Stack Overflow questions

JOINING DATA WITH DPLYR

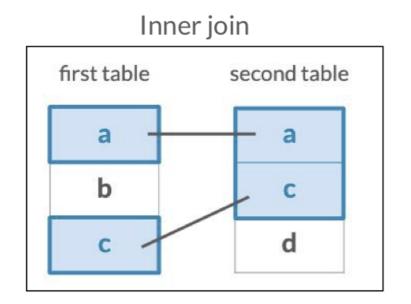


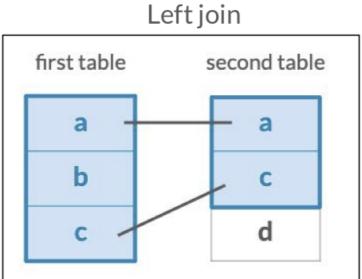
Chris Cardillo

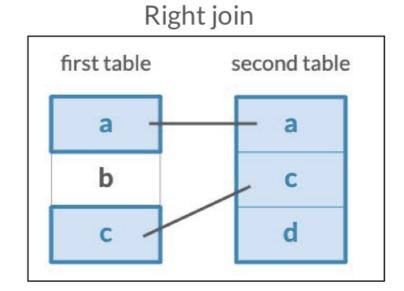
Data Scientist



The joining verbs

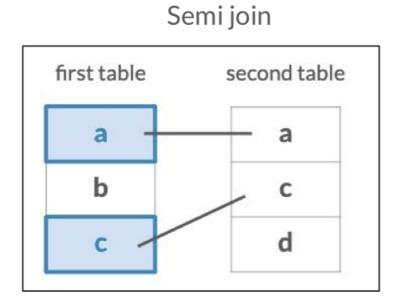


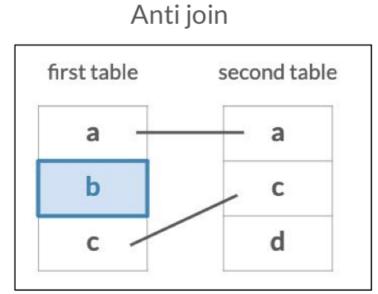




first table second table

b
c
d





Can dplyr join on multiple columns or composite key?

Asked 4 years, 9 months ago Active 1 year ago Viewed 93k times I realize that dplyr v3.0 allows you to join on different variables: left_join(x, y, by = c("a" = "b") will match x.a to y.b 89 However, is it possible to join on a combination of variables or do I have to add a composite key beforehand? Something like this: $left_{join}(x, y, by = c("a c" = "b d"))$ to match the concatenation of [x.a and x.c] to [y.b] and y.d] r dplyr share edit close flag edited Jul 18 '18 at 15:16 asked Oct 28 '14 at 15:07 JasonAizkalns 13.3k ● 4 ● 36 ● 87 MusTheDataGuy 2,462 • 18 • 61 • 98 add a comment 1 Answer active oldest votes You can pass a named vector of length greater than 1 to the by argument of left_join(): 154 library(dplyr) d1 <- data_frame(</pre> x = letters[1:3],y = LETTERS[1:3],a = rnorm(3)

The questions table

questions

```
# A tibble: 294,735 x 3
        id creation_date score
     <int> <date> <int>
1 22557677 2014-03-21
2 22557707 2014-03-21
3 22558084 2014-03-21
4 22558395 2014-03-21
5 22558613 2014-03-21
6 22558677 2014-03-21
7 22558887 2014-03-21
8 22559180 2014-03-21
9 22559312 2014-03-21
10 22559322 2014-03-21
# ... with 294,725 more rows
```

The question_tags and tags tables

```
question_tags
```

```
# A tibble: 497,153 x 2
  question_id tag_id
         <int> <int>
      22557677
                   18
      22557677
 2
                  139
      22557677 16088
      22557677
                 1672
      22558084
                6419
     22558084
                92764
 6
      22558395
                 5569
      22558395
                 134
      22558395
                 9412
      22558395 18621
# ... with 497,143 more rows
```

tags

```
# A tibble: 48,299 x 2
       id tag_name
    <dbl> <chr>
1 124399 laravel-dusk
2 124402 spring-cloud-vault-config
3 124404 spring-vault
 4 124405 apache-bahir
5 124407 astc
6 124408 simulacrum
7 124410 angulartics2
8 124411 django-rest-viewsets
9 124414 react-native-lightbox
10 124417 java-module
# ... with 48,289 more rows
```

