

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION ANALYSIS

TEAM MEMBER

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TEAM MEMBERS

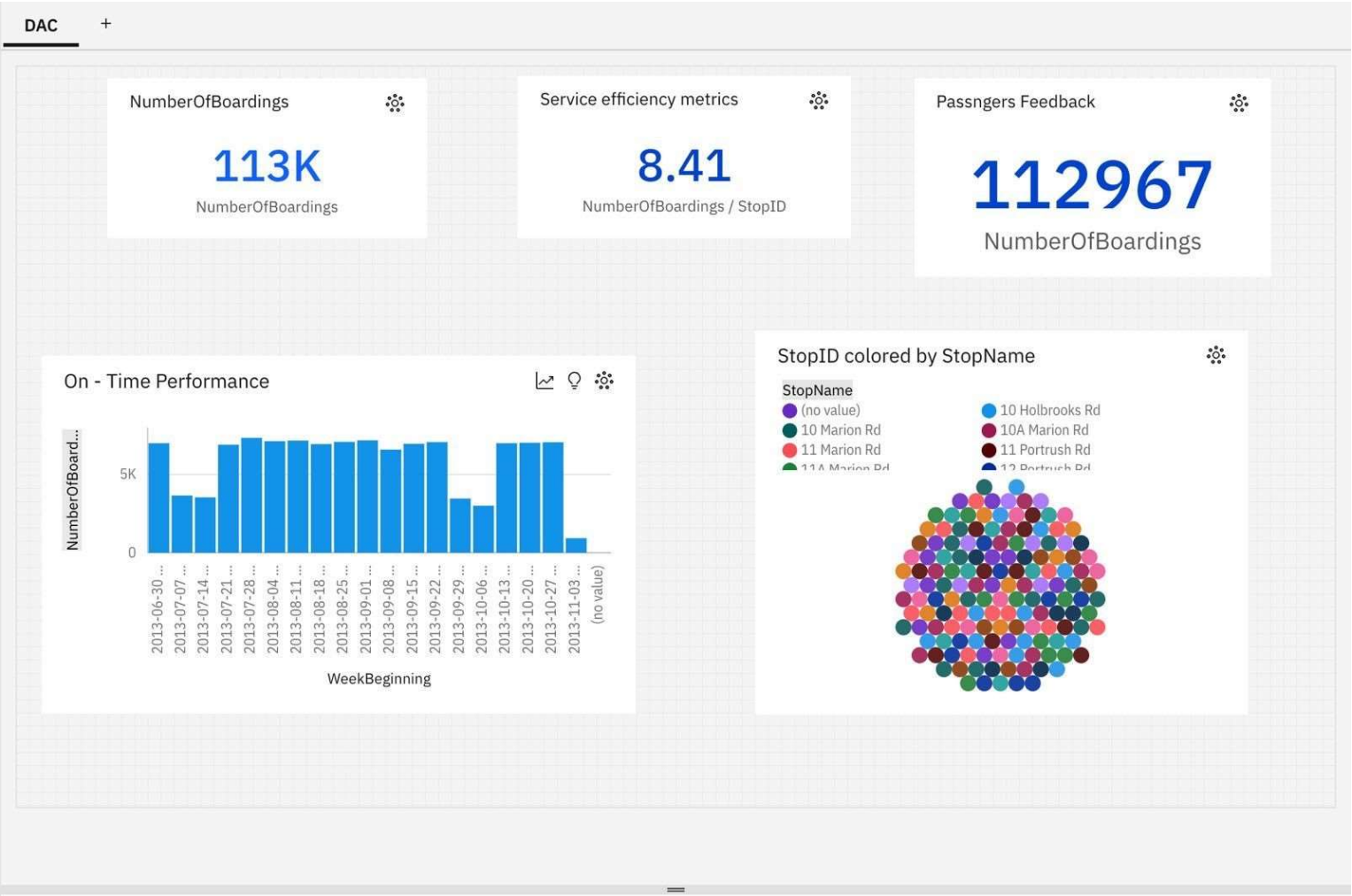
- 1. D.YOGESH**
- 2. N.H.CHETHAN**
- 3. M S N D PRABHAS**
- 4. B.S.ATHISH**

Phase 4: Development Part 2

PROBLEMS DEFINITION:

The project involves analyzing public transportation data to assess service efficiency, on time performance, and passenger feedback. The objective is to provide insights that support transportation improvement initiatives and enhance the overall public transportation experience. This project includes defining analysis objectives, collecting transportation data, designing relevant visualizations in IBM Cognos, and using code for data analysis.

