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# WiFi Technology: Future Market Challenges and Opportunities

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Abstract: Computer networks have played a major role in expanding the operational boundaries in organizations today. Until now traditional methods of networking, which involves computers, wired directly to a hub or switch are the norm. Recent advances in networking technology have made it possible for devices to communicate using various light and wave emitting technologies. WiFi is a perfect example of one of these emerging technologies, which has enabled computers to communicate with each other without the use of traditional cables. The implementation of WiFi with respect to future market opportunities in the Kingdom of Bahrain will be discussed in this study. Finally, an analysis of various demographics will be outlined with particular concentration on the acceptance of WiFi by society in the Kingdom of Bahrain. Some concerns along with recommendations, which need to be taken into account when using WiFi are also outlined.

**Key words**: Bahrain, WiFi, factors, security, speed

## INTRODUCTION

The Internet plays a major role in today's communications, especially when its efficient and cost effective manner is considered. Unlike, other communication tools, Internet has been decentralized in such a way that any user can share, retrieve, sell or exchange goods and services with any other Internet user within seconds.

Earlier in the 1970s to the late 1980s, the Internet was owned and funded by the United States government and thus was mainly used for government communication and research activities, which was highly restricted to academic and military purposes. It was administrated by the National Science Foundation (NSF). By 1995, however the NSF stopped the administration of the Internet. The Internet was publicized and commercial use was permitted<sup>[1-3]</sup>.

Bahrain Telecommunication Company (BATELCO) was one of the pioneers to adopt the Internet technology. This fact has strengthened BATELCO's position as a leading communication provider in the region.

Today the Internet has touched our life in a significant manner. It became part of our daily routine due to the huge benefits we gain. Most companies went online and used the Internet to apply e-commerce, which includes advertising, selling, buying, distributing products and providing customer services. In addition, companies use the Internet in business-to-business and business to consumer transactions. Individuals also use the Internet for communication, entertainment, sharing information, buying and selling goods and services.

Over the last couple of years, Wireless Fidelity or "WiFi" has quickly grown to become the dominant wireless LAN standard. Because it operates in unlicensed frequency bands, any one can set up a WiFi network and cover an area of typically 100-500 feet with high speed wireless access to a LAN and hence to the Internet. Unlike other wireless technologies like GSM or CDMA, WiFi has also become a universal standard. As a result, WiFi components are now on a rapid cost reduction curve as volumes increase. And it is widely distributed and used in many different parts of the world<sup>[4]</sup>.

WiFi is the term used to describe a class of certified wireless networking products conforming to an industry standard designated by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) as "802.11b", it is a new technology that is preferred for wireless local area networking in both business and home environments.

Wireless local area networks enable network users with laptops or devices equipped with wireless network interface cards to remain constantly interconnected while roaming within the range of a base station. Fixed access points can also be interconnected with wide area networks, such as the Internet or intra-corporate local area networks. WiFi is being deployed in public places to create what is called hotspots, where WiFi capable users can obtain broadband Internet access<sup>[5]</sup>.

WiFi could be a major future market opportunity. But, in order to take advantage of it, several key challenges both business related and technical must be overcome. These challenges and solutions approaches are discussed in this study, with respect to

BATELCO<sup>[6]</sup>the dominant telecommunications company in Bahrain.

What is WiFi?: WiFi is the popular name for the wireless Ethernet 802.11b standard for WLANs and it reefers to the technology surrounding the radio transmission of the Internet protocol data from an Internet connection wirelessly to a host computer. Most often the Internet connection is a higher speed one such as satellite, DSL or cable rather than slower dial-up connections. It is essentially a wireless connection between your computer and the Internet connection (E.g. DSL router or cable modem) in your house<sup>[4]</sup>.

'Wireless Fidelity' WiFi refers to an over-the-air connection with a wireless client and a base between two wireless clients<sup>[7]</sup>. WiFi, is freedom: it allows you to connect without wires to the Internet from your couch at home, a bed in a hotel room or a conference room at work. WiFi is a wireless technology like a cell phone. WiFi enables computers to send and receive data indoors and outdoor; anywhere within the range of a base station. The best thing of all, it is fast. In fact, it's several times faster than the fastest cable modem connection.

