CSGE602055 Operating Systems CSF2600505 Sistem Operasi

Week 09: Storage, Firmware, Bootloader, & Systemd

Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim (ed.)

University of Indonesia

https://os.vlsm.org/
Always check for the latest revision!

REV265 12-Feb-2021

Operating Systems 211^3) — **PJJ from HOME** ZOOM: A [Mon (or Wed) 10] — B [Mon (or Wed) 15] — C [Tue (or Thu) 08]

Week	Schedule & Deadline ¹)	Topic	OSC10 ²)
Week 00	22 Feb - 28 Feb 2021	Overview 1, Virtualization & Scripting	Ch. 1, 2, 18.
Week 01	01 Mar - 07 Mar 2021	Overview 2, Virtualization & Scripting	Ch. 1, 2, 18.
Week 02	15 Mar - 21 Mar 2021	Security, Protection, Privacy, & C-language.	Ch. 16, 17.
Week 03	22 Mar - 28 Mar 2021	File System & FUSE	Ch. 13, 14, 15.
Week 04	29 Mar - 04 Apr 2021	Addressing, Shared Lib, & Pointer	Ch. 9.
Week 05	05 Apr - 11 Apr 2021	Virtual Memory	Ch. 10.
Week 06	26 Apr - 02 May 2021	Concurrency: Processes & Threads	Ch. 3, 4.
Week 07	03 May - 09 May 2021	Synchronization & Deadlock	Ch. 6, 7, 8.
Week 08	24 May - 30 May 2021	Scheduling + W06/W07	Ch. 5.
Week 09	24 May - 06 Jun 2021	Storage, Firmware, Bootloader, & Systemd	Ch. 11.
Week 10	07 Jun - 13 Jun 2021	I/O & Programming	Ch. 12.

¹) The **DEADLINE** of Week 00 is 28 Feb 2021, whereas the **DEADLINE** of Week 01 is 07 Mar 2020, and so on...

²) Silberschatz et. al.: **Operating System Concepts**, 10th Edition, 2018.

³⁾ This information will be on **EVERY** page two (2) of this course material.

STARTING POINT — https://os.vlsm.org/

☐ **Text Book** — Any recent/decent OS book. Eg. (**OSC10**) Silberschatz et. al.: **Operating System Concepts**, 10th Edition. 2018. See also http://codex.cs.yale.edu/avi/os-book/OS10/. Resources □ **SCELE** — https://scele.cs.ui.ac.id/course/view.php?id=3134. The enrollment key is **XXX**. □ Download Slides and Demos from GitHub.com https://github.com/UI-FASILKOM-OS/SistemOperasi/: os00.pdf (W00), os01.pdf (W01), os02.pdf (W02), os03.pdf (W03), os04.pdf (W04), os05.pdf (W05), os06.pdf (W06), os07.pdf (W07), os08.pdf (W08), os09.pdf (W09), os10.pdf (W10). □ **Problems** — https://rms46.vlsm.org/2/: 195.pdf (W00), 196.pdf (W01), 197.pdf (W02), 198.pdf (W03), 199.pdf (W04), 200.pdf (W05), 201.pdf (W06), 202.pdf (W07), 203.pdf (W08), 204.pdf (W09), 205.pdf (W10). **Build your own Virtual Guest** https://osp4diss.vlsm.org/ Linux From Scratch http://www.linuxfromscratch.org/lfs/view/stable/

Agenda

- Start
- Schedule
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- 4 Week 09
- 5 Storage, Firmware, Bootloader, & Systemd
- Storage Management
- 🕜 RAID
- 8 Legacy BIOS
- UEFI
- Operating System (Boot) Loader
- GRUB Map
- init (SYSV legacy)
- 📵 UpStart Ubuntu
- The All New "systemd"
- 5 systemctl
- Linux From Scratch (part 02)
- ז Week 09: Check List

