

[11]

```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
```

Python

Carregar dades

▶

[12]

```
df = sns.load_dataset("penguins")
df
```

Python

...

	species	island	bill_length_mm	bill_depth_mm	flipper_length_mm	body_mass_g	sex
0	Adelie	Torgersen	39.1	18.7	181.0	3750.0	Male
1	Adelie	Torgersen	39.5	17.4	186.0	3800.0	Female
2	Adelie	Torgersen	40.3	18.0	195.0	3250.0	Female
3	Adelie	Torgersen	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	Adelie	Torgersen	36.7	19.3	193.0	3450.0	Female
...
339	Gentoo	Biscoe	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
340	Gentoo	Biscoe	46.8	14.3	215.0	4850.0	Female
341	Gentoo	Biscoe	50.4	15.7	222.0	5750.0	Male
342	Gentoo	Biscoe	45.2	14.8	212.0	5200.0	Female
343	Gentoo	Biscoe	49.9	16.1	213.0	5400.0	Male

344 rows × 7 columns

```
print(df["species"].unique())
print(df["island"].unique())
print(df["sex"].unique())
```

[13]

Python

```
... ['Adelie' 'Chinstrap' 'Gentoo']
    ['Torgersen' 'Biscoe' 'Dream']
    ['Male' 'Female' nan]
```

```
df.describe()
```

[14]

Python

```
...      bill_length_mm  bill_depth_mm  flipper_length_mm  body_mass_g
count      342.000000      342.000000      342.000000      342.000000
mean       43.921930       17.151170      200.915205      4201.754386
std         5.459584         1.974793       14.061714       801.954536
min        32.100000       13.100000      172.000000      2700.000000
25%        39.225000       15.600000      190.000000      3550.000000
50%        44.450000       17.300000      197.000000      4050.000000
75%        48.500000       18.700000      213.000000      4750.000000
max        59.600000       21.500000      231.000000      6300.000000
```

```
print(df.count())
sns.heatmap(df.isna(), mask=df.isna())
```

[15]

Python

```
... species      344
   island      344
   bill_length_mm  342
```

cas-practic > notebooks > prova.ipynb > Carregar dados > df = sns.load_dataset("penguins")

+ Code + Markdown | Run All Restart Clear All Outputs Variables Outline

75%	48.500000	18.700000	213.000000	4750.000000
max	59.600000	21.500000	231.000000	6300.000000

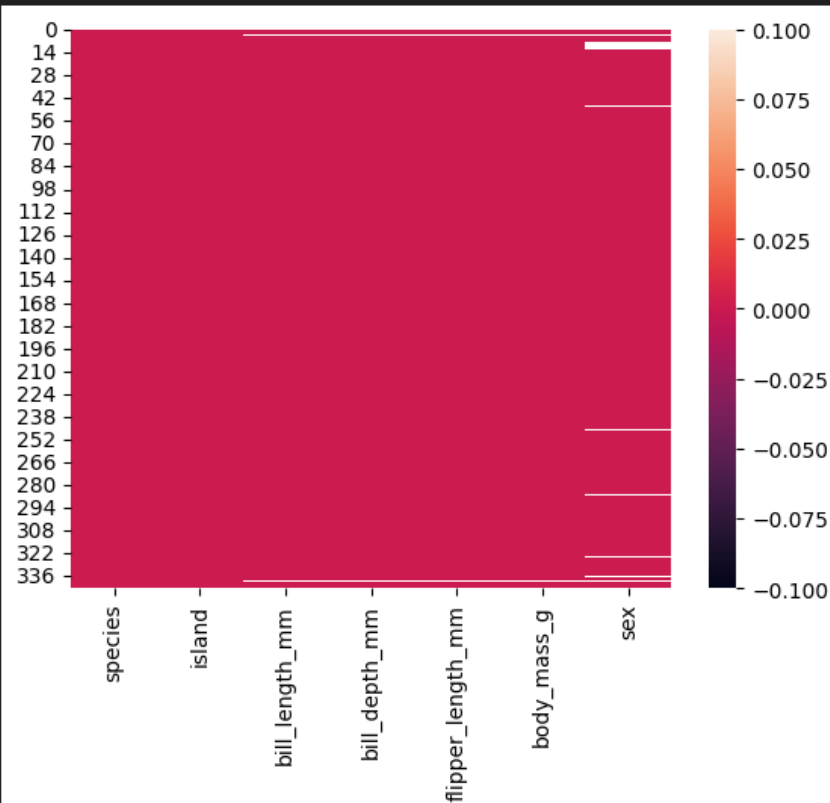
```
print(df.count())
sns.heatmap(df.isna(), mask=df.isna())
```

