Ethan Che
CS558-A
Homework 1
09/30/2021
I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System.

Source code on last pages

- I coded this assignment in Matlab, so the script should be run inside of Matlab.
- You can either call the script with no input arguments (in this case, it will run with default settings) or with two arguments (‘filepath’ ‘sigma’)
    - ex: hw1_eche
    - ex: hw1_eche ‘red.pgm’ ‘3’
- If for some reason Matlab crashes during execution, reload the program.
- My program displays the images side by side upon completion and also saves the new images as jpg files in the same directory as the script.

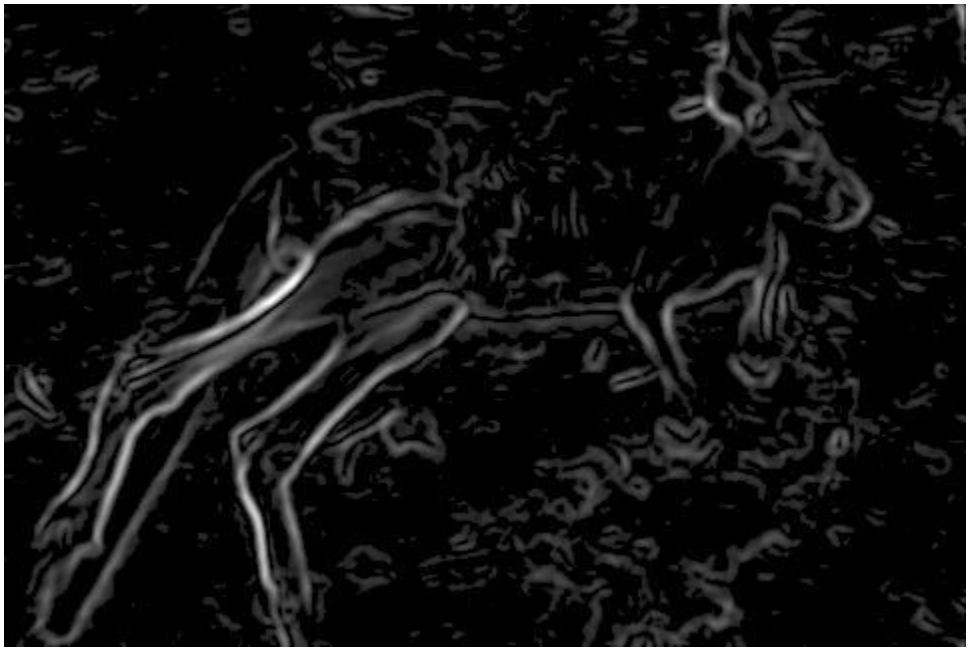
Gauss Filter

sigma = 2

sigma = 8

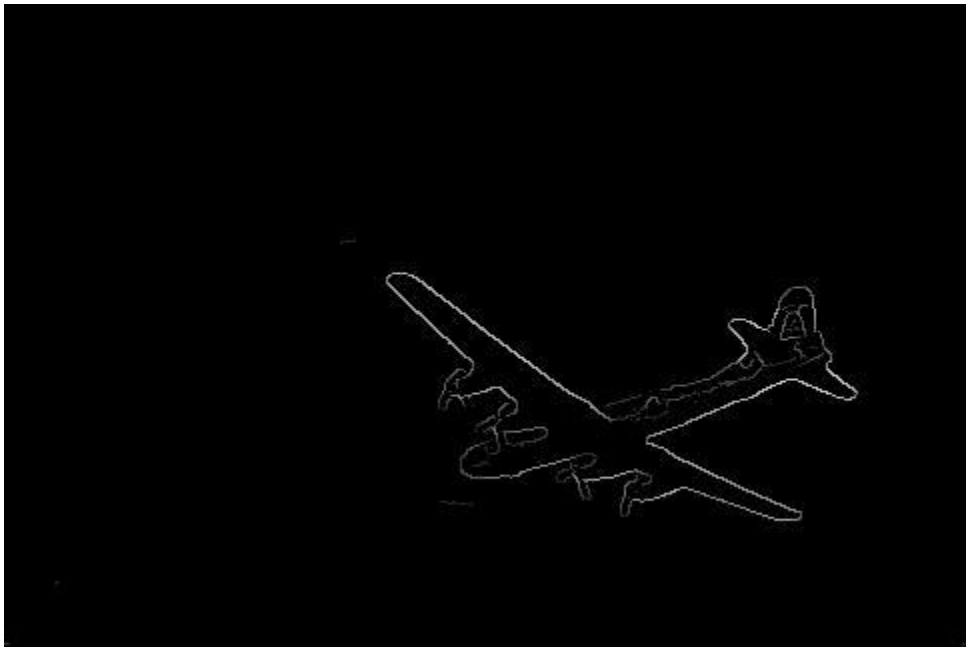
Sobel Filter

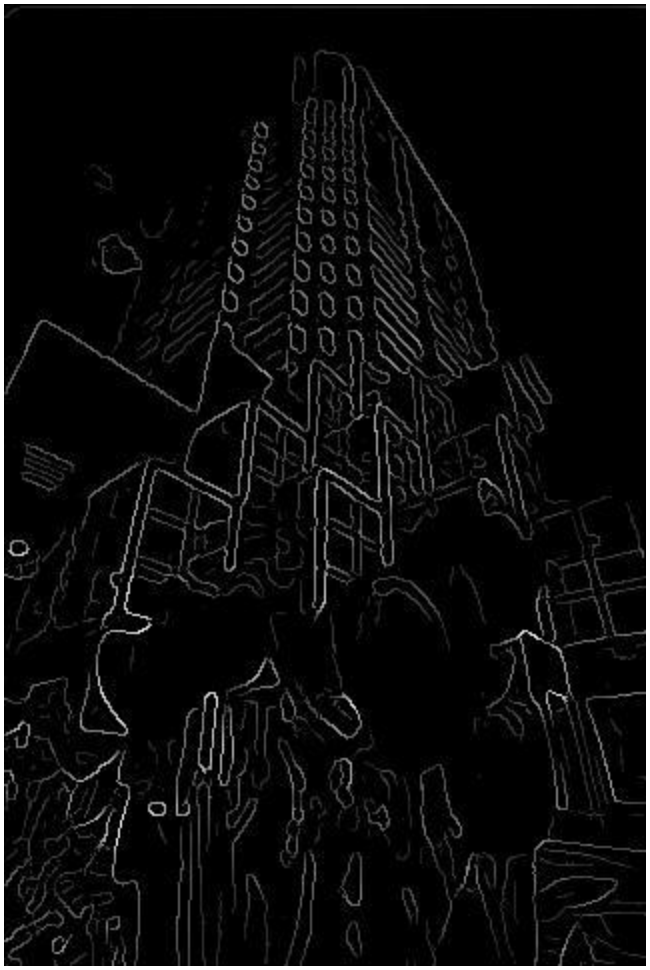
Sigma = 2 for each image below. The images were run through the Gauss filter before running them through the Sobel filter.



