# Question 1

Find the error term for the derivative approximation:

$$f''(x_0) \approx \frac{2f(x_0 - h) - 3f(x_0) + f(x_0 + 2h)}{3h^2}.$$

We write the polynomial expansion for each term on the right:

$$f(x_0 - h) = f(x_0) - f'(x_0)h + f''(x_0)h^2 - \frac{f'''(\xi_1)}{6}h^3$$
$$f(x_0) = f(x_0)$$
$$f(x_0 + 2h) = f(x_0) + 2f'(x_0)h + 4f''(x_0)h^2 + \frac{4f'''(\xi_2)}{3}h^3$$

Then

$$2f(x_0 - h) - 3f(x_0) + f(x_0 + 2h) = 6f''(x_0)h^2 - \frac{2f'''(\xi_1)}{6}h^3 + \frac{4f'''(\xi_2)}{3}h^3$$
$$\frac{2f(x_0 - h) - 3f(x_0) + f(x_0 + 2h)}{3h^2} = 2f''(x_0)h^2 - \frac{1}{9}f'''(\xi_1)h + \frac{4}{9}f'''(x_0)h$$

so the error term is

$$f''(x_0) - \left[2f''(x_0)h^2 + \frac{1}{9}f'''(\xi_1)h - \frac{4}{9}f'''(x_0)h\right] = -f''(x_0)h^2 + \frac{1}{9}f'''(\xi_1)h - \frac{4}{9}f'''(x_0)h$$

### Question 2

Find the error term for the quadrature method, and state its degree of precision.

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+2h} f(x) \ dx \approx \frac{h}{2} \left[ 3f\left(x_0 + \frac{4}{3}h\right) + f(x_0) \right]$$

We expand the left hand side:

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+2h} f(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{x_0}^{x_0+2h} f(x_0) + f'(x_0)(x - x_0) + \frac{f''(x_0)}{2}(x - x_0)^2 + \frac{f'''(x_0)}{6}(x - x_0)^3 + \frac{f^{(4)}(\xi_1)}{24}(x - x_0)^4 dx$$

$$= 2f(x_0)h + 2f'(x_0)h^2 + \frac{4}{3}f''(x_0)h^3 + \frac{2}{3}f'''(x_0)h^4 + \frac{4}{15}f^{(4)}(\xi_1)h^5$$

Now we expand each term on the right hand side

$$f\left(x_0 + \frac{4}{3}h\right) = f(x_0) + \frac{4}{3}f'(x_0)h + \frac{8}{9}f''(x_0) + \frac{32}{81}f'''(x_0)h^3 + \frac{32}{243}f^{(4)}(\xi_2)h^4.$$

Thus

$$\frac{h}{2}\left[3f\left(x_0 + \frac{4}{3}h\right) + f(x_0)\right] = 2f(x_0)h + 2f'(x_0)h^2 + \frac{4}{3}f''(x_0) + \frac{16}{27}f'''(x_0)h^4 + \frac{16}{81}f^{(4)}(\xi_2)h^5.$$

and the error term is

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+2h} f(x) \ dx - \frac{h}{2} \left[ 3f \left( x_0 + \frac{4}{3}h \right) + f(x_0) \right] = \frac{2}{27} f'''(x_0) h^4 + \frac{4}{15} f^{(4)}(\xi_1) h^5 - \frac{16}{81} f^{(4)}(\xi_2) h^5$$

# Question 3

Consider the integral  $\int_1^7 \cos(x^2) dx$ 

- (a) Use the composite Simpson's rule to approximate the value of this integral using n=3 intervals.
- (b) Determine the number of intervals n needed to guarantee an error of at most  $10^{-4}$ .

# Question 4

Consider the IVP:

$$2\dot{y} + y = t^4 + 1, \ y(1) = 2.$$

Apply the second degree Taylor method with h=0.5 to this ODE to approximate y(2). Show the details in each step.

### Question 5

Derive an ODE solver based on the stencil and corresponding integration formula.