphi y \rangle = 0 \quad \forall \text{ local sections } x, y \text{ of } \mathcal{E}.$$

\mathcal{M}_r classifies (\mathcal{E}, φ)

$\mathcal{E}_0, B \subset \mathcal{E}_0$ B reduction of \mathcal{E}_0

• $\mathcal{E} \in \text{Bun}_{\mathcal{U}}(I_0, K_{r,\infty})$

2) at 0, simple pole, $\text{res}_0(\varphi) \in \pi(\mathcal{E}_0, B)$
($\text{res}_0(\varphi)$ strictly upper Δ w.r.t. full flag)

• φ : $2n+1$ section of $\text{Ad}(\mathcal{E}) \otimes \omega_{\mathbb{P}^1}$, φ regular over $\mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0, \infty\}$.

3) at ∞ . Choose a triv. of $\mathcal{E}|_{D_\infty}$ w/ $K_{r,\infty}$ -level under which require

$$\varphi|_{D_\infty} \in \left(\gamma + (Lg)(\leq 0) \right) \frac{dt^{-1}}{t^{-1}}$$

Ex $\gamma = \gamma_0 \cdot t$

$$G = GL_n$$

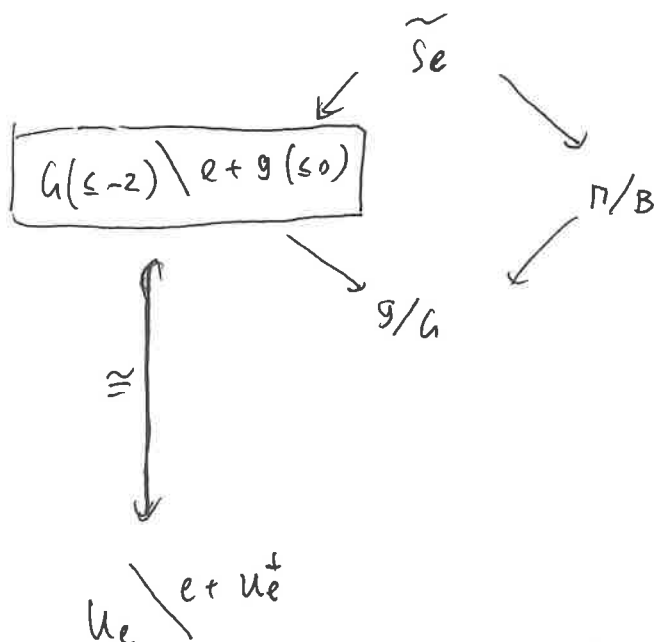
$$K_{r,\infty} = G[[t^{-1}]]_1$$

$K_{r,\infty}$ -level means a basis for $\mathcal{E}|_{\infty}$.

φ has $\leq 2^{\text{nd}}$ order pole at ∞

$\varphi_{-2} \in \mathfrak{gl}_n$ under the chosen basis,

require $\varphi_{-2} = \gamma_0$



"Higgs bundle on a degenerate curve"

$$\begin{array}{c} \langle e, [x, y] \rangle \\ \downarrow \\ g(-1) \text{ symplectic} \\ \hline G(s-2) \subset U_e \subset G(s-1) \\ \hline \text{Lagrangian} \end{array}$$

$$\tilde{S}_e = T^*B //_{U_e} U_e$$

$$(e \in U_e^*)$$

$$L\mathfrak{g}(\leq -d) \cdot T_r(\leq 0) \simeq \gamma + (L\mathfrak{g})(\leq 0)$$

$$\int \parallel \int$$

$$\underbrace{L\mathfrak{g}(\leq -\frac{d}{2})}_{J_r} \cdot T_r(0) \simeq \gamma + (Lie J_r)^\perp$$

$$\underbrace{(L\mathfrak{g})(-\frac{d}{2})}_{\text{has alt. form } \langle \gamma, [\cdot, \cdot] \rangle}$$

$$L\mathfrak{g}(\leq -\frac{d}{2}) \subset L\mathfrak{g}(\leq -\frac{d}{2}) \subset L\mathfrak{g}(\leq -\frac{d}{2})$$

$$\underbrace{\hspace{1cm}}_{\text{Lagrangian modulo } t_r(-\frac{d}{2})}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\text{kernel } t_r(-\frac{d}{2})$$

M'_r : replace $K_{r,\infty}$ by $J_{r,\infty}$.

$$\varphi|_{D_\infty} \in (\gamma + (Lie J_r)^\perp) \frac{dt^{-1}}{t-1}$$

$$M_r \simeq M'_r \simeq T^*Fl //_{\gamma} J_r$$

$$J_r \hookrightarrow Fl = L\mathfrak{g}/I_0$$

$$\gamma \in (Lie J_r)^*$$

Hitchin base

A_r affine space, parametrizing all possible char. poly. of φ from M_r .