Joining question_tags with questions

```
questions %>%
inner_join(question_tags, by = c("id" = "question_id"))
```



Joining tags

```
questions_with_tags <- questions %>%
  inner_join(question_tags, by = c("id" = "question_id")) %>%
  inner_join(tags, by = c("tag_id" = "id"))
questions_with_tags
```

```
# A tibble: 497,153 x 5
        id creation_date score tag_id tag_name
     <int> <date>
                       <int> <dbl> <chr>
1 22557677 2014-03-21
                               18 regex
2 22557677 2014-03-21
                          1 139 string
3 22557677 2014-03-21
                          1 16088 time-complexity
4 22557677 2014-03-21
                          1 1672 backreference
5 22558084 2014-03-21
                          2 6419 time-series
6 22558084 2014-03-21
                          2 92764 panel-data
7 22558395 2014-03-21
                          2 5569 function
8 22558395 2014-03-21
                          2 134 sorting
9 22558395 2014-03-21
                          2 9412 vectorization
10 22558395 2014-03-21
                           2 18621 operator-precedence
# ... with 497,143 more rows
```



Most common tags

```
questions_with_tags %>%
  count(tag_name, sort = TRUE)
```

```
# A tibble: 7,840 x 2
  tag_name
                 n
  <chr>
             <int>
1 ggplot2
             28228
2 dataframe 18874
3 shiny
             14219
 4 dplyr
             14039
5 plot
           11315
 6 data.table 8809
7 matrix
              6205
8 loops
              5149
 9 regex
            4912
10 function
              4892
# ... with 7,830 more rows
```

Let's practice!

JOINING DATA WITH DPLYR



Joining questions and answers

JOINING DATA WITH DPLYR



Chris Cardillo

Data Scientist



The answers table

answers

```
# A tibble: 380,643 x 4
        id creation_date question_id score
     <int> <date>
                            <int> <int>
1 39143713 2016-08-25
                            39143518
                                         3
2 39143869 2016-08-25
                            39143518
3 39143935 2016-08-25
                            39142481
4 39144014 2016-08-25
                            39024390
5 39144252 2016-08-25
                            39096741
                                         6
6 39144375 2016-08-25
                            39143885
                                         5
7 39144430 2016-08-25
                            39144077
8 39144625 2016-08-25
                            39142728
9 39144794 2016-08-25
                            39043648
10 39145033 2016-08-25
                            39133170
# ... with 380,633 more rows
```

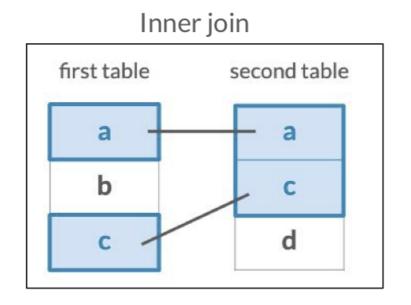


The question ID

```
questions %>%
inner_join(answers, by = c("id" = "question_id"))
```

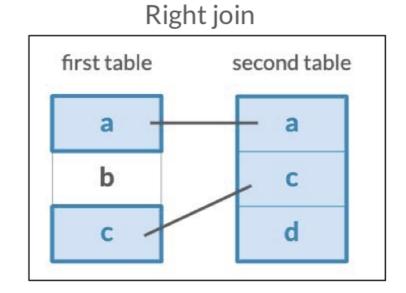
```
# A tibble: 380,643 x 6
       id creation_date.x score.x id.y creation_date.y score.y
     <int> <date>
                         <int>
                                 <int> <date>
                                                     <int>
1 22557677 2014-03-21
                            1 22560670 2014-03-21
2 22557707 2014-03-21 2 22558516 2014-03-21
3 22557707 2014-03-21 2 22558726 2014-03-21
                     2 22558085 2014-03-21
4 22558084 2014-03-21
5 22558084 2014-03-21 2 22606545 2014-03-24
6 22558084 2014-03-21
                     2 22610396 2014-03-24
7 22558084 2014-03-21
                            2 34374729 2015-12-19
8 22558395 2014-03-21 2 22559327 2014-03-21
9 22558395 2014-03-21 2 22560102 2014-03-21
10 22558395 2014-03-21
                           2 22560288 2014-03-21
# ... with 380,633 more rows
```

