
Face recognition

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING PROJECT

UNIVERSITY OF APPLIED SCIENCES VORARLBERG
MASTER IN MECHATRONICS

SUBMITTED TO

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1. Problem description

1.1 Overview

According to the article *Face recognition: A literature survey* from ZHAO et al. (2003), face recognition can be segmented into three key steps, shown in figure 1.

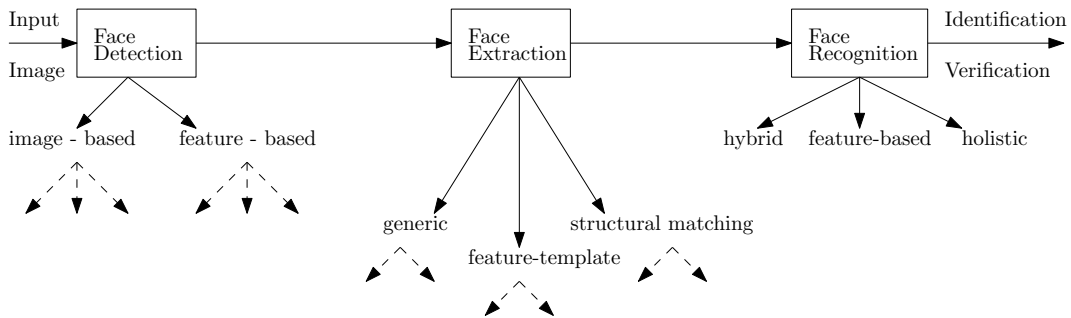


Figure 1: Face Recognition Progress

Face Detection is responsible for a rough normalization (like face tracking) and use for this task different approaches.

Face Extraction generates a more accurate normalization (like human emotions). The different approaches to get this emotions are shown in figure 1. Face detection and face extraction approaches can use the same feature-based-method (like informations out of color, Motion, ...)so they can perform simultaneous.

Face Recognition is the last step to identify/verify a picture. For a verification/identification several methods are available.

1.2 Face Detection

We decided to have a closer look on the face detection process because for the processes afterwards we need a detected face, which is not available without any effort.

To find an approach which we can study, implement and test we made further researches in this segment. The article *Face detection: A survey* from Hjelmas (2001) gives a good overview of the topic face detection. The figure 2 (out of Hjelmas (2001)) represents the different approaches to detect faces in a picture.

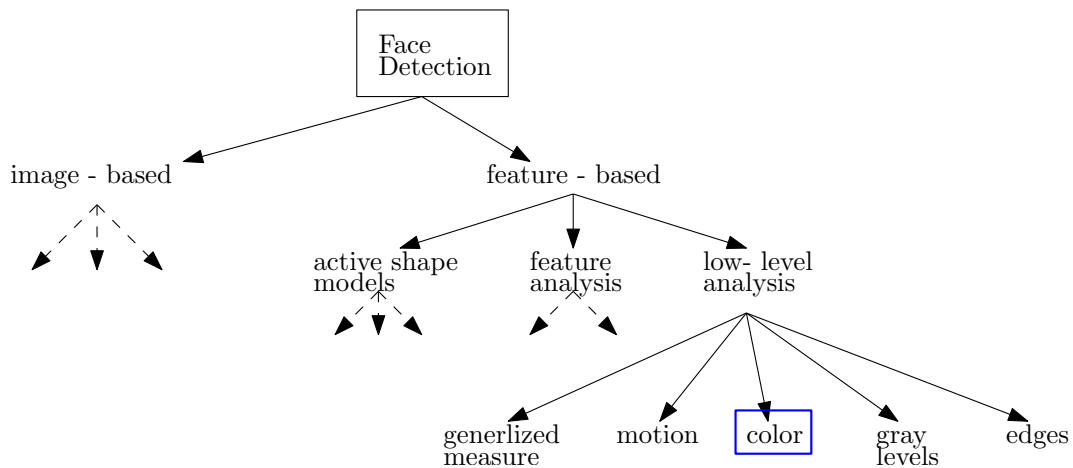


Figure 2: Face Detection divided into approaches (more detailed from Hjelmas (2001)).