Dashboards and reports in IBM Cognos to visualize on-time performance, passenger feedback, and service efficiency metrics:



Code for data analysis in plain text formate:

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Step 2: Data Exploration
print(df.head())
print(df.isnull().sum())
print(df.describe())
```

```
# Step 3: Service Punctuality Rates (Example)
punctual_services = df[df['NumberOfBoardings'] > 2] # Example threshold for punctuality
punctuality_rate = len(punctual_services) / len(df) * 100
print(f"Punctuality Rate: {punctuality_rate}%")
```

```
# Step 4: Sentiment Analysis on Passenger Feedback (If available)
# You provided the column names but no feedback column was mentioned.
# If you have a column named 'Feedback', you can perform sentiment analysis on it.
```

```
# Step 5: Further Analysis and Visualization (Optional)
# Add additional analysis or visualization code here based on your project requirements.
```

```
# Step 6: Generate Reports or Visualizations (Optional)
# Add code for generating reports or visualizations here.
```

```
# Save the modified DataFrame if needed
# df.to_csv('modified_dataset.csv', index=False) # Replace 'modified_dataset.csv' with desired file name
```

python code execution for public transportation analysis:

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In [7]:

```
import pandas as pd

# Sample Data
data = {
    'TripID': [23631, 23631, 23632, 23633, 23633, 23634, 23634, 23634, 23634, 23634, 23635, 23635, 23635, 23635, 23635, 23635, 23635, 23635, 23635, 23635],
    'RouteID': [100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100],
    'StopID': [14156, 14144, 14132, 12266, 14147, 13907, 14132, 13335, 13875, 13045, 13335, 13383, 13586, 12726, 138, 138, 138, 138, 138],
    'StopName': ['181 Cross Rd', '177 Cross Rd', '175 Cross Rd', 'Zone A Arndale Interchange', '178 Cross Rd', '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M, '9A M'],
    'WeekBeginning': ['2013-06-30 00:00:00']*15,
    'NumberOfBoardings': [1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
}

df = pd.read_csv('dac.csv')

# Convert 'WeekBeginning' to datetime
df['WeekBeginning'] = pd.to_datetime(df['WeekBeginning'])

# Calculate punctuality rate for RouteID 100
route_id = 100
total_trips = df[df['RouteID'] == route_id]['TripID'].nunique()

if total_trips > 0:
    on_time_trips = df[(df['RouteID'] == route_id) & (df['NumberOfBoardings'] > 0)]['TripID'].nunique()
    punctuality_rate = (on_time_trips / total_trips) * 100
    print(f"Punctuality Rate for Route {route_id}: {punctuality_rate:.2f}%")
else:
    print(f"No trips found for Route {route_id}. Unable to calculate punctuality rate.")

/var/folders/02/46lb236j1kg80kd4py6242cr000gn/T/ipykernel_3457/748210925.py:13: DtypeWarning: Columns (1) have mixed types. Specify dtype option on import or set low_memory=False.
df = pd.read_csv('dac.csv')
```

No trips found for Route 100. Unable to calculate punctuality rate.

In [9]: pip install textblob

Requirement already satisfied: textblob in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (0.17.1)
Requirement already satisfied: nltk>=3.1 in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from textblob) (3.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: click in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nltk>=3.1->textblob) (8.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nltk>=3.1->textblob) (1.2.

```
# df.to_csv('modified_dataset.csv', index=False) # Replace 'modified_dataset.csv' with desired file name
```

```

TripID RouteID StopID StopName WeekBeginning \
0 23631 100 14156 181 Cross Rd 2013-06-30
1 23631 100 14144 177 Cross Rd 2013-06-30
2 23632 100 14132 175 Cross Rd 2013-06-30
3 23633 100 12266 Zone A Arndale Interchange 2013-06-30
4 23633 100 14147 178 Cross Rd 2013-06-30

```

```

NumberOfBoardings
0 1
1 1
2 1
3 2
4 1
TripID
RouteID
StopID
StopName
WeekBeginning
NumberOfBoardings
dtype: int64

```