(t_1, \dots, t_r) generators of $\mathbb{C}[g]^G$, $\deg d_1, \dots, d_r$.

$f_i(\varphi)$ rat'l section of $\omega_{P^1}^{\otimes d_i}$

$$f_i(\varphi) = \underbrace{f_i(\gamma)}_{(*) \cdot t^{d_i v}} + \left(\text{poly. in } t \text{ of } \deg \leq (d_i - 1)v, \text{ no constant term} \right) \rightsquigarrow A_r$$

$$\begin{matrix} 0 & \text{if } \text{div} \notin \mathbb{Z} \end{matrix}$$

$$\dim A_r = \frac{1}{2} \dim M_r = \dim \text{Fl}_r = \frac{1}{2} (|\Phi| \cdot \nu - \dim(\mathfrak{h}/\mathfrak{h}^w))$$

Thm (BBAMY)

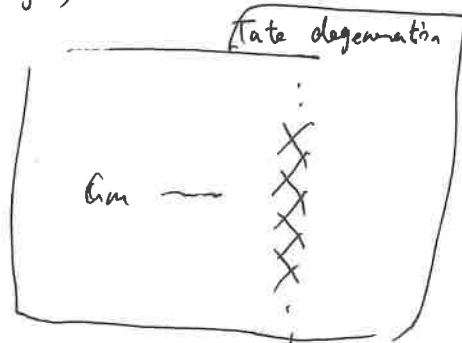
1) M_r is a smooth alg. space

(locally of f.t.) w/ canonical sympl. str.

2) $f: M_r \rightarrow A_r$ is a completely int. system (fibers are Lag.)

$sl_2, \nu=1$

(tate degeneration)



3) $\mathbb{C}^* \curvearrowright M_r, \mathbb{C}^* \curvearrowright A_r$ contracting to $\{a_r\}$

4) $\text{Fl}_r \xrightarrow{\text{homeom.}} f^{-1}(a_r)$

5) When r is elliptic, $\Rightarrow f$ is proper

$\text{Fl}_r \hookrightarrow M_r \cong \text{on } H^*$

gen'l fibers are abelian var.

Ex. $sl_2, \nu = \frac{3}{2}$



Lecture 3

\tilde{S}_e
nilp. orbit

M_r
homog. $r \in \text{LG}$

$\nu = \frac{d}{n} + \text{continuous moduli of } r's$

$$M_r \cong T^* \text{Fl} \llcorner_r J_r \cong T^*(\text{Bun}_G(I_0, \theta_{r, \text{ss}}, r))$$

$$\text{Bun}_G(I_0, J_{r,\infty}^{\text{ker}}) \hookrightarrow G_a$$

$$\downarrow \quad \text{ker}(r: J_{r,\infty} \rightarrow G_a)$$

$$\text{Bun}_G(I_0, J_{r,\infty})$$

$$(T^* \text{Bun}_G(I_0, J_{r,\infty}^{\text{ker}})) //_1 G_a$$

constructible quantization of M_r

$$"Sh(\text{Bun}_G(I_0, (J_{r,\infty}, r)))"$$

$$\text{space / char } p, \quad Sh_{(G_a, AS)}(\text{Bun}_G(I_0, J_{r,\infty}^{\text{ker}})) \quad \overline{G}_a\text{-sheaves}$$

$$\text{space / char. } 0, \quad D\text{-mod}_{(G_a, \exp)}(\text{---})$$

In general: Kirillov model (category)

$$X \hookrightarrow G_a \times G_m$$

$$kir(x) = Sh_{G_m}(x) / Sh_{G_a \times G_m}(x)$$

Non-abelian ^{Hodge} \checkmark companions of M_r

(Simpson correspondence)

