

Central sheaves

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Nearby cycles

X separated f.t. / \mathbb{C} , \mathbb{K} = coeff ring

$f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{A}^1$

$X^* = f^{-1}(\mathbb{A}^1 \setminus 0)$, $X_0 = f^{-1}(0)$

$X_0 \longrightarrow X \leftarrow X^* \leftarrow \widetilde{X^*}$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \downarrow f_0 & & \downarrow f & & \downarrow f^* & & \downarrow \\ \{0\} & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{C} & \leftarrow & \mathbb{C}^* & \xleftarrow{\exp} & \mathbb{C} \end{array}$$

Def $\underline{\mathcal{I}}_X = \underline{\mathcal{I}}_f: D_c^b(X^*) \rightarrow D^b(X_0)$

$$\underline{\mathcal{I}}_f(F) = i^* j_* \exp_{X^*} \exp_X^*(F)[-1]$$

Prop. (1) $\underline{\mathcal{I}}_f$ preserves constructible sheaves

(2) $\underline{\mathcal{I}}_f$ preserves perverse sheaves

Eg $X = \mathbb{C}$, $f = \text{id}$,

L local sys. on \mathbb{C}^* , $L_1 \hookrightarrow \pi_1(\mathbb{C}^*, 1) = \mathbb{Z}$

$$\underline{\mathcal{I}}_{\text{id}}(L_{[1]}) = L_1$$

Prop. $X \xrightarrow{g} Y \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{C}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X_0 \rightarrow X & \subset & X^x \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ Y_0 \rightarrow Y & \subset & Y^x \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \mathbb{C}_0 \rightarrow \mathbb{C} & \subset & \mathbb{C}^x \end{array}$$

(1) g proper, $F \in D_c^b(X^x)$,

$$\mathbb{E}_f((g^x)_* F) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{E}_{f \circ g}(F)$$

(2) g smooth, $F \in D_c^b(Y)$

$$(g_0)^* \mathbb{E}_f(F) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{E}_{f \circ g}((g^x)^* F)$$

Prop (1) $\mathbb{E}_f \circ \mathbb{D}_{X^x}(F) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{D}_{X_0} \circ \mathbb{E}_f(F)$

(2) $X \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{C}, Y \xrightarrow{g} \mathbb{C}$

$$X \times_{\mathbb{C}} Y \xrightarrow{f \times g} \mathbb{C}, \quad F \in D_c^b(X), G \in D_c^b(Y),$$

$$\mathbb{E}_f(F) \boxtimes \mathbb{E}_g(G) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{E}_{f \times g}(F \boxtimes G)$$

Monodromy: $F \in D_c^b(X^x)$, $\exp_X^* F \in D^b(\mathbb{X}^x)$ is $\pi_1(\mathbb{C}^x, 1)$ -equiv.

$$\exp_X^* \exp_X^* F \hookrightarrow \pi_1(\mathbb{C}^x, 1)$$

Choose a generator $\zeta \in \pi_1(\mathbb{C}^*, 1)$

$\Rightarrow m_F : \mathbb{E}_F(F) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_F(F)$ monodromy automorphism.

Prop $F \in D_c^b(X^*)$

$$i^* j_* F[-1] \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_F(F) \xrightarrow{m_F[-1]} \mathbb{E}_F(F) \xrightarrow{+1} \text{dist. } \square$$

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Monodromic complex

$$T \text{ alg. forms } / \mathbb{C}, \quad \widetilde{T} = X_T(T) \otimes \mathbb{C} \xrightarrow{\exp} T$$

$$X \supset T$$

$$\text{Def. } D_{T-\text{mon}}^b(X) := D_{\widetilde{T}, \mathbb{C}}^b(X)$$

$$= \{ \widetilde{T} - \text{equiv. cons. sheaves on } X \}$$

\widetilde{T} contractible, $D_{T-\text{mon}}^b(X) \rightarrow D_c^b(X)$ fully faithful.

Def. $D^b(X \setminus T) := \text{sub } \Delta\text{-cat. gen. by image of } D_T^b(X) \rightarrow D_{T-\text{mon}}^b(X)$

(at. of unipotent monodromic sheaves.)

Prop. $F \in D_{T-\text{mon}}^b(X)$ equipped w/ an action $\mu_F : X_T(T) \rightarrow \text{Aut}(F)$.