According to Hjelmas (2001) are **Image-based approaches** the most robust techniques for gray images, but on the other side they need a lot of computation time by multiresolution window scanning.

The **feature-based approaches** were the first attempts in the face detection history. They are built up simple and so they need less computation time, this enables these approaches access to real-time applications.

The most interesting approach for us was *Face detection based on color likelihood* approach (in figure 2 marked as *Color*).

1.3 Color likelihood approach

An application for the simple and real-time capable algorithmus face detection with color can be found in the article *Face recognition: A literature*

survey from ZHAO et al. (2003)

In video conferencing systems, there is a need to automatically control the camera in such a way that the current speaker always has the focus. One simple approach to this is to guide the camera based on sound or simple cues such as motion and skin color.

2. Literature Analysis

The literature analysis began with the topic selection (see chapter 1). The supervisor told us that the initial chosen topic *Face Detection* is too big to treat within one semester, so the first literature research was done to find a specific topic to handle.

The second literature research was done to find information about the chosen topic.

2.1 Approach

All interesting literature which were found and marked as interesting (by scanning the abstract) were saved in a list on the Ilias project space. This articles were read in a more detail afterwards.

The structure of the table (see figure 3) make additional sorting (by exporting/copying into an EXCEL) possible and the implementation on ILIAS makes it possible to get access easily to the actual table.

Literature Research (LR)				
ID	Date	Topic	Source	comment
1	22.10.2016	general	olav: face recognition database	ScienceDirect - On internal representations in face recognition systems analysis of face recognition systems; mentioned databases: FERET and Face database info MIT
2	27.10.2016	general	google: face recognition overview	Face Recognition: A Literature Survey nice overview about face recognition (split into Detection, extraction and Recognition) -> Useful to search a more detailed topic.
3	27.10.2016	Face detection	olav: face detection	ScienceDirect - Computer Vision and Image Understanding - Face Detection: A Survey Good overview about different approaches to detect faces
4	27.10.2016	Face detection - color	olav: face detection	ScienceDirect - Pattern Recognition - Face detection based on skin color likelihood Face detection based on color likelihood - approach of: Face detection -> Feature-based approaches -> low level analysis -> color

Figure 3: Literature research table - 30.10.2016.

All literatures which were mentioned in this document are also listed in the bibliography.

2.2 Literature analysis of the topic face detection based on color likelihood

documentation why articles have been selected or rejected. All used sources must be mentioned here

3. Test scenario

3.1 Target

The target of the implementation is to use the video from a web cam to test the implemented color based face detection. The implemented code should as simple as possible, to achieve a real-time capable

3.2 Implementation steps

Following steps will be done to test if the implemented solution is real-time capable.

3.2.1 Color based phase detection on a picture

The first step is to test the algorithms on different pictures. For this following steps are scheduled:

1. Transform picture into the
2. Find suitable threshold ranges for the YCbCr.
3. Make Thresholding on the YCbCr to get a binary picture.
4. Detecting phases out of skin regions.
5. Draw boxes to identify the faces on the picture.

3.2.2 Color based phase detection on a video

Use a web cam and test the implemented color based algorithm.

3.2.3 Real-time Color based phase detection on a picture

There are three possibilities to test if the implemented solution is real-time capable.

1. Test it on a notebook and a webcam (same as section xx).
2. Calculate if the computation time is less enough for a micro controller like a Arduino.

Bibliography

Hjelmas, E. (2001). Face detection: A survey. *Computer Vision and Image Understanding*, 83(3):236–247.

ZHAO, W., CHELLAPPA, R., P.J.Phillips, and Rosenfeld, A. (2003). Face recognition: A literature survey. *ACM Computing Surveys*, 35(4):339–458.