[15]

Python

```
... species          344
... island           344
... bill_length_mm   342
... bill_depth_mm    342
... flipper_length_mm 342
... body_mass_g       342
... sex              333
... dtype: int64
```

<Axes: >



```
# Eliminar les files que tenen NaN en qualsevol columna
df = df.dropna()
df
```

Python

	species	island	bill_length_mm	bill_depth_mm	flipper_length_mm	body_mass_g	sex
0	Adelie	Torgersen	39.1	18.7	181.0	3750.0	Male
1	Adelie	Torgersen	39.5	17.4	186.0	3800.0	Female
2	Adelie	Torgersen	40.3	18.0	195.0	3250.0	Female
4	Adelie	Torgersen	36.7	19.3	193.0	3450.0	Female
5	Adelie	Torgersen	39.3	20.6	190.0	3650.0	Male
...
338	Gentoo	Biscoe	47.2	13.7	214.0	4925.0	Female
340	Gentoo	Biscoe	46.8	14.3	215.0	4850.0	Female
341	Gentoo	Biscoe	50.4	15.7	222.0	5750.0	Male
342	Gentoo	Biscoe	45.2	14.8	212.0	5200.0	Female
343	Gentoo	Biscoe	49.9	16.1	213.0	5400.0	Male

333 rows × 7 columns

Preparam les dades

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
df_train_full, df_test = train_test_split(df, test_size=0.2, random_state=1)

df_train, df_val = train_test_split(df_train_full, test_size=0.33, random_state=1)
y_train = df_train.species.values
```

Preparam les dades

```
[17] from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
df_train_full, df_test = train_test_split(df, test_size=0.2, random_state=1)

df_train, df_val = train_test_split(df_train_full, test_size=0.33, random_state=1)
y_train = df_train.species.values
y_val = df_val.species.values

del df_train['species']
del df_val['species']

df_train.head()
```

Python

...

	island	bill_length_mm	bill_depth_mm	flipper_length_mm	body_mass_g	sex
136	Dream	35.6	17.5	191.0	3175.0	Female
158	Dream	46.1	18.2	178.0	3250.0	Female
298	Biscoe	45.2	13.8	215.0	4750.0	Female
83	Torgersen	35.1	19.4	193.0	4200.0	Male
45	Dream	39.6	18.8	190.0	4600.0	Male

```
[18] # Definir las columnas categóricas y numéricas
categorical = ['island', 'sex'] # Asegúrate de separar las columnas 'island' y 'sex'
numerical = ['bill_length_mm', 'bill_depth_mm', 'flipper_length_mm', 'body_mass_g']
```

Python

```
[19] from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scaler = StandardScaler()
scaler.fit(df_train[numerical])
df_train[numerical] = scaler.transform(df_train[numerical])
df_train.head()
```

Python

...

	island	bill_length_mm	bill_depth_mm	flipper_length_mm	body_mass_g	sex
136	Dream	-1.485278	0.189826	-0.718241	-1.261607	Female
158	Dream	0.417254	0.540232	-1.625947	-1.170910	Female
298	Biscoe	0.254180	-1.662317	0.957524	0.643033	Female

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scaler = StandardScaler()
scaler.fit(df_train[numerical])
df_train[numerical] = scaler.transform(df_train[numerical])
df_train.head()
```

[19] Python

	island	bill_length_mm	bill_depth_mm	flipper_length_mm	body_mass_g	sex
136	Dream	-1.485278	0.189826	-0.718241	-1.261607	Female
158	Dream	0.417254	0.540232	-1.625947	-1.170910	Female
298	Biscoe	0.254180	-1.662317	0.957524	0.643033	Female
83	Torgersen	-1.575875	1.140927	-0.578594	-0.022080	Male
45	Dream	-0.760504	0.840579	-0.788064	0.461638	Male

```
train_dict = df_train[categorical + numerical].to_dict(orient='records')
train_dict[0]
```

[20] Python

```
{'island': 'Dream',
 'sex': 'Female',
 'bill_length_mm': -1.485278079541803,
 'bill_depth_mm': 0.18982641013085988,
 'flipper_length_mm': -0.7182408816341204,
 'body_mass_g': -1.2616073576192994}
```

```
from sklearn.feature_extraction import DictVectorizer
dv = DictVectorizer(sparse=False)
dv.fit(train_dict)
X_train = dv.transform(train_dict)
X_train[0]
```

[21] Python

```
array([ 0.18982641, -1.48527808, -1.26160736, -0.71824088,  0.
        1.          ,  0.          ,  1.          ,  0.          ])
```

```
dv.get_feature_names_out()
```