Week 09 Storage, Firmware, Bootloader, & Systemd: Topics¹

- Storage
- Storage Arrays
- BIOS
- Loader
- Systemd

¹Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

Week 09 Storage, Firmware, Bootloader, & Systemd: Learning Outcomes¹

- Storage [Usage]
- Storage Arrays [Usage]
- BIOS [Usage]
- Loader [Usage]
- Systemd [Usage]

Storage, Firmware, Bootloader, & Systemd

- Reference: (OSC10-ch11)
- Storage Capacity (2019)¹
 - Legacy 3.5" Floppy Disk (1.4MB) obsolete?
 - SuperDisk (up to 240 MB) never took off.
 - 4.7" Compact Disc (700MB) obsolete?
 - 4.7" Digital Versatile Disc (up to 9GB) ?
 - 4.7" Blu Ray (up to 128 GB) ⇒ DVD++.
 - Tape Cartridge (up to 15TB)
 - Robotic System (up to 250 PB per unit)
 - NASA, Google, Microsoft are still using this!
 - Cheap but slow.
 - Hard Disk Drives (up to 16 TB).
 - From Perpendicular Magnetic Recording to Shingled Magnetic Recording technology (+25% – writing problems).
 - Mechanical Disk Arm Scheduling (Until When?).
 - Solid-State Disks (up to 16 TB).
 - SSD Price > HDD Price.
 - Write Speed >> Read Speed.
 - (What is a) Flash Disk?

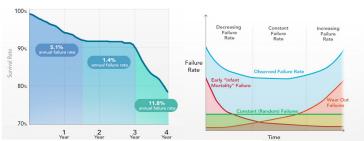
¹Subject to change

Storage Failure Rates

- MTTDL: Mean Time To Data Loss
- MTTF: Mean Time To Failure
- BackBlaze (Cloud Backup Services)

Drives Have 3 Distinct Failure Rates General Predicted Failure Rates

Hard Drive Survival Rates - Chart 1



https://www.extremetech.com/computing/ 170748-how-long-do-hard-drives-actually-live-for



Figure: BackBlaze — Failure Rates of 25000 DISKS

Storage Management

- Attached-Storage.
 - Host-Attached Storage: via I/O.
 - Network-Attached Storage (NAS): via distributed FileSystem.
 - Storage Area Network (SAN): dedicated Network.
- Formating
 - Low Level (Physical)
 - High Level (FileSystem)
- Boot Block
- Disk Partition
 - "MBR"-scheme
 - upto 4 primary partition
 - upto 2 TB disk
 - "GPT"-scheme
 - "unlimited" partition
 - "unlimited" disk
 - redundancy
- Swap Space Management: On Partition or FileSystem?

RAID: Redundant Array of In* Disks

- RAID 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 100
- Note (http://www.commodore.ca/windows/raid5/raid5.htm):
 - RAID was created to enhance data performance, reliability and availability.
 - Striping, parity checking and mirroring are three primary functions of RAID systems.
 - RAID performs its functions transparent to the operating system.
 - Systems are typically defined by ranks consisting of five disks each connected to one or two Disk Array Controllers.
 - Different RAID levels provide varying degrees of speed and data protection.
- Problems with RAID
- Stable-Storage Implementation

BIOS, Boot, & Systemd

- Firmware
 - BIOS: Basic Input Output System.
 - UEFI: Unified Extensible Firmware Interface.
 - ACPI: Advanced Configuration and Power Interface.
- Operating System (Boot) Loader
 - BOOTMGT: Windows Bootmanager / Bootloader.
 - LILO: Linux Loader.
 - GRUB: GRand Unified Bootloader.
- Operating System Initialization
 - Init (legacy)
 - UpStart
 - Systemd

Legacy BIOS

- Check Settings.
- Initialize CPU & RAM.
- POST: Power-On Self-Test.
- Initialize ports, LANS, etc.
- Load a Boot Loader.
- Handover to the Boot Loader.
- Provides "Native" (obsolete) Drivers only (not loadable).
- Provides "INT" services .
- Limitation.
 - Technology of 1970s.
 - 16 bits software.
 - 20 bits address space (1 MB).
 - 31 bits disk space (2 TB).

