## Numpy Practice - Hints - Unibs 2021

Import the numpy package under the name np and print version and configuration (base)

```
hint: import ... as, np.__version__, np.show_config
```

```
1 import numpy as np
2 print(np. version )
3 print(np.show_config())
          openblas64 info:
                    libraries = ['openblas64 ', 'openblas64 ']
                    library_dirs = ['/usr/local/lib']
                    language = c
                    define_macros = [('HAVE_CBLAS', None), ('BLAS_SYMBOL_SUFFIX', '64_'), ('HAVE_BLAS_ILP64', None)]
                    runtime_library_dirs = ['/usr/local/lib']
          blas_ilp64_opt_info:
                    libraries = ['openblas64_', 'openblas64_']
                    library_dirs = ['/usr/local/lib']
                    language = c
                    define_macros = [('HAVE_CBLAS', None), ('BLAS_SYMBOL_SUFFIX', '64_'), ('HAVE_BLAS_ILP64', None)]
                    runtime_library_dirs = ['/usr/local/lib']
          openblas64__lapack_info:
                    libraries = ['openblas64_', 'openblas64_']
                    library_dirs = ['/usr/local/lib']
                    language = c
                    define_macros = [('HAVE_CBLAS', None), ('BLAS_SYMBOL_SUFFIX', '64_'), ('HAVE_BLAS_ILP64', None), ('HAVE_LAPACKE', None)]
                     runtime_library_dirs = ['/usr/local/lib']
          lapack_ilp64_opt_info:
                    libraries = ['openblas64_', 'openblas64_']
                     library_dirs = ['/usr/local/lib']
                    language = c
                    define_macros = [('HAVE_CBLAS', None), ('BLAS_SYMBOL_SUFFIX', '64_'), ('HAVE_BLAS_ILP64', None), ('HAVE_LAPACKE', None)]
                    runtime_library_dirs = ['/usr/local/lib']
          Supported SIMD extensions in this NumPy install:
                    baseline = SSE,SSE2,SSE3
                     found = SSSE3,SSE41,POPCNT,SSE42,AVX,F16C,FMA3,AVX2
                    \verb| not found = AVX512F, AVX512CD, AVX512\_KNL, AVX512\_KNM, AVX512\_SKX, AVX512\_CLX, AVX512\_CNL, AVX512\_ICLX, AVX512\_CNL, AVX512\_ICLX, AVX512\_CNL, AVX512\_ICLX, AVX512\_CNL, AVX512\_ICLX, AVX512\_ICX, 
          None
```

## Base Practice

✓ 1. Create a null vector of size 10 but the fifth value which is 1 (base)

```
hint: array[4]
```

```
1 vector = np.zeros(10, dtype=int)
2 vector[4]=1
3
4 print(vector)

[0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0]
```

✓ 2. Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8 with zeros on the diagonal (base)

```
hint: np.arange, reshape, np.eye
```

```
1 vector = np.arange(9, dtype=int)
2 matrix = vector.reshape(3,3)
3 matrix = matrix - np.eye(3)*matrix
4 matrix = matrix.astype(int)
5
6 print(matrix)
```

[[0 1 2] [3 0 5]

✓ 3. How to add a border (filled with 0's) around an 5x5 matrix of ones? (base)

```
hint: np.ones, np.pad
```

```
1 matrix = np.ones((5,5), dtype=int)
2 matrix = np.pad(matrix, 1, 'constant')
3
4 print(matrix)
    [[0000000]
     [0 1 1 1 1 1 0]
     [0 1 1 1 1 1 0]
     [0 1 1 1 1 1 0]
     [0 1 1 1 1 1 0]
     [0 1 1 1 1 1 0]
     [0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]
```

✓ 4. Normalize a 5x5 random matrix (base)

```
hint: (x - mean) / std, np.mean, np.std
```

```
1 matrix = np.random.rand(5, 5)
2 mean = np.mean(matrix)
3 std = np.std(matrix)
4
5 normalized_matrix = (matrix - mean) / std
7 print("Original matrix is:")
8 print(matrix)
9 print("Normalized matrix is:")
10 print(normalized_matrix)
     Original matrix is:
     [[0.62223932 0.74319503 0.9181007 0.31340405 0.04571241]
      [0.69025511 0.10909981 0.28483145 0.35337776 0.09711582]
      [0.24753615 0.36827128 0.78689754 0.14912591 0.63830883]
      [0.84118013 0.07421888 0.98048581 0.65208882 0.40975391]
      [0.68744619 0.07882823 0.10001211 0.86701085 0.65961068]]
     Normalized matrix is:
     [[ \ 0.50801513 \ \ 0.90828421 \ \ 1.4870856 \ \ -0.51398884 \ -1.39983944]
       0.73309436 -1.19007657 -0.60854186 -0.38170703 -1.22973422]
      [-0.73196021 -0.33242108 1.05290545 -1.05762137 0.56119267]
      [ 1.23253847 -1.30550523 1.69353166 0.60679367 -0.19514593]
      [ 0.723799 -1.29025188 -1.22014976 1.31801803 0.63168518]]
```