```

count 1.085723e+07 1.085723e+07 10857234
mean 2.952100e+04 1.366132e+04 2014-01-01 19:10:50.311710720
min 7.900000e+01 1.000100e+04 2013-06-30 00:00:00
25% 1.191700e+04 1.231100e+04 2013-09-29 00:00:00
50% 2.747900e+04 1.334600e+04 2014-01-05 00:00:00
75% 4.885800e+04 1.491600e+04 2014-04-06 00:00:00
max 6.553500e+04 1.871500e+04 2014-07-06 00:00:00
std 1.960938e+04 1.971760e+03 NaN

```

```

NumberOfBoardings
count 1.085723e+07
mean 4.743737e+00
min 1.000000e+00
25% 1.000000e+00
50% 2.000000e+00
75% 4.000000e+00
max 9.770000e+02
std 9.382286e+00
Punctuality Rate: 41.71575375459348%

```

```
In [11]: ### Task 1: Service Punctuality Analysis by Route
```

```

# Assuming you have a DataFrame 'df' with columns: TripID, RouteID, StopID, StopName, WeekBeginning, NumberOfBoardin
# Calculate punctuality rates for each route
route_punctuality = df.groupby('RouteID')['NumberOfBoardings'].apply(lambda x: (x > 2).mean() * 100)

# Display the punctuality rates by route
print(route_punctuality)

```

```
### Task 2: Passenger Flow and Transfer Analysis
```

```

# Assuming you have a DataFrame 'df' with columns: TripID, RouteID, StopID, StopName, WeekBeginning, NumberOfBoardin
# Group by StopID and count boardings and alightings
passenger_flow = df.groupby('StopID')['NumberOfBoardings'].sum()

# Display the passenger flow data
print(passenger_flow)

```

```
### Task 3: Stop Efficiency Analysis
```

```

# Assuming you have a DataFrame 'df' with columns: TripID, RouteID, StopID, StopName, WeekBeginning, NumberOfBoardin
# Calculate the average number of boardings and alightings per stop
stop_efficiency = df.groupby('StopID')['NumberOfBoardings'].mean()

# Display the stop efficiency data
print(stop_efficiency)

```

```

RouteID
117 42.226021
118 37.553318
140 53.757814
141 49.653699

```

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No trips found for Route 100. Unable to calculate punctuality rate.

```
In [9]: pip install textblob

Requirement already satisfied: textblob in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (0.17.1)
Requirement already satisfied: nltk>=3.1 in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from textblob) (3.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: click in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nltk>=3.1->textblob) (8.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nltk>=3.1->textblob) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: regex>=2021.8.3 in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nltk>=3.1->textblob) (2022.7.9)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nltk>=3.1->textblob) (4.65.0)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

```
In [10]: import pandas as pd

# Step 2: Data Exploration
print(df.head())
print(df.isnull().sum())
print(df.describe())

# Step 3: Service Punctuality Rates (Example)
punctual_services = df[df['NumberOfBoardings'] > 2] # Example threshold for punctuality
punctuality_rate = len(punctual_services) / len(df) * 100
print(f"Punctuality Rate: {punctuality_rate}%")

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# Step 5: Further Analysis and Visualization (Optional)
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# Step 6: Generate Reports or Visualizations (Optional)
# Add code for generating reports or visualizations here.

# Save the modified DataFrame if needed
df.to_csv('modified_dataset.csv', index=False) # Replace 'modified_dataset.csv' with desired file name
```

	TripID	RouteID	StopID	StopName	WeekBeginning
0	23631	100	14156	181 Cross Rd	2013-06-30
1	23631	100	14144	177 Cross Rd	2013-06-30

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```
RouteID
117    42.226021
118    37.553318
140    53.757814
141    49.653699
142    52.111678
...
W90    38.620694
W90C   17.647059
W90M   22.034355
W91    36.049254
W91C   49.770503
Name: NumberOfBoardings, Length: 619, dtype: float64
NumberOfBoardings
StopID
10001    641
10002     64
10003    455
10004     66
10005     25
...
18688     67
18690    118
18711    503
18712     46
18715     30

[7397 rows x 1 columns]
NumberOfBoardings
StopID
10001    1.453515
10002    1.333333
10003    1.417445
10004    1.609756
10005    1.136364
...
18688    1.367347
18690    1.594595
18711    8.112903
18712    2.000000
18715    2.307692
```


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Code

187118.112903
187122.000000
187152.307692

[7397 rows x 1 columns]

In [13]:

