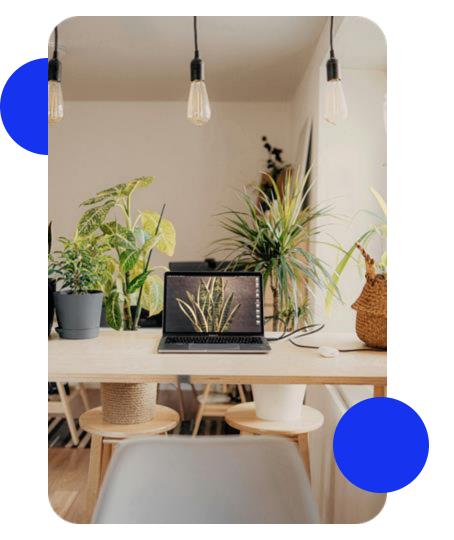
Al Masterclass

Technical Generative Al Concepts Explained Simply



Learning Journey Roadmap

Technical Generative Al Introduce foundational technical knowledge about Al and large language models (LLMs), laying the groundwork for Foundations understanding Generative Al. An overview of key LLM optimization techniques, with a deep 02 GenAl Optimization dive into Fine-Tuning and Prompt Engineering. Techniques 1 An overview of key LLM optimization techniques, with a deep 03 GenAl Optimization dive into Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG) and Agentic Techniques 2 AI. An overview of key implications and practical considerations 04Generative Al Monitoring of bringing Generative Al products to life safely and and Evaluation efficiently.

Goals

- Understand how GenAl technology works
- Feel comfortable exploring with GenAl tools
- Start applying GenAl technology safely and responsibly

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Learning Journey Roadmap

O1 Technical Generative Al Foundations

Introduce foundational technical knowledge about AI and large language models (LLMs), laying the groundwork for understanding Generative AI.

O2 GenAl Optimization Techniques 1 An overview of key LLM optimization techniques, with a deep dive into Fine-Tuning and Prompt Engineering.

O3 GenAl Optimization Techniques 2 An overview of key LLM optimization techniques, with a deep dive into Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG) and Agentic Al.

O4 Generative Al Monitoring and Evaluation

An overview of key implications and practical considerations of bringing Generative AI products to life safely and efficiently.

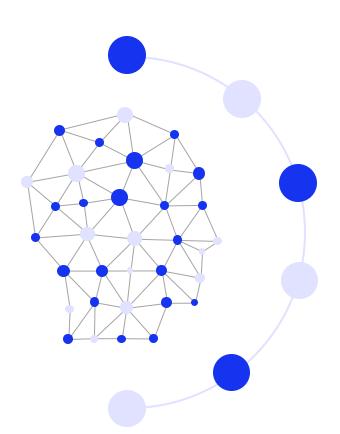
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GenAl Optimization Techniques Part II



Overview of Generative AI Principles



Generative Al

All that creates new content—such as text, code, images, or music—rather than just analyzing data.

Neural Networks

Layers of connected artificial neurons that process data and learn complex patterns in large sets of data through training.

Large Language Models

Very large neural networks trained on massive text datasets to generate human-like language.

Transformer Architecture
The neural network design that powers modern LLMs using selfattention to understand word relationships.

Natural Language Processing

The field of enabling computers to understand, interpret, and generate human language..

Tokenization
The process of breaking text into small units (tokens) that an LLM can understand and process.,

Optimization Techniques



Training an LLM on custom data to specialize its behavior.

Retrieval-Augmented
O3 Generation (RAG)

Grounds LLMs with external knowledge sources.

O2 Prompt Engineering

Designing effective prompts to guide model outputs.

O4 Agentic Al

Orchestrates LLMs as multistep, tool-using agents with memory and reasoning,



Cost

The amount of resource (data, compute, and engineering effort) needed to implement and maintain each technique.



