```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
 2 import java.util.Stack;
 3
 4 public class MathCalculator {
 5
       public static void main(String[] args) {
 6
 7
           Scanner inputScanner = new Scanner(System.in
   );
           System.out.print("Enter a mathematical
 8
   expression : ");
           String expressionInput = inputScanner.
   nextLine();
10
11
           try {
12
               double calculationResult =
   computeExpression(expressionInput);
               System.out.println("result is: " +
13
   calculationResult);
           } catch (Exception ex) {
14
               System.out.println("Error: " + ex.
15
   getMessage());
16
17
18
           inputScanner.close();
       }
19
20
       public static double computeExpression(String
21
   expression) throws Exception {
22
           // Remove spaces for easier processing
           expression = expression.replaceAll(" ", "");
23
24
25
           Stack<Double> valueStack = new Stack<>();
26
           Stack<Character> operatorStack = new Stack
   <>();
27
28
           int index = 0;
           while (index < expression.length()) {</pre>
29
30
               char character = expression.charAt(index
   );
31
32
               if (Character.isDigit(character)) {
```

```
33
                   StringBuilder numberBuilder = new
   StringBuilder();
34
                   while (index < expression.length</pre>
   () && (Character.isDigit(expression.charAt(index
   )) || expression.charAt(index) == '.')) {
35
                        numberBuilder.append(expression.
   charAt(index++));
36
                   valueStack.push(Double.parseDouble(
37
   numberBuilder.toString());
                    index--; // Step back for the outer
38
   loop
39
               }
40
               // Handle opening parenthesis
               else if (character == '(') {
41
42
                    operatorStack.push(character);
43
44
               // Handle closing parenthesis
45
               else if (character == ')') {
46
                   while (operatorStack.peek() != '(') {
                        valueStack.push(performOperation(
47
   operatorStack.pop(), valueStack.pop(), valueStack.pop
   ()));
48
                   }
                   operatorStack.pop(); // Remove '('
49
   from stack
50
               }
51
               // Handle operators
               else if (isOperator(character)) {
52
53
                   while (!operatorStack.isEmpty() &&
   precedenceLevel(operatorStack.peek()) >=
   precedenceLevel(character)) {
54
                        valueStack.push(performOperation(
   operatorStack.pop(), valueStack.pop(), valueStack.pop
   ()));
55
                    }
56
                    operatorStack.push(character);
57
               }
58
               index++;
59
           }
60
```

```
// Complete remaining operations
61
62
           while (!operatorStack.isEmpty()) {
63
               valueStack.push(performOperation(
   operatorStack.pop(), valueStack.pop(), valueStack.
   pop()));
64
           }
65
66
           return valueStack.pop();
       }
67
68
69
       // Function to apply an operator to two numbers
       public static double performOperation(char
70
   operator, double secondOperand, double firstOperand
   ) throws Exception {
71
           switch (operator) {
72
               case '+':
73
                   return firstOperand + secondOperand;
74
               case '-':
75
                   return firstOperand - secondOperand;
76
               case '*':
77
                   return firstOperand * secondOperand;
78
               case '/':
79
                   if (secondOperand == 0) throw new
   Exception("Division by zero is not allowed.");
                   return firstOperand / secondOperand;
80
               case '%':
81
                   return firstOperand % secondOperand;
82
83
               default:
84
                   throw new Exception("Unsupported
   operator: " + operator);
85
           }
86
       }
87
88
       // Function to check operator precedence
89
       public static int precedenceLevel(char operator
     {
   )
90
           switch (operator) {
91
               case '+':
92
               case '-':
93
                   return 1;
94
               case '*':
```

```
case '/':
 95
 96
                case '%':
 97
                    return 2;
 98
                default:
 99
                    return -1;
100
            }
101
        }
102
103
        // Function to check if a character is an
    operator
        public static boolean isOperator(char character
104
    ) {
            return character == '+' || character == '-'
105
     || character == '*' || character == '/' ||
    character == '%';
106
        }
107 }
108
```