Pf. $\text{act}, \text{pr}: \tilde{T} \times X \rightarrow X$

$$\theta: \text{pr}^* F \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{act}^* F$$

$\gamma \in X_*(T)$, $\gamma \sim \chi$ trivially

$$\text{act}^* F|_{\{\gamma\} \times X} \cong F.$$

$$\mu_F(\gamma) = \theta|_{\{\gamma\} \times X}: F \xrightarrow{\sim} F. \quad \square$$

Prop. $f: X \rightarrow Y$ T -equiv.

f_* , f^* , $f_!$, f' , \otimes , $\underline{\text{Hom}}$ preserve $D_{T\text{-mon}}^b(-)$,

compatible w/ μ_F .

Eg. (1) $F \in D_T^b(X)$, then $\mu_F = \text{id}$.

(2) $X = T$, $D_{T\text{-mon}}^b(T) = \{ \text{locally const. sheaves on } T \}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X_*(T) & \xrightarrow{\mu_{\mathbb{Z}}} & \text{Aut}(\mathbb{Z}) \\ & \searrow \text{Aut} & \downarrow \text{js} \\ & & \text{Aut}_{X_*(T)}(\mathbb{Z}_1) \end{array}$$

$\mathbb{Z} \in D^b(T \otimes T) \Leftrightarrow \mu_{\mathbb{Z}}$ is unipotent.

$$\text{Def. } \text{Per}_{T\text{-mon}}(x) = \text{Per}_r(x) \cap D_{T\text{-mon}}^b(x)$$

$$\text{Prop. } f \in \text{Per}_{T\text{-mon}}(x), \text{ } f \text{ is } T\text{-equiv. } \Leftrightarrow \mu_f(\lambda) = \text{id}, \forall \lambda \in X_r(T).$$

Monodromic complexes and nearby cycles

Prop. $X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$, \mathbb{C}^* -equivariant,

$$\mathbb{I}_f \text{ lifts to } \mathbb{I}_f : D_{\mathbb{C}^*}^b(X^r) \rightarrow D_{\mathbb{C}^* \text{-mon}}^b(x_0)$$

$$\text{w } m_f = \mu_{\mathbb{I}_f(F)}(-1).$$

$$\text{pf. } x_0 \xrightarrow{i} x \xleftarrow{j} x^r \xleftarrow{\exp_X} \widetilde{x} \quad \mathbb{C}\text{-equiv.}$$

$$\rightarrow \mathbb{I}_f \text{ sends } D_{\mathbb{C}^*}^b(X^r) \mapsto D_{\mathbb{C}^* \text{-mon}}^b(x_0).$$

$$\mathbb{I}_f(F) = i^* j_* \exp_X_* \exp_X^*(F)[-1]$$

$$\cong i^* j_* \exp_X_* \underline{\text{Hom}}(\mathbb{k}_{\widetilde{x}}, \exp_X^* F)[-1]$$

$$\cong i^* j_* \underline{\text{Hom}}(\exp_X_! \mathbb{k}_{\widetilde{x}}, F)[-1]$$

||

$$(f^x)^* \exp_! \mathbb{k}_{\mathbb{C}^*}$$

□

$$m_f \text{ defined by } \mu_{\exp_! \mathbb{k}_{\mathbb{C}^*}^{(1)}} \circ \mu_{\exp_! \mathbb{k}_{\mathbb{C}}}$$

Étale case

A henselian discrete valuation ring, $k = \text{res. field}$, $K = \text{Frac}(A)$

$$S = \text{Spec } k, \bar{S} = \text{Spec } \bar{k}$$

$\eta = \text{Spec } K, \bar{\eta} = \text{Spec } \bar{K}, \bar{S} = \text{Spec } \bar{A}, \bar{A}$ normalization of A in K

$$X \xrightarrow{f} S$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} X_{\bar{s}} & \xrightarrow{i} & X_{\bar{S}} & \xleftarrow{j} & X_{\bar{\eta}} \xrightarrow{\rho} X_{\eta} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \bar{s} & \longrightarrow & \bar{S} & \longleftarrow & \bar{\eta} \longrightarrow \eta \end{array}$$

Def $\mathbb{I}_f: D_c^b(X_{\eta}) \rightarrow D_c^b(X_{\bar{s}})$

$$\mathbb{I}_f(F) = \bar{i}^* \bar{j}_* \rho^* F[-1]$$

○

$\text{Gal}(E|K)$

eg. C curve / k , $c \in C$, $A = \text{henselization of } \mathcal{O}_{C,c}$

$$X \xrightarrow{f} C : \mathbb{I}_f: D_c^b(X^x) \rightarrow D_c^b(X_{\bar{c}})$$

Gaitsgory's central functors

G/G_{sp} split reductive gp, $K \subset G(\mathbb{A}_p)$ hyperspecial, $I \subset K$ Inahori

$$H_I \cdot H_{\text{sph}} = H_K.$$

Thm (Bernstein) $\mathcal{Z}(H_I) \xrightarrow{\sim} H_{sph}$

$$f \xrightarrow{\psi} f * 1_K = 1_K * f$$

Goal: Construct an inverse geometrically.