The joining verbs



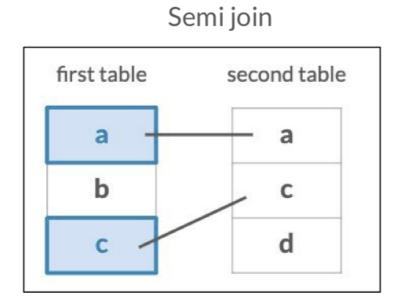
first table second table

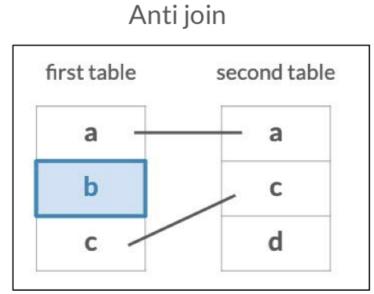
b
c
d



first table second table

b
c
d





Let's practice!

JOINING DATA WITH DPLYR



The bind_rows verb

JOINING DATA WITH DPLYR



Chris Cardillo

Data Scientist



Comparing tables

questions

```
# A tibble: 294,735 x 3
        id creation_date score
     <int> <date>
                     <int>
1 22557677 2014-03-21
2 22557707 2014-03-21
3 22558084 2014-03-21
4 22558395 2014-03-21
5 22558613 2014-03-21
6 22558677 2014-03-21
7 22558887 2014-03-21
8 22559180 2014-03-21
9 22559312 2014-03-21
10 22559322 2014-03-21
# ... with 294,725 more rows
```

answers

```
# A tibble: 380,635 x 4
        id creation_date question_id score
     <int> <date>
                            <int> <int>
1 39143713 2016-08-25
                          39143518
                                      3
2 39143869 2016-08-25
                          39143518
3 39143935 2016-08-25
                          39142481
 4 39144014 2016-08-25
                          39024390
5 39144252 2016-08-25
                          39096741
 6 39144375 2016-08-25
                          39143885
7 39144430 2016-08-25
                          39144077
8 39144625 2016-08-25
                          39142728
 9 39144794 2016-08-25
                          39043648
10 39145033 2016-08-25
                          39133170
# ... with 380,625 more rows
```

Binding rows

```
questions %>%
bind_rows(answers)
```

```
# A tibble: 675,370 x 4
        id creation_date score question_id
     <int> <date>
                        <int>
                                    <int>
1 22557677 2014-03-21
                            1
2 22557707 2014-03-21
 3 22558084 2014-03-21
 4 22558395 2014-03-21
 5 22558613 2014-03-21
 6 22558677 2014-03-21
                            2
7 22558887 2014-03-21
 8 22559180 2014-03-21
 9 22559312 2014-03-21
                            0
10 22559322 2014-03-21
                                       NA
# ... with 675,360 more rows
```

Using bind rows

```
questions_type <- questions %>%
  mutate(type = "question")

answers_type <- answers %>%
  mutate(type = "answer")

posts <- bind_rows(questions_type, answers_type)
posts

# A tibble: 675,370 x 5</pre>
```

```
id creation_date score type
                                         question_id
      <int> <date>
                          <int> <chr>
                                               <int>
 1 22557677 2014-03-21
                              1 question
                                                  NA
 2 22557707 2014-03-21
                              2 question
                                                  NA
 3 22558084 2014-03-21
                              2 question
                                                  NA
 4 22558395 2014-03-21
                              2 question
                                                  NA
 5 22558613 2014-03-21
                              0 question
                                                  NA
 6 22558677 2014-03-21
                              2 question
                                                  NA
 7 22558887 2014-03-21
                              8 question
                                                  NA
 8 22559180 2014-03-21
                              1 question
                                                  NA
                              0 question
                                                  NA
 9 22559312 2014-03-21
10 22559322 2014-03-21
                              2 question
                                                  NA
# ... with 675,360 more rows
```



Aggregating

```
posts %>%
  group_by(type) %>%
  summarize(average_score = mean(score))
```

