

Xintong Wang

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EDUCATION

South China University of Technology	School of Computer Science and Engineering	Master of Engineering
	Computer Science	09.2016-06.2019
South China University of Technology	School of Computer Science and Engineering	Bachelor of Engineering
GPA: 3.4/4	Computer Science & Technology	09.2012-06.2016

RESEARCH INTERESTS

- Machine Learning, Deep Learning, Computer Vision, Natural Language Processing
- Distributed Storage and Computing System

PUBLICATIONS

- **Xintong Wang**, Jianming Lv. Cross-dataset Person Re-Identification Using Similarity Preserved Generative Adversarial Networks. KSEM-18: International Conference on Knowledge Science, Engineering and Management. 2018
- Jianming Lv, Qing Li, **Xintong Wang**. T-CONV: A Convolutional Neural Network For Multi-scale Taxi Trajectory Prediction. BigComp-18: IEEE International Conference on Big Data and Smart Computing. 2018
- HaitaoYang, Jianming Lv, Fei Xu, **Xintong Wang**, Yilin Huang, Lanting Xia, and Xuewu Zhu. Regression Approach for Optimal Purchase of Hosts Cluster in Fixed Fund for Hadoop Big-data Platform. 19th International Conference on Smart City, Transportation and Buildings. 2017
- Jianming Lv, **Xintong Wang**, Fengtao Huang, Junjie Yang. TREST: A Hadoop Based Distributed Mobile Trajectory Retrieval System. DSC-16: IEEE International Conference on Data Science in Cyberspace. 2016
- Haibiao Lin, Jianming Lv, Can Yang, Miaoyi Deng, Kaitao Wang, **Xintong Wang**. GPS Trajectory Mining : a Survey. In Journal of Computational Information Systems: Vol. 10 (16). 2014

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Generative Adversarial Network for Abstractive Text Summarization

SIAT@CAS

Supervised by Prof. Min Yang, Chinese Academy of Sciences

March 2018 - Now

Proposed an adversarial process for abstractive text summarization, in which we simultaneously trained a generative model G (as an agent of reinforcement learning, which takes raw text as input and predicts the abstractive summarization) and a discriminative model D which attempts to distinguish the generated summary from the ground truth summary.

Extensive experiments on CNN and Daily Mail dataset showed that our model was able to generate more abstractive, readable and diverse summaries.

Cross-dataset Person Re-Identification Using Similarity Preserved Generative Adversarial Networks.

Intelligent Information Fusion Lab@SCUT

Supervised by Prof. Jianming Lv, South China University of Technology

Sep. 2017 - Jan. 2018

Due to the high cost of data labeling, most proposed Re-ID algorithms conduct supervised learning on small-labeled datasets. Directly deploying these trained models to real-world large-scale camera networks may lead to poor performance. We address this cross-dataset Re-ID challenge by transforming unlabeled images in the target domain to fit the classifier using our proposed similarity preserved generative adversarial networks model.

Comprehensive experiments based on real datasets indicated that our model performed better than state-of-the-art cross-dataset unsupervised transfer learning algorithms.

Paper has been accepted by **KSEM**, Full paper. Acceptance rate of 23%.

A Convolutional Neural Network For Multi-scale Taxi Trajectory Prediction.

Intelligent Information
Fusion Lab@SCUT

Supervised by Prof. Jianming Lv, South China University of Technology

Sep. 2016 - Sep. 2017

Proposed T-CONV which models trajectories as two-dimensional images, and adopts multi-layer convolutional neural networks to combine multi-scale trajectory patterns to achieve precise prediction. Furthermore, we integrate multiple local enhancement convolutional fields to explore these critical areas deeply for better prediction.

- Comprehensive experiments based on real trajectory data showed that T-CONV can achieve higher accuracy than state-of-the-art methods.
- Paper has been accepted by BigComp, Full paper.

Hadoop Based Distributed Mobile Trajectory Retrieval System.

New Media Lab@SCUT

Supervised by Prof. Jianming Lv, South China University of Technology

Sep. 2015 - Sep. 2016

Developed a mobile trajectory retrieval system named TREST, based on distributed Hadoop and HBase systems. TREST makes use of the horizontal expansion mechanism of Hadoop to store overwhelming spatio-temporal trajectories, and supports frequent incremental insertion of data stream. Meanwhile, TREST maps the spatio-temporal features of trajectories into simple key-value schema of HBase to support fast retrieval.

- Experiments on this data set showed that TREST can efficiently support both Single-track and All-track retrieval within milliseconds.
- Paper has been accepted by DSC, Full paper.

SCHOLARSHIPS / AWARDS

• First Prize of Academic Scholarships of South China University of Technology	2017-2018
• First Prize of Academic Scholarships of South China University of Technology	2016-2017
• Tencent Scholarship of the Science and Technology (1%)	2015-2016
• Anju Bao Scholarship of the Science and Technology (1%)	2014-2015
• Merit Student of the Campus, Second-grade Excellent Study Scholarship	2013-2014
• Honorable Mention of Mathematical Contest In Modeling Certificate of Achievement	2015
• Gold Prize in National COMAP's Computer Software Design Contest.	2015

PROGRAMMING SKILLS

• Computer Language:	Python, C++, Java
• Development Software:	Pycharm, Eclipse, Ipython notebook
• Database Software:	MySQL, Oracle, HBase, Hive
• Toolkit for Data Analysis:	Numpy, Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn, NLTK, Sklearn
• Framework for Deep Learning:	Pytorch, Tensorflow, Keras, MXNet
• Framework for Distributed Computing:	Hadoop, Spark
• Editing Software:	Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Latex