```
#Task 4: Time Series Analysis for Boardings
# Assuming you have a DataFrame 'df' with columns: TripID, RouteID, StopID, StopName, WeekBeginning, NumberOfBoardings

# Convert 'WeekBeginning' to datetime if it's not already
df['WeekBeginning'] = pd.to_datetime(df['WeekBeginning'])

# Set 'WeekBeginning' as the index for time series analysis
df.set_index('WeekBeginning', inplace=True)

# Resample data by a specific time frequency (e.g., weekly)
boardings_weekly = df['NumberOfBoardings'].resample('W').sum()

# Display the time series data for boardings
print(boardings_weekly)
```

WeekBeginning
2013-06-30 953666
2013-07-07 844649
2013-07-14 817407
2013-07-21 989840
2013-07-28 1092189
2013-08-04 1097360
2013-08-11 1085623
2013-08-18 1071188
2013-08-25 1107250
2013-09-01 1106079
2013-09-08 1110689
2013-09-15 1087957
2013-09-22 1041899
2013-09-29 823998
2013-10-06 782873
2013-10-13 1057597
2013-10-20 1065733
2013-10-27 1057517
2013-11-03 1033023
2013-11-10 1017056
2013-11-17 1021994
2013-11-24 988742

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Code

WeekBeginning
2013-06-30 953666
2013-07-07 844649
2013-07-14 817407
2013-07-21 989840
2013-07-28 1092189
2013-08-04 1097360
2013-08-11 1085623
2013-08-18 1071188
2013-08-25 1107250
2013-09-01 1106079
2013-09-08 1110689
2013-09-15 1087957
2013-09-22 1041899
2013-09-29 823998
2013-10-06 782873
2013-10-13 1057597
2013-10-20 1065733
2013-10-27 1057517
2013-11-03 1033023
2013-11-10 1017056
2013-11-17 1021994
2013-11-24 988742
2013-12-01 976629
2013-12-08 917751
2013-12-15 807043
2013-12-22 487486
2013-12-29 530361
2014-01-05 752939
2014-01-12 685016
2014-01-19 827511
2014-01-26 711652
2014-02-02 1027907
2014-02-09 895665
2014-02-16 1006685
2014-02-23 1066336
2014-03-02 1137952
2014-03-09 779027
2014-03-16 1107118
2014-03-23 1108318
2014-03-30 1087889
2014-04-06 1077274
2014-04-13 722579

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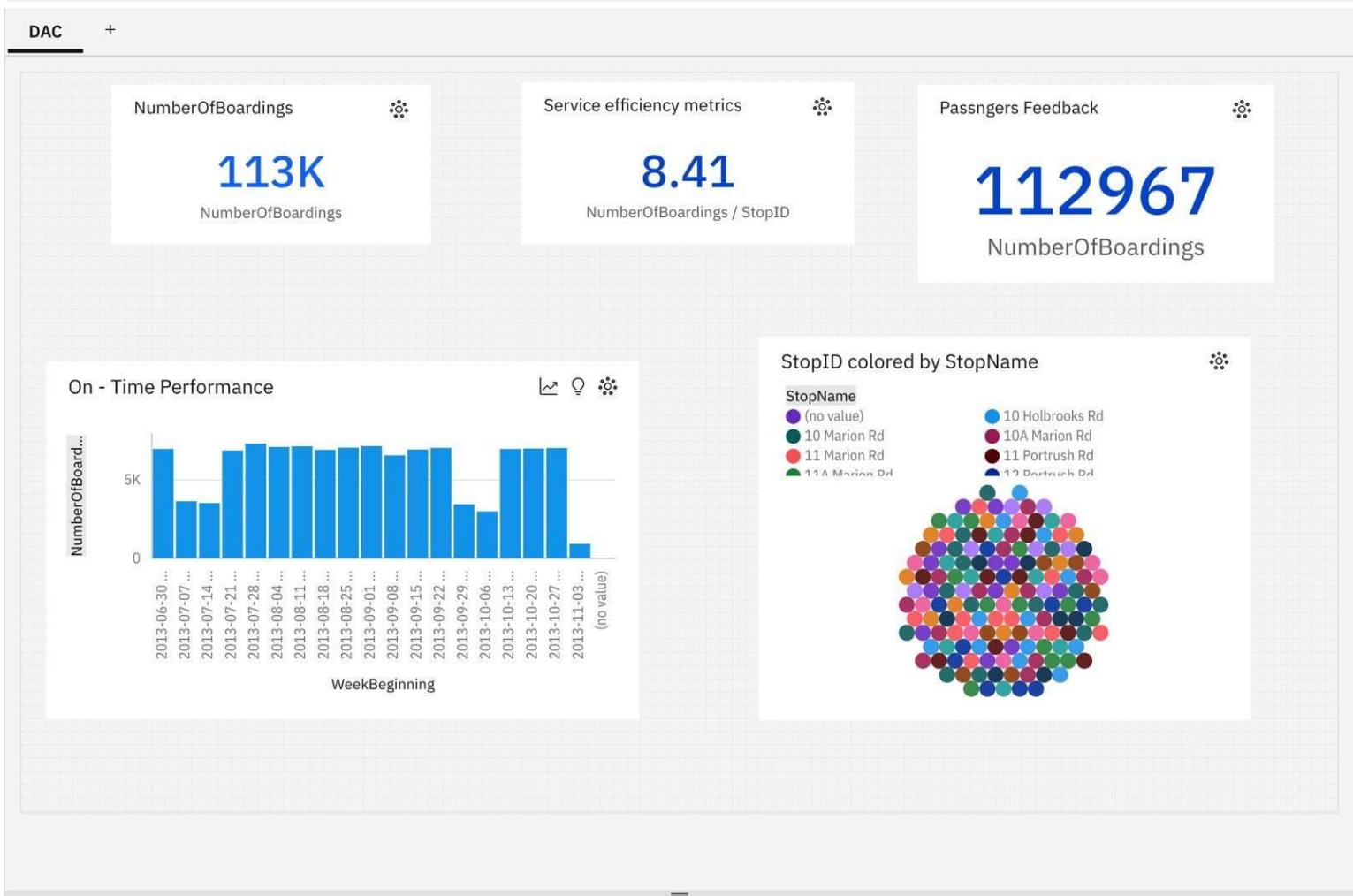
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Code

2013-12-08917751
2013-12-15807043
2013-12-22487486
2013-12-29530361
2014-01-05752939
2014-01-12685016
2014-01-19827511
2014-01-26711652
2014-02-021027907
2014-02-09895665