NMS

The NMS filter was applied to each of the three images from the section above





Source code starts on next page

```
function main(filename, stdv)

    if nargin == 0
        filename = 'plane.pgm';
        stdv = '2';
    end

    img = imread(filename,'pgm'); %Reads in pgm image

    rowsize = size(img, 1);
    colsize = size(img, 2);

    stdv = str2num(stdv);

    temp = 2*floor(stdv/2)+1; %Standard deviation, rounded to next odd number
    width = 6*temp;
    width = 2*floor(width/2)+1;

    add = floor(width/2); %How many pixels have to add aropund edge. Change the first number.

    extended = extend_edges(img, add);

    filtered_image = cast(gauss_filter(rowsize, colsize, extended, stdv, width), 'uint8');
    imwrite(filtered_image, 'output_gauss.jpg');

    subplot(2,2,1);
    imshow(img);
    title('Input Image');

    subplot(2,2,2);
    imshow('output_gauss.jpg');
    title('Gauss Filtered Image');

    gauss_extend = extend_edges(filtered_image, 1);
    [sobel, grad] = sobel_filter(rowsize, colsize, gauss_extend);
    imwrite(cast(sobel, 'uint8'),'output_sobel.jpg');
    subplot(2,2,3);
    imshow('output_sobel.jpg');
    title('Sobel Filtered Image');

    nms = cast(nms_filter(sobel, grad),'uint8');
    imwrite(nms,'output_nms.jpg');
    subplot(2,2,4);
    imshow('output_nms.jpg');
```

```
    title('NMS Applied to Sobel');


end

function filtered_image = gauss_filter(im_r, im_c, extended_image, stdv, fsz) %fsz is the filter
size, 5 means 5x5, for example
    filtered_image = zeros(im_r, im_c); %Size of regular image
    mask = zeros(fsz, fsz);
    mid = ceil(fsz/2); %Center of matrix. fsv should be odd
    total = 0;
    for i = 1:fsz
        for j = 1:fsz
            temp = gauss_eq(stdv, i-mid, j-mid);
            mask(i,j) = temp;
            total = total+temp;
        end
    end
    mask = mask./total;
    %disp(sum(sum(mask)));
    offset = floor(fsz/2); %Half of the filter width rounded down
    for i = 1:im_r
        for j = 1:im_c
            %move filter over each pixel in extended image, where original
            %image is
            filtered_image(i, j) = get_filter_val(extended_image,i+offset,j+offset,mask,offset);
        end
    end
end

function [edg_img, grad_matrix] = sobel_filter(im_r, im_c, extended_image) %Gets sobel val of
pixel
    %Also returns the matrix of gradient directions for each pixel, to be
    %used in NMS
    edg_img = zeros(im_r, im_c); %Size of regular image
    grad_matrix = zeros(im_r, im_c);
    mask_x = [-1 0 1; -2 0 2; -1 0 1];
    mask_y = [1 2 1; 0 0 0; -1 -2 -1];
    offset = 1; %Sobel filter is 3x3, so offset is only 1
    for i = 1:im_r
        for j = 1:im_c
            %move filter over each pixel in extended image, where original
            %image is
            xval = get_filter_val(extended_image,i+offset,j+offset,mask_x,offset);
```

```
            yval = get_filter_val(extended_image,i+offset,j+offset,mask_y,offset);
            total = sqrt((xval*xval) + (yval*yval));
            grad_matrix(i,j) = atand(yval/xval);
            if (total < 30)
                edg_img(i,j) = 0;
            else
                edg_img(i,j) = total;
            end
        end
    end
end

function gauss = gauss_eq(stdv, x,y) %Calculates the value of the gaussian distribution, with x
and y as offsets from center
    a = 1/(2*pi*(stdv*stdv));
    pow = (x*x)+(y*y);
    pow = pow/(-2*stdv*stdv);
    gauss = a*exp(pow);
end

function suppressed = nms_filter(edges, grad_matrix)

    im_r = size(edges, 1);
    im_c = size(edges, 2);
    suppressed = zeros(im_r, im_c);

    %extend edges so we can check each pixel surrounding a pixel
    add = 1;
    extended_edges = extend_edges(edges, add);
    for i = 1+add:im_r+add
        for j = 1+add:im_c+add
            grad_dir = grad_matrix(i-add, j-add);
            if  (grad_dir < 22.5 && grad_dir > -22.5) %If the gradient direction is horizontal
                %Check pixel to left and right
                if ((extended_edges(i,j) >= extended_edges(i, j-add)) && (extended_edges(i,j) >=
extended_edges(i, j+add)))

                    suppressed(i-add, j-add) = extended_edges(i,j);
                    %suppressed(i-add, j-add) = 255;
