

# Detector induced assymetry in CP violation measurements

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# CP asymmetry

DOWN	$\pi$	$K$	Soft $\pi$	$D^0 = \pi + K$	$D^* = s\pi + \pi + K$
N <sub>reco</sub> pos	2674000	2626350	<u>2374360</u>	2253370	1737460
N <sub>reco</sub> neg	2675660	2598950	2356980	2276140	1740180
UP	$\pi$	$K$	Soft $\pi$	$D^0 = \pi + K$	$D^* = s\pi + \pi + K$
N <sub>reco</sub> pos	2669990	2620280	2352910	2249370	1720940
N <sub>reco</sub> neg	2670540	2595820	<u>2371060</u>	2270520	1749450

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Table: The asymmetry  $A_{CP} = \frac{N_+ - N_-}{N_+ + N_-} / 10^{-3}$

Polarity	$\pi$	$K$	soft $\pi$	$D^0$	$D^*$
UP	$-0.1 \pm 0.4$	$4.7 \pm 0.4$	$-3.8 \pm 0.5$	$-4.7 \pm 0.5$	$-8.2 \pm 0.5$
DOWN	$-0.3 \pm 0.4$	$5.2 \pm 0.4$	$3.7 \pm 0.5$	$-5.0 \pm 0.5$	$-0.8 \pm 0.5$

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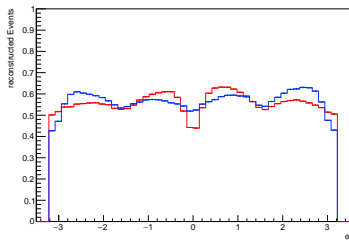
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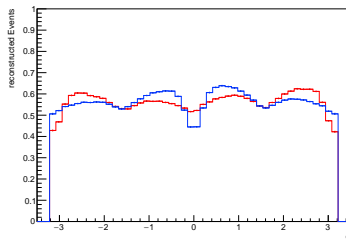
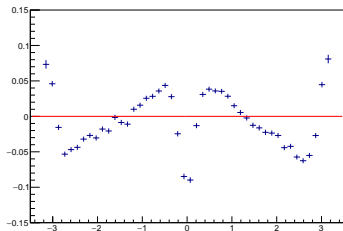
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- $D_{soft\pi}$  &  $D_{D^0}$  cancel partially in *DOWN*,  
but add up in *UP*
- $|A_{CP,D^*}|$  much bigger for the *UP*-polarity

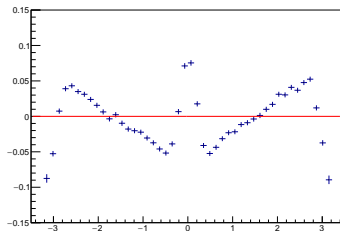
# Comparison - $D^*\phi$



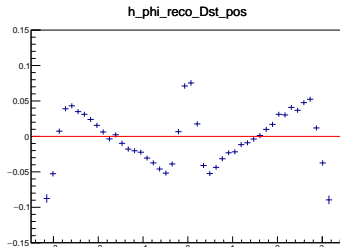
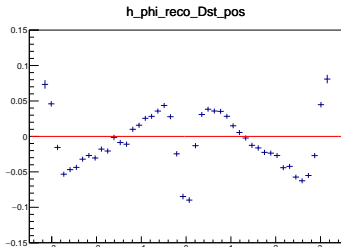
h\_phi\_reco\_Dst\_pos



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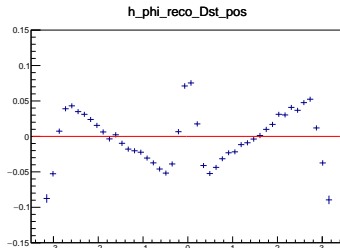
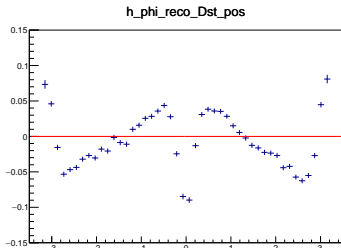


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→ detector induced  $CP$ -asymmetry due to rectangular shape
- add together samples with different magnet polarisation



# $D^*$ asymmetry UP+DOWN

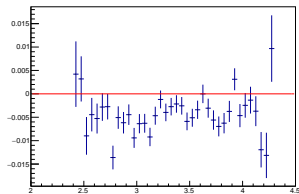
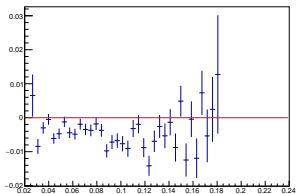
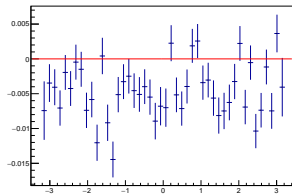
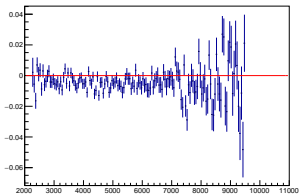


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<i>DOWN</i>	$-0.3 \pm 0.4$	$5.2 \pm 0.4$	$3.7 \pm 0.5$	$-5.0 \pm 0.5$	$-0.8 \pm 0.5$
<i>UP + DOWN</i>	$-0.2 \pm 0.3$	$5.0 \pm 0.3$	$-0.1 \pm 0.3$	$-4.9 \pm 0.3$	$-4.5 \pm 0.4$

- soft pion asymmetry completely can be ruled out
- significant reduction of total  $|A_{CP}|$  in  $D^*$  decays

