## Homework 1

## Due Monday, January 23, 2016

**Exercise 1.** For  $n=1,2,\ldots$  let  $X_n$  be a random variable uniformly distributed over the n+1 points k/n for  $k=0,1,\ldots,n$ . Show that as  $n\to\infty$ ,  $X_n \stackrel{\mathcal{D}}{\to} X$  where  $X\sim Uniform(0,1)$ .

**Exercise 2.** For  $n=1,2,\ldots$  let  $G_n$  be a random variable with a Geometric distribution. Show that if  $\mu_n:=E(G_n)\to\infty$  as  $n\to\infty$ , then  $X_n:=G_n/\mu_n\stackrel{\mathcal{D}}{\to} X$  where X is a standard exponential random variable.

**Exercise 3.** Let  $\delta(x) := e^{-e^{-x}}e^{-x}$  be the density (with respect to Lebesque measure on  $\mathbb{R}$ ) of the random variable X with . Show  $\phi_X(t) = \gamma(1-it)$  and  $F_X(x) = e^{-e^{-x}}$  for  $t, x \in \mathbb{R}$  where  $\phi_X$  and  $F_X$  are the characteristic function and cdf for X, respectivley. Hint: for  $\phi_X$  use the substitution principle from Lecture 12 on generating functions and moments.

**Exercise 4.** Let  $Y_1, Y_2, \ldots$  be iid standard exponential random variables with density  $\delta(x) := I_{(0,\infty)}e^{-x}$  (with respect to Lebesque measure on  $\mathbb{R}$ ). For each n set  $X_n := \max(Y_1, Y_2, \ldots, Y_n)$ . Show that as  $n \to \infty$ ,  $X_n - \log(n) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}} X$ , where X is a random variable with distribution function  $F(x) = e^{-e^{-x}}$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

**Exercise 5.** Show that a sequence  $X_n$  of integer-valued random variables converges in distribution to a random variable X if and only if X is an integer-valued random variable and for every  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = k) = P(X = k).$$

**Exercise 6.** Let  $X_n \sim Binomial(n, p_n)$ . Show that if  $np_n \to \lambda > 0$  then  $X_n \stackrel{\mathcal{D}}{\to} X$  where  $X \sim Poisson(\lambda)$  has density  $\delta(k) := \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} e^{-\lambda}$  with respect to counting measure on  $\mathbb{Z}$ .