                    %disp(extended_edges(i,j));
                else
                     suppressed(i-add, j-add) = 0;
                end
            elseif (grad_dir < 67.5 && grad_dir >= 22.5) %If the gradient is right diagonal
```

```
            %Check pixels in TL and BR corners

            if ((extended_edges(i,j) >= extended_edges(i+add, j-add)) && (extended_edges(i,j) >=
extended_edges(i-add, j+add)))

                suppressed(i-add, j-add) = extended_edges(i,j);
               %disp(extended_edges(i,j));
            else
                suppressed(i-add, j-add) = 0;
            end
         elseif (grad_dir <= -22.5 && grad_dir > -67.5) %If the gradient is left diagonal
            %Check pixels in TR and BL corner
            if ((extended_edges(i,j) >= extended_edges(i-add, j-add)) && (extended_edges(i,j) >=
extended_edges(i+add, j+add)))
               suppressed(i-add, j-add) = extended_edges(i,j);
               %disp(extended_edges(i,j));
            else
                suppressed(i-add, j-add) = 0;
            end
         else %If the gradient is vertical
            %Check pixels above and below
            if ((extended_edges(i,j) >= extended_edges(i-add, j)) && (extended_edges(i,j) >=
extended_edges(i+add, j)))
               suppressed(i-add, j-add) = extended_edges(i,j);
               %disp(extended_edges(i,j));
            else
                suppressed(i-add, j-add) = 0;
            end
         end
      end
   end

end

%Worls for gauss and sobel
function val = get_filter_val(extended_image, r, c, filter, offset)
   val = 0;
   subimg = extended_image((r-offset):(r+offset), (c-offset):(c+offset)); %Part of extended image
that is being filtered
   for i = 1:size(subimg, 1)
      for j = 1:size(subimg, 2)
         filter_val = filter(i,j); %Value from the filter
         curr_val = subimg(i,j); %Value of the actual pixel
         val = val + (filter_val * curr_val);
```

```
        end
    end
end



function extended = extend_edges(img, add) %Extends image so we can apply filters

    rowsize = size(img, 1);
    colsize = size(img, 2);
    top = zeros(add,colsize); %Top pixels
    bottom = zeros(add,colsize); %Bottom pixels
    left = zeros(rowsize, add); %Left pixels
    right = zeros(rowsize, add); %Right pixels

    %Expand top and bottom row of pixels
    for c = 1:colsize
        for r = 1:add
            top(r,c) = img(1,c);
            bottom(r,c) = img(rowsize,c);
        end
    end

    for c = 1:add
        for r = 1:rowsize
            left(r,c) = img(r,1);
            right(r,c) = img(r,colsize);
        end
    end

    %Now, need to add the four corners where the pixels weren't extended
    tl = top(1,1); %Top left corner value
    tr = top(1,colsize); %Top right corner value
    bl = bottom(1,1); %Bottom left corner value
    br = bottom(1,colsize); %Bottom right corner value

    %Arrays that hold the corner pixels
    atl = zeros(add,add);
    atr = zeros(add,add);
    abl = zeros(add,add);
    abr = zeros(add,add);
    for i = 1:add
        for j = 1:add
            atl(i,j) = tl;
```

```
            atr(i,j) = tr;
            abl(i,j) = bl;
            abr(i,j) = br;
        end
    end
    extended = ones(rowsize+add+add, colsize+add+add); %Image extended out
    extended = extended.*-1; %Initialize each element to -1 so we know which elements have
been changed

    top = [atl top atr];
    bottom = [abl bottom abr];
    %disp(bottom);
    %Add top row
    for i = 1:add
        for j = 1:size(extended,2)
            extended(i,j) = top(i,j);
        end
    end
    %Add bottom row
    for i = (size(extended,1)-add+1):size(extended,1)
        r = 1;
        for j = 1:size(extended,2)
            extended(i,j) = bottom(r,j);
        end
        r = r+1;
    end
    %Add left and right rows
    for i = 1+add:size(extended,1)-add
        for j = 1:add
            extended(i,j) = left(i-add,j);
        end
        c = 1;
        for j = (size(extended,2)-add+1):size(extended,2)
            extended(i,j) = right(i-add,c);
        end
        c = c+1;
    end
    %Add back in original image
    for i = 1:rowsize
        for j = 1:colsize
            extended(i+add,j+add) = img(i,j);
        end
    end
```

```
end
```