Creating date variable

```
library(lubridate)

posts %>%
  mutate(year = year(creation_date))
```

```
# A tibble: 675,370 x 6
        id creation_date score type
                                       question_id year
      <int> <date>
                         <int> <chr>
                                             <int> <dbl>
 1 22557677 2014-03-21
                             1 question
                                                NA 2014
 2 22557707 2014-03-21
                             2 question
                                                NA 2014
                             2 question
                                                NA 2014
 3 22558084 2014-03-21
 4 22558395 2014-03-21
                             2 question
                                                NA 2014
 5 22558613 2014-03-21
                             0 question
                                                NA 2014
 6 22558677 2014-03-21
                             2 question
                                                NA 2014
 7 22558887 2014-03-21
                             8 question
                                                NA 2014
 8 22559180 2014-03-21
                             1 question
                                                NA 2014
 9 22559312 2014-03-21
                             0 question
                                                NA 2014
10 22559322 2014-03-21
                             2 question
                                                NA 2014
# ... with 675,360 more rows
```



Counting date variable

```
posts %>%
  mutate(year = year(creation_date)) %>%
  count(year, type)
```

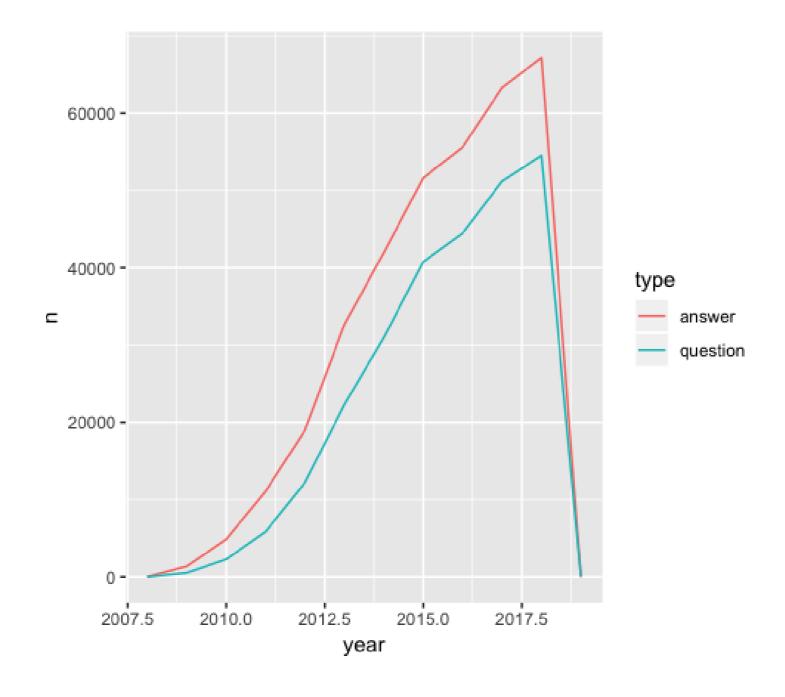
```
# A tibble: 24 x 3
   year type
                     n
  <dbl> <chr>
               <int>
   2008 answer
    2008 question
   2009 answer
                  1356
    2009 question 524
   2010 answer
                  4846
   2010 question 2264
   2011 answer
                 11077
   2011 question 5837
   2012 answer
                18967
   2012 question 12210
# ... with 14 more rows
```

Plotting date variable

```
questions_answers_year <- posts %>%
  mutate(year = year(creation_date)) %>%
  count(year, type)

ggplot(questions_answers_year, aes(year, n, color = type)) +
  geom_line()
```

The posts plot



Let's practice!

JOINING DATA WITH DPLYR



Congratulations!

