

Towards Bezrukavnikov via p-adic central sheaves

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$l \neq p$ prime, \mathfrak{g}' split conn. red gp / $\widehat{\mathbb{F}_q}((t))$. I' Iwahori model of $\mathfrak{g}' / \widehat{\mathbb{F}_q[[t]]}$
 $(\curvearrowright$ pinning $B', T', w')$

$\Lambda = \widehat{\mathcal{O}_L}$, $\widehat{\mathfrak{g}}$ dual gp of \mathfrak{g}' , $\widehat{N} \subset \widehat{\mathfrak{g}}$ nilpotent cone, $\widehat{N}_{Spn} = \widehat{\mathfrak{g}} \times_{\widehat{\mathfrak{g}}} \widehat{\mathfrak{h}}$ Springer res.

$$\widehat{S^t} = \widehat{N}_{Spn} \times_{\widehat{\mathfrak{g}}} \widehat{N}_{Spn}$$

Kazhdan-Lusztig : $K_0(Coh(\widehat{\mathfrak{g}} \setminus \widehat{S^t})) \simeq \mathbb{Z}[\tilde{w}] \simeq K_0(Sh_{\mathcal{C}}(L^+ I' \backslash Fl_{I'}))$
 Iwahori-Weyl gp

Bezrukavnikov: $\Xi : D^b_{coh}(\widehat{\mathfrak{g}} \setminus \widehat{S^t}) \rightarrow D^b_{\text{ét}, c}(L^+ I' \backslash Fl_{I'})$

Now $F \mid \widehat{\mathcal{O}_L}$ finite, \mathfrak{g} split conn. red gp / F , I Iwahori \mathcal{O} -model of \mathfrak{g} ,
 \mathcal{O} ring of integers, $(\curvearrowright$ pinning $B, T, w)$
 $k = \widehat{\mathbb{F}_p}$

$$Gr_{\mathfrak{g}} = B^+_d R - \text{Grassmannian} / \text{Spd } F$$

II

$\operatorname{colim}_{\mu \in X_k(T) / W} Gr_{\mathfrak{g}, \leq \mu} \leftarrow$ Schubert diamond (Bruhat stratification)

$Fl_I = L_h / L^+ I$ with flag variety / Spec k

$\operatorname{colim}_{w \in W} Fl_{I, \leq w} \leftarrow$ Schubert perfect varieties

Beilinson - Drinfeld Grassmannian:

\mathcal{W}_I v-sheaf / Spd \mathcal{O}

w gen fiber \mathcal{W}_μ , special fiber Fl_I^\diamond .

$\underset{\mu \in X_k(T)/w}{\text{colim}} M_{I,\mu} \leftarrow$ local models

closures of $\mathcal{W}_{\mu, \leq \mu}$.

Thm (AGLR) ① μ minuscule $\Rightarrow M_{I,\mu}$ is represented by a unique flat normal \mathcal{O} -scheme

② The special fiber of $M_{I,\mu}$ is $A_{I,\mu}^\diamond \leftarrow$ Kottwitz - Rapoport's μ -admissible locus

$$\begin{matrix} & \text{||} \\ \cup \text{Fl}_{I, \leq \nu} \\ \forall t \in X_k(T) \\ \text{I} \\ \mu \in X_k(T)/w \end{matrix}$$

③ goes via supp. of nearby cycles of Satake sheaves.

Fargues - Scholze Sat: $\text{Rep } \widehat{\mathbb{A}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Perf}^{\text{ULA}}(Hk_{\widehat{A}, c})$, $c = \widehat{\mathbb{F}}$

$$Hk_{I,k} \xrightarrow{i^*} Hk_{I,0c} \xleftarrow{j^*} Hk_{0,c} \quad L^+ \backslash \mathcal{W}_\mu$$

$$R\psi = i^* Rj_* : D^b_{\text{ét}, c}(Hk_{0,c}) \rightarrow D^b_{\text{ét}}(Hk_{I,k})$$

Thm (AGLR) ① $c : D^b_{\text{ét}, c}(Hk_I^{\text{wtt}}) \xrightarrow{\sim} D^{\text{ULA}}_{\text{ét}}(Hk_{I,k})$

② $R\psi$ respects ULA sheaves.

Let $Z = R\psi$. Sat : $\text{Rep}(\widehat{\mathbb{A}}) \rightarrow D^b_{\text{ét}, c}(Hk_I)$

Thm (ALWY): Z is a central monoidal functor.

Idea: Classically due to Gaitsgory.

Let points collide to get $Z(v) \star A \simeq A \star Z(v)$.

Also need compatibility w/ symmetry constraint: use nearby cycles $/(\text{Spd } \Omega_c)^2$.

