1 Randomized Trials

1.1 Causal Effect

Difference between the treatment group and the control group. First we can construct a dummy variable D_i to indicate whether the *i*-th component is in the treatment group or the control group:

$$D_i = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if the i-th component is in the treatment group} \\ 0, & \text{if the i-th component is in the control group} \end{cases}$$

Difference in group means =
$$Avg_n[Y_{1i} \mid D_i = 1] - Avg_n[Y_{0i} \mid D_i = 0]$$

But this equation is not what we are looking for. (Why? Not the comparasion between apples and apples.) We use to denote the effect of the treatment, then we have:

$$Y_{1i} = Y_{0i} + \kappa$$

$$\begin{split} \text{Diffenence in group means} &= Avg_n[Y_{1i} \mid D_i = 1] - Avg_n[Y_{0i} \mid D_i = 0] \\ &= \kappa + Avg_n[Y_{0i} \mid D_i = 1] - Avg_n[Y_{0i} \mid D_i = 0] \\ &= \kappa + \{Avg_n[Y_{0i} \mid D_i = 1] - Avg_n[Y_{0i} \mid D_i = 0] \} \end{split}$$

According to this, the difference between the two groups can be written as:

Diffenence in group means = Average causal effect + Section bias

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1.2 Fundamental Knowledge of Inference

- Unbiasedness of the sample mean: $E[\bar{Y}] = E[Y_i]$
- Variance of the sample mean: $Var[\bar{Y}] = \frac{\sigma_Y^2}{r}$
- the Estimated standard error: $\hat{SE}(\bar{Y}) = \frac{S(Y_i)}{\sqrt{n}}$
- the Estimated standard error of the difference in means:

$$\hat{SE}(\bar{Y}_1-\bar{Y}_0)=\sigma_Y\sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1}+\frac{1}{n_0}}$$

• the t-statistic for the difference in means: $t(\mu)=\frac{\bar{Y}_1-\bar{Y}_0-\mu}{\widehat{SE}(\bar{Y}_1-\bar{Y}_0)}$

$$t(\mu) = \frac{\bar{Y}_1 - \bar{Y}_0 - \mu}{\hat{SE}(\bar{Y}_1 - \bar{Y}_0)}$$