BIOS

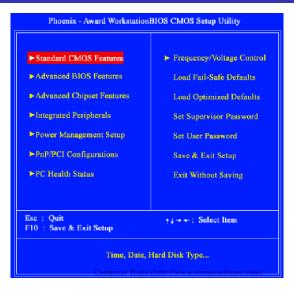


Figure: BIOS

UEFI

- A Firmware Specification, not an Implementation!
- No (INT) service after boot.
- HII: Human Interface Infrastructure.
- Protected Mode.
- Flexible.
 - Technology of 2000s.
 - writen in C.
 - (third party) loadable drivers and tools.
 - Emulate Legacy BIOS transition (MBR block, INT service).
 - UEFI Shell: environment shell for diagnostic (no need for DOS).
- Problems
 - Who controls the Hardware?
 - Is "Secure Boot" a good thing?
 - How about a NASTY/LOCKING/TROJAN UEFI implementation?
 - Different DRIVERS.

UEFI



Figure: UEFI

UEFI Boot

Platform Initialization (PI) Boot Phases

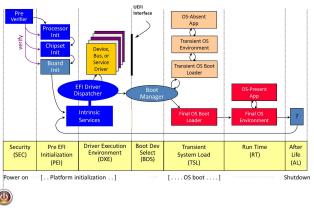


Figure: UEFI Boot Process¹.

¹Source Jarslstrom - 2014 - www.tianocore.org

Operating System (Boot) Loader

- General
 - How/Where to start the operating system?
 - What to do?
 - How many ways to boot?
 - How many types of OS?
- Disk Partition
 - MBR: Master Boot Record (1983).
 - GPT: GUID (Globally Unique Identifiers) Partition Table (2010s).
- GRUB: GRand Unified Boot system
 - Stage 1: a small boot.img inside the MBR.
 - Stage 1.5 (core.img): FileSystem drivers after MBR.
 - Stage 2: Kernel Selection: Windows, Linux, BSD, etc.
- GRUB2
 - More flexible than GRUB legacy.
 - More automated than GRUB legacy.
 - Accept MBR and GPT.
 - Stage 1.5 (core.img): generated from diskboot.img.
 - No 1024 cylinder restriction.

GRUB Map

GNU GRUB 2

Locations of boot.img, core.img and the /boot/grub directory

Example 1: an MBR-partitioned harddisc with sector size of 512 or 4096Bytes



Example 2: a GPT-partitioned harddisc with sector size of 512 or 4096Bytes

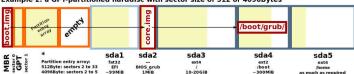


Figure: GRUB¹.

¹Source Shmuel Csaba Otto Traian 2013

init (SYSV legacy)

- File: /etc/inittab.
- Folders: /etc/rcX.d X = runlevel.
 - Seven (7) different runlevels:
 - 0 (shutdown).
 - 1 (single-user/admin).
 - 2 (multi-user non net).
 - 3 (standard).
 - 4 (N/A).
 - 5 (3+GUI).
 - 6 (reboot).
 - SXX-YYY: Start
 - KXX-YYY: Kill.
- One script at a time in order.
- dependency is set manually.

UpStart - Ubuntu

- Developer: Ubuntu.
- Folder: /etc/init/.
- Control: initctl.
 - initctl list listing all processes managed by upstart.
- better support for hotplug devices.
- cleaner service management.
- faster service management.
- asynchronous.

The All New "systemd"