## The drivers and nature of today's WiFi:

Many drivers had evolved over the years that made online banking a must. This is the time for planning a trial of local WiFi service, at a major shopping mall and a number of hotel lobbies, as an alternative to rolling out a 3G network. The plan is based on urban layout and social behavior. In short, the people like to 'cluster' in public places such as shopping malls, coffee houses and hotels - prime locations for WiFi ennoblement. As in Bahrain, BATELCO's Head of Corporate Affairs, explained:

"Bahrainis do not need the kind of on-the-move service that 3G is designed to offer. The Kingdom has minimal public transport because it has a 'car culture' -so no demand exists there for 3G. I don't see a need for 3G in the home because people will want to use larger-screen PCs to access the 'net. It's too hot here to sit on the beach and surf the 'net - so that leaves the shopping malls, coffee shops and hotel lobbies, which we can enable with faster WiFi technology. In addition, Bahrain has a high proportion of youngsters' technology users who will be eager to use this kind of service and Bahrain, is a real winner here" [6].

You will find as of now and the upcoming future, that more and more large businesses are using WiFi certified products. In stores throughout the mall, WiFi LAN technology is expanding its use with WiFi certified computers, employees can use for easy access in communicating with other employees online.

**WiFi-industry growth:** The President and CEO of CTIA has argued that wireless data is advancing at a particularly swift clip, as more companies introduce more features for consumers and business users alike.

From ring tones to picture phones, from text messaging to hi-speed wireless Web browsing, wireless data is making waves in both the consumer and business marketplaces. Total Service Revenues Rise Nearly 13% - U.S. Carriers earned service revenues of \$41.4 Billion in the first six months of 2003, up from \$36.7 billion in the first six months of 2002<sup>[8]</sup>.

The future of WiFi: Another interesting aspect of WiFi maybe the question of what is the future of WiFi? Levkowetz<sup>[9]</sup> has argued that in today's vast growing world of telecommunications many new products; software and hardware tools are being developed. Computer engineers are working around the clock just to come up with new ideas that may be accomplished. Until now, with wireless networking the simplicity of placing a computerized device within an access point will allow people to connect to the cyber world. Consequently, the development process is continuing until a certain standard is reached. Even though there is a wide acceptance regarding WiFi, people will still be concerned will things like security and cost.

Whenever, a new technology is being sold in the market several buyers thrive to purchase it regardless of its price. But, the problem arises when a certain defect might be seen within the product. That is why people are very demanding they do not want a flawless product to operate with and in situations like this, manufacturers will strive to produce a product that meets their needs. On the other hand, Lyman<sup>[10]</sup> has emphasized on the concern of security and complexity of WiFi. In response to concerns over complexity and security, wireless industry experts promised new standards that should begin appearing in products throughout next year.

Advantages of WIFI: Another advantage of WiFi network is that the availability of WiFi products in the market has increased oven the last three years. Many companies strive to ensure that users get the most updated software and hardware equipment in order to allow them to access a WiFi network. Due to the wide availability of products in the market the issue of pricing plays a significant role here. Apparently market forces are a major determinant of the prices available on products today. Also, taking into account mobility is an advantageous aspect of a WiFi network. People will be able to move about the given hotspot without loosing the network connection of WiFi<sup>[11]</sup>.

**Disadvantages of WIFI:** Disadvantage or constraint is placement. When using a WiFi network the frequency specification used is 802.11b, which is the same frequency that many cellular phones, blue tooth, microwave ovens operate on. So it is in the hands of the WiFi users to choose an access point that is not close to the one of the devices mentioned, because an interruption will occur and this may cause a loss of

signal or it may deteriorate the connection[12].