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} M_r^{\text{Dol}} & \rightarrow & M_r^{\text{Hod}} & \xleftarrow{\quad} & M_r^{\text{dR}} & \xrightarrow[\text{RH}]{\text{analytic map}} & M_r^{\text{Bet}} \\ (\varepsilon, \varphi) & & \downarrow \{\lambda\text{-connections}\} & & (\varepsilon, \nabla) & & \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{top. loc. sys} \\ + \text{extra data} \end{array} \right) \\ 0 & \in & A^1 \xrightarrow{\lambda} 1 & \ni & 1 & & \end{array}$$

$$M_r^{dR} = \{ (\xi, \nabla) : \xi \in \text{Bun}_G(I_0, K_{r, \infty}) \}$$

"

$$(L\xi)(\leq, -d) \cdot \text{Tr}(\leq 0)$$

∇ : G -connection

$$\bullet \nabla|_{D_0} \text{ simple pole } \text{res}_0(\nabla) \in n(\xi_0, B)$$

$$\bullet \nabla|_{D_\infty} \text{ (under trivialization)}$$

$$\nabla \in d + (r + (Lg)(\leq 0)) \frac{dt^{-1}}{t^{-1}} \}$$

M_r^{dR} smooth symplectic alg sp.

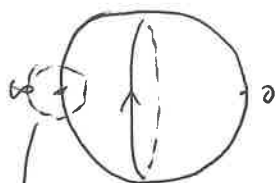
$$M_r^{\text{Hod}} \supset G_m$$

$$\text{contracting to } \text{Fl}_r \subset M_r^{\text{Dol}}$$

$$\text{Thm. } H^*(M_r^{\text{Dol}}) \xleftarrow{\sim} H^*(M_r^{\text{Hod}}) \xrightarrow{\sim} H^*(M_r^{dR})$$

Betti moduli space

classifies G -local sys. on $\mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0, \infty\}$ + Stokes data at ∞ .



top monodromy $\gamma \in G/\text{Ad}(G)$

(ξ, ∇) , filtered by decay rate

Singularity direction

$$SL_3, \gamma = \gamma_0 t, \text{ slope } 1$$

$$\left(\frac{\gamma_0}{\tau^2} + \dots \right) d\tau \quad (\tau = t^{-1})$$

$$\beta \in B_W^+ = \langle s_1, \dots, s_n : \text{braid rel.} \rangle$$

$$\beta = s_{i_1} s_{i_2} \dots s_{i_n}, \quad l(\beta) = n$$

(reduced)

$$M(\beta) = \left\{ B_0 \xrightarrow{s_{i_1}} B_1 \xrightarrow{s_{i_2}} \dots \xrightarrow{s_{i_n}} B_n = \overset{\text{part of data}}{B_0} \right\} / \text{Ad}(G)$$

- Lusztig c.s.
- Shende - Treumann - Zaslow: relation to Stokes data
- Minh-Tam Trinh's thesis

Alternative def

$$M(\beta) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} E_0, E_1, \dots, E_n, \quad B\text{-torsors} \\ E_0 \xrightarrow{s_{i_1}} E_1 \xrightarrow{s_{i_2}} \dots \xrightarrow{s_{i_n}} E_n \underset{\text{isom. of } B\text{-torsors}}{\simeq} E_0 \end{array} \right\}$$

\uparrow
 an isom. of

$$E_0 \times^B G \simeq E_1 \times^B G$$

(G-torsors)

$$\begin{array}{c} B \\ \downarrow \\ T = \text{univ. Cartan} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & M(\beta) & \\ \swarrow \text{formal monodromy} & & \searrow \text{top. monodromy} \\ T / \text{Ad}_w(T) & & G / \text{Ad}(G) \end{array}$$

$w = \text{image of } \beta \text{ in } W$

$\gamma : \nu = \frac{d}{m}$. $[w]$ reg. conj. class in W , order m

$$\beta_r = \beta_\nu = \overbrace{\tilde{w} \tilde{w} \dots \tilde{w}}^d \in B_W^+$$

\uparrow
min. length rep. from $[w]$

(γ elliptic)

Ex. $\nu = \frac{1}{h}$, $\gamma = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & 0 \\ t & & & \end{pmatrix}$

$\beta = \text{Coxeter elt} = s_1 s_2 \dots s_n$

$\nu = 1 = \frac{h}{h}$.

