

TO BE

Present Tense

l am	we are
You are	you are
He is	
She is	they are
It is	
Supply the correct form	n of the present tense of to be as in the example
1. She	a god writer
She	
2. They	old friends
3.1	a student
4. John	absent from work today
5. We	both students
6. The weather today _	good
7. The sky	clear
8. Henry and John	brothers
9. She and I	cousins
10. I	sick today
11. She	a business person
12. You	a lawyer
13.Today	Wednesday
14. She and John	borth good writers
15. The police officer o	n the corner busy with the traffic
16. You	old friends



TO BE

Negatives and Questions

Form the negative of to be by placing not after the verb

I am an employee

I am not an employee

Form questions with to be by placing the verb before the subject

They are absent from work today

Are they absent from work today?

Why are they absent from work today?

Change the following sentences from affirmative to negative in the example

1. She is in Europe now	She is not in Europe now
2. You are angry	
3. He and she are cousins	
1. He is very serious	
5. Both sisters are tall	
5. She is a clever woman	
7. They are members of the country club	
3. He is good tennis player	
O. Elaine is a pilot with American Airlines	
LO. The sky is very cloudy today	
11. The office of the supervisor is on the first floor	r
12. It is cold today	
13. She is in her office	
14. It is a good movie	
L5. The stamps are in my desk	
L6. He is a smart man	



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Example: The pencil belongs to me. It's my pencil

1. The pen belongs to Mr. Grant. It's	pen.
2. The book belongs to Mary. It's	book.
3. The shirt belongs to Tom	shirt.
4. The suits belong to the boys. They're	suits.
5. The house belongs to us. It's	house.
6. The eraser belongs to Fred. It's	eraser.
7. Those shoes belong to the children. They 're	shoes.
8. The hat belongs to you. It's hat.	
9. The hats belong to you. They'reh	ats.
10. The notebook belongs to me. It's	notebook.
11. The pens belong to Mrs. Williams. They're	pens.
12. This pen belongs to Mrs. Williams. It's	pen.
13. The bottle of ink belongs to the students. It's	bottle of ink
14. The bottle of ink belongs to the teacher. It's	bottle of ink
15. The chairs belong to the girls. They're	chairs.
16. The chairs belong to Miss Nelson. They're	chairs.

Writhe the short form (she's / we aren't etc)

1. He is	he's

2. They are ______

3. She is not		
4. It is		
5. I am not		
6. You are not		
Write the full form (she is	/ we are not etc)	
7. We aren´t	we are not	
8. l´m		
9. You're		
10. They aren't		
11. It isn't		
12. She's		
Put in am, is or are		
1. The weather	very nice today	
2. I	not tired	
3. This case	very heavy	
4. These cases	very heavy	
5. The dog	asleep	
6. Look! There	Carol	
7. l	hot. Can you open the window, please?	
8. This castle	one thousand years old	
9. My brother and I	good tennis players	
10. Ann	at home but her children	at school
11.	a student. My sister	an architect

PLURAL NOUNS

Most nouns form their plurals by adding's

Door → doors doctor → doctors

Pen → pens apple → apples

Nouns ending in s, z, ch, sh, and x form their plurals by adding es.

Box ── boxes	class — classes
Crash ——→ crashes	church — churches
Some nouns have irregular plurals	
Man ──→ men	foot ──► feet
Child ──→ children	woman ──► women
Tooth ——→teeth	mouse ——→mice
Person → people	mouse ──►mice
Ox ——→ oxen	goose ── > geese
Sheep → sheep	
Give the plural forms of these nou	ns:
Friend <u>friends</u>	dish
Salesman	glass
Buzz	player
Orange	foot
Change the following sentences for	om singular to plural as in the example
1. The pencil is on the desk	The pencils are on the desk
2. The glass is in the kitchen	
3. It is a new dish	
3. It is a new dish4. The bus is at the corner	
•	
4. The bus is at the corner	
4. The bus is at the corner5. The child is in the garden	
4. The bus is at the corner5. The child is in the garden6. The clock is on the wall	
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toys \rightarrow toys tray \rightarrow trays

Key -

Keys