ENUMS/UNIONS

RECALL: STRUCTS

- Way to group multiple data of different types into a single thing
- Kind of like an object (not really, but as close as you get in C)

```
struct Student {
    char *name;
    double *scores;
    int grad_year;
}
```

RECALL: TYPEDEF

- If we define like the previous page, create by
 - struct Student st1
 - struct Student *st1-then malloc
- To prevent needing to say struct, use typedef
 - Can be it's own line typedef struct Student Student;
 - Can lump into struct definition

```
typedef struct Student {
    // same stuff as previous slide
} Student;
```

ENUMS

- Basically a way of storing a named element
- Increases clarity of the program, but doesn't actually add any functionality
- Each enum element is simply a constant stored as an an integer underneath
- Default stores as 0 ... (N-1) in order listed
- Can (if you want to):
 - Define specific integer value
 - Have 2 elements with same integer value

ENUMS - EXAMPLE

```
enum grade {A, B, C, D, F};
enum grade g1;
g1 = B;
```

ENUMS - TYPEDEF

- Like with struct, can typedef to avoid having to use enum day_of_week day;
- Can make it a separate line or encapsulate into enum definition

typedef enum grade {A, B, C, D, F} grade;

ENUMS (CONT.)

- Enums can be a member of struct
- Can also have an array of enum

```
typedef struct Student {
    char *name;
    double *scores;
    grade *grades;
    int grad_year;
} Student;
```

UNIONS

- struct = store multiple different types of data in one thing
- union = can store one of multiple different types of data
 - share the same memory
 - you are responsible for interpreting stored values

```
union idc {
   int i;
   double d;
   char c;
};
union idc var;
var.d = 16.8;
```

UNIONS (CONT.)

• Like structs/enums, can typedef unions

```
typedef union idc {
   int i;
   double d;
   char c;
} idc;
idc var;
var.i = 16;
```

UNIONS (CONT.)

- Can also combine unions with structs/enums
- Example:
 - type enum to define possible types
 - struct containing type and union
 - union has multiple different options
 - type stores type currently being stored