For perversity, need Wakimoto functor $J_v: D_{\text{ét}, c}^b(*) \xrightarrow{\sim} D_{\text{ét}, c}^b(Hk_I)$
uniquely determined by $X_v(T)$

$$i) J_{v_1}(A_1) + J_{v_2}(A_2) \simeq J_{v_1+v_2}(A_1 \otimes A_2)$$

$$ii) J_v(A) = \nabla_{t_v} \otimes^L A, \quad \nabla_{t_v} \text{ costandard perverse sheaf on } \mathbb{F}l_I, \text{ str.}$$

$$J = \bigoplus_{v \in X_v(T)} J_v \text{ lift to } \text{Rep}(\hat{\mathfrak{f}})$$

Thm (ALWY): $Z(v)$ is perverse and admits a filtr. w/ graded equal to $J(v) / \text{Rep}(\hat{\mathfrak{f}})$

Idea Classically due to AB, using perversity.

Instead, we centrally to write $Z(v)$ as an extn of complexes & ess. in J .

Identify the pieces by taking CTs.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Have } (v, v) \text{ Rep}(\hat{\mathfrak{u}} \times \hat{\mathfrak{f}}) & \xrightarrow{Z \times J} & \text{Perv}(Hk_I) \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \text{want to extend} \\ V \otimes_{\mathbb{F}l_{Spn}} (v) D_{\text{coh}}^b(\hat{\mathfrak{u}} \setminus \hat{\mathfrak{u}}_{Spn}) & \xrightarrow{F} & D_{\text{ét}, c}^b(Hk_I) \end{array} \quad \text{AB functor}$$

Consider $\hat{\mathcal{N}}_{Spn}^{\text{att}} \subset (\hat{\mathfrak{u}}/\hat{\mathfrak{u}})^{\text{att}} \times \hat{\mathfrak{g}}$ stabilizer for $\hat{\mathfrak{g}}$ -action

$$\text{Nilpotent monodromy endo. + Plücker relation} \Rightarrow \text{Coh}_{\text{fr}}(\hat{\mathfrak{u}} \setminus \hat{\mathcal{N}}_{Spn}^{\text{att}}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Perv}(Hk_I)$$

direct sum $V \otimes_{\mathbb{F}l_{Spn}} \mathbb{V}(v)$

$D_{\text{coh}}^b(\widehat{\mathcal{A}} \setminus \widehat{\mathcal{N}}_{\text{spn}})$ is a Verdier quotient of $\text{Ch}^b(\text{Coh}_{\text{fr}}(\widehat{\mathcal{A}}) \widehat{\mathcal{N}}_{\text{spn}}^{\text{att}})$

→ Verify complex get killed by $\text{Ch}^b(\widetilde{F})$.

L_{AS} Artin-Schreier local system

→ $D_{\text{ct}, c}^b(Hk_{IW})$ = cat. of sheaves on $F\mathbb{I}$ w/ a RL^+I^{op} -action
 \uparrow Av_{IW} \uparrow Iuehni-Whittaker governed by L_{AS}.
 $D_{\text{ct}, c}^b(Hk_I)$

Advantage: $\text{Per}_v(Hk_{IW})$ is h.w. cat. w/ tilting obj - indexed by $X_v(T)$
 (Assume for now on \mathfrak{h} is of type A)

Thm (ALWY) The composition $\text{Av}_{IW} \circ F: D_{\text{coh}}^b(\widehat{\mathcal{A}} \setminus \widehat{\mathcal{N}}_{\text{spn}}) \xrightarrow{\sim} D_{\text{ct}, c}^b(Hk_{IW})$

∃ 2 main ingredients

- $\mathcal{Z}_{IW}(v) = \text{av}_{IW}(\mathcal{Z}(v))$ is tilting (extend by monoidality from minuscule μ)
- regular quotient.

∃ quot. $\text{Coh}_{\text{fr}}(\widehat{\mathcal{A}} \setminus \widehat{\mathcal{N}}_{\text{spn}}) \rightarrow \text{Coh}(\widehat{\mathcal{A}} \setminus \widehat{\mathcal{O}}_v)$

↪ regular orbit $\subset \widehat{\mathcal{N}}$

Similarly, ∃ $\text{Per}_v(Hk_I) \rightarrow \text{Per}^*(Hk_I) = \text{Per}_v(Hk_I) / \langle \text{IC}_w, \ell(w) > 0 \rangle$

↑ ↗
 $\text{Rep } H$
 $\text{rep}(\mathcal{Z}_{\widehat{\mathcal{A}}}(\mathfrak{m}))^{\text{res}}$
 ↗
 ↳
 ↳ nilpotent elt in $\widehat{\mathcal{A}}$ comes from monodromy.

Prop (ALWY) m is regular

Idea AB argue via weights

habber: $R\mathcal{F}(\text{filt}) = m \circ \text{dramy} - \text{filt}$, i.e. $\text{Fil}_{\text{wt}} = \text{Fil}_{\text{mon}}$

→ The corresponding image of Fil_{wt} is $\mathcal{Z}(v) \circ \mathcal{Z}^*(v)$.

Hovn - Zarayevskiy: habber still works for formal schemes w/ smooth gen. fiber

+ some disk open covering condition.

~ apply to $M_{I,\mu}$ for μ minuscule, then extend by monoidality.