JOINING DATA WITH DPLYR

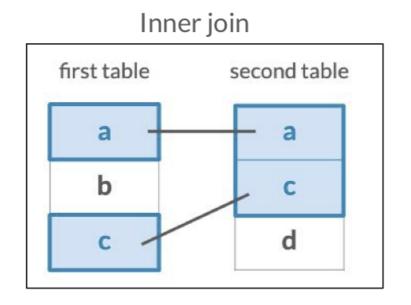


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Data Scientist

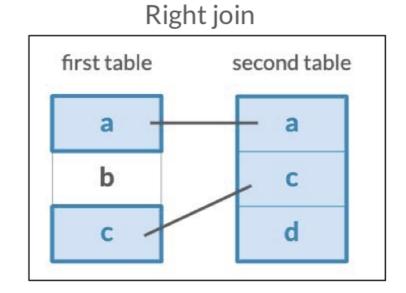


The joining verbs



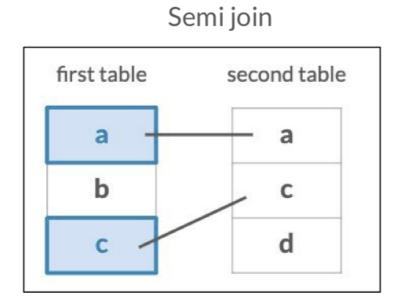
first table second table

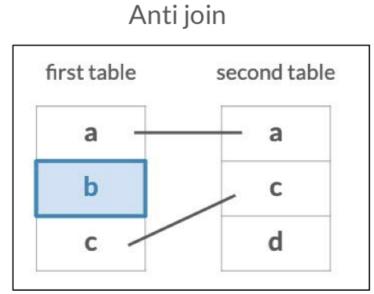
b
c
d



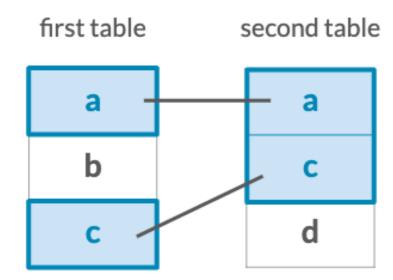
first table second table

b
c
d

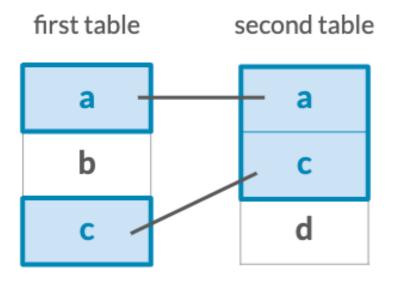




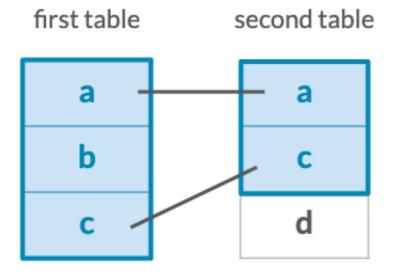
Inner join



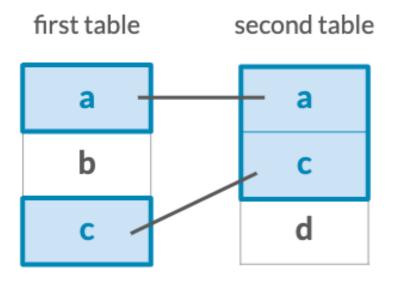
Inner join



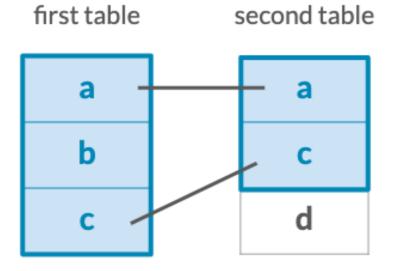