▼ 5. Multiply a 5x3 matrix of ones by a 3x2 matrix of ones (real matrix product) (base)

```
hint: np.dot
```

```
1 matrix1 = np.ones((5,3), dtype=int)
2 matrix2 = np.ones((3,2), dtype=int)
4 result = np.dot(matrix1,matrix2)
6 print (result)
    [[3 3]
```

[3 3]

[3 3]

[3 3] [3 3]]

## Intermediate Practice

6. Create a vector of size 10 with values ranging from 0 to 1, both excluded (intermediate)

hint: np.linspace

```
1 vector = np.linspace(0, 1, 11, False) [1:]
2
3 print(vector)
```

```
[0.09090909 0.18181818 0.27272727 0.36363636 0.45454545 0.54545455
 \tt 0.63636364 \ 0.72727273 \ 0.81818182 \ 0.90909091] \\
```

▼ 7. Create a random vector of size 10 with values in range (-3, 12) and sort it (intermediate)

hint: sort

```
1 vector = np.random.randint(-3, 12, 10)
2 print('Random vector:')
3 print(vector)
4
5 vector.sort()
6 print('Vector after sorting:')
7 print(vector)
```

```
Random vector:
[ 6 -2 10 2 2 0 -1 2 8 6]
Vector after sorting:
[-2 -1 0 2 2 2 6 6 8 10]
```

8. Create random vector of size 10 and replace the maximum value by its additive inverse and the minimum value (of the original array) with the median value (intermediate)

hint: argmax, argmin

[3 7 8 5 6 8 1 3 -1 0] New vector: [3 7 -8 5 6 8 1 3 4 0]

9. Randomly replace p elements in a 2D nxn zero matrix to 1 (intermediate)

hint: np.put, np.random.choice

```
1 n = 5  # Size of the matrix (nxn)
2 p = 8  # Number of elements to replace
3
4 zero_matrix = np.zeros((n, n), dtype=int)
5
6 total_elements = n * n
7 p = min(p, total_elements)
8 indices_to_replace = np.random.choice(total_elements, p, replace=False)
9 np.put(zero_matrix, indices_to_replace, 1)
10
11 print("Modified Matrix:")
12 print(zero_matrix)
```

Modified Matrix: [[1 0 1 1 1] [0 0 0 0 0] [1 0 0 0 0] [0 1 0 0 0] [0 1 0 0 0]

▼ 10. Subtract the mean of each row of a random 5x10 matrix (intermediate)

hint: mean(axis=,keepdims=)

```
1 random_matrix = np.random.rand(5, 10)
2 print('Initial random matrix:')
3 print(random_matrix)
4
5 row_means = np.mean(random_matrix, axis=1, keepdims=True)
6 new_matrix = random_matrix - row_means
7
8 print("New matrix:")
9 print(new_matrix)
```

```
☐ Initial random matrix:
    [[0.85348749 0.08124139 0.4542064 0.48038739 0.58463211 0.47079149
      0.66922937 0.40856873 0.94428138 0.62071633]
     0.79835016 0.45163905 0.68767113 0.53908236]
     [0.51765432 0.75709522 0.6971319 0.20849077 0.59077746 0.52564934 0.88168515 0.27198324 0.03670267 0.07437621]
     [0.62233735 0.52650363 0.43092619 0.65357108 0.8072183 0.05904776
      0.0500315 0.15947916 0.20323658 0.70479437]
      \hbox{\tt [0.97553516~0.05613453~0.41172607~0.99363773~0.80947119~0.29142773] }
       0.88495982 \ 0.94623785 \ 0.90348366 \ 0.21373106]] 
    New matrix:
     \hbox{\tt [[~0.29673328~-0.47551281~-0.10254781~-0.07636682~~0.0278779~-0.08596271]} 
       0.11247516 -0.14818547 0.38752717 0.06396212]
      \begin{bmatrix} -0.21008533 & 0.08661734 & 0.16490132 & 0.18980512 & 0.21496046 & 0.09312851 \end{bmatrix} 
       0.04433263 -0.30237848 -0.0663464 -0.21493517]
     [ 0.06149969  0.30094059  0.24097727 -0.24766386  0.13462283  0.06949471
     [ \ 0.32690068 \ -0.59249996 \ -0.23690841 \ \ 0.34500325 \ \ 0.16083671 \ -0.35720675
       0.23632534 0.29760337 0.25484918 -0.43490342]]
```