G/\mathbb{A} reductive gp.

$$\text{Last time } \left(\text{Per}_{L^+G}(G_{\mathbb{A}}), \ast^{L^+G} \right) \simeq \left(\text{Rep}(\widehat{G}), \otimes \right)$$

$I = \text{preimage of } B \text{ along } L^+G \rightarrow G$.

$\text{Fl}_G := L^+G/I \quad \text{affine flag var.}$

$$\downarrow \pi$$

$$G_{\mathbb{A}}$$

Eg. $G = GL_n$, $\text{Fl}_G = \left\{ \lambda_1 > \lambda_2 > \dots > \lambda_n > t\lambda_1 \right. \\ \left. \text{lattices in } K^{\oplus n} \text{ s.t. } \dim \lambda_i / \lambda_{i-1} = 1 \right\}$

$$K = \mathbb{C}((t)),$$

$$\mathbb{O} = \mathbb{C}[[t]]$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ G_{\mathbb{A}} \\ \lambda_1 \\ \lambda_2 \end{array}$$

• $(D_I(\text{Fl}_G), \ast^I)$ • \ast^I not commutative

• $P_I(\text{Fl}_G)$ not closed under \ast^I .

Goal: Construct a central functor

$$\mathcal{Z}: \text{Per}_{L^t \mathcal{G}}(\mathcal{C}_n) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}_I(\mathcal{F}l_n)$$

I Indiv. gp scheme / 0

affine smooth w/ $I_K = G$, $I(0) = I(K)$

e.g. GL_n , $R/0$

$$I(R) = \left\{ (g_1, \dots, g_n) \in GL_n(R) \mid \begin{array}{c} R^{\oplus n} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_n^V(t)} R^{\oplus n} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_{n-1}^V(t)} \dots R^{\oplus n} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_1^V(t)} R^{\oplus n} \\ \downarrow g_1 \quad \downarrow g_2 \quad \downarrow g_n \quad \downarrow g_1 \\ R^{\oplus n} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_n^V(t)} R^{\oplus n} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_{n-1}^V(t)} \dots R^{\oplus n} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_1^V(t)} R^{\oplus n} \end{array} \right\}$$

$I \rightarrow G_0$ isom. over K .

$$C = A_C^+ \ni 0, C^0 = C \setminus \{0\},$$

G affine smooth gp scheme / C , defined by glueing $G \times C^0 \cup I$

• $LG, L^t G$ over C . $(L^t G)_y = \begin{cases} L^t G, y \neq 0 \\ I, y = 0 \end{cases}$

$$\underline{\text{Def}} \quad \text{Cur}_g^{\text{gen}} = \left\{ (y, \varepsilon, \beta) : \begin{array}{l} y \in C, \\ \varepsilon \text{ } g\text{-torsor on } \widehat{\Gamma}_y, \\ \beta: \varepsilon \Big|_{\widehat{\Gamma}_y^0} \xrightarrow{\sim} \varepsilon^{\text{triv}} \Big|_{\widehat{\Gamma}_y^0} \\ \text{-----} \\ \widehat{\Gamma}_y \setminus \Gamma_y \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{Cur}_g^{\text{gen}} \Big|_{C^0} \simeq \text{Cur}_a \times C^0$$

$$\text{Cur}_g^{\text{gen}} \Big|_0 \simeq \text{Fl}_a$$

$$\underline{\text{Def}}. \quad Z: D_c^b(\text{Cur}_a) \rightarrow D_c^b(\text{Fl}_a)$$

$$Z(F) = \mathbb{E}_{\text{Cur}_g^{\text{gen}}} (F \boxtimes \mathbb{K}_{C^0[1]})$$