Implementation Efficiency

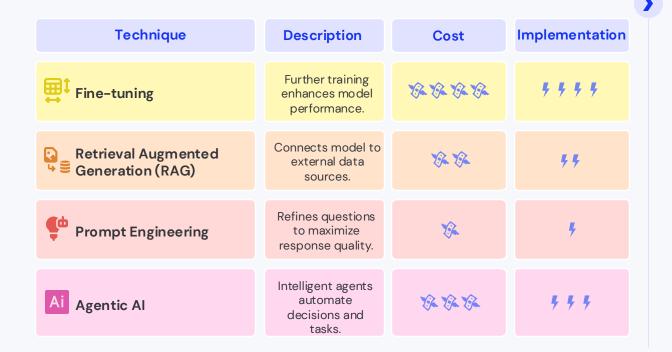
How quickly and easily the technique can be deployed or iterated on in real-world workflows.



Performance

The degree of improvement the technique delivers in output quality, accuracy, and reliability.

Optimization Techniques



Part 2

Retrieval-Augmented Generation:

Demonstrates how to inject recent or domain-specific knowledge into models without altering their weights, improving accuracy.

Agentic Al Orchestration

Explains how to extend LLMs with reasoning, memory, and tools, enabling multi-step workflows and complex problem-solving.

RAG (Retrieval Augmented Generation)

High-level overview of RAG process for LLMs.

Retrieve Relevant Knowledge

- The system searches external sources (databases, documents, APIs) for context based on the user's query
- Uses a vector database and embeddings to find semantically similar content

Augment the Prompt with Retrieved Context

- Injects the retrieved passages into the model's prompt
- Gives the model up-to-date and domain-specific information before generating

O3 Generate Answer Using the LLM

- The model produces an output that blends its own language skills with the retrieved facts
- This improves factual accuracy and reduces hallucinations

RAG Pipeline Flow

User Asks Question

The user initiates the process by asking a question.

Relevant Documents Pulled

The retriever pulls in the relevant documents.

Generator Creates Response

The generator creates a grounded response based on the documents.

Retriever Scans Data

The retriever scans connected data sources for relevant information.

Generator Reads Documents

The generator reads the documents to understand the context.

RAG – Analysis

Benefits

RAG enhances accuracy and freshness by giving models real-time access to external knowledge without retraining.

Drawbacks

It adds infrastructure complexity and depends on the quality of the retrieval data and indexing, which can affect speed and accuracy.

Sample Use Cases **Customer Support Bots**

Providing real-time answers from product manuals and FAQs to reduce hallucinations.

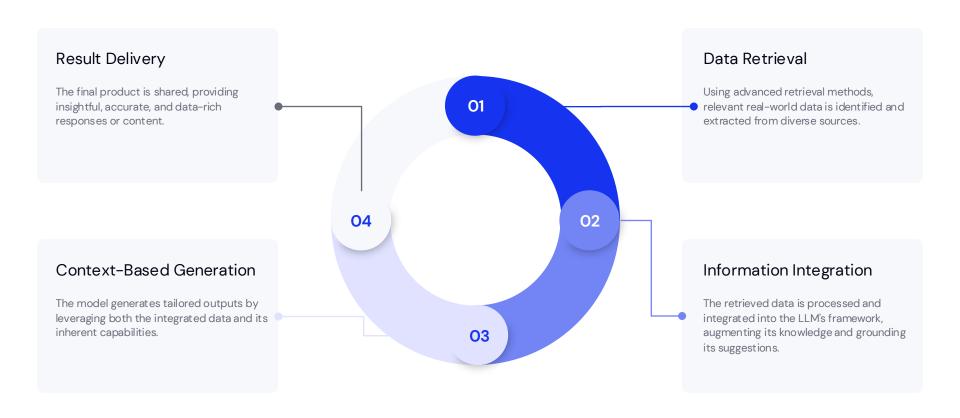
Enterprise Knowledge Search

Answering employee questions from internal documents without fine-tuning the model.

