Visualizing a Bayesian model

BAYESIAN REGRESSION MODELING WITH RSTANARM



Jake Thompson

Psychometrician, ATLAS, University of Kansas



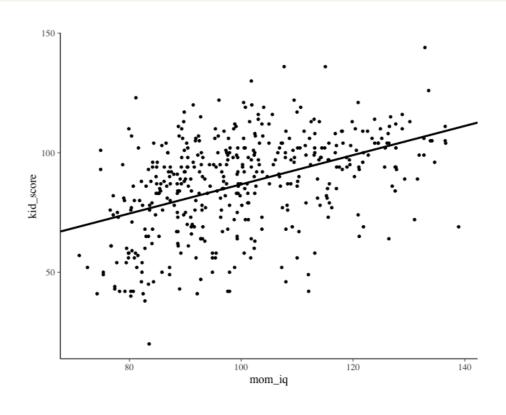
```
stan_model <- stan_glm(kid_score ~ mom_iq, data = kidiq)</pre>
tidy(stan_model)
# A tibble: 2 x 3
              estimate std.error
  term
          <dbl>
                           <dbl>
  <chr>
1 (Intercept) 25.7
                          5.92
2 mom_iq
                 0.611
                           0.0590
tidy_coef <- tidy(stan_model)</pre>
model_intercept <- tidy_coef$estimate[1]</pre>
model_intercept
model_slope <- tidy_coef$estimate[2]</pre>
model_slope
25.67857
```

Q datacamp

0.6110473

Creating a plot

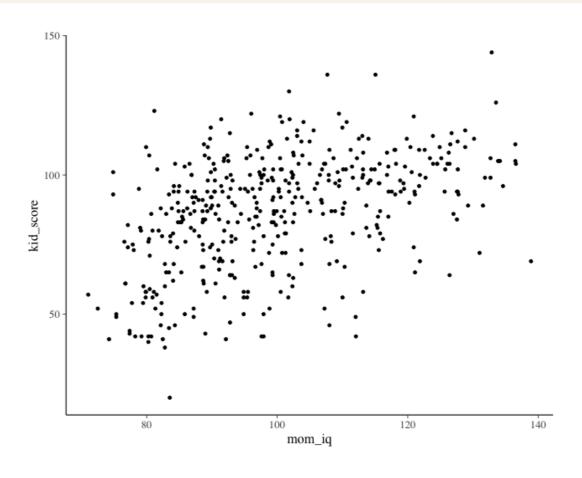
```
ggplot(kidiq, aes(x = mom_iq, y = kid_score)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_abline(intercept = model_intercept, slope = model_slope)
```



```
draws <- spread_draws(stan_model, `(Intercept)`, mom_iq)
draws</pre>
```

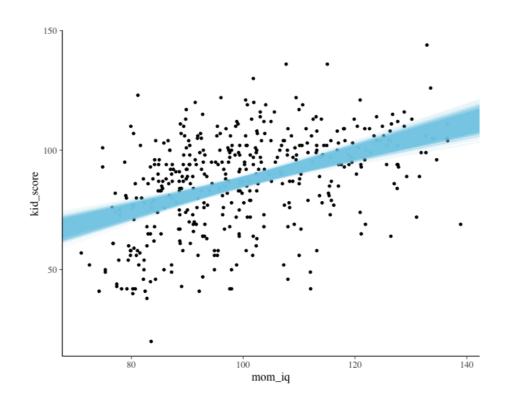
```
# A tibble: 4,000 x 5
   .chain .iteration .draw `(Intercept)` mom_iq
              <int> <int>
                                 <dbl> <dbl>
   <int>
                                  28.2 0.586
                                  28.7 0.593
                                  13.5 0.735
                                  30.3 0.564
                                  34.5 0.522
                                  19.2 0.669
                                  34.8 0.523
                  8
                                  16.3 0.707
     with 3,992 more rows
```

```
ggplot(kidiq, aes(x = mom_iq, y = kid_score)) +
  geom_point()
```

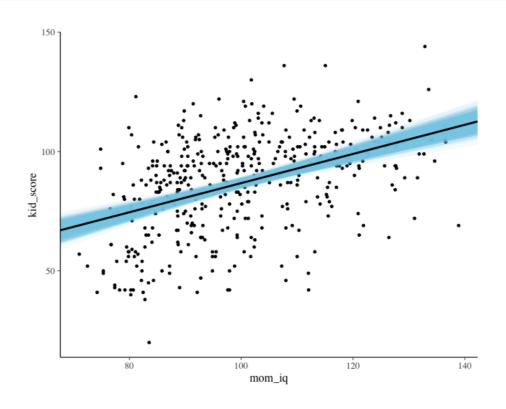




```
ggplot(kidiq, aes(x = mom_iq, y = kid_score)) +
  geom_point()
  geom_abline(data = draws, aes(intercept = `(Intercept)`, slope = mom_iq),
    size = 0.2, alpha = 0.1, color = "skyblue")
```



```
ggplot(kidiq, aes(x = mom_iq, y = kid_score)) +
  geom_point()
  geom_abline(data = draws, aes(intercept = `(Intercept)`, slope = mom_iq),
    size = 0.2, alpha = 0.1, color = "skyblue") +
  geom_abline(intercept = model_intercept, slope = model_slope)
```



