

A topological space X is said to be *extremally disconnected* if every open set in X has an open closure.

It can be shown that X is extremally disconnected iff any two disjoint open sets in X have disjoint closures. Every extremally disconnected space is totally disconnected.

Notes Some authors like [?] and [?] use the above definition as is, while others (e.g. [?, ?]) require that an extremally disconnected space should (in addition to the above condition) also be a Hausdorff space.

References

- [1] S. Willard, *General Topology*, Addison-Wesley, Publishing Company, 1970.
- [2] J. L. Kelley, *General Topology*, D. van Nostrand Company, Inc., 1955.
- [3] L. A. Steen, J. A. Seebach, Jr., *Counterexamples in topology*, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc., 1970.
- [4] N. Bourbaki, *General Topology, Part 1*, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1966.