

## Resumo do comando iptables

iptables [-t table] command [chain] [match] -j [target/jump]

Existem os seguintes "chains":

- INPUT
- OUTPUT
- FORWARD
- PREROUTING
- POSTROUTING
- User defined chains (just give it a new name instead of one of the pre-defined names)

Resumo das principais opções do iptables:

--table -t	Description
filter	Default table. This is used if not specified
nat	Network address translation
mangle	Used for Quality Of Service (QOS) and preferential treatment

Command (Use one)	Description
-A --append	Append rule to chain
-D --delete	Delete rule from chain
-I --insert	Insert rule at beginning or at specified sequence number in chain.
-R --replace	Replace rule
-F --flush	Flush all rules
-Z --zero	Zero byte counters in all chains
-L --list	List all rules. Add option --line-numbers for rule number.
-N --new-chain	Create new chain
-X --delete-chain	Delete user defined chain
-P --policy	Set default policy for a chain
-E --rename-chain	Rename a chain

matches	Description
-s --source	Source address of packet
-d --destination	Destination address of packet
-i --in-interface	Interface packet is arriving from
-o --out-interface	Interface packet is going to
-p --protocol	Protocol: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• tcp</li><li>  --sport port[:port]</li><li>  --dport port[:port]</li><li>  --syn</li><li>• udp</li><li>• icmp</li><li>• mac</li><li>• ...</li></ul>
-f --fragment	Fragment matching
-m state --match state	--state <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ESTABLISHED</li><li>• RELATED</li><li>• NEW</li><li>• INVALID</li></ul> (Push content, not expected to receive this packet.)

target/jump	Description
ACCEPT	Let packet through
DROP	Deny packet with no reply
REJECT	Deny packet and notify sender
RETURN	Handled by default targets
MARK	Used for error response. Use with option --reject-with <i>type</i>
MASQUERADE	Used with nat table and DHCP.
LOG	Log to file and specify message: --log-level # --log-prefix " <i>prefix</i> " --log-tcp-sequence --log-tcp-options --log-ip-options
ULOG	Log to file and specify userpace logging messages
SNAT	Valid in PREROUTING chain. Used by nat.
REDIRECT	Used with nat table. Output.
DNAT	Valid in POSTROUTING chain. Output.
QUEUE	Pass packet to userspace.