Let's practice

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Making predictions

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Making predictions for observed data

```
stan_model <- stan_glm(kid_score ~ mom_iq + mom_hs, data = kidiq)
posteriors <- posterior_predict(stan_model)
posteriors[1:10, 1:5]</pre>
```

```
2
                                                   5
     61.08989
               58.57298
                        80.68946 101.00810
                                            76.37946
                                            72.98906
[2,] 111.52704
               49.92284
                        99.09657
                                  97.33291
     83.36793 81.35768 94.16414 101.73570
                                            64.69375
[4,] 118.15092 74.00476 107.28852 75.75912 91.93991
[5,] 103.95042 58.98491 128.40312 121.42753
                                            62,70008
[6,] 102.29874 127.74050 84.10661
                                  67.94056
                                            82.02546
     91.39445
               88.49029
                        75.05702 94.48594 102.50331
     93.33446 84.99589 101.49261 66.74698 68.26968
[9,] 101.85065 91.46998 123.43011 76.53226 74.93288
     79.61489 101.29745 105.97636 97.48332 99.80582
```

Making predictions for new data

```
predict_data <- data.frame(
    mom_iq = 110,
    mom_hs = c(0, 1))

predict_data</pre>
```

```
mom_iq mom_hs
1 110 0
2 110 1
```

Making predictions for new data

```
1 2
[1,] 90.90581 107.75710
[2,] 78.72466 139.86677
[3,] 80.67743 88.81523
[4,] 83.47852 74.06063
[5,] 69.07708 87.81177
[6,] 40.46229 85.45969
[7,] 79.41597 64.19011
[8,] 107.93867 117.49345
[9,] 95.31493 82.51476
[10,] 91.18056 94.22732
```

```
summary(new_predictions[, 1])
```

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
20.90 75.26 87.64 87.68 100.02 156.00
```

```
summary(new_predictions[, 2])
```

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 34.78 81.32 93.49 93.66 105.62 159.82
```

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Visualizing predictions

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Plotting new predictions

```
stan_model <- stan_glm(kid_score ~ mom_iq + mom_hs, data = kidiq)
predict_data <- data.frame(mom_iq = 110, mom_hs = c(0, 1))
posterior <- posterior_predict(stan_model, newdata = predict_data)
posterior[1:10,]</pre>
```

```
1 2
[1,] 76.75484 96.26407
[2,] 74.39001 100.38898
[3,] 90.90370 70.00591
[4,] 70.43835 120.82787
[5,] 113.98411 82.40497
[6,] 56.15829 121.84269
[7,] 90.46640 92.77966
[8,] 98.56337 110.17948
[9,] 108.86147 123.67762
[10,] 94.29429 83.77102
```

Formatting the data

```
posterior <- as.data.frame(posterior)
colnames(posterior) <- c("No HS", "Completed HS")
plot_posterior <- gather(posterior, key = "HS", value = "predict")
head(plot_posterior)</pre>
```

```
HS predict

1 No HS 76.75484

2 No HS 74.39001

3 No HS 90.90370

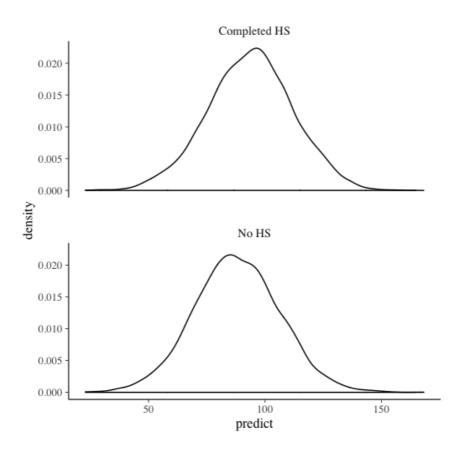
4 No HS 70.43835

5 No HS 113.98411

6 No HS 56.15829
```

Creating the plot

```
ggplot(plot_posterior, aes(x = predict)) +
  facet_wrap(~ HS, ncol = 1) +
  geom_density()
```



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Conclusion

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What we've learned

- How to estimate a Bayesian regression model
 - Differences betweens frequentist and Bayesian approaches
 - Importance of making correct inferences
- Modifying a Bayesian model
 - Size of the posterior distribution
 - Prior distributions
 - Estimation algorithm

What we've learned

- Evaluate model fit
 - R-squared
 - Posterior predictive model checks
 - Model comparisons
- Using the model
 - Model visualizations
 - Predictions

What we've missed

- Math behind posterior calculations and LOO approximation
- Choosing a prior distribution
- Causes of estimation errors

What comes next?

- More DataCamp courses
 - Bayesian Modeling with RJAGS
- rstanarm documentation
 - mc-stan.org/rstanarm
- Bayesian Data Analysis, Gelman et al., (2013)

Thank you!

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