$\beta = w_0 \cdot w_0$ "full twist"

Ex. G , $\nu = 1$.

$$\mathcal{M}(\beta) = \left\{ B_0 \xrightarrow{\text{opp}} B_1 \xrightarrow{\text{opp}} B_2 = {}^g B_0 \right\} / G$$

\parallel
 $w_0 \cdot w_0$

$$= \left\{ \underbrace{B^+ - B^-}_{\text{fixed opp pair}} - B_2 = {}^g B^+ \right\} / T$$

$$= \frac{B^+ B^-}{\text{Ad}(T)}$$

\swarrow
 $\frac{T}{\text{Ad}(T)}$

\searrow top. modularity
 $\frac{G}{\text{Ad}(G)}$

(analytic stack)

$$\mathcal{M}_r^{\text{Betti}} \longrightarrow \frac{\tilde{u}}{h} \times (\tilde{t}_r(o)) \sim h^w$$

\downarrow \downarrow $\downarrow \exp$

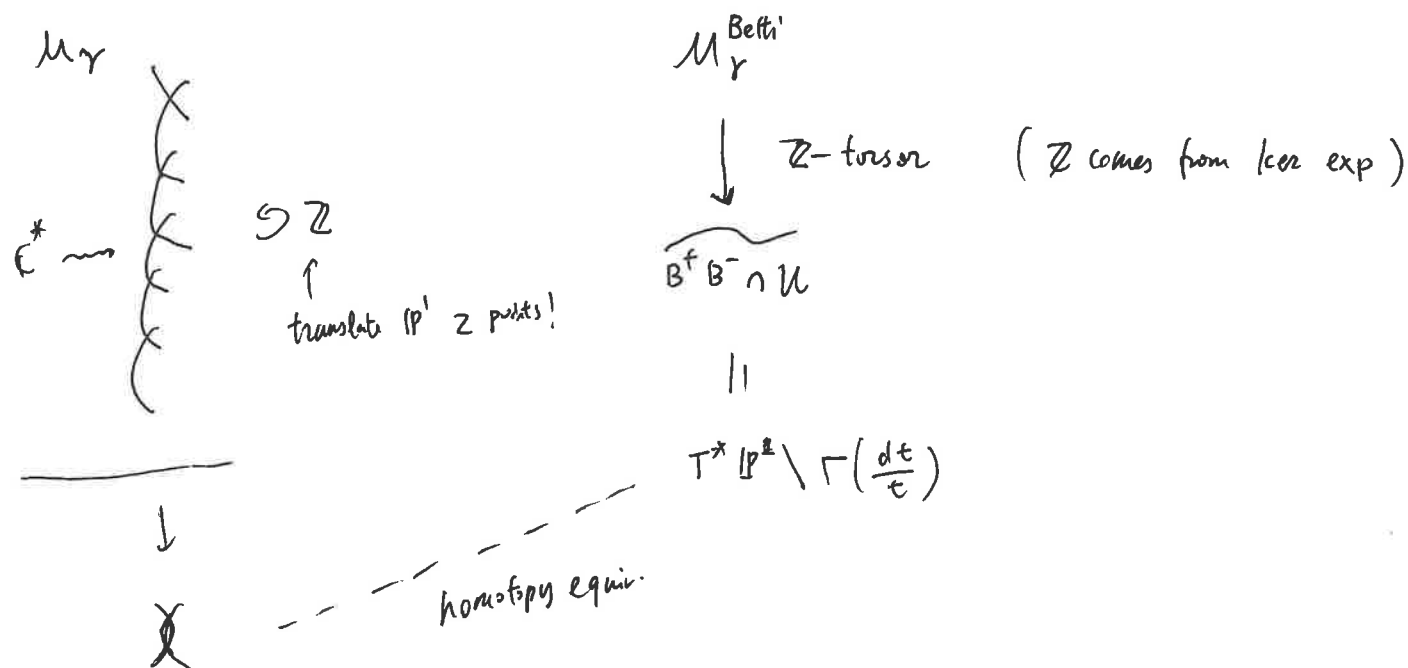
$$\mathcal{M}(\beta) \longrightarrow \frac{G}{h} \times \frac{T}{\text{Ad}_w T}$$

Thm. \exists analytic map

RH: $\mathcal{M}_r^{\text{dR}} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_r^{\text{Betti}}$

Conj. RH is an analytic \simeq .

ζ_x SL_2 , $v=1$.



Wildly ram. geom. Langlands conj.

γ homog. slope v

$$\text{Sh}_{\text{FR}}(\text{Bun}_n(I_0, (J_{r,n}, r))) \xrightarrow{\text{f.t.}} \text{Indoh}(\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{G}, \tilde{\gamma}}^{v, \gamma})$$

↑
singular support

(same slope v)

Evidence: $v=1$.

$v = \frac{1}{n}$ in progress.