- Replaces (SYSV) init and UpStart.
 - better concurency handling: Faster!
 - better dependencies handling: No more "S(tarts)" and "K(ills)".
 - better crash handling: automatic restart option.
 - better security: group protection from anyone including superusers.
 - simpler config files: reliable and clean scripts.
 - hotplug: dynamic start/stop.
 - supports legacy systems (init).
 - overhead reducing.
 - unified management way for all distros.
 - bloated: doing more with more resources.
 - linux specific: NOT portable.

```
for II in
   'systemctl list-unit-files | head -8; echo "(...)";
       systemctl list-unit-files| tail -8' \
   'systemd-analyze blame | wc -1; echo "===";
       systemd-analyze blame | head -15' \
   'systemctl --full | wc -1; echo "===";
       systemctl --full | head -10' \
   'systemctl list-units | wc -1; echo "===";
       systemctl list-units | head -10' \
   'systemctl list-units |grep .service|wc -l;echo "===";
       systemctl list-units|grep .service|head -10' \
   'systemctl list-units | grep ssh.service' \
   'systemctl status ssh.service' \
   'systemctl is-enabled ssh' \
   'journalctl' \
   'journalctl -b' \
dο
```

```
* bash al-some-systemd-command-lines

This is a SYSTEMD - systemctl demo.

Just run: "bash al-some-systemd-command-command-lines"

**** Hit Enter Key ***
```

Figure: bash a1-some-systemd-command-lines

```
Biembster: - × rms46@paintiarq. - × rms46@pamulang. - rms46@pamulang. - × rms46@pamula
RUNNING: systemctl list-unit-files | head -8; echo "(...)";systemctl list-unit-files| tail -8
 ___________
UNTT FILE
proc-sys-fs-binfmt misc.automount
dev-hugepages.mount
dev-mqueue.mount
proc-sys-fs-binfmt misc.mount
sys-fs-fuse-connections.mount
sys-kernel-config.mount
sys-kernel-debug.mount
time-sync.target
timers.target
umount.target
mdadm-last-resort@.timer
systemd-readahead-done.timer
systemd-tmpfiles-clean.timer
223 unit files listed.
*** Hit Enter Key ***
```

Figure: systemctl list-unit-files

```
RUNNING: systemd-analyze blame | wc -l; echo "===";systemd-analyze blame |
134
          2.374s keyboard-setup.service
           963ms systemd-logind.service
           957ms rsvslog.service
           954ms ssh.service
           954ms rc-local service
           954ms systemd-user-sessions.service
           928ms postfix.service
           589ms networking.service
           519ms snmpd.service
           322ms systemd-tmpfiles-setup-dev.service
   Hit Enter Key ***
```

Figure: systemd-analyze blame

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              rms46/Dernsfarq., × rms46/finamifanq., × rms46/fina
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             LOAD ACTIVE SUB
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             loaded active waiting
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          OEMU HARDDISK 1
sys-devices-pc:0000:00-0000:00:05.0-host0-target0:0:0-0:0:0-block-sda-sda2.device
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         QEMU HARDDISK 2
 ys-devices-pc10000:00-0000:00:00:05.0-host0-target0:0:0-0:0-0:0-0lock-sda.device
sys-devices-pci0000:00-0000:00:05.0-host0-target0:0:1-0:0:1:0-block-sdb-sdb1.device
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               loaded active plugged GEMU HARDDISK 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        LOAD ACTIVE SUB
rys davices pri0000;00-0006:00-005.0-host0-trapet0:0-0-0:0-0-block-scd-scd.idevices

rys davices pri0000;00-0000:00-05.0-host0-trapet0:0-0-0:0-0:0-block-scd-scd2.device

rys davices pri0000;00-0000:00-0:0-5.0-host0-trapet0:0-0-0:0-0:0-block-scd-scd.idevice

rys davices pri0000;00-0000:00-05.0-host0-trapet0:0-0-0:0-0:0-0:0-block-scd-scd.idevice
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  QEMU HARDDISK 1
QEMU HARDDISK 2
QEMU HARDDISK
QEMU HARDDISK 1
 -6- UNNING: systematl list-units |grep .service|wa -l;echo "====";systematl list-units|grep .service|head
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          loaded active exited
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              LSB: process and login accounting
```

Figure: systemctl -full; systemctl list-units

```
RUNNING: systematl list-units | grep ssh.service
ssh service
                        loaded active running OpenBSD Secure Shell server
*** Hit Enter Kev ***
RUNNING: systemctl status ssh.service
 ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server
  Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/ssh.service; enabled)
  Active: active (running) since Sun 2020-04-26 03:00:24 WIB; 3h 33min ago
  Process: 653 ExecStartPre=/usr/sbin/sshd -t (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
Main PID: 686 (sshd)
   CGroup: /system.slice/ssh.service