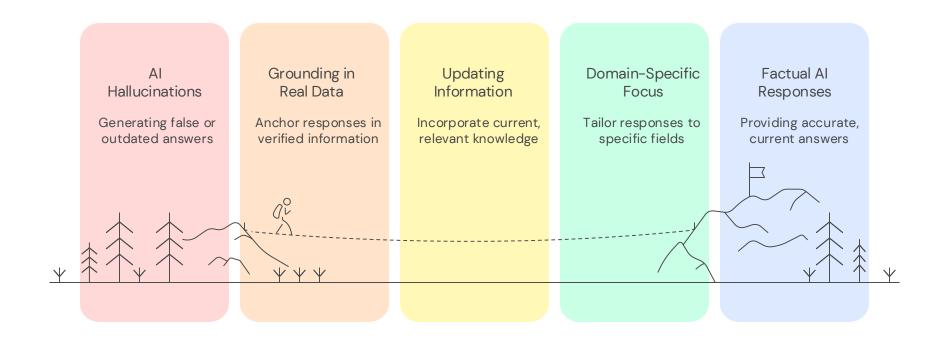
Medical/Legal Q&A

Surfacing vetted references from trusted databases to keep outputs accurate and cite-able.

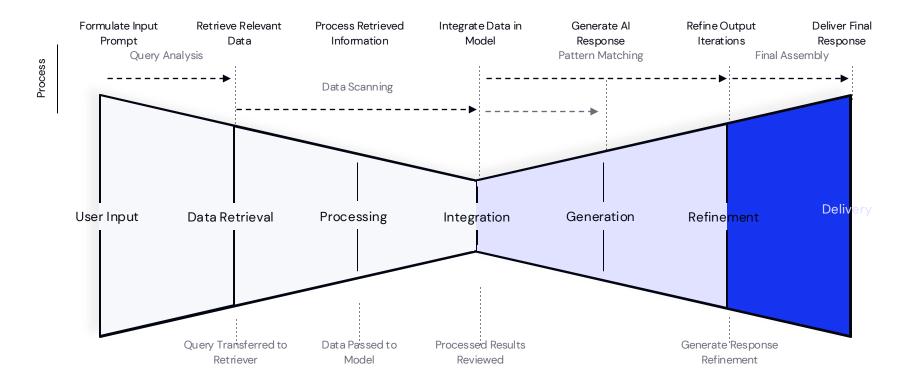
Optimizing LLMs with RAG



Reliable Answers with RAG



RAG Pipeline Visual Guide



Agentic AI Orchestration

High-level overview of Agentic Al Orchestration for LLMs.

O1 Implement an Orchestration Framework

- Wrap the base LLM with a control layer (E.g., CrewAl, LangGraph, AutoGen, LlamaIndex, etc.)
- Enables planning, task decomposition, and coordination of multi-step workflows

O2 Integrate Tools, Memory, and Context

- Connect the agent(s) to external tools (APIs, code execution, retrieval systems)
- Provide memory (short- and long-term) so it can carry context across steps

O3 Implement Reasoning & Safety Loops

- Add logic for reflection, evaluation, and self-correction
- Enforce guardrails, moderation, and approval gates to control behavior and risks

Agentic Al Core Components



Agentic AI – Analysis

Benefits

Agentic AI lets LLMs handle complex, multi-step tasks autonomously, greatly boosting performance and capability without changing their core weights.

Drawbacks

It adds architectural complexity, increases latency and cost, and requires strong safety mechanisms to prevent errors from compounding.

Sample Use Cases

Research Agents

Orchestrate multi-step searching, reading, and summarizing across sources.

Workflow Automation

Chain tools and memory to automate structured business processes.

Coding Agents

Combine planning, tool use, and feedback loops to iteratively write and debug code.

Key Traits of Agentic Al





Understands objectives.



Autonomous

Executes tasks without input.



Reasoning

Breaks down and prioritizes.



Self-Reflective

Continuously improves results.

Agentic Al systems prioritize objectives, autonomously execute plans, adapt reasoning to dynamic tasks, and self-reflect to optimize their outputs and actions.

Key Insights into AI Orchestration Frameworks



Understanding AI Orchestration

Al orchestration frameworks coordinate how multiple models, tools, and data sources work together to complete complex tasks.



Framework Components

They typically include planning logic, memory modules, tool connectors, and control flows that manage task execution.



Integration Strategies

Effective orchestration depends on clean APIs, modular design, and context-passing mechanisms to seamlessly connect systems.

Implementation Considerations

For successful implementation of Al orchestration frameworks, ensure they are scalable, flexible, and integrate seamlessly into existing systems.

Prioritize sustainability and adaptability to dynamic changes in AI technology.

