Semester: 2021-2.

Programming for Biologists, Biology, EAFIT

Microproject I - gbfviewer V0.1

Associated evaluations:

22% Code Design, execution, completeness, testing strategy, and quality of code **8%** Presentation and documentation, code in github repository, demo of a solution

PURPOSE

To get confidence with the activity of programming on the very basics using the Python language. To acquire a minimum knowledge on the usage of imperative languages control structures, like conditional sentences, loops, and processing of text files.

GENBANK FORMAT FILE QUERY TOOL

The genbank data format file tool will be a command line computational program that allows a user to make queries against a folder containing a set of GBFF format files.

TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Files do not require to be related. As an example, an specific folder can contain a set of files or archaeas, prokaryotes and eukaryotes, although this concrete practice will be tested with a set of organisms of your preference (you must get at least 50 files in the same folder). The teacher will use gbff files for archaeas available in NCBI, more than 370+ files.
- Gbff files must be in a data folder as argument (option) for the command to operate correctly.
- Gbff files should be intact and unmodifiable after download.
- New files can be added to the data folder.
- The language for the development of the command line **gbfviewer** tool is Python.
- Code should be managed in a github repository.
- Recommended development environments are *Visual Studio Code* and *Spider*. You can use any other tool to generate the command line tool.

SPECIFICATIONS.

COMMAND.

• The command line tool name is **biosql**. A user use the command line to write the name of the command, like \$>python3 gbfviewer.py options

ID OPTIONS

- -data="relative or absolute path to data folder" (required)
- -id="name:organism name | -acc:accession code | protein:match protein_id"

QUERY OPTIONS

- One of
 - o files, totals, header, dnaseq, proteinlist, proteinseq

DESCRIPTION OF DATA ORIGIN OPTIONS

The <u>data options</u> define the origin of data. For this version, only a folder is possible.

data="relative or absolute path to data folder".

Is the relative or absolute path to the system directory when the GBFF files are located. This argument is always required in order to work with different directories. (required).

<u>Validation:</u> If no data source is given, an error message is emitted.

DESCRIPTION OF ID OPTIONS

The *id options* are arguments used to identify an organism or set of organisms to be queried. Id options are optional: if no id options are present, all the records in the **data** folder are selected.

For concrete records, use one of 3 possible id options:

- id=name:organism name
- id=acc:accession code
- id="prot:match protein id . (use with caution!)

Used for the identification of a unique file or concrete group of files.

<u>VERY IMPORTANT: Be aware some GBFF files can have multiple records! The record separation is done using a line containing only 2 slashes (//).</u>

Validation:

- If no id option is given, the query is applied to all files.
- If a bad id is given, a message is emitted. (optional)

DESCRIPTION OF QUERY OPTIONS

In the most simple form of explanation, query options are the information we want to see. The information must be presented for the record or group of records selected using the following options:

files

List the name of the files that match the id section, including the first line of the header.

If you use a unique identifier like a complete accession id, only a filename is shown as output.

```
Example #1:
```

```
$> gbffviewer data=./gbff id=acc:NC_014222 files <enter>
GCF_000006175.1_ASM617v2_genomic.gbff:
LOCUS NC_014222 1936387 bp DNA circular CON 16-DEC-2020
$>
```

Example #2:

```
$> gbffviewer data=./gbff id=acc:NC_0144 files <enter>
GCF_000145295.1_ASM14529v1_genomic.gbff:
LOCUS NC_014408 1634695 bp DNA circular CON 02-NOV-2020

GCF_000145295.1_ASM14529v1_genomic.gbff:
LOCUS NC_014409 4440 bp DNA circular CON 02-NOV-2020

$>
```

totals

Print the locus header and the numeric information between the line ##Genome-Annotation-Data-START## and the line ##Genome-Annotation-Data-END##.

Example #1:

```
$> gbffviewer data=./gbff id=acc:NC 014222 totals <enter>
GCF_000006175.1_ASM617v2_genomic.gbff:
                                                      circular CON 16-DEC-2020
LOCUS
           NC 014222
                          1936387 bp
                                                DNA
Genes (total)
                                 :: 1,751
CDSs (total)
                                 :: 1,704
Genes (coding)
                                  :: 1,695
CDSs (with protein)
                                 :: 1,695
Genes (RNA)
rRNAs
                                 :: 3, 2, 2 (5S, 16S, 23S)
complete rRNAs
                                  :: 38
tRNAs
ncRNAs
                                  :: 2
Pseudo Genes (total)
                                 :: 9
CDSs (without protein)
Pseudo Genes (ambiguous residues) :: 0 of 9
Pseudo Genes (frameshifted) :: 3 of 9
Pseudo Genes (incomplete)
Pseudo Genes (incomplete) :: 6 of 9
Pseudo Genes (internal stop) :: 0 of 9
CRISPR Arrays
$>
$>
```

