

Solving the Problem of

Overfitting

Review

## Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 80% or higher

**Keep Learning** 

GRADE 100%

## **Logistic Regression**

**DUE** Oct 7, 2:59 PM SGT **ATTEMPTS** 3 every 8 hours

Reading: Lecture Slides Logistic Regression

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE Quiz: Logistic Regression 5 guestions

100%

Correct

Submit your assignment

Try again

1. Suppose that you have trained a logistic regression classifier, and it outputs on a new example x a prediction  $h_{ heta}(x)$  = 0.7. This means (check all that apply):

1 / 1 point

Receive grade TO PASS 80% or higher

Grade 100%

View Feedback

2. Suppose you have the following training set, and fit a logistic regression classifier

1/1 point

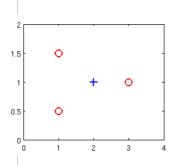


We keep your highest score



 $h_{ heta}(x)=g( heta_0+ heta_1x_1+ heta_2x_2).$ 

$x_1$	$x_2$	у
1	0.5	0
1	1.5	0
2	1	1
3	1	0



Which of the following are true? Check all that apply.

Correct

3. For logistic regression, the gradient is given by  $rac{\partial}{\partial heta_j}J( heta)=rac{1}{m}\sum_{i=1}^m(h_{ heta}(x^{(i)})-y^{(i)})x_j^{(i)}$  . Which of these is a correct gradient descent update for logistic regression with a learning rate of lpha? Check all that apply.

1/1 point

/ Correct

4. Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.

1/1 point

/ Correct

5. Suppose you train a logistic classifier  $h_{ heta}(x)=g( heta_0+ heta_1x_1+ heta_2x_2)$ . Suppose  $| heta_0|=6, heta_1=0, heta_2=-1$ . Which of the following figures represents the decision boundary found by your classifier?

1/1 point

✓ Correct