BATELCO is launching the service coinciding with the arrival of thousands of visitors to the country for the Gulf Air Bahrain Grand Prix and initial base station installations reflect the Formula One crowd. The airport, Costa Coffee shops in Seef and Adliya, Al A'ali Mall food-court and the Crown Plaza and Gulf Hotel lounges will be the first to offer BATELCO WiFi services. From April onwards, the service will be rolled out to additional locations all over the country<sup>[13]</sup>. WiFi is becoming popular in many homes and offices throughout Bahrain and by adding a broad range of publicly located base stations; BATELCO is tapping into a demonstrated need amongst customers.

#### HYPOTHESIS AND METHODOLGY

The research hypothesis: A hypothesis can be defined as a logical supposition, a reasonable guess or an educated conjecture. Furthermore, it can provide a tentative explanation for a phenomenon under investigation and it could involve a prediction that may or may not be borne out in the data. It should be noticed that hypothesis never proved or disproved, either supported or not supported by the data and over time as particular hypothesis are supported by a growing body of data, they evolve into theories.

**Hypothesis:** Low connection speed will no longer be an issue with WiFi as there is a more dedicated speed with WiFi.

The research methodology: Both face-to-face interviews and questionnaire were used. Face-to-face interviews encourage potential participant and gain their co-operation thus yielding the highest response rate in a survey research. They also allow the respondent to ask about any ambiguous questions and in the same time allow the researcher to seek follow up information. Interviews were conducted with selected representatives.

Based on the objectives and the hypothesis, the questions were set in the questionnaire in order to test them and ultimately to confirm or disconfirm the proposed hypothesis, i.e. the questionnaire will reflect the research hypothesis in a direct way as a method for testing it along with the objective.

The researcher chose a mixture of both qualitative and quantitative method techniques in order to conduct information about our research topic. We choose this approach to help us monitor and examine the arrival of this new wireless technology, which is called WiFi and to solve its optical and to examine if this technology will be beneficiary to open new investments in Bahrain and increase the success of old investments.

Fifty copies of the questionnaire were distributed to target the users that will use this technology and how can this increase the efficiency of their work.

The chi square test and correlations tests were used in order to test the research hypothesis. These statistical tests were conducted using the SPSS statistical software, which is specialized software that facilitates the analysis of any research findings.

The sources of data: In general, the sources of evidence used in this research are documents and direct questionnaire. The questionnaire audiences are residential end users, business men and women, hotel and coffee shop management as well as some BATELCO staff. The data has been collected from documents, search engines, books and BATELCO's official website.

#### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

**Analysis of customer perception:** The majority of our samples were males representing 58.1%.

Table 1: Respondents Learned about WiFi

Where Did you Hear about WIFI	Sample
Internet	48.4%
Friends	7%
Newspaper & Magazines	7%
No Answer	18.6%
Other Resources	18.6%

Table 2: Usage of WiFi

Used WIFI	Sample
Yes	48.8%
No	32.6%
No Answer	18.6%

Table 3: Frequently use of WiFi

Frequently use of WIFI	Sample			
Daily	11.6%			
Weekly	7%			
Monthly	7%			
Occasionally	23.3%			
Others	23.3%			
Did not answer	48.8%			

Table 4: Reasonsp people use WiFi

Reasons People use WIFI	Sample
Low Cost	16.4%
Stable Connectivity	7%
Higher Speed	2.3%
More Convenient	20.9%
Time Consuming	2.3%
Others	2.3%
Did Not Answer	48.8%

Table 5: Disadvantages of WiFi

Disadvantage of WIFI	Sample
Lack of Awareness	46.5%
Security Issues	20.9%
Resistance to Change	11.6%
Service is not provided yet by ISP	8.15%
Service is not convenient yet all Place	8.15%
Others	4.7%

Table 6: Scale of WiFi Factors

WiFi Factors	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Speed WiFi is faster as compared to traditional cable internet	39.5%	20.9%	12.8%	14%	12.8%
2. Cost WiFi is cheaper as compared to traditional cable internet	39.5%	20.9%	18.6%	14%	7%
3. Stable Connectivity WiFi provides a more stable connection than other technologies.	30.2%	27.9%	25.6%	14.5%	2.3%
4. Convenient WiFi is more convenient than other technologies	34.9%	44.2%	11.6%	9.3%	0%
5. Time Saving WiFi saves users time	39.5%	32.5%	18.6%	4.7%	4.7%
6. Security Security issues of WiFi acts as a barrier to adopting the technology	53.5%	20.9%	11.6%	9.3%	4.7%

Most of the respondents were between the age of 20 and 30 years of age. 58.1% of the respondents were employed and 74.4% of our samples were familiar with the wireless technology. About 81.4% of our sample heard about WIFI and most of them used it. We found out that 46.5% of the major reason running away from using WIFI is the lack of awareness.