Left join



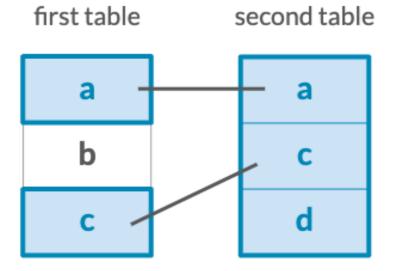
Inner join



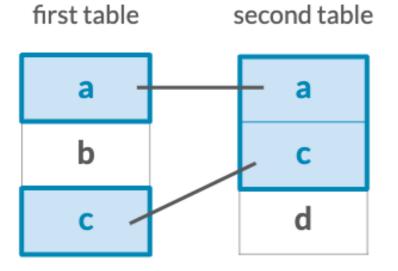
Left join



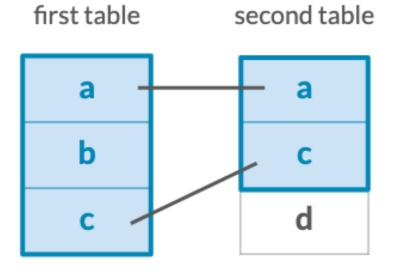
Right join



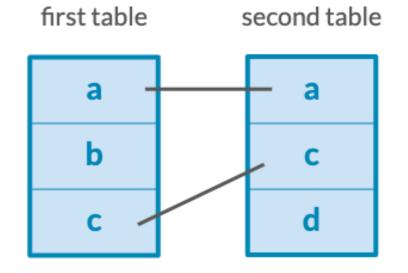
Inner join



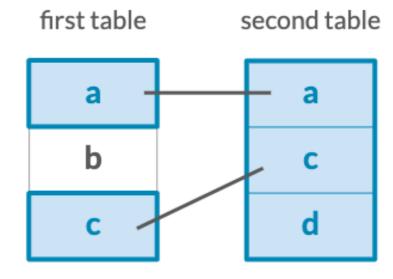
Left join



Full join

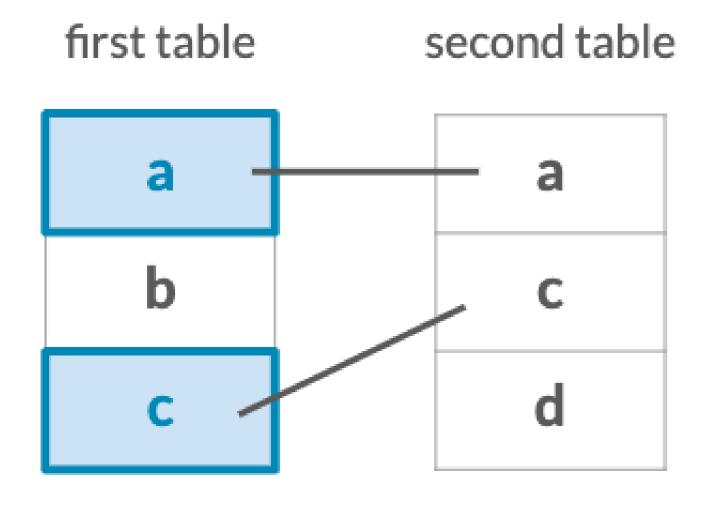


Right join



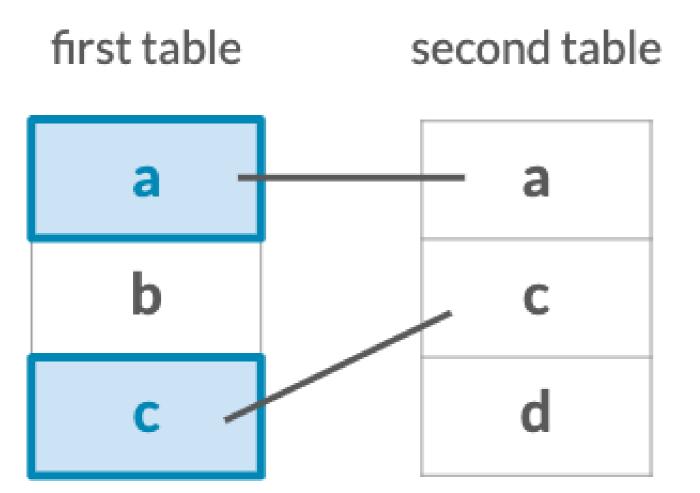
The filtering joins

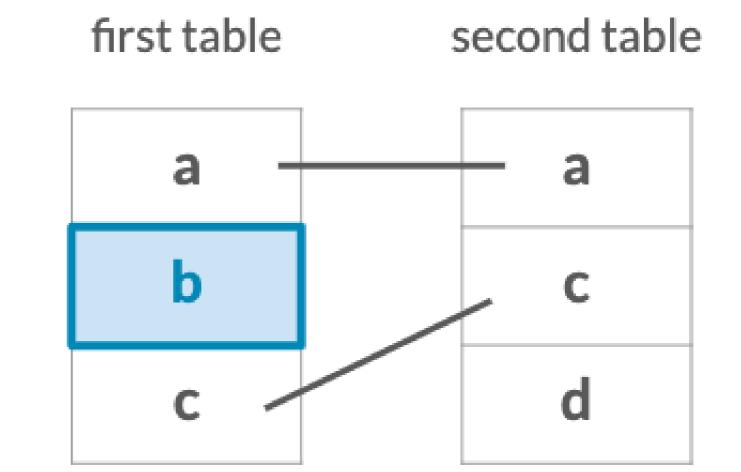
Semi join



The filtering joins

Semi join Anti join





Congratulations!



Congratulations!

JOINING DATA WITH DPLYR