[22] Python

```
array(['bill_depth_mm', 'bill_length_mm', 'body_mass_g',
       'flipper_length_mm', 'island=Biscoe', 'island=Dream',
       'island=Torgersen', 'sex=Female', 'sex=Male'], dtype=object)
```

Python

Python

[24]

Python

LogisticRegression

Python

[26]

Python

Spaces: 4 LF Cell 3 of 30

[26]

Python

```
y_pred = lr_model.predict(X_val)
y_pred
```

```
... array(['Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie',
        'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo',
        'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie',
        'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap',
        'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie',
        'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie',
        'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Adelie',
        'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie',
        'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo',
        'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie',
        'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo',
        'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo',
        'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo',
        'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Adelie',
        'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo'], dtype=object)
```

[27]

Python

```
def comparar_predicoes(y_pred, y_val):
    comparar = pd.DataFrame(list(zip(y_pred, y_val)), columns=['y_pred','y_val'])
    comparar["correct"] = comparar.apply(lambda x: 1 if x.y_pred==x.y_val else 0, axis=1)
    print(f"round((comparar.correct.mean()*100, 3))% d'acert")
    return comparar
```

[28]

Python

```
comparar_predicoes(y_pred, y_val)
```

... 98.864% d'acert

...

	y_pred	y_val	correct
0	Adelie	Adelie	1
1	Adelie	Adelie	1
2	Gentoo	Gentoo	1
3	Chinstrap	Chinstrap	1
4	Chinstrap	Chinstrap	1
...
83	Adelie	Adelie	1
84	Gentoo	Gentoo	1

SVM

[29]

from sklearn.svm import SVC
svc_model = SVC()
svc_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

Python

...

SVC ⓘ ⓘ

SVC()

[30]

y_pred = svc_model.predict(X_val)
y_pred

Python

... array(['Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie',
 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo',
 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie',
 'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap',
 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie',
 'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie',
 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Adelie',
 'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie',
 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo',
 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie',
 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo',
 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo',
 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Adelie', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo',
 'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Adelie',
 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo'], dtype=object)

[31]

comparar_prediccions(y_pred, y_val)

Python

... 98.864% d'accert

...

	y_pred	y_val	correct
0	Adelie	Adelie	1
1	Adelie	Adelie	1
2	Gentoo	Gentoo	1
3	Chinstrap	Chinstrap	1
4	Chinstrap	Chinstrap	1

'Gentoo', 'Chinstrap', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Adelie',
'Gentoo', 'Adelie', 'Gentoo', 'Gentoo'], dtype=object)

[31]

comparar_prediccions(y_pred, y_val)

Python

...

98.864% d'accent

...

	y_pred	y_val	correct
0	Adelie	Adelie	1
1	Adelie	Adelie	1
2	Gentoo	Gentoo	1
3	Chinstrap	Chinstrap	1
4	Chinstrap	Chinstrap	1
...
83	Adelie	Adelie	1
84	Gentoo	Gentoo	1
85	Adelie	Adelie	1
86	Gentoo	Gentoo	1
87	Gentoo	Gentoo	1

88 rows × 3 columns

Camprara els models

[32]

df_test
y_test = df_test.species.values
del df_test['species']

Python

[33]

X_test = transformar_dades(df_test)

Python

[34]

y_pred = svc_model.predict(X_test)
comparar_prediccions(y_pred, y_test)

Python

Camprara els models

[32]

```
df_test
y_test = df_test.species.values
del df_test['species']
```

Python

[33]

```
X_test = transformar_dades(df_test)
```

Python

[34]

```
y_pred = svc_model.predict(X_test)
comparar_predicions(y_pred, y_test)
```

Python

... 100.0% d'acert

...

	y_pred	y_val	correct
0	Adelie	Adelie	1
1	Gentoo	Gentoo	1
2	Chinstrap	Chinstrap	1
3	Chinstrap	Chinstrap	1
4	Gentoo	Gentoo	1
...
62	Gentoo	Gentoo	1
63	Adelie	Adelie	1
64	Adelie	Adelie	1
65	Adelie	Adelie	1
66	Chinstrap	Chinstrap	1

67 rows x 3 columns

[]

Python

```
# Importar el árbol de decisión de sklearn
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

# Crear el modelo de árbol de decisión
model = DecisionTreeClassifier()

# Ajustar el modelo con tus datos de entrenamiento
model.fit(X_train, y_train) # X_train y y_train son tus datos de entrada y etiquetas

# Hacer predicciones con el modelo
predictions = model.predict(X_test) # X_test son los datos de prueba

# Evaluar el modelo (por ejemplo, usando la precisión)
accuracy = model.score(X_test, y_test) # X_test y y_test son tus datos de prueba y etiquetas reales
print(f"Precisión del modelo: {accuracy}")
```

[33] ✓ 0.0s

Python

... Precisión del modelo: 0.9850746268656716

127.0.0.1:5000/rl?bill_le



127.0.0.1:5000/rl?bill_length_mm=0.254180&body_mass_g=0.643033&bill_depth_mm=-1.662317&flipper_length_mm=0.957524&island=Torgersen&sex=Male



Autoconocimi...

