



A *topological invariant* of a space  $X$  is a property that depends only on the topology of the space, i.e. it is shared by any topological space homeomorphic to  $X$ . Common examples include <http://planetmath.org/Compactcompactness>, <http://planetmath.org/ConnectedSpaceconnectedness>, <http://planetmath.org/T2SpaceHaus>, Euler characteristic, <http://planetmath.org/Orientation2orientability>, <http://planetmath.org> and like homology, homotopy groups, and K-theory.

Properties of a space depending on an extra structure such as a metric (i.e. volume, curvature, symplectic invariants) typically are not topological invariants, though sometimes there are useful interpretations of topological invariants which seem to depend on extra information like a metric (for example, the Gauss-Bonnet theorem).