When the respondents were asked from where did they hear about WiFi? Table 1 show that the majority 48.4% learned about WiFi from the Internet.

As illustrated in Table 2 more than 50% of respondents never used the WiFi or did not respond to this question.

When the respondents were asked how frequently they use the WiFi? From those who used the WiFi 23.3% used the service occasionally (Table 3).

When the respondents were asked what are the reasons that would people use WiFi over other Internet connections? As Table 4 illustrates that the majority 20.9% said that because it is more convenient.

When the respondents were asked in their opinion, what are the reasons that would push people away from using WiFi technology? As it is illustrated in Table 5, the majority of the respondents agreed that the major disadvantage of WiFi is the lack of awareness.

In the Table 6 the questions are divided into six Factors concerning speed, cost, stable connectivity, convince, time saving and security issues associated to WiFi. Most of the respondents strongly agree that the security has the highest rate of important, while Speed, Cost and Time Saving are give the same rate 39.5%, follows by Convenient than Stable Connectivity 30.2%.

The majority of respondents ranked Security number 1, Speed number 2, Cost number 3, Time Saving number 4, Convenient number 5 and Stable connectivity number 6 when they were asked to rank the factors. Table 7 illustrates the Factors ranking according to the respondent's level of agreement.

The majority of respondents' reaction to the set of questions that deal with speed, cost effectiveness, fast

Table 7: Factors Ranking

Rank	Factor
1	Security
2	Speed
3	Cost
4	Time Saving
5	Convenient
6	Stable connectivity

Table 8: Level of agreement on world word usage of WiFi

	U
WiFi used Worldwide	Sample
Strongly agree	23.3%
Agree	60.4%
Neither	4.7%
Disagree	11.65
Strongly Disagree	0%

Table 9: Lack of Awareness

WIFI Lack of Awareness	Sample
Strongly agree	48.8%
Agree	44.2%
Neither	4.7%
Disagree	0%
Strongly Disagree	2.3%

Table 10: Popularity of WiFi in the near future

WIFI Future	Sample			
Strongly agree	46.5%			
Agree	41.5%			
Neither	4.7%			
Disagree	4.7%			
Strongly Disagree	2.3%			

connection, speeds convenience and security issues about WiFi tend to strongly agree to agree (Table 6). In addition 60.4% (Table 8) of them agreed that WiFi technology is world wide used and 48.4% strongly agreed (Table 9) the WiFi technology faces lack of user's awareness. Therefore, our samples of respondents seem to be familiar with WiFi and use it depending on the availability of the service in the specific areas "hotspots" that the ISP located.

Finally, Table 10 illustrates that popularity the WiFi will gain in the near future. The majority 88% of the respondents agree to strongly agree that the WiFi

Table 11: The result of hotel questionnaire

Questions	Name of hotels								
	Sheraton	Movenpick	Novotel	Gulf hotel	Crowne plaza	Diplomat	Ritz Carlton	Regency	Helton
Do they have WiFi?	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Intereste in Batelco Wifi?	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	No Answer
Had a demo?	No Answer	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	No Answer
Received quotation?	у	у	У	У	No Answer	No Answer	Y	N	Y
Interested in a presentation?	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	No Answer	Y	Y	No Answer
Type of Internet used?	ADSL/ 900400	ADSL	900400	ADSL/ 900400	900400	ADSL	ADSL/ 900400	ADSL/ 900400	No Answer
Have internet billing system?	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	No Answer
Hotel billing System	Fedelio	Fedelio	Fedelio	Land Mark	Fedelio	Fedelio	Fedelio	Fedelio	Fedelio
Wiring structure	4 wire (TP)	CAT 5/6	CAT5	CAT5	CAT5	CAT6	4 wire (TP)	CAT5	No Answer

will play a very important function in our daily life in the near future.