Prop. Z lifts to

$$Z: D_{L^+a}^b(\text{Cur}_a) \rightarrow D_I^b(\text{Fl}_a)$$

$$\underline{\text{Sketch}}: \text{act}, \text{pr}: L^+G \times \text{Cur}_g^{\text{gen}} \rightarrow \text{Cur}_g^{\text{gen}}$$

$$\text{pr}^* Z(F) \simeq \mathbb{E}_{L^+G \times \text{Cur}_g^{\text{gen}}} (\text{pr}^*(F \boxtimes \mathbb{K}_{C^0[1]}))$$

$$\simeq \mathbb{E}_{L^+G \times \text{Cur}_g^{\text{gen}}} (\text{act}^*(F \boxtimes \mathbb{K}_{C^0[1]}))$$

$$\simeq \text{act}^* Z(F). \quad \square$$

Thm. $\mathcal{Z} : \text{Perv}_{\text{Lfg}}(\text{ara}) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}_I(\text{Fla})$

(1) \mathcal{Z} sends $\text{Perv}_{\text{Lfg}}(\text{ara})$ to $\text{Perv}_I(\text{Fla})$

(2) $F \in \text{Perv}_{\text{Lfg}}(\text{ara})$, $g \in \mathcal{D}_I(\text{Fla})$

\exists nat. isom.

$$\epsilon_{F,g} : \mathcal{Z}(F) \stackrel{I}{\star} g \xrightarrow{\sim} g \stackrel{I}{\star} \mathcal{Z}(F)$$

+ compatibilities

(3) $F, g \in \text{Perv}_{\text{Lfg}}(\text{ara})$

$$\mathcal{Z}(F) \stackrel{I}{\star} \mathcal{Z}(g) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{Z}(F \stackrel{L^G}{\star} g)$$

+ compatibilities

\mathcal{Z} is a
central functor.

(4) $F \in \text{Perv}_{\text{Lfg}}(\text{ara})$, $g \in \text{Perv}_I(\text{Fla})$,

then $\mathcal{Z}(F) \stackrel{I}{\star} g$ is perverse

(5) $F \in \text{Perv}_{\text{Lfg}}(\text{ara})$

\exists unipotent monodromy action $m_F : \mathcal{Z}(F) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{Z}(F)$

$$\mathcal{Z}(F) \stackrel{I}{\star} \mathcal{Z}(g) \xrightarrow{m_{F \stackrel{I}{\star} g}} \mathcal{Z}(F) \stackrel{I}{\star} \mathcal{Z}(g)$$

$$\mathcal{Z}(F \stackrel{L^G}{\star} g) \xrightarrow{m_{F \stackrel{L^G}{\star} g}} \mathcal{Z}(F \stackrel{L^G}{\star} g)$$

(6) $F \in \text{Perv}_{\text{Lfg}}(\text{ara})$, $\pi_* \mathcal{Z}(F) \cong F$.

Proof. (1) $\mathbb{E}_{\text{Lur}^{\text{gen}}}$ is perverse t-exact.

$$(2) \text{Lur}_y^{\text{BD}} := \left\{ (y, \varepsilon, \beta) : \begin{array}{l} y \in \mathbb{C} \\ \varepsilon \text{ } G\text{-torsor on } \widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \\ \beta: \varepsilon|_{\widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \setminus \Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \simeq \varepsilon^{\text{triv}}|_{\widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \setminus \Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{Lur}_y^{\text{BD}}|_{\mathbb{C}^0} = \text{Lur}_A \times \text{Fl}_A \times \mathbb{C}^0$$

$$\text{Lur}_y^{\text{BD}}|_0 = \text{Fl}_A$$

$$L^+G^{\text{BD}} = \text{Aut} \left(\varepsilon^{\text{triv}}|_{\widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y}} \right), \quad L^+G^{\text{BD}}|_{\mathbb{C}^0} = L^+G \times I \times \mathbb{C}^0$$

$$L^+G^{\text{BD}}|_0 = I$$

Def. $F \in D_{L^+G}(\text{Lur}_A), \quad g \in D_I(\text{Fl}_A)$

$$C(F, g) := \mathbb{E}_{\text{Lur}_y^{\text{BD}}} \left(\underbrace{F \boxtimes g \boxtimes \mathbb{I}_{\mathbb{C}^0} \text{ in } \mathbb{C}^0}_{L^+G^{\text{BD}}\text{-equiv}} \right)$$

$$D_I(\text{Fl}_A)$$

$$\text{Lemma.} \quad Z(F) \xrightarrow{I} g \simeq C(F, g) \simeq g \xrightarrow{I} Z(F)$$

