

UNIVERSITY OF FENG CHIA

POWER SYSTEM LAB

**AC Power Flows, Generalized OPF
of $\sum L^2$**

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1 Notation

n_b, n_g, n_l	number of buses, generators, branches .
v_i, θ_i	voltage magnitude and angle at bus i .
V_i	complex bus voltage at bus i, $ v_i e^{j\theta_i}$.
Y_{bus}	$n_b \times n_b$ system bus admittance matrix.
Y_{LL}, Y_{LG}	the submatrices of system admittance Y_N with respect to load buses(by subscript L) and generator buses(by subscript G) .
Z_{LL}	inverse matrix of Y_{LL} .
F_{LG}	$-Z_{LL} \times Y_{LG}$
α_L, α_G	the sets of load node and gen node.
L_n	L-index of node n.

2 Introduction

We will be looking at complex functions of the real valued vector

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ V \\ P_g \\ Q_g \end{bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

For a complex scalar function $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ of a real vector $x = [x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n]^T$ we use the following notation for the first derivatives (transpose of the gradient)

$$f_x = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \left[\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2}, \dots, \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_n} \right] \quad (2)$$

The matrix of second partial derivatives, the Hessian of f , is

$$f_{xx} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right)^T = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1^2} & \cdots & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_n} & \cdots & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_n^2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (3)$$

3 Gradient

Let

$$Z_l = \frac{\sum_{g \in \alpha_G} F_{lg} V_g}{V_l} \quad (4)$$

$$F = \sum_{l \in \alpha_L} L_l^2 = \sum_{l \in \alpha_L} \left| 1 - \frac{\sum_{i \in \alpha_g} F_{lg} V_g}{V_l} \right|^2 \quad (5)$$

$$= \sum_{l \in \alpha_L} (1 - Z_l - \bar{Z}_l + Z_l \bar{Z}_l) \quad (6)$$

$$\frac{\partial Z_l}{\partial \theta_g} = \frac{j F_{lg} v_g e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{\partial \bar{Z}_l}{\partial \theta_g} = \frac{-j \bar{F}_{lg} v_g e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (8)$$

$$\frac{\partial Z_l}{\partial v_g} = \frac{F_{lg} e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\partial \bar{Z}_l}{\partial v_g} = \frac{\bar{F}_{lg} e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{\partial Z_l}{\partial \theta_l} = \frac{-j F_{lg} v_g e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{\partial \bar{Z}_l}{\partial \theta_l} = \frac{j \bar{F}_{lg} v_g e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (12)$$

$$\frac{\partial Z_l}{\partial v_l} = \frac{-F_{lg} v_g e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^2} \quad (13)$$

$$\frac{\partial \bar{Z}_l}{\partial v_l} = \frac{-\bar{F}_{lg} v_g e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^2} \quad (14)$$

4 Hessian

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial \theta_g^2} = \frac{-F_{lg} v_g e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (15)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial \theta_g^2} = \frac{-\overline{F}_{lg} v_g e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (16)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial \theta_g \partial v_g} = \frac{j F_{lg} e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (17)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial \theta_g \partial v_g} = \frac{-j \overline{F}_{lg} e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (18)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial \theta_g \partial \theta_l} = \frac{F_{lg} v_g e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (19)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial \theta_g \partial \theta_l} = \frac{\overline{F}_{lg} v_g e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (20)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial \theta_g \partial v_l} = \frac{-j F_{lg} v_g e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^2} \quad (21)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial \theta_g \partial v_l} = \frac{j \overline{F}_{lg} v_g e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^2} \quad (22)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial v_g^2} = 0 \quad (23)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial v_g^2} = 0 \quad (24)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial v_g \partial \theta_l} = \frac{-j F_{lg} e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (25)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial v_g \partial \theta_l} = \frac{j \overline{F}_{lg} e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (26)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial v_g \partial v_l} = \frac{-F_{lg} e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^2} \quad (27)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial v_g \partial v_l} = \frac{-\overline{F}_{lg} e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^2} \quad (28)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial \theta_l^2} = \frac{-F_{lg} v_g e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (29)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial \theta_l^2} = \frac{-\overline{F}_{lg} v_g e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l} \quad (30)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial \theta_l \partial v_l} = \frac{j F_{lg} v_g e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^2} \quad (31)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial \theta_l \partial v_l} = \frac{-j \overline{F}_{lg} v_g e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^2} \quad (32)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z_l}{\partial v_l^2} = \frac{2 F_{lg} v_g e^{j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^3} \quad (33)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \overline{Z}_l}{\partial v_l^2} = \frac{2 \overline{F}_{lg} v_g e^{-j(\theta_g - \theta_l)}}{v_l^3} \quad (34)$$