

Resolucion Parcial I

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1 Ejercicio 1

1. caso base: $n=1$

$$2 \cdot s(0)$$

$$s(0) + s(0) = s(s(0)) - > Par$$

$$0 \geq 0$$

caso Inductivo: $n = s(x)$

$$2 \cdot s(x)$$

$$s(x) + s(x) = s(s(x))$$

2. caso base: $n = s(s(s(0))))$

$$2^s(s(s(s(0))))$$

2 Ejercicio 2

1.

$$N! \begin{cases} 0 & n = 0 \\ N & N = 1 \\ s(0) \cdot s(0) \dots \cdot (n - s(0)) \cdot n & n \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

2.

$$a \ominus b \begin{cases} 0 & a \leq b \\ a & b = 0 \\ a \ominus b & a \neq b \end{cases}$$

3.

$$\sum_i^n \begin{cases} 0 & i = n = 0 \\ i \oplus (i \oplus s(0)) \oplus \dots \oplus (n - s(0)) \oplus n & n \geq i \end{cases}$$

4.

$$a^b \begin{cases} a & b = 1 \\ 1 & b = 0 \\ a \otimes a \otimes a \dots (b \text{ veces}) & b \geq 0 \wedge b \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

3 Ejercicio 3

1. caso base: $a = 0$ 0 si $a = 0 \vee b = 0$

$$2 \otimes 0 = 0 \oplus 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

Caso inductivo: $a = s(x)$

$$2 \otimes s(x) = s(x) + s(x) \quad 2 \otimes a = a \oplus a$$

$$s(x) + s(x) = s(x) + s(x)$$

$$s(s(x)) = s(s(x))$$