$$\text{Lur}_y(\underline{\alpha}, \underline{\gamma}) = \left\{ (y, \underbrace{\varepsilon^1, \varepsilon^2}_{\text{torsors on } \widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y}}, \beta_1, \beta_2) : \begin{array}{l} \beta_1: \varepsilon^1|_{\widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \setminus \Gamma_0} \simeq \varepsilon^{\text{triv}}|_{\widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \setminus \Gamma_0}, \\ \beta_2: \varepsilon^2|_{\widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \setminus \Gamma_y} \simeq \varepsilon^1 \cdot |_{\widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \setminus \Gamma_y} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{Cur}_g(y, \underline{o}) = \left\{ (y, \varepsilon^1, \varepsilon^2, \beta_1, \beta_2) : \begin{array}{l} \beta_1 \text{ over } \widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \setminus \Gamma_y \\ \beta_2 \text{ over } \widehat{\Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_y} \setminus \Gamma_0 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{Cur}_g(\underline{o}, y) \xrightarrow{m_1} \text{Cur}_g^{\text{BD}} \xleftarrow{m_2} \text{Cur}_g(y, \underline{o})$$

fibers over C° : all $\text{Cur}_a \times \text{Flag} \times C^\circ$

fibers over \circ : $\text{LG} \times^{\mathbb{I}} \text{Flag} \xrightarrow{m} \text{Flag} \xleftarrow{m} \text{LG} \times^{\mathbb{I}} \text{Flag}$

$$\text{Claim. } \mathbb{I}_{\text{Cur}_g(\underline{o}, y)}(F \otimes g \otimes \mathbb{k}_{C^\circ(\Gamma)}) \cong g \otimes z(F)$$

$$\mathbb{I}_{\text{Cur}_g(y, \underline{o})}(F \otimes g \otimes \mathbb{k}_{C^\circ(\Gamma)}) \cong z(F) \otimes \bar{G}.$$

$$\text{Sketch. } \text{Cur}_g(\underline{o}, y) \cong \text{Cur}_g^{\text{BD}}(\underline{o}) \times^{\text{LG}^{\text{BD}}} \text{Cur}_g(y)$$

\uparrow
trivialize ε^2

$$\text{Cur}_g(\underline{o}) = \text{Flag} \times C$$

$$\text{Cur}_g(y) = \text{Cur}_g^{\text{BD}}$$

$$\text{Cur}_g(\underline{o}, y) \leftarrow \text{Cur}_g^{\text{BD}}(\underline{o}) \times \text{Cur}_g(y) \rightarrow \text{Cur}_g(\underline{o}) \times \text{Cur}_g(y)$$

$$g \otimes z(F) \leftarrow \bar{G} \otimes z(F) \longrightarrow \sim g \otimes z(F)$$

(3). similarly

(4) $C(F, G)$ perverse if F, G perverse.

(b) $L^+G \rightarrow L^+G \times C$

$\sim \pi: \text{Crys}_G^{\text{gen}} \rightarrow \text{Crys}_G \times C$

$\sim \pi_* Z(F) = \oplus_{\text{Crys}_G \times C} (F \otimes \mathbb{K}_{C^0(\mathbb{I})}) = F.$

(5) $F \in \text{Perf}_{L^+G}(\text{Crys}_G)$

$m_F: Z(F) \rightarrow Z(F)$ monodromy.

WTS m_F unipotent

• L^+G carries an action of G_m

also on L^+G , $\text{Crys}_G^{\text{gen}}$.

• $F \otimes \mathbb{K}_{C^0(\mathbb{I})}$ is, G_m -equiv.

$D_{L^+G \times G_m}(\text{Crys}_G^{\text{gen}}|_{C^0})$

$\Rightarrow Z(F) \in D_I, G_m\text{-mon}(\text{Fl}_G) \quad (\text{Verdier})$

Lemma. $D_{I, G_m\text{-mon}}(\text{Fl}_G) = D_I(\text{Fl}_G \otimes G_m) = D_I(\text{Fl}_G)$

Pf. $D_I(\text{Fl}_a)$ gen. by $\Delta_w = j_{w!} \mathbb{k}[\ell(w)]$; $j_w: IwI/I \hookrightarrow \text{Fl}_a$
 $w \in \tilde{W}$

j_w is G_m -equiv.

$\rightarrow \Delta_w \in D_{I \times G_m}(\text{Fl}_a)$.

□.