CursosDAW

Correos Electr...

Hablar Móvil

Redes Sociales

Videos

Tiendas

Imagenes

Traductores y...

VPN

UIB-DIGITAL

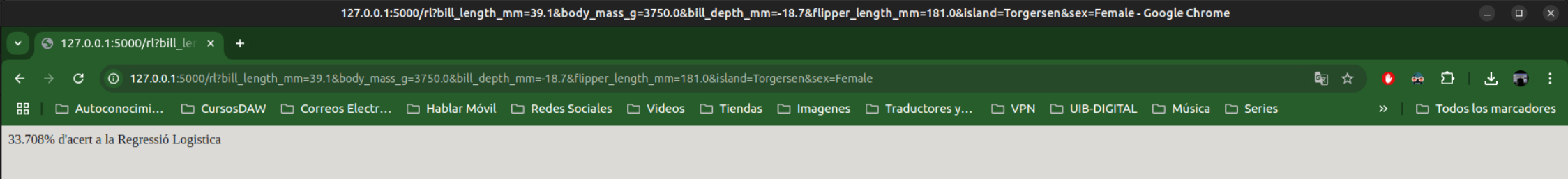
Música

Series



Todos los marcadores

44.944% d'acert a la Regressió Logística



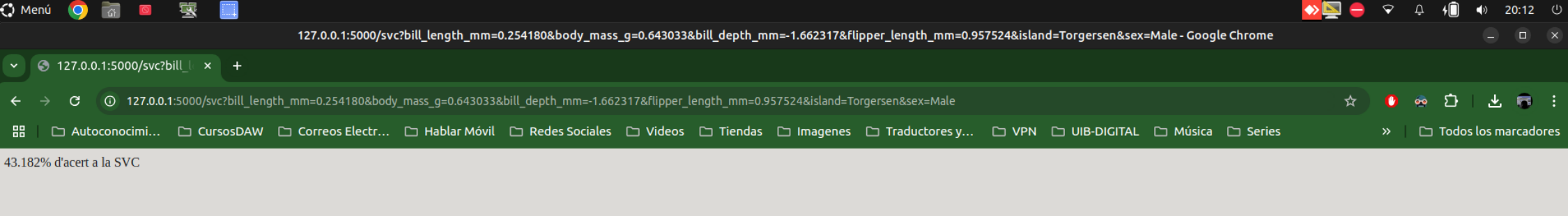
127.0.0.1:5000/rl?bill_length_mm=39.1&body_mass_g=3750.0&bill_depth_mm=-18.7&flipper_length_mm=181.0&island=Torgersen&sex=Female - Google Chrome

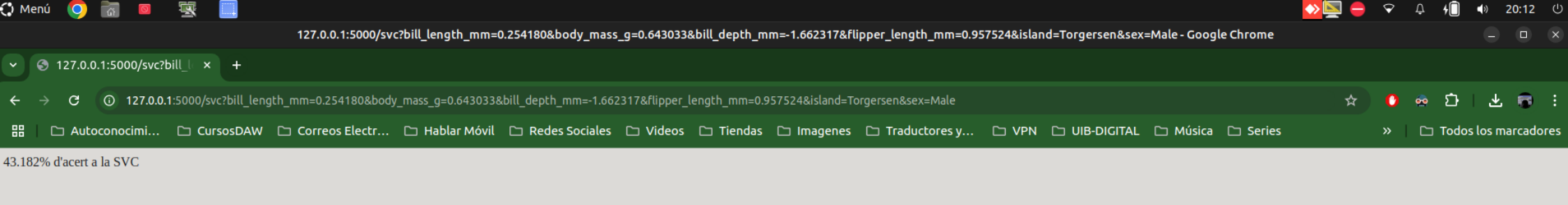
127.0.0.1:5000/rl?bill_length_mm=39.1&body_mass_g=3750.0&bill_depth_mm=-18.7&flipper_length_mm=181.0&island=Torgersen&sex=Female