2014-02-161006685
2014-02-231066336
2014-03-021137952
2014-03-09779027
2014-03-161107118
2014-03-231108318
2014-03-301087889
2014-04-061077274
2014-04-13722579
2014-04-20629291
2014-04-271067463
2014-05-041084224
2014-05-111104650
2014-05-181099327
2014-05-251073632
2014-06-011079884
2014-06-08894252
2014-06-151000415
2014-06-22947120
2014-06-29974288
2014-07-06581846
Freq: W-SUN, Name: NumberOfBoardings, dtype: int64

In []:



Real-Time Data Integration:

Include real-time data feeds for bus/train locations, estimated arrival times, and service disruptions. This data is crucial for both operators and passengers.

Route and Schedule Information:

Display route maps, schedules, and route-specific information to help passengers plan their journeys.

Service Alerts and Notifications:

Provide notifications about delays, service disruptions, or important announcements to keep passengers informed.

Crowd Monitoring:

Use data to estimate passenger loads on different routes or vehicles. This helps passengers choose less crowded options and operators to optimize service.

Performance Metrics:

Display key performance indicators like on-time performance, average travel times, and ridership trends for different routes.

Route Efficiency Analysis:

Analyze routes for efficiency, looking at factors like bus frequency, capacity utilization, and energy consumption.

Safety and Security:

Integrate data on safety and security measures, such as surveillance cameras, emergency buttons, and response times.

Fare Information:

Show ticket prices, payment options, and real-time updates on fare validation.

Accessibility Information:

Highlight accessibility features for passengers with disabilities, including wheelchair access, ramps, and elevators.

User Feedback:

Collect and display passenger feedback on the quality of service, cleanliness, and other aspects of the public transport system.

Environmental Impact:

Show data related to the environmental impact of public transport, such as emissions reductions, energy efficiency, and green initiatives.

Financial and Operational Data:

Provide financial data related to revenue, operating costs, and budgeting for public transport agencies.