## Exercise 10.9

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Let  $U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be open, and let  $\Phi : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^n$  be a  $C^1$  mapping. Suppose that there is a point  $p_0 \in U$  such that  $\Phi'(p_0) : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^n$  is an isomorphism.

Define the function  $\Psi = \Phi^{-1}$ . From the previous exercises, we know that  $\Psi'(q) = \Phi'(\Psi(q))^{-1}$ . It remains to show that  $\Psi'$  is continuous.

Exercise 10.9  $\Psi'$  is continuous.

*Proof.* Consider the inversion map  $T: \mathrm{GL}(\mathbb{R}^n) \to \mathrm{GL}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . That is, for an invertible linear mapping A in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $T(A) = A^{-1}$ . It will be shown that T is continuous.

First, we will show that for small enough  $\delta$ ,

Fix  $A \in GL(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and let  $\varepsilon > 0$ . Since  $GL(\mathbb{R}^n)$  is open, for some  $\delta_0$ ,  $B(A, \delta_0) \subseteq GL(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Let  $\delta = \min\{\delta_0, \|A^{-1}\|_{op}^{-2}\}$ . Let  $h \in GL(\mathbb{R}^n)$  so that  $\|h\|_{op} < \delta$ . Fix  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$  such that  $\|x\| = 1$ . Since  $(A + h)^{-1}$  is surjective, we have x = (A + h)(y), for some  $y \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . We see that

$$||(A+h)^{-1}(x) - A^{-1}(x)|| = ||y - (y + A^{-1}(h(y)))|| = ||A^{-1} \circ h(y)|| \le ||A^{-1}||_{\text{op}} ||h||_{\text{op}} ||y||$$

$$||T(A+h) - T(A)||_{\text{op}} = ||(A+h)^{-1} \circ (A+h) \circ ((A+h)^{-1} - A^{-1})||_{\text{op}}$$

$$= ||(A+h)^{-1} \circ ((A+h) \circ (A+h)^{-1} - (A+h) \circ A^{-1})||_{\text{op}} = ||(A+h)^{-1} \circ (-h \circ A^{-1})||_{\text{op}}$$

$$\le ||(A+h)^{-1}||_{\text{op}} ||h||_{\text{op}} ||A^{-1}||_{\text{op}}$$