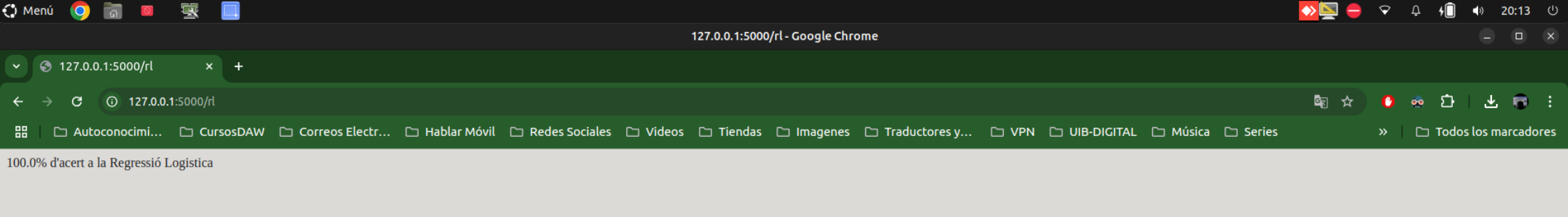
127.0.0.1:5000/rl?bill_length_mm=39.1&body_mass_g=3750.0&bill_depth_mm=-18.7&flipper_length_mm=181.0&island=Torgersen&sex=Female

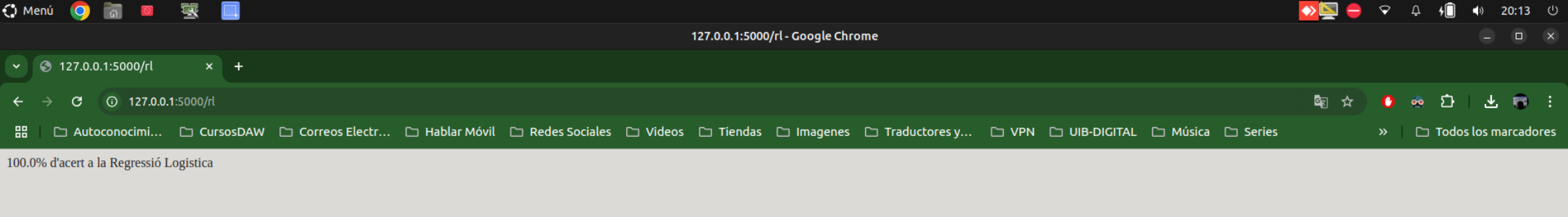
Autoconocimi... CursosDAW Correos Electr... Hablar Móvil Redes Sociales Videos Tiendas Imagenes Traductores y... VPN UIB-DIGITAL Música Series >> Todos los marcadores

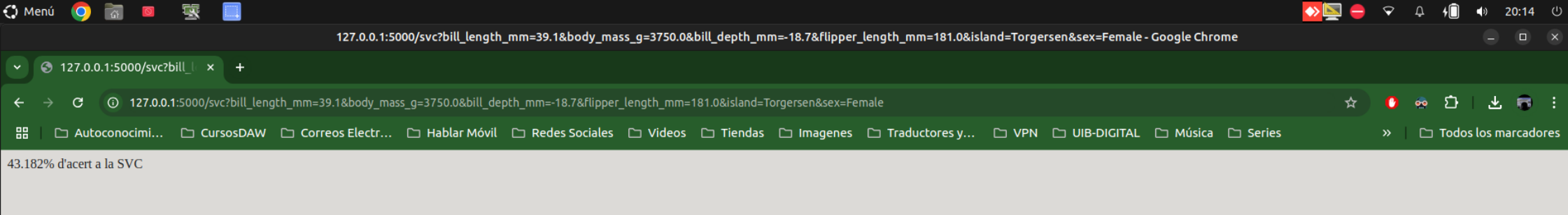
33.708% d'acert a la Regressió Logística

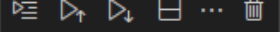












```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

# Definir el modelo KNN
knn_model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5) # Puedes ajustar el valor de k según sea necesario

# Entrenar el modelo con los datos de entrenamiento
knn_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Hacer predicciones con los datos de validación
y_pred = knn_model.predict(X_val)

# Calcular la precisión usando accuracy_score
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_val, y_pred)
print(f"Precisión del modelo KNN: {accuracy * 100:.2f}%")

# O también puedes usar el método score() que te devuelve la precisión directamente
score = knn_model.score(X_val, y_val)
print(f"Precisión del modelo KNN usando score(): {score * 100:.2f}%")
```

[34]

✓ 0.0s

Python

```
... Precisión del modelo KNN: 100.00%
Precisión del modelo KNN usando score(): 100.00%
```