

Generic character sheaves on parabolic subgroups, Charlotte Chan

Goal. Overview of developments towards explicit geometric model of RT

of p-adic gps.

nonarchimedean
local field

$$\mathbb{Q}$$

$$\mathbb{F}_q((t))$$

$$\mathbb{Q}_p$$

$$\mathbb{F}_q((t))$$

$$\mathbb{Z}_p$$

$$\mathbb{F}_q[[t]]$$

Today. "supercuspidal reps"

Fact. Any irred. rep of a p-adic gp appears in the parabolic induction of a super-cuspidal module.
easy.
hard

Constructing Supercuspidal $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bullet \text{ Moy - Prasad, Morris. depth } 0 \\ \bullet \text{ Adler. pos depth} \\ \bullet \text{ Yu. pos depth} \end{array} \right.$

$$SL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p), SL_2(\mathbb{F}_p((t)))$$

① Take a rep π of $SL_2(\mathbb{F}_p)$

② Have a surj. $SL_2(\mathbb{Z}_p) \rightarrow SL_2(\mathbb{F}_p) \rightarrow SL_2(\mathbb{F}_p)$

③ compact induction. $\text{Ind}(\pi)$

If this is irred., then it is supercuspidal "depth zero".

To get pos. depth reps.

boost ② by replacing w/ abstr. constr. depends on some data about the gp.

$$\text{e.g. } GL_2(\mathbb{Q}^\times \hookrightarrow GL_2(\mathbb{R}))$$

$$(ALG) \quad GL_2(\mathbb{F}_p((t))) \hookrightarrow GL_4(\mathbb{F}_p((t))) \hookrightarrow GL_8(\mathbb{F}_p((t)))$$

$$(GEOM) \quad \text{boost ① by replacing } SL_2(\mathbb{F}_p) \text{ w/ } SL_2(\mathbb{Z}_p/p^{r+1}) \sim SL_2(\mathbb{F}_p[[t]]/t^{r+1})$$

[Yu's alg. recipe is geometrically simply parabolic induction.]

RT.
$$\text{pInd}_{\left(\begin{smallmatrix} \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{F}_p) \\ \left(\begin{smallmatrix} * & * \\ 0 & * \end{smallmatrix}\right) \end{smallmatrix}\right)}(\theta) = \{f: \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{F}_p) \rightarrow \mathbb{C} : f(gb) = \theta(\text{pr}(b)) f(g)\}$$

\downarrow
 $\left(\begin{smallmatrix} * & * \\ 0 & * \end{smallmatrix}\right)$

Class function.

$$g \mapsto \sum_{\substack{h \in B(\mathbb{F}_p) \in \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{F}_p)/B(\mathbb{F}_p) \\ \text{s.t. } h^{-1}gh \in B(\mathbb{F}_p)}} \theta(\text{pr}(h^{-1}gh))$$

alg. geom.

$$\{(g, hB) \in G \times G/B : h^{-1}gh \in B\}$$

$$\swarrow \quad \searrow$$

$$\text{pr}(h^{-1}gh) \quad f$$

$$\swarrow \quad \searrow$$

$$\pi \quad g$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$\text{GL}_2 \quad g$$

$$L_\theta$$

$$\text{pInd}(L_\theta) := \pi! f^* L_\theta$$

Ex. $\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{F}_p) \supset \left(\begin{smallmatrix} * & * \\ 0 & * \end{smallmatrix}\right) \simeq \mathbb{F}_p^\times \times \mathbb{F}_p^\times \quad \# = (p-1)^2$

\parallel

$$\text{GL}_{\mathbb{F}_p}(\mathbb{F}_{p^2}) \supset \mathbb{F}_{p^2}^\times \quad \# = p^2 - 1$$

RT on $\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{F}_p)$ splits into 2 comp.

• $\text{pInd}_{B(\mathbb{F}_p)}^{\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{F}_p)}(\theta)$

• Deligne-Lusztig induction.

$$\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{F}_{p^2}) \setminus \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ y & x \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}_{p^2}^\times : x^p y - x y^p \in \mathbb{F}_p^\times \right\} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{F}_p^\times$$



$$R_T^G(\theta) = H_c^1(-)[\theta]$$

Deligne-Lusztig
induction

Conj. (Luzberg) This picture works for jet schemes, L_0 sufficiently generic.

Def Let X be a scheme over \mathbb{F}_p . Then the r th jet scheme X_r is defined by

$$X_r(A) = \begin{cases} X(A[t]/t^{r+1}) \\ X(W_{r+1}(A)) \end{cases}$$

Thm (Bergman/Lev. c. 2024) ✓.

Difficulties.

- π no longer proper
- π no longer small.

line of reasoning linking generic char. sh. to L -packets of pos. depth s.c.

$(T, \theta) \rightsquigarrow L_\theta$ on T_r

$T \subset G$ elliptic max. torus

θ smooth char depth r .

$$\mathbb{F}_{p^2}((t))^{\times} \subset GL_2(\mathbb{F}_p((t)))$$

$$L_\theta \text{ on } T_r \rightsquigarrow \underset{\substack{\text{irred. perverse} \\ G_r\text{-equiv. sheaf on } G_r}}{p\text{-Ind}_{B_r}^{G_r}(L_\theta)} \rightsquigarrow \chi_{p\text{-Ind}_{B_r}^{G_r}(L_\theta)} : G_r(\mathbb{F}_q) \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \\ = \chi_{R_{T_r}^{G_r}(\theta)}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \left\{ c\text{-Ind}(R_{T_r}^{G_r}(\theta)) : (T, \theta) \text{ varies over a stable conj. cl. of such pairs} \right\}$$