Analysis of the hotel questionnaires: Table 11 shows that at the time of the survey all 9 hotels that were involved in the questionnaire don't have WiFi Technology, they were interested in provider which is most of BATELCO and them had a demo version of WiFi. Most of were happy and asked for a seminar or workshop that explains WiFi in depth details, because they have an Internet billing system and Hotel billing system, so it will be good opportunity for those systems to be organized.

Table 11 shows the result of the simple questionnaire that was distributed among the five-star hotels in Bahrain, it's a simple questionnaire that examine their ability to be informed about WiFi technology in depth, in addition of the Internet type they use ,and their wiring system existed there.

Based on the findings, there are not any hotel has WiFi technology, but four of them have a demo version (44.4%).however, five of the hotels are interested in WiFi (55.6%) and six of them received a WiFi's quotation from different suppliers (66.7%), same of them were interested in a presentation to improve their awareness about WiFi.

According to the type of the Internet they used, we figure out that, six of them used Speednet (66.7%), while the other used 900400(33.3%). In addition, just two of them have an Internet Billing System (22.2%),all of them used a Hotel Billing System, eight of hotels used fedelio System, while the remain used a Landmark System (11.1%). Finally, six of the hotels used Cat5 (66.7%) and the rest used Four-Wire (33.3%).

## **CONCULSION**

The minimal cost of implementing Wireless LAN will ensure that far more users will have wireless enabled laptops than previously envisaged.

Intel has already predicted that by the end of 2003 most of all new laptops will employ the new Banias chip and all new laptops will include wireless LAN. These figures may be high, but still anticipate a rapid growth of WiFi over the coming few months.

The Wireless LAN (WLAN) industry is also growing rapidly due to lower priced WiFi stations and a rapid standardization of the WiFi technology. Dual band protocols (3G and WiFi) and development of the technology are expected to act as catalysts for growth in the wireless market for the years to come. WLAN services are beginning to appear to consumers in the form of WLAN services in coffee shops or other public premises and are becoming commonplace in applications such as trading floors, supermarkets, airports, hotels and are increasingly being used in office environments. Meanwhile the number of vendors keeps increasing, the technology keeps getting better and less expensive and with the recently completed IEEE 802.11 interoperability between vendors is becoming less of an issue. Moreover, convenient form factors such as PC Cards are becoming common. It is easy to use and deploy WLANs and the cost is effective compared to wire LANs, which have many indirect and hidden associated with installation costs reconfigurations.

There are many factors to be considered when deploying a wireless network. The proliferation of Access Point's has reached the point of requiring coordination and standardization to ensure full utilization of the technology. It's in the best interest of the enterprise to adopt a single IEEE 802.11 standard to ensure ubiquitous access for registered and authenticated wireless users. The single standard will also minimize overhead and expenditures that are normally associated with enterprises without technology standardization.

Security requirements vary depending on the amount of network traffic and the level of secrecy required for the information being exchanged and the applications being used. While professional users typically require enterprise-quality security to allow secure conduct of confidential business, the security requirements of casual low-volume home users, using their network to print or share files, surf the Internet or exchange email with friends and family, tend to be less stringent. WiFi Protected Access is designed to meet these different requirements by running in two different modes - enterprise and home mode. The password kicks off the encryption process, which in WiFi Protected Access is called Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). It then regularly changes and rotates the encryption keys so that the same encryption key is never used twice.

Finally as far as computers are concerned, the only form of total security is a computer locked in a room with no cables in or out. In all aspects of computing, security will always be an issue as hackers are usually one step ahead of the business world. Thus, as with everything, you have to balance security with how valuable you think the data is which you are protecting. The more security you use, the more expensive it is and the more inconvenience to your users. There are mainly different types of hackers that will try to hack your wireless network; all of them have one common goal such as the war drivers who are mainly just out for free Internet, or the more intelligent hacker who views your network as a potential target.

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