Window Functions

INTERMEDIATE SQL



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Working with aggregate values

Requires you to use GROUP BY with all non-aggregate columns

```
SELECT
  country_id,
  season,
  date,
  AVG(home_goal) AS avg_home
FROM match
GROUP BY country_id;
```

```
ERROR: column "match.season" must appear in the GROUP BY clause or be used in an aggregate function
```

Introducing window functions!

- Perform calculations on an already generated result set (a window)
- Aggregate calculations
 - Similar to subqueries in SELECT
 - Running totals, rankings, moving averages

What's a window function?

• How many goals were scored in each match in 2011/2012, and how did that compare to the average?

```
SELECT
  date,
  (home_goal + away_goal) AS goals,
  (SELECT AVG(home_goal + away_goal)
    FROM match
    WHERE season = '2011/2012') AS overall_avg
FROM match
WHERE season = '2011/2012';
```

What's a window function?

• How many goals were scored in each match in 2011/2012, and how did that compare to the average?

```
SELECT
   date,
   (home_goal + away_goal) AS goals,
   AVG(home_goal + away_goal) OVER() AS overall_avg
FROM match
WHERE season = '2011/2012';
```

Generate a RANK

• What is the rank of matches based on number of goals scored?

```
SELECT
   date,
   (home_goal + away_goal) AS goals
FROM match
WHERE season = '2011/2012';
```

Generate a RANK

 What is the rank of matches based on number of goals scored?

```
SELECT
    date,
    (home_goal + away_goal) AS goals,
    RANK() OVER(ORDER BY home_goal + away_goal) AS goals_rank
FROM match
WHERE season = '2011/2012';
```

Generate a RANK

• What is the rank of matches based on number of goals scored?

```
SELECT
    date,
    (home_goal + away_goal) AS goals,
    RANK() OVER(ORDER BY home_goal + away_goal DESC) AS goals_rank
FROM match
WHERE season = '2011/2012';
```

Key Differences

- Processed after every part of query except ORDER BY
 - Uses information in result set rather than database
- Available in PostgreSQL, Oracle, MySQL, SQL Server...
 - ...but NOT SQLite

Let's Practice!

INTERMEDIATE SQL



Window Partitions

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OVER and PARTITION BY

- Calculate separate values for different categories
- Calculate different calculations in the same column

AVG(home_goal) OVER(PARTITION BY season)

Partition your data

 How many goals were scored in each match, and how did that compare to the overall average?

```
SELECT
  date,
  (home_goal + away_goal) AS goals,
  AVG(home_goal + away_goal) OVER() AS overall_avg
FROM match;
```

Partition your data

 How many goals were scored in each match, and how did that compare to the season's average?

```
SELECT
   date,
   (home_goal + away_goal) AS goals,
   AVG(home_goal + away_goal) OVER(PARTITION BY season) AS season_avg
FROM match;
```

PARTITION by Multiple Columns

```
SELECT
  c.name,
  m.season,
  (home_goal + away_goal) AS goals,
  AVG(home_goal + away_goal)
        OVER(PARTITION BY m.season, c.name) AS season_ctry_avg
FROM country AS c
LEFT JOIN match AS m
ON c.id = m.country_id
```

Belgium 2011/2012 1	name	season	goals	season_ctry_avg
Netherlands 2014/2015 1		-		-
Belgium 2011/2012 1 2.88	Belgium	2011/2012	1	1 2.88
	Netherlands	2014/2015	1 1	3.08
Spain 2014/2015 2 2.66	Belgium	2011/2012	1	2.88
	Spain	2014/2015	2	2.66



PARTITION BY considerations

- Can partition data by 1 or more columns
- Can partition aggregate calculations, ranks, etc

Let's Practice!

INTERMEDIATE SQL



Sliding Windows

INTERMEDIATE SQL



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Sliding Windows

- Perform calculations relative to the current row
- Can be used to calculate running totals, sums, averages, etc
- Can be partitioned by one or more columns

Sliding Window Keywords

ROWS BETWEEN <start> AND <finish>

PRECEDING

FOLLOWING

UNBOUNDED PRECEDING

UNBOUNDED FOLLOWING

CURRENT ROW



Sliding Window Example

```
-- Manchester City Home Games

SELECT

date,
home_goal,
away_goal,
SUM(home_goal)

OVER(ORDER BY date ROWS BETWEEN

UNBOUNDED PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW) AS running_total

FROM match
WHERE hometeam_id = 8456 AND season = '2011/2012';
```

2011-08-15 4	date	home_goal	Ī	away_goal		running_total	1
2011-09-10 3			-		-		-
2011-09-24 2 0 9	2011-08-15	4	I	0	l	4	1
	2011-09-10	3		0	l	7	1
2011-10-15 4 1 13	2011-09-24	2		0	I	9	
	2011-10-15	4		1		13	-

Sliding Window Frame

```
-- Manchester City Home Games

SELECT date,
home_goal,
away_goal,
SUM(home_goal)

OVER(ORDER BY date
ROWS BETWEEN 1 PRECEDING
AND CURRENT ROW) AS last2

FROM match
WHERE hometeam_id = 8456
AND season = '2011/2012';
```

date	home_goal	away_goal	last2
2011-08-15	4	0	4
2011-09-10	3	0	7
2011-09-24	2	0	5
2011-10-15	4	1	6

Let's Practice!

INTERMEDIATE SQL



Bringing it all Together

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SQL

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What you've learned so far

- CASE statements
- Simple subqueries
- Nested and correlated subqueries
- Common table expressions
- Window functions

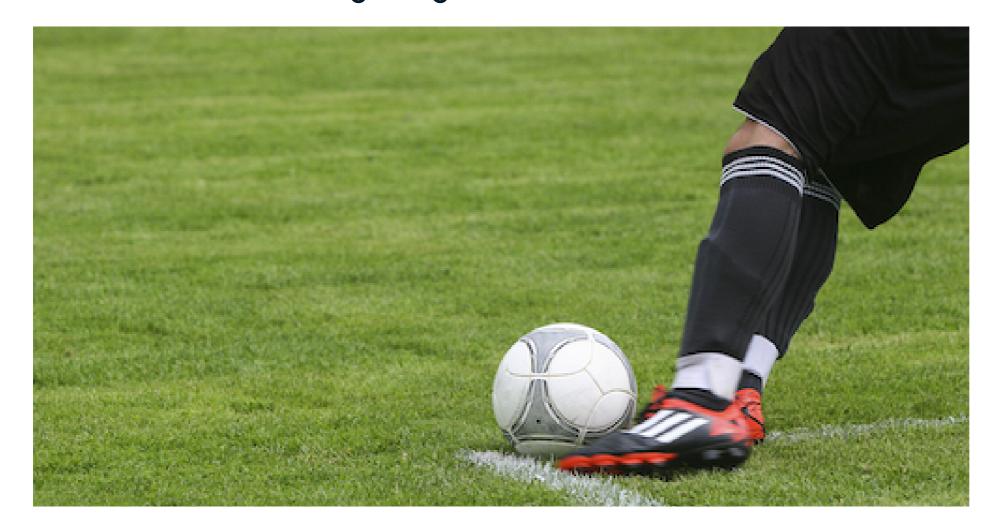
Let's do a case study!

Who defeated Manchester United in the 2013/2014 season?



Steps to construct the query

- Get team names with CTEs
- Get match outcome with CASE statements
- Determine how badly they lost with a window function



Getting the database for yourself

Full European Soccer Database



Let's Practice!

INTERMEDIATE SQL

