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## quotient space

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Related topic AdjunctionSpace
Defines quotient topology
Defines quotient map

Let X be a topological space, and let  $\sim$  be an equivalence relation on X. Write  $X^*$  for the set of equivalence classes of X under  $\sim$ . The quotient topology on  $X^*$  is the topology whose open sets are the subsets  $U \subset X^*$  such that

$$\bigcup U \subset X$$

is an open subset of X. The space  $X^*$  is called the *quotient space* of the space X with respect to  $\sim$ . It is often written  $X/\sim$ .

The projection map  $\pi: X \longrightarrow X^*$  which sends each element of X to its equivalence class is always a continuous map. In fact, the map  $\pi$  satisfies the stronger property that a subset U of  $X^*$  is open if and only if the subset  $\pi^{-1}(U)$  of X is open. In general, any surjective map  $p: X \longrightarrow Y$  that satisfies this stronger property is called a *quotient map*, and given such a quotient map, the space Y is always homeomorphic to the quotient space of X under the equivalence relation

$$x \sim x' \iff p(x) = p(x').$$

As a set, the construction of a quotient space collapses each of the equivalence classes of  $\sim$  to a single point. The topology on the quotient space is then chosen to be the strongest topology such that the projection map  $\pi$  is continuous.

For  $A \subset X$ , one often writes X/A for the quotient space obtained by identifying all the points of A with each other.