Intelligent Tool Use Al using tools for tasks **External Tools** Language Models Real-world API and Core Al reasoning engines data access Adaptive **Contextual Data** Conversation Retrieval Tools using memory for Al remembering past relevance chats

Context Memory
Retaining past
interactions

Agentic Orchestration Frameworks

How to turn an LLM into a reasoning Agent

From Prompt to Action Plan

Define objectives for the prompt.

Identify tasks for execution.

Create workflows for tasks.

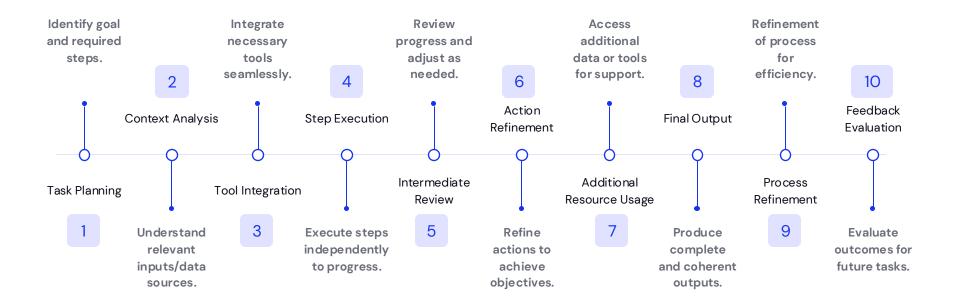
Allocate resources effectively.

Execute tasks as planned.

Review and adapt performance.

Agentic Al Task Execution

Autonomous Task Execution



From LLM to Agent: The Agentic Al Design Canvas

Agent Roles

Define the roles or personas your agents will take on (researcher, planner, coder, analyst, assistant).

Core Capabilities



List what your agentic system can actually do (multi-step reasoning, tool use, retrieval, planning, autonomous task execution).

Feedback & Alignment



Describe how agents receive feedback, refine behavior, and stay aligned with goals and policies.

Model & Data Stack



Outline the components your agents rely on: LLM backbone, vector DBs, APIs, memory stores, orchestration framework, compute resources.

Interfaces & Surfaces



Specify how users will access the agents (chat UI, voice, web app, IDE plugin, Slack bot, API).

Agentic Behaviors



Map the core actions the system performs: planning, reasoning, task decomposition, tool invocation, error recovery, self-reflection.

Integrations & Dependencies



List external systems and services the agents must connect to: APIs, databases, CRMs, code execution environments, monitoring tools.

Metrics & Outcomes



Define success measures: task success rate, latency, user satisfaction, cost per run, autonomy level.

Constraints & Limits



Note system constraints and costs: token usage, API call limits, latency budgets, safety guardrails, governance policies.

Agentic Al Challenges

Current Challenges

- 1 Unclear purpose: It's hard to see where agentic AI fits into daily work.
- 2 Complex systems: Multi-step agents feel opaque and hard to trust.
- 3 Limited readiness: Teams lack skills and processes to support agent-driven work.

Negative Impacts

- Slow adoption: Humans hesitate to use tools they don't fully understand.
- Frequent errors: Poorly configured agents produce unreliable results.
- Workflow friction: Agents don't yet fit smoothly into existing systems.

- User skepticism: Confusionand mistakes reduceconfidence in the tech.
- Operational drag: Teams
 spend more time managing
 the tools than benefiting from
 them.
- Missed opportunities: Earlystage failures make leaders hesitant to invest further.

Agentic Al Benefits

Future State

- 1 Smarter workflows: Agents handle routine steps so teams can focus on critical work.
- Seamless tools: Agents connect data, apps, and systems behind the scenes.
- Adaptive support: Agents learn from feedback to get more accurate over time.

Positive Outcomes



Less busywork: Humans spend less time on repetitive, manual tasks.



Faster progress: Projects move quicker when agents automate prep work.



More confidence: Reliable outputs build trust and reduce second-guessing.



Happier teams: Less grind boosts morale and engagement.



Stronger performance: Teams can deliver higher-quality results faster.



Space to innovate: Freed-up time fuels creativity, relationship-building and new ideas.

Thank you!

Questions?