→ 686 /usr/sbin/sshd -D

           —3247 sshd: demo [priv]
           ─3253 sshd: demo@pts/0
           -3254 -bash
           —3391 bash a1-some-systemd-command-lines
           └3550 systemctl status ssh.service
 ** Hit Enter Kev ***
```

Figure: systemctl status ssh.service



Figure: systemctl is-enabled ssh

Linux From Scratch (part 02)

- Week 09 (part 02).
 - Follow the "Linux From Scratch" book, chapter 01-06 (http://www.linuxfromscratch.org/lfs/view/stable/).
 - Screen capture with your OWN account (e.g. "cbkadal"):
 - ("W09-LFS-1.jpg"): LFS source-codes /mnt/lfs/sources/.
 - ("W09-LFS-2.jpg"): Disk size /dev/sda1/ and /dev/sdb1/.
 - Save (export) the result into "LFSC.ova".
 - Sign it as: "LFSC.ova.asc" (armor, detach).
 - Deliveries: tarball "TXT/myW09.tar.bz2.txt" (signed, asymetric-key, armor) of folder W09/ (4 files).
 - Blank File: "YourAccount-YourStudentID.txt" (eg. "cbkadal-2006123456.txt").
 - File: "W09-LFS-1.jpg" (page 30).
 - 3 File: "W09-LFS-2.jpg" (page 31).
 - File: "LFSC.ova.asc" (signature, armor, detach).
- Keep but DO NOT SUBMIT file LFSC.ova!.
- See also https://lfs.vlsm.org/.

W09-LFS-1.jpg

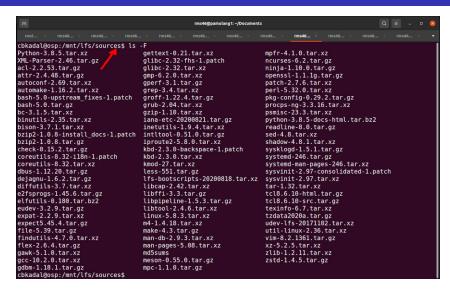


Figure: W09-LFS-1.jpg

W09-LFS-2.jpg

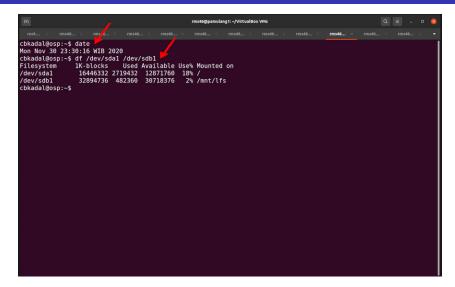


Figure: W09-LFS-2.jpg

Week 09: Check List (Deadline: Monday, 07-Dec-2020).

- ☐ Week 09: Linux From Scratch (part 2)(os09.pdf).
 - Week 09 Token: ROMULAN
 - 2 Read: (OSC10 chapter 11)
 - Update your Virtual Guest.
 - Visit https://os.vlsm.org/GitHubPages/. Review Last Week TOP 10 List and pick at least 3 out of your 10 closest neighbors. See https://cbkadal.github.io/os211/TXT/myrank.txt.
 - Treate your TOP 10 List of Week 09 (e.g. https://cbkadal.github.io/os211/W09/).
 Do not use lecture material. Please be more creative!
 - 6 Run "chktoken ROMULAN" and write the result into myWO9token.txt.
 - Update your log (e.g. https://cbkadal.github.io/os211/TXT/mylog.txt).
 - Opdate bash script (e.g. https://cbkadal.github.io/os211/TXT/myscript.sh).
 - Make SHA256SUM and sign it (detached, armor) as SHA256SUM.asc.
 - Place the assignment result into W09/ folder and "tar" it into myW09.tar.bz2.
 - GnuPG encrypt (armor) to myW09.tar.bz2.txt.

The End

- ☐ This is the end of the presentation.
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- This is the end of the presentation.