

Chapter 1 homework

1. Find the real part, imaginary part, module, argument and complex conjugate of the following complex numbers:

(a) $2 + 2i$;

(b) $i + \frac{1-i}{1+i}$;

(c) $\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i\right)^{100} + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i\right)^{100}$;

(d) $i^{10} - 4i^{15} + i$.

2. Convert the following complex numbers into triangular expressions and exponential expressions:

(a) $-6 - 4i$;

(b) $1 + i \tan \theta$;

(c) $1 - \cos \varphi + i \sin \varphi$, $0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi$;

(d) $\frac{(\cos 3\varphi + i \sin 3\varphi)^3}{(\cos 2\varphi - i \sin 2\varphi)^{10}}$.

3. Point out the relationship between complex numbers z and iz .

4. Find the values of the following formulas:

(a) $\left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^8$;

(b) $(\sqrt{3} + i)^4$;

(c) $\sqrt[6]{-1}$;

(d) $(1-i)^{\frac{1}{3}}$.

5. Convert the following coordinate transformation formula into complex number form:

(a) Translation formula $\begin{cases} x = x_1 + a_1 \\ y = y_1 + b_1 \end{cases}$;

(b) Rotation formula $\begin{cases} x = x_1 \cos \alpha - y_1 \sin \alpha \\ y = x_1 \sin \alpha + y_1 \cos \alpha \end{cases}$.

6. Let ω be the n -th root of 1, but $\omega \neq 1$, prove that ω satisfies the equation $1 + \omega + \omega^2 + \cdots + \omega^{n-1} = 0$.

7. Compute the curves represented by the following equations (where t is a real parameter):

(a) $z = t + \frac{1}{t}i$ ($t \neq 0$);

(b) $z = a + re^{it}$ ($r > 0$ is a real constant and a is a complex number).

8. Find the curves represented by the following equations:

(a) $|z - 2| = 4$;

(b) $\arg(z - i) = \frac{\pi}{4}$;

(c) $z\bar{z} - \bar{a}z - a\bar{z} + a\bar{a} = b\bar{b}$ (a and b are complex constants).

9. Draw the graphs for the set of points z that satisfy the following inequalities, and indicate whether these point sets are bounded or unbounded, simply connected or multi-connected.

(a) $|z - 3| > 4$;

(b) $\left| \frac{z - 3}{z - 2} \right| \geq 1$;

(c) $|z - 2| - |z + 2| > 3$;

(d) $z\bar{z} - (2 + i)z - (2 - i)\bar{z} \leq 4$.

10. There is a function $w = f(z) = \frac{1}{z}$. Find what are the curves on the w -plane when we apply the mapping of f to the following functions on the z -plane.

(a) $x^2 + y^2 = 3$;

(b) $y = -x$.

11. Let

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2i} \left(\frac{z}{\bar{z}} - \frac{\bar{z}}{z} \right) \quad (z \neq 0)$$

and prove that when $z \rightarrow 0$, the limit of $f(z)$ does not exist.