Example #2:

```
$> gbffviewer data=./gbff id=acc:NC 0144 totals <enter>
GCF 000145295.1 ASM14529v1 genomic.gbff:
          NC_014408
                             1634695 bp
LOCUS
                                            DNA
                                                   circular CON 02-NOV-2020
Genes (total)
CDSs (total)
                               :: 1,726
Genes (coding)
                               :: 1,697
CDSs (with protein)
                               :: 1,697
Genes (RNA)
                                :: 49
rRNAs
complete rRNAs
                               :: 3, 2, 2 (5S, 16S, 23S)
tRNAs
                               :: 40
ncRNAs
                               :: 29
Pseudo Genes (total)
                         :: 29
CDSs (without protein)
Pseudo Genes (ambiguous residues) :: 0 of 29
Pseudo Genes (frameshifted) :: 19 of 29
Pseudo Genes (incomplete)
                               :: 7 of 29
Pseudo Genes (internal stop)
                               :: 7 of 29
Pseudo Genes (multiple problems) :: 4 of 29
CRISPR Arrays
GCF 000145295.1 ASM14529v1 genomic.gbff:
LOCUS
           NC 014409
                                4440 bp
                                            DNA circular CON 02-NOV-2020
Genes (total)
                               :: 1,775
CDSs (total)
                               :: 1,726
Genes (coding)
                                :: 1,697
CDSs (with protein)
Genes (RNA)
rRNAs
                                :: 3, 2, 2 (5s, 16s, 23s)
complete rRNAs
                               :: 3, 2, 2 (5s, 16s, 23s)
```

```
tRNAs
                                 :: 40
                                 :: 2
ncRNAs
Pseudo Genes (total)
                                 :: 29
CDSs (without protein)
Pseudo Genes (ambiguous residues) :: 0 of 29
Pseudo Genes (frameshifted)
                                :: 19 of 29
Pseudo Genes (incomplete)
                                 :: 7 of 29
Pseudo Genes (internal stop)
                                :: 7 of 29
Pseudo Genes (multiple problems) :: 4 of 29
CRISPR Arrays
$>
```

headel

Print the header of the files, corresponding to the fields LOCUS, DEFINITION, ACCESSION, VERSION, DBLINK, KEYWORDS, SOURCE, and ORGANISM.

Example #1:

```
$> gbffviewer data=./gbff id=acc:NC_014222 header <enter>
GCF_000006175.1_ASM617v2_genomic.gbff:
LOCUS
           NC 014222
                                 1936387 bp
                                              DNA
                                                      circular CON 16-DEC-2020
DEFINITION Methanococcus voltae A3, complete sequence.
ACCESSION NC 014222 NZ ABHB01000000 NZ ABHB01000001 NZ ABHB01000002
           NZ ABHB01000003 NZ ABHB01000004 NZ ABHB01000005
VERSION
           NC 014222.1
DBLINK
           BioProject: PRJNA224116
           BioSample: SAMN00000040
           Assembly: GCF_000006175.1
KEYWORDS
           RefSeq.
SOURCE
           Methanococcus voltae A3
 ORGANISM Methanococcus voltae A3
           Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Methanomada group; Methanococci;
           Methanococcales; Methanococcaceae; Methanococcus.
$>
```

Example #2:

```
$> gbffviewer data=./gbff id=acc:NC 0144 header <enter>
GCF 000145295.1 ASM14529v1 genomic.gbff:
LOCUS
           NC 014408
                                1634695 bp
                                              DNA
                                                      circular CON 02-NOV-2020
DEFINITION Methanothermobacter marburgensis str. Marburg, complete sequence.
ACCESSION NC 014408
VERSION
           NC 014408.1
DBLINK
           BioProject: PRJNA224116
           BioSample: SAMN02603260
           Assembly: GCF 000145295.1
KEYWORDS
           RefSeq.
SOURCE
           Methanothermobacter marburgensis str. Marburg
 ORGANISM Methanothermobacter marburgensis str. Marburg
           Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Methanomada group; Methanobacteria;
           Methanobacteriales; Methanobacteriaceae; Methanothermobacter.
GCF 000145295.1 ASM14529v1 genomic.gbff:
```

```
LOCUS
           NC 014409
                                    4440 bp
                                               DNA
                                                       circular CON 02-NOV-2020
DEFINITION Methanothermobacter marburgensis str. Marburg plasmid pMTBMA4,
           complete sequence.
           NC 014409
ACCESSION
VERSION
           NC 014409.1
DBLINK
           BioProject: PRJNA224116
           BioSample: SAMN02603260
           Assembly: GCF 000145295.1
KEYWORDS
           RefSeq.
SOURCE
           Methanothermobacter marburgensis str. Marburg
 ORGANISM Methanothermobacter marburgensis str. Marburg
           Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Methanomada group; Methanobacteria;
           Methanobacteriales; Methanobacteriaceae; Methanothermobacter.
```

proteinseg=XXXXXXXXXX

Print the locus header and the formatted protein sequence, corresponding to the translation field of the CDS for a protein.

Example #1:

```
$> gbffviewer data=./gbff id=acc:NC_014222 proteinseq=WP_157209417.1 <enter>
LOCUS NC_014408 1634695 bp DNA circular CON 02-NOV-2020
GCF_000006175.1_ASM617v2_genomic.gbff:
MKTLKSKYKVYKTSKYLTKKDINNIIEKDYDEIIMPQSIYKLLN
EKNKSSMEKLRLCGIIVKTTDNVGRPKKITKYDKDKIKELLVDGKSVRKTAEIMDMKK
TTVWENIKDCMNEIKIEKFRKMIYEYKELLIMQERYGSYVESLFLELDIYINNEDMEN
ALEILNKIIIYVKSEDKKD
$>
$
```

proteinlist

Print the locus header and the product list of the organism. The protein list contains the protein code and the product. Be aware that for a lot of organisms, this output could be very large.

Example #1:

```
$> gbffviewer data=./gbff id=acc:NC 014222 proteinlist <enter>
GCF 000006175.1 ASM617v2 genomic.gbff:
LOCUS
           NC 014408
                                1634695 bp
                                               DNA
                                                      circular CON 02-NOV-2020
WP 013179449.1 tRNA-Glu
WP 013179450.1 tRNA-Arg
WP 013179749.1 DNA-directed RNA polymerase
WP_013179447.1 DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit E
WP 013179452.1 DUF359 domain-containing protein
WP 013179449.1 30S ribosomal protein S24e
WP 013179450.1 30S ribosomal protein S27ae
WP 013178449.1 hypothetical protein
WP 157209383.1 tyrosine-type recombinase/integrase
```

dnaseq

Print the locus header and the formatted dna sequence of the organisms, corresponding to the field *CONTIG*. Be aware that for a lot of organisms, this output could be very large. Try to filter properly. Example #1:

```
$> gbffviewer data=./gbff id=acc:NC 014222 dnaseq <enter>
GCF 000006175.1 ASM617v2 genomic.gbff:
           NC 014408
                                1634695 bp
                                              DNA
                                                      circular CON 02-NOV-2020
       1 gaaggagttg ataagatgag tggcaaccac aaccacccac cccacagaac caccctata
      61 gaggtgatgt gcaatccacc cacaaaggag gtgaactaca atgaatagta tgtcaaagaa
      121 ggaatataaa cattttgagc gatcaataac cctacacatt aaacacgctg attttgaatt
      181 agtaggccag aaatacaggg gcagagacct ctacgagtac ttgttcatca aggggagtaa
      241 accaatccac acagccacag gtaaaaccag caacctctac gagatcatat cagaggataa
      301 aggccctgat gaagccctca aaatcatagg ggacacattc acagaggatg atataaacat
      361 cctcctcagg ggagggttcc atgatgataa caagacccct gagggtgtcc tcgagttaat
      421 ccagcacatc ctcctcgcag gtgaggtgct ccacccagga ggggatgtta ttgaacccca
      481 atcattcaag gactaccctg agaagataca agcctacgct gaccagttaa tcaatgatga
      541 cagcatcgac atcctcgaat ccatcaccag agtcataggg gaggcccatt atggtgatga
      601 gaaggccgtg aaattactcc tattatccat cggcacccta ttcctcaggg acaccccacc
      661 agtccaccag gcactgaggg gctccacagg ttcaggtaaa acagaccttg tattgaagac
      721 agtactegea gteccagaga ggtatgtgea cateeteaga teageateae etaaataett
      781 attctacgca tcagagactg gcatcctccg tgaagactac aatatcttcg tatttgatga
      841 tattgagttg aatgatgaga tcatagcgat ctccaagacc atcacagata acatcctccc
      901 agagaaggaa caccacacg tgaaggatca ggaggccctg aaactggaga tcccaggtga
      961 gggcctggcg atattcacaa gggcgaggga catccatgat aatgaactca atgac
```