

《Computer Aided Geometric Design》

Assignment 6

Dec 4, 2025

- Given the following cubic polynomial curve:

$$P(u) = -\binom{7/8}{5/8}u^3 + \binom{9}{15/4}u^2 - \binom{57/2}{9/2}u + \binom{30}{-1}$$

- Calculate its polar form and the vertices of its Bézier control polygon $P_0P_1P_2P_3$ within the interval [2,4], and roughly sketch this control polygon;
 - Use the de Casteljau algorithm to calculate the polynomial curve at sample $u = \{5/2, 3, 7/2\}$, and draw it in the figure in 1);
 - Using the results from 2) to subdivide the curve at $u = 3$, then subdivide the right portion at its midpoint $u = 7/2$. Draw the control polygon in the figure in 1), and draw the curve $P(u)$.
- Given the following cubic polynomial curve and parameter interval [0,1]
- $$F(u) = \binom{15}{-6}u^3 + \binom{27}{10}u^2 - \binom{9}{9}u$$
- Calculate its first and second derivatives;
 - Calculate its polar form $f(u_1, u_2, u_3)$ and the polar forms of the derivatives F' and F'' , prove that they equal to $3f(u_1, u_2, \hat{1})$ and $6f(u_1, \hat{1}, \hat{1})$ respectively.
Note that $f(u_1, u_2, \hat{1}) = f(u_1, u_2, 1) - f(u_1, u_2, 0)$.

- Given a uniform B-spline defined by the following four points and knot vector [0,0,1,2,3,4,5,5]:

$$P_0 = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}, \quad P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad P_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad P_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Use the de Boor algorithm to calculate the curve position at $t = 2.5$. Sketch the control polygon and the relevant points constructed by this algorithm.
- For the B-spline in 1), calculate the corresponding Bézier control points that represent the same curve. Draw the control